

$$X_1^r(i) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \Omega_i^2 \Lambda_1(-2)}{2(|E_i| - |E_{gy}|) + E_{corr}(-2)} ; Y_1^r(k) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \Omega_k^2 \Lambda_1(-2)}{2(|E_{gy}| - |E_k|) + 2(|E_{gy}| - |E_k|) \frac{E_{corr}(-2)}{E_{corr}(-2)}}$$

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$$E_{corr}(-2) = 0.5 \text{ MeV (cf. Fig. 1)} \quad \Omega = 14\%$$

Thus

$$2(|E_{gy}| - |E_{gy}|) = 6.82 \text{ MeV} \quad 2(|E_{gy}| - |E_{gy}|) + E_{corr} = (6.82 - 0.5) \text{ MeV} = 6.32 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\begin{cases} X_1^r(i) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \Omega_i^2 \Lambda_1(-2)}{2(|E_i| - |E_{gy}|) + 0.5 \text{ MeV}} \\ Y_1^r(k) = -\frac{\frac{1}{2} \Omega_k^2 \Lambda_1(-2)}{2(|E_{gy}| - |E_k|) + 6.23 \text{ MeV}} \end{cases}$$

Table 2.C.1

units	MeV	MeV ⁻¹	$X_1^r(i)$	TDA $X_1^r(i)$
n & Ω_k	$ E_i - E_{gy} $	$A(i) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \Omega_i^2}{2(E_i - E_{gy}) + 0.5 \text{ MeV}}$	$X_1^r(i)$	$X_1^r(i)$
2P $\frac{1}{2}$ 1	0	1	0.83	0.80
1f $\frac{1}{2}$ 3	0.57	0.528	0.44	0.42
2P $\frac{3}{2}$ 2	0.90	0.307	0.25	0.25
0i $\frac{1}{2}$ 7	1.64	0.350	0.29	0.28
1f $\frac{3}{2}$ 4	2.35	0.192	0.16	0.15
n h $\frac{1}{2}$ 5	2.87	0.150	0.12	0.12
$\Sigma A(i) = 1.5549$			$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1.5549}} = 0.802 \leftarrow (X_1^r(i))^{\text{TD}} = 1$	

Very similar to column labeled 2C.1 Table 2C.1 adu. 10

units	MeV	MeV ⁻¹	$Y_1^r(k)$
n & Ω_k	$ E_{gy} - E_k $	$B(k) = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \Omega_k^2 \Lambda_1(-2)}{2(E_{gy} - E_k) + E_{corr}}$	$Y_1^r(k)$
1g $\frac{1}{2}$ 5	0	0.179	-0.15
0i $\frac{1}{2}$ 6	0.77	0.158	-0.13
0g $\frac{1}{2}$ 8	1.41	0.156	-0.13
2d $\frac{1}{2}$ 3	1.56	0.093	-0.08
3s $\frac{1}{2}$ 1	2.03	0.046	-0.04
1g $\frac{3}{2}$ 4	2.47	0.090	-0.07
2d $\frac{3}{2}$ 2	2.51	0.063	-0.05

$$\Sigma B^2(k) = 0.10418$$

$$\Lambda_1(-2) = 0.83025 \quad \Lambda_1^2(-2) \left(\sum_i A^2(i) - \sum_k B^2(k) \right) = \Lambda_1^2(-2) (1.5549 - 0.10418) = \Lambda_1^2(-2) 1.45073 = 1$$