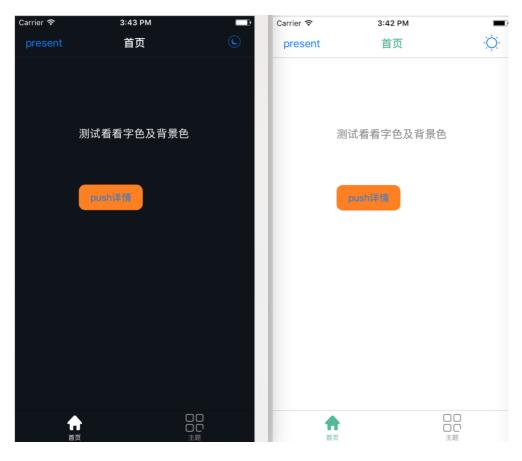
# iOS 换肤-黑夜、黑暗、夜间模式



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iOS 开发中有时候会有夜间模式(换肤设置)的需求, 其实主要是更改相关颜色操作!



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**思路:**每次切换夜间/白天模式时,都会发出通知给所有ViewController,让它们切换到相应的主题。

- 1.创建一个管理模式主题的单例管理类ThemeManage
- 2.封装好需要做夜间模式变色处理的控件扩展:UIView (ThemeChange), UINavigationBar (ThemeChange), UILabel (ThemeChange), UIButton (ThemeChange)
- 3.在 AppDelegate里先获取夜间模式状态, 根控制器里先设置tabBar 及 子控制器里 navigationBar的夜间模式状态
- 4.添加控制白天/黑夜模式item,发通知切换相对应i模式及image
- 5.添加相关控件是否黑夜模式下已更换字色和背景色

## 一. 创建一个管理模式主题的单例管理类ThemeManage

ThemeManage.h 文件:

```
@interfaceThemeManage:NSObject
#pragmamark - 颜色属性
@property(nonatomic,retain)UlColor*bgColor;
@property(nonatomic,retain)UlColor*color1;
@property(nonatomic,retain)UlColor*color2;
@property(nonatomic,retain)UlColor*textColor;
@property(nonatomic,retain)UlColor*textColorGray;
@property(nonatomic,retain)UlColor*navBarColor;
@property(nonatomic,retain)UlColor*colorClear;
#pragmamark -// 是否是夜间 YES表示夜间, NO为正常
@property(nonatomic,assign)BOOL isNight;/**
* 模式管理单例
*/+(ThemeManage*)shareThemeManage;
@end
```

### ThemeManage. m 文件

```
#import"ThemeManage.h"

static ThemeManage*themeManage;// 单例

@implementationThemeManage

#pragmamark - 单例的初始化

+(ThemeManage*)shareThemeManage{

staticdispatch_once_t onceToken;dispatch_once(&onceToken,^{
themeManage=[[ThemeManage alloc]init];});

return themeManage;
```

#pragmamark 重写isNight的set方法

-(void)setIsNight:(BOOL)isNight{

\_isNight=isNight;if(self.isNight){// 夜间模式改变相关颜色self.bgColor=[UlColor colorWithRed:0.06green:0.08blue:0.1alpha:1];self.textColor=[UlColor whiteColor];self.color1=[UlColor colorWithRed:0.08green:0.11blue:0.13alpha:1];self.navBarColor=[UlColor whiteColor];self.color2=[UlColor colorWithRed:0.2green:0.31blue:0.43alpha:1];self.textColorGray=[UlColor whiteColor];}else{self.bgColor=[UlColor whiteColor];self.color1=[UlColor whiteColor];self.color1=[UlColor colorWithRed:0.06green:0.25blue:0.48alpha:1];self.navBarColor=[UlColor colorWithRed:0.31green:0.73blue:0.58alpha:1];self.color2=[UlColor colorWithRed:0.57green:0.66blue:0.77alpha:1];self.textColorGray=[UlColor grayColor];}staticdispatch\_once\_t onceToken;^{self.colorClear=[UlColor clearColor];});}@end

## 二. 封装好需要做夜间模式变色处理的控件扩展

一般需要UIView (ThemeChange), UINavigationBar (ThemeChange), UITabBar (ThemeChange), UILabel (ThemeChange), UIButton (ThemeChange);这里拿 UIView 做例子:

#import/\*\*

\* 颜色状态枚举值 颜色的定义(一个代表一套)

\*/typedefNS\_ENUM(NSInteger,UIViewColorType){UIViewColorTypeNormal,// 白天白色,夜间黑色UIViewColorType1,// 白天蓝色,夜间深灰UIViewColorType2,// 白天浅蓝,夜间浅蓝UIViewColorTypeClear//透明状态};@interfaceUIView(ThemeChange)//定义颜色类型的属性,NSNumber类型@property(nonatomic,assign)id type;//消息中心开始监听-(void)startMonitor;//改变颜色的方法-(void)changeColor;//设置颜色类型和对应颜色-(void)NightWithType:(UIViewColorType)type;//设置字体颜色的方法-(void)initTextColor;@end

#import"UIView+ThemeChange.h"#import"ThemeManage.h"// 添加runtime头文件 #import@implementationUIView(ThemeChange)#pragmamark - 添加type的set,get方法-(void)setType:

 $\label{lem:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} (id) type{objc\_setAssociatedObject(self,@selector(type),type,OBJC\_ASSOCIATION\_RETAIN\_NONATOMIC);}-(id) type{returnobjc\_getAssociatedObject(self,@selector(type));}\#pragmamark on the condition of the co$ 

