

# Computational Linguistics-1

## Text Pre-Processing

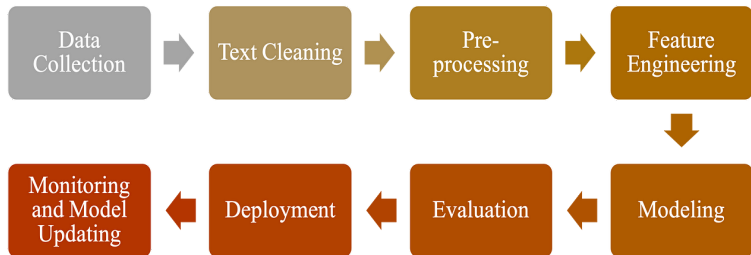
Parameswari Krishnamurthy

Language Technologies Research Centre  
IIIT-Hyderabad

*param.krishna@iiit.ac.in*



## NLP Pipeline



# Data Collection

# Data Collection

Gather text data from various sources such as websites, books, articles, and social media.

# Data Collection

Gather text data from various sources such as websites, books, articles, and social media.

Challenges:

- **Data Quality**

# Data Collection

Gather text data from various sources such as websites, books, articles, and social media.

Challenges:

- **Data Quality**

- Incomplete or missing data
- Inconsistent data formats
- Presence of noise and outliers

# Data Collection

Gather text data from various sources such as websites, books, articles, and social media.

Challenges:

- **Data Quality**
  - Incomplete or missing data
  - Inconsistent data formats
  - Presence of noise and outliers
- **Data Privacy and Security**

# Data Collection

Gather text data from various sources such as websites, books, articles, and social media.

Challenges:

- **Data Quality**

- Incomplete or missing data
- Inconsistent data formats
- Presence of noise and outliers

- **Data Privacy and Security**

- Ensuring data anonymization
- Compliance with regulations (e.g., GDPR)
- Securing data storage and transfer



# Data Collection

Challenges:

- **Data Accessibility**

# Data Collection

Challenges:

- **Data Accessibility**

- Limited access to proprietary or sensitive data
- High costs of acquiring certain datasets
- Technical barriers to accessing data from various sources

# Data Collection

Challenges:

- **Data Accessibility**

- Limited access to proprietary or sensitive data
- High costs of acquiring certain datasets
- Technical barriers to accessing data from various sources

- **Data Volume and Variety**

# Data Collection

Challenges:

- **Data Accessibility**

- Limited access to proprietary or sensitive data
- High costs of acquiring certain datasets
- Technical barriers to accessing data from various sources

- **Data Volume and Variety**

- Managing large volumes of data (Big Data)
- Integrating data from multiple sources and formats
- Handling unstructured data (e.g., text, images, videos)

# Data Collection

Challenges:

- **Data Accessibility**

- Limited access to proprietary or sensitive data
- High costs of acquiring certain datasets
- Technical barriers to accessing data from various sources

- **Data Volume and Variety**

- Managing large volumes of data (Big Data)
- Integrating data from multiple sources and formats
- Handling unstructured data (e.g., text, images, videos)

- **Bias and Representativeness**

# Data Collection

Challenges:

- **Data Accessibility**

- Limited access to proprietary or sensitive data
- High costs of acquiring certain datasets
- Technical barriers to accessing data from various sources

- **Data Volume and Variety**

- Managing large volumes of data (Big Data)
- Integrating data from multiple sources and formats
- Handling unstructured data (e.g., text, images, videos)

- **Bias and Representativeness**

- Ensuring the data is representative of the population
- Avoiding sampling bias
- Addressing any inherent biases in the data collection process

# Text Cleaning

# Text Cleaning

- **Remove Noise:**
  - **Punctuation, Numbers, and Special Characters:**



# Text Cleaning

- **Remove Noise:**
  - **Punctuation, Numbers, and Special Characters:**
    - **Original Text:** “Hello! This is an example text with numbers 12345 and symbols \$%&.”
    - **Cleaned Text:** “Hello This is an example text with numbers and symbols”

