

PageRank: Solution

PageRank (Google Algo)

how to solve

Power iteration

Repeat until convergence

$$r_j^{(t+1)} = \sum_{i \rightarrow j} \frac{r_i^{(t)}}{d_i} \quad \text{or equivalently} \quad r = Mr$$

Does this converge?

Does it converge to what we want?

Are results reasonable?

2 problems

Spider traps

all out-links are within the group



Example:

Iteration:	0	1	2	3...
r_a	1	0	0	0
r_b	0	1	1	1

teleport out of spider trap within a few time steps

solution

With prob β , follow a link at random

With prob. $1-\beta$, jump to a random page

dead ends

no out-links



Example:

Iteration:	0	1	2	3...
r_a	1	0	0	0
r_b	0	1	0	0



solution

teleport to somewhere with equal prob

$$r_j = \sum_{i \rightarrow j} \beta \frac{r_i}{d_i} + (1 - \beta) \frac{1}{N}$$

PageRank equation

formula

teleport - $1/N$ prob i.e. same for all nodes

assumes that M has no **dead ends**

preprocess M or random teleport

Matrix form

$$G = \beta M + (1 - \beta) \left[\frac{1}{N} \right]_{N \times N}$$

a recursive problem

$$r = G * r$$

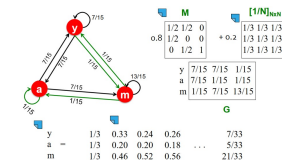
Power method

$\beta=0.8, 0.9$ in practice

toy example

Random Teleports ($\beta = 0.8$)

(transition matrix * teleport matrix) * r



summary page rank solution

power iteration of the stochastic adjacency matrix (G)

Adding **random uniform teleportation** solves issues of dead-ends and spider-traps

vis