- 开始监听-(void)startMonitor{[[NSNotificationCenter

defaultCenter]addObserver:selfselector:@selector(changeColor)name:@"changeColor"object :nil];}#pragmamark - 改变颜色-(void)changeColor{// type为NSNumber型, 变为

NSIntegerswitch([self.type integerValue])

{caseUIViewColorTypeNormal:self.backgroundColor=[ThemeManage shareThemeManage].bgColor;break;caseUIViewColorType1:self.backgroundColor=[ThemeManage

share The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 2: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 2: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 2: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 2: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 2: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 2: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 2: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 2: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 2: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 2: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 2: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 3: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 3: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 3: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 3: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 3: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 3: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 3: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 3: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 3: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color Type 3: self. background Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case UIView Color = [The meManage]. color 1; break; case

shareThemeManage].color2;break;caseUIViewColorTypeClear:self.backgroundColor=
[ThemeManage shareThemeManage].colorClear;break;default:break;}}#pragmamark - 设置颜色类型和对应颜色-(void)NightWithType:(UIViewColorType)type{self.type=[NSNumber numberWithInteger:type];[selfchangeColor];[selfstartMonitor];// 调用设置字体颜色的方法
[selfinitTextColor];}#pragmamark - 改变字体颜色的方法,空方法,可以在子类中重写这个方法来改变颜色(例如:Label)-(void)initTextColor{}@end

三. 在 AppDelegate里先获取夜间模式状态, 根控制器里先设置tabBar 及 子控制器里 navigationBar的夜间模式状态

#import"ThemeManage.h"#import"UIView+ThemeChange.h"

-(BOOL)application:(UIApplication\*)application didFinishLaunchingWithOptions:
(NSDictionary\*)launchOptions{// 获取夜间模式状态[ThemeManage
shareThemeManage].isNight=[[NSUserDefaults
standardUserDefaults]boolForKey:@"night"];self.window=[[UIWindow alloc]initWithFrame:
[[UIScreen mainScreen]bounds]];self.window.backgroundColor=[UIColor whiteColor];
[self.window makeKeyAndVisible];RootViewController\*rootVc=[[RootViewController alloc]init];self.window.rootViewController=rootVc;returnYES;}

#### RootViewController.m 文件:

-(void)viewDidLoad{[superviewDidLoad];[self.view NightWithType:UlViewColorTypeNormal];HomeViewController\*vc=[[HomeViewController alloc]init];UlNavigationController\*nav=[[UlNavigationController alloc]initWithRootViewController:vc];// 设置navigationBar的夜间模式状态[nav.navigationBar NightWithType:UlViewColorTypeNormal];vc.tabBarItem=[[UlTabBarItem alloc]initWithTitle:@"首页"image:[UlImage imageNamed:@"home"]tag:10];SchemaViewController\*secondVC=[[SchemaViewController alloc]init];UlNavigationController\*nav1=[[UlNavigationController alloc]initWithRootViewController:secondVC];// 设置navigationBar的夜间模式状态 [nav1.navigationBar NightWithType:UlViewColorTypeNormal];secondVC.tabBarItem= [[UlTabBarItem alloc]initWithTitle:@"菜单"image:[UlImage imageNamed:@"schema"]tag:11]; [self.tabBar NightWithType:UlViewColorTypeNormal];self.viewControllers=@[nav,nav1];self.tabBar.translucent=NO;[[UlNavigationBar appearance]setTranslucent:NO];}

四. 添加控制白天/黑夜模式item,发通知切换相对应i模式及image.

#import"ThemeManage.h"#import"UIView+ThemeChange.h"

[self.view NightWithType:UIViewColorTypeNormal];UIImage\*barButtonImage=[ThemeManage shareThemeManage].isNight?[UIImage imageNamed:@"night"]:[UIImage imageNamed:@"day"];self.navigationItem.rightBarButtonItem=[[UIBarButtonItem alloc]initWithImage:barButtonImage style:UIBarButtonItemStylePlain target:selfaction:@selector(rightBarBtnAction:)];

#pragmamark - Action点击动作事件// 切换夜间模式-(void)rightBarBtnAction:
(UIBarButtonItem\*)barButton{[ThemeManage shareThemeManage].isNight=![ThemeManage shareThemeManage].isNight;[[NSNotificationCenter defaultCenter]postNotificationName:@"changeColor"object:nil];[[NSUserDefaults

standardUserDefaults]setBool:[ThemeManage shareThemeManage].isNight forKey:@"night"];Ullmage\*barBtnlmage=[ThemeManage shareThemeManage].isNight?
[Ullmage imageNamed:@"night"]:[Ullmage imageNamed:@"day"];[barButton setImage:barBtnlmage];}

#### 发了通知不要忘记移除监听

-(void)dealloc{// 移除监听[[NSNotificationCenter defaultCenter]removeObserver:self];}

#### 五.添加相关控件是否黑夜模式下已更换字色和背景色

#import"UILabel+ThemeChange.h"

UILabel\*label=[[UILabel alloc]initWithFrame:CGRectMake(100,100,200,40)];label.text=@"测试看看字色及背景色";[label NightWithType:UIViewColorTypeNormal];[label NightTextType:LabelColorGray];[self.view addSubview:label];

#### 这时候测试下,看下效果:



## iOS 换肤-黑夜、黑暗、夜间模式



Demo 下载请移步:夜间模式(换肤设置)

转自: https://www.jianshu.com/p/c8e638e76e83



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