# Text Cleaning

- **Remove Noise:**
  - **Punctuation, Numbers, and Special Characters:**
    - **Original Text:** “Hello! This is an example text with numbers 12345 and symbols \$%&.”
    - **Cleaned Text:** “Hello This is an example text with numbers and symbols”
  - Removing noise helps focus on the meaningful parts of the text.
- **Correct Spelling Errors and Normalize Text:**

# Text Cleaning

- **Remove Noise:**

- **Punctuation, Numbers, and Special Characters:**

- **Original Text:** "Hello! This is an example text with numbers 12345 and symbols \$%&."
    - **Cleaned Text:** "Hello This is an example text with numbers and symbols"

- Removing noise helps focus on the meaningful parts of the text.

- **Correct Spelling Errors and Normalize Text:**

- **Original Text:** "This sentnce contains a speling error."
  - **Corrected Text:** "This sentence contains a spelling error."

# Text Cleaning

- **Remove Noise:**

- **Punctuation, Numbers, and Special Characters:**

- **Original Text:** "Hello! This is an example text with numbers 12345 and symbols \$%&."
    - **Cleaned Text:** "Hello This is an example text with numbers and symbols"

- Removing noise helps focus on the meaningful parts of the text.

- **Correct Spelling Errors and Normalize Text:**

- **Original Text:** "This sentnce contains a speling error."
  - **Corrected Text:** "This sentence contains a spelling error."
  - Normalization involves converting text to a standard form, such as converting different forms of a word to a single form (e.g., "color" and "colour" to "color").

# Text Cleaning

- **Remove Noise:**

- **Punctuation, Numbers, and Special Characters:**

- **Original Text:** "Hello! This is an example text with numbers 12345 and symbols \$%&."
    - **Cleaned Text:** "Hello This is an example text with numbers and symbols"

- Removing noise helps focus on the meaningful parts of the text.

- **Correct Spelling Errors and Normalize Text:**

- **Original Text:** "This sentnce contains a speling error."
  - **Corrected Text:** "This sentence contains a spelling error."
  - Normalization involves converting text to a standard form, such as converting different forms of a word to a single form (e.g., "color" and "colour" to "color").

- **Handle Misspellings, Slang, and Abbreviations:**

# Text Cleaning

- **Remove Noise:**

- **Punctuation, Numbers, and Special Characters:**

- **Original Text:** "Hello! This is an example text with numbers 12345 and symbols \$%&."
    - **Cleaned Text:** "Hello This is an example text with numbers and symbols"

- Removing noise helps focus on the meaningful parts of the text.

- **Correct Spelling Errors and Normalize Text:**

- **Original Text:** "This sentnce contains a speling error."
  - **Corrected Text:** "This sentence contains a spelling error."
  - Normalization involves converting text to a standard form, such as converting different forms of a word to a single form (e.g., "color" and "colour" to "color").

- **Handle Misspellings, Slang, and Abbreviations:**

- **Original Text:** "OMG, this txt is gr8!"
  - **Normalized Text:** "Oh my god, this text is great!"

# Text Cleaning

- **Remove Noise:**

- **Punctuation, Numbers, and Special Characters:**

- **Original Text:** "Hello! This is an example text with numbers 12345 and symbols \$%&."
    - **Cleaned Text:** "Hello This is an example text with numbers and symbols"

- Removing noise helps focus on the meaningful parts of the text.

- **Correct Spelling Errors and Normalize Text:**

- **Original Text:** "This sentnce contains a speling error."
  - **Corrected Text:** "This sentence contains a spelling error."
  - Normalization involves converting text to a standard form, such as converting different forms of a word to a single form (e.g., "color" and "colour" to "color").

