

Ex.

1. Proportional fairness $U(n) = \log n_r$ yields the following problem:

$$\max_n \sum_{r=0}^L U(n_r) = \max_n \sum_{r=0}^L \log n_r$$

with constraints

$$n_0 + n_L \leq 1 \quad \forall l = 0, 1, \dots, L$$

$$n_r \geq 0$$

n is vector of n_0 through n_L . $\log n \rightarrow -\infty$ as $n \rightarrow 0$. $\therefore n_r \geq 0 \quad \forall r = 0, \dots, L$. Last constraint can be ignored.

p_L : Lagrangian multipliers associated with capacity constraint at link l and p = vector of Lagrangian multipliers.

$$L(n, p) = \sum_{r=0}^L \log n_r - \sum_{l=1}^L p_l (n_0 + n_L - 1)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial n_r} = 0$$

$$\therefore n_0 = \frac{1}{\sum_{l=1}^L p_l}, \quad n_L = \frac{1}{p_l} \quad \forall l \geq 1$$

KKT condition:

$$p_l (n_0 + n_L - 1) \geq 0 \quad \& \quad p_l \geq 0 \quad \forall l \geq 1$$

$$\therefore p_l = \frac{L+1}{L} \quad \forall l \geq 1$$

$$\therefore n_0 = \frac{1}{L+1}, \quad n_r = \frac{L}{L+1} \quad \forall r \geq 1$$

2. Minimum potential delay

Problem:

$$\max_n \sum_{r=0}^L -\frac{1}{\lambda_r}$$

subject to constraints

$$\lambda_0 + \lambda_L \leq 1 \quad \forall l=0, \dots, L$$
$$\lambda_r \geq 0$$

$$L(\lambda, p) = \sum_{r=0}^L -\frac{1}{\lambda_r} - \sum_{l=1}^L p_l (\lambda_0 + \lambda_L - 1)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda_r} = 0 \text{ for each } r \text{ gives}$$

$$\lambda_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sum_{l=1}^L p_l}}, \quad \lambda_L = \frac{1}{\sqrt{p_L}} \quad \forall l \geq 1$$

KKT:

$$p_l (\lambda_0 + \lambda_L - 1) = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad p_l \geq 0 \quad \forall l \geq 1$$

Solving, $p_L =$

$$\sqrt{\sum_{l=1}^L p_l} = 1 + \sqrt{L}$$

$$\therefore \lambda_0 = \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{L}}, \quad \lambda_L = \frac{\sqrt{L}}{1 + \sqrt{L}}, \quad p_l = \frac{(1 + \sqrt{L})^2}{L} \quad \forall l \geq 1$$

3. Sum-rate

$$\max_{\mathbf{x}} \sum_{r=0}^L v(x_r) = \max_{\mathbf{x}} \sum_{r=0}^L x_r$$

with constraints

$$x_0 + x_L \leq 1 \quad \forall L = 0, \dots, L$$

$$x \geq 0$$

$$L(x, p) = \sum_{r=0}^L x_r - \sum_{L=1}^L p_L (x_0 + x_L - 1)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_r} \geq 0$$

Lagrangian doesn't give any result.

By discussion, $x_r = 1$, $x_0 = 0$ is the optimal solution as utility monotonically increases with x_0 increase.

$$KKT: x_L = 1 - x_0 \quad \forall L \geq 1$$