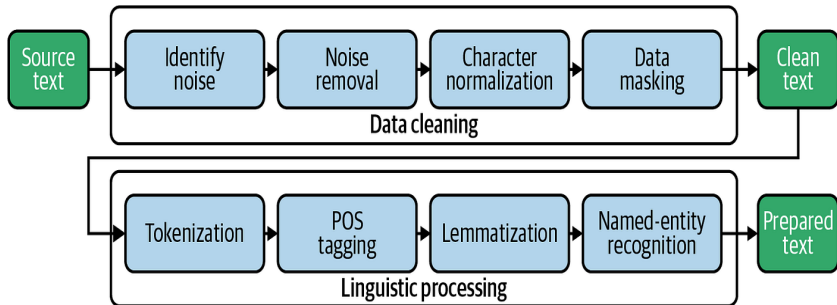
- **Handle Misspellings, Slang, and Abbreviations:**

- **Original Text:** "OMG, this txt is gr8!"
  - **Normalized Text:** "Oh my god, this text is great!"
  - Converting slang and abbreviations to their full forms ensures clarity and consistency.

# Text Pre-processing



# Text Pre-processing



# Text Preprocessing

- Text preprocessing is crucial for improving the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.

# Text Preprocessing

- Text preprocessing is crucial for improving the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- It improves the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.

# Text Preprocessing

- Text preprocessing is crucial for improving the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- It improves the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- **Enhances Accuracy:** Clean and well-processed text improves the performance of NLP tasks like parsing and named entity recognition.

# Text Preprocessing

- Text preprocessing is crucial for improving the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- It improves the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- **Enhances Accuracy:** Clean and well-processed text improves the performance of NLP tasks like parsing and named entity recognition.
- **Reduces Noise:** Removing irrelevant information (e.g., stop words) helps focus on meaningful content.

# Text Preprocessing

- Text preprocessing is crucial for improving the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- It improves the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- **Enhances Accuracy:** Clean and well-processed text improves the performance of NLP tasks like parsing and named entity recognition.
- **Reduces Noise:** Removing irrelevant information (e.g., stop words) helps focus on meaningful content.
- **Facilitates Consistency:** Normalization techniques ensure uniformity in text data, aiding better understanding and analysis.

# Text Preprocessing

- Text preprocessing is crucial for improving the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- It improves the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- **Enhances Accuracy:** Clean and well-processed text improves the performance of NLP tasks like parsing and named entity recognition.
- **Reduces Noise:** Removing irrelevant information (e.g., stop words) helps focus on meaningful content.
- **Facilitates Consistency:** Normalization techniques ensure uniformity in text data, aiding better understanding and analysis.
- **Improves Training Efficiency:** Preprocessed text speeds up training by reducing complexity and dimensionality.

# Text Preprocessing

- Text preprocessing is crucial for improving the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- It improves the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- **Enhances Accuracy:** Clean and well-processed text improves the performance of NLP tasks like parsing and named entity recognition.
- **Reduces Noise:** Removing irrelevant information (e.g., stop words) helps focus on meaningful content.
- **Facilitates Consistency:** Normalization techniques ensure uniformity in text data, aiding better understanding and analysis.
- **Improves Training Efficiency:** Preprocessed text speeds up training by reducing complexity and dimensionality.
- **Boosts Model Quality:** Clean and standardized data helps in learning more accurate language patterns.



# Text Preprocessing

- Text preprocessing is crucial for improving the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- It improves the quality of text data before applying NLP techniques.
- **Enhances Accuracy:** Clean and well-processed text improves the performance of NLP tasks like parsing and named entity recognition.
- **Reduces Noise:** Removing irrelevant information (e.g., stop words) helps focus on meaningful content.
- **Facilitates Consistency:** Normalization techniques ensure uniformity in text data, aiding better understanding and analysis.
- **Improves Training Efficiency:** Preprocessed text speeds up training by reducing complexity and dimensionality.
- **Boosts Model Quality:** Clean and standardized data helps in learning more accurate language patterns.
- **Mitigates Bias:** Proper preprocessing can help in reducing biases present in the raw text.

# Text Preprocessing Steps

- **Tokenization:** Split text into individual words or sentences.
- **Lowercasing:** Convert all text to lowercase to ensure consistency.
- **Stop Words Removal:** Eliminate common words (e.g., “and”, “the”) that add little value.
- **Normalization:** Convert text into a standardized format by addressing various inconsistencies and variations.
- **Stemming/Lemmatization:** Reduce words to their base or root form.

# Text Preprocessing Steps

- **Tokenization:** Split text into individual words or sentences.
- **Lowercasing:** Convert all text to lowercase to ensure consistency.
- **Stop Words Removal:** Eliminate common words (e.g., “and”, “the”) that add little value.
- **Normalization:** Convert text into a standardized format by addressing various inconsistencies and variations.
- **Stemming/Lemmatization:** Reduce words to their base or root form.

# Text Preprocessing: Tokenization

Tokenization is the process of splitting text into smaller units called tokens (sentences and words).

# Text Preprocessing: Tokenization

Tokenization is the process of splitting text into smaller units called tokens (sentences and words).

- **Sentence tokenization** is the process of splitting text into individual sentences.

# Text Preprocessing: Tokenization

Tokenization is the process of splitting text into smaller units called tokens (sentences and words).

- **Sentence tokenization** is the process of splitting text into individual sentences.

## Challenges:

- Handling punctuation marks that do not indicate the end of a sentence (Dr., e.g., Ph.D. etc.)
- Differentiating between periods in abbreviations and sentence boundaries
- Dealing with sentences that include quotes or parentheses

# Text Preprocessing: Tokenization

Tokenization is the process of splitting text into smaller units called tokens (sentences and words).

- **Sentence tokenization** is the process of splitting text into individual sentences.

## Challenges:

- Handling punctuation marks that do not indicate the end of a sentence (Dr., e.g., Ph.D. etc.)
- Differentiating between periods in abbreviations and sentence boundaries
- Dealing with sentences that include quotes or parentheses

## Sentence tokenization

- **Original Text:** “Dr.Indhu, an expert in AI, visited Chennai. She gave a talk on Ph.D. research at IIT Madras. Her presentation was insightful, e.g., she discussed various algorithms. After the event, we went to 'Marina Beach' for a relaxing evening.”
- **Sentence Tokenized Text:**
  - “Dr. Indhu, an expert in AI, visited Chennai.”
  - “She gave a talk on Ph.D. research at IIT Madras.”
  - “Her presentation was insightful, e.g., she discussed various algorithms.”
  - “After the event, we went to 'Marina Beach' for a relaxing evening.”



# Text Preprocessing: Word Tokenization

Word tokenization is the process of splitting text into individual words.

# Text Preprocessing: Word Tokenization

Word tokenization is the process of splitting text into individual words.

## Challenges:

- Can't just blindly remove punctuation. Full stops (".") are ambiguous; **Dr.**, **m.p.h.**, **Ph.D.**
- Email addresses, URLs, etc. contain alphabets, numbers, as well as special characters ("**@**", "**/**", "**-**", "**\_**")
- Languages like English use contractions ("**we're**", "**I'm**") which, when tokenized by this approach, creates tokens "**re**", "**m**", which are not meaningful.

# Lowercasing

Lowercasing is the process of converting all characters in a text to lowercase. This step standardizes text data by eliminating case differences, which helps in uniform analysis.

# Lowercasing

Lowercasing is the process of converting all characters in a text to lowercase. This step standardizes text data by eliminating case differences, which helps in uniform analysis.

Why is Lowercasing Important?

- **Uniform Representation:** Treats words with different cases as identical, which is crucial for accurate text analysis and processing.

# Lowercasing

Lowercasing is the process of converting all characters in a text to lowercase. This step standardizes text data by eliminating case differences, which helps in uniform analysis.

Why is Lowercasing Important?

- **Uniform Representation:** Treats words with different cases as identical, which is crucial for accurate text analysis and processing.
- **Simplifies Matching:** Helps in text matching and retrieval tasks by reducing case sensitivity.

# Lowercasing

Lowercasing is the process of converting all characters in a text to lowercase. This step standardizes text data by eliminating case differences, which helps in uniform analysis.

Why is Lowercasing Important?

- **Uniform Representation:** Treats words with different cases as identical, which is crucial for accurate text analysis and processing.
- **Simplifies Matching:** Helps in text matching and retrieval tasks by reducing case sensitivity.
- **Improves Model Efficiency:** Ensures that text data is consistent, enhancing the performance of machine learning models.

# Lowercasing

## Example

### Original Text:

"The quick brown Fox jumps over the lazy DOG."

# Lowercasing

## Example

### Original Text:

"The quick brown Fox jumps over the lazy DOG."

### After Lowercasing:

"the quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog."

- Consider a search engine querying for "quick Brown fox" in a database of documents.
- Lowercasing ensures that the search results match regardless of the case used in the query or the documents.



# Text Preprocessing: Stopword Removal

Stopword removal involves eliminating common words that add little value (e.g., “and”, “the”).

# Text Preprocessing: Stopword Removal

Stopword removal involves eliminating common words that add little value (e.g., “and”, “the”).

## Challenges:

- Determining the appropriate stopwords list for the specific context: tasks such as information retrieval, sentiment analysis, and topic modeling.
- Ensuring important words are not mistakenly removed (e.g., “no” in “no pain no gain”)

# Text Preprocessing: Stopword Removal

Stopword removal involves eliminating common words that add little value (e.g., “and”, “the”).

## Challenges:

- Determining the appropriate stopwords list for the specific context: tasks such as information retrieval, sentiment analysis, and topic modeling.
- Ensuring important words are not mistakenly removed (e.g., “no” in “no pain no gain”)

# Text Preprocessing: Stopword Removal

Stopword removal involves eliminating common words that add little value (e.g., “and”, “the”).

## Challenges:

- Determining the appropriate stopwords list for the specific context: tasks such as information retrieval, sentiment analysis, and topic modeling.
- Ensuring important words are not mistakenly removed (e.g., “no” in “no pain no gain”)

## When to NOT remove stopwords:

- If the task involves understanding the context or sentiment; for example, in sentiment analysis, words like “not” in “not happy” are crucial for understanding the sentiment.

# Text Preprocessing: Stopword Removal

Stopword removal involves eliminating common words that add little value (e.g., “and”, “the”).

## Challenges:

- Determining the appropriate stopwords list for the specific context: tasks such as information retrieval, sentiment analysis, and topic modeling.
- Ensuring important words are not mistakenly removed (e.g., “no” in “no pain no gain”)

## When to NOT remove stopwords:

- If the task involves understanding the context or sentiment; for example, in sentiment analysis, words like “not” in “not happy” are crucial for understanding the sentiment.
- For tasks like machine translation or text generation; retaining stopwords is important to preserve the grammatical structure and meaning of sentences.

# Text Preprocessing: Stopword Removal

Stopword removal involves eliminating common words that add little value (e.g., “and”, “the”).

## Challenges:

- Determining the appropriate stopwords list for the specific context: tasks such as information retrieval, sentiment analysis, and topic modeling.
- Ensuring important words are not mistakenly removed (e.g., “no” in “no pain no gain”)

## When to NOT remove stopwords:

- If the task involves understanding the context or sentiment; for example, in sentiment analysis, words like “not” in “not happy” are crucial for understanding the sentiment.
- For tasks like machine translation or text generation; retaining stopwords is important to preserve the grammatical structure and meaning of sentences.
- **Multi-Word Expressions (MWEs)**; phrases like “fish and chips”, “kick the bucket” lose their meaning when stopwords (“and”/“the”) are removed.

# Text Preprocessing: Normalization

Normalization involves converting text to a standard format, such as lowercasing, expanding abbreviations, and correcting spelling errors.

# Text Preprocessing: Normalization

Normalization involves converting text to a standard format, such as lowercasing, expanding abbreviations, and correcting spelling errors.

## Challenges:

- Handling variations in spelling (e.g., “favourite” vs “favorite”)
- Dealing with domain-specific abbreviations and slang
- Correcting spelling errors without introducing new errors



# Text Preprocessing: Normalization

Normalization involves converting text to a standard format, such as lowercasing, expanding abbreviations, and correcting spelling errors.

## Challenges:

- Handling variations in spelling (e.g., “favourite” vs “favorite”)
- Dealing with domain-specific abbreviations and slang
- Correcting spelling errors without introducing new errors

## Example:

- **Original Text:** “LOL, that was the funniest joke ever!!!”
- **Normalized Text:** “Laugh out loud, that was the funniest joke ever”

# Unicode Normalization

Normalizaiton in Hindi an Example:

क क

Showing 4 Unicode Codepoints

Browser	Codepoint	Name	# Fonts	Script
क	U+0958	<a href="#">DEVANAGARI LETTER QA</a>	87	<a href="#">Devanagari</a>
	U+0020	<a href="#">SPACE</a>	39946	<a href="#">Common</a>
क	U+0915	<a href="#">DEVANAGARI LETTER KA</a>	90	<a href="#">Devanagari</a>
◌	U+093C	<a href="#">DEVANAGARI SIGN NUKTA</a>	87	<a href="#">Devanagari</a>

Figure: Devanagari Example for Normalization

# Spelling Normalization

- A Telugu word can be written in different forms:

*taruvatā*

*tarvatā*

*taravatā*

- Spellings of these kinds which might be valid and most frequent in corpus need to be normalized.

# Stemming and Lemmatization

## Stemming

Stemming is a process that removes suffixes from words to reduce them to a base form. It uses heuristic rules and does not always produce valid dictionary words.

## Lemmatization

Lemmatization reduces words to their base or dictionary form (lemma) by considering the context and ensuring the root form is a valid word. It involves more complex analysis compared to stemming.

# Stemming and Lemmatization

## Stemming Example:

- **Original Words:** “flies”, “flying”, “fied”
- **Stemmed Form:** “fli/fly”

## Lemmatization Example:

- **Original Words:** “flies”, “flying”, “fied”
- **Lemmatized Form:** “fly”

# Stemming and Lemmatization

## Key Differences

- **Approach:** Stemming uses heuristic rules to strip suffixes, while lemmatization uses a dictionary and context.
- **Output:** Stemming can produce non-words, while lemmatization produces valid words.
- **Complexity:** Lemmatization involves more sophisticated analysis and is more accurate but computationally more expensive than stemming.

# Conclusion

- Importance of Text Preprocessing: Proper preprocessing is essential for effective NLP applications. It ensures that the data is clean, consistent, and ready for analysis.

# Conclusion

- Importance of Text Preprocessing: Proper preprocessing is essential for effective NLP applications. It ensures that the data is clean, consistent, and ready for analysis.
- Key Steps: The main steps include data collection, text cleaning, and preprocessing techniques like tokenization, lowercasing, stopwords removal, and normalization.



# Conclusion

- Importance of Text Preprocessing: Proper preprocessing is essential for effective NLP applications. It ensures that the data is clean, consistent, and ready for analysis.
- Key Steps: The main steps include data collection, text cleaning, and preprocessing techniques like tokenization, lowercasing, stopwords removal, and normalization.
- Challenges: Each step comes with its own set of challenges, including handling noise, ensuring data privacy, managing different text formats, and addressing biases.

# Conclusion

- Importance of Text Preprocessing: Proper preprocessing is essential for effective NLP applications. It ensures that the data is clean, consistent, and ready for analysis.
- Key Steps: The main steps include data collection, text cleaning, and preprocessing techniques like tokenization, lowercasing, stopword removal, and normalization.
- Challenges: Each step comes with its own set of challenges, including handling noise, ensuring data privacy, managing different text formats, and addressing biases.
- Best Practices: Always adapt preprocessing steps to the specific requirements of your NLP task and ensure that the processed text maintains its integrity and meaning.

# Conclusion

- Importance of Text Preprocessing: Proper preprocessing is essential for effective NLP applications. It ensures that the data is clean, consistent, and ready for analysis.
- Key Steps: The main steps include data collection, text cleaning, and preprocessing techniques like tokenization, lowercasing, stopword removal, and normalization.
- Challenges: Each step comes with its own set of challenges, including handling noise, ensuring data privacy, managing different text formats, and addressing biases.
- Best Practices: Always adapt preprocessing steps to the specific requirements of your NLP task and ensure that the processed text maintains its integrity and meaning.
- Future Directions: As NLP continues to evolve, keeping up with advancements in preprocessing techniques and tools will be crucial for improving the accuracy and efficiency of text analysis.