

Vibrations

(ph)

(pp), (hh)

correlated excitations (E_{corr})
with transfer quantum number

$\alpha=0$

$\alpha = \pm 2$

waves on

the nuclear

the Fermi

surface

correlation length

infinite medium ($|E_{\text{corr}}| = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m}$)

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{k} \approx \frac{\langle k \rangle_F}{2m} \frac{1}{|E_{\text{corr}}|} = \frac{\hbar v_F}{\pi |E_{\text{corr}}|} = \xi$$

typical values (finite nuclei), $E_{\text{corr}} = -2.0$ MeV (-0.4 MeV, ^{11}Li), $v_F/c \approx 0.3$ (0.14, ^{11}Li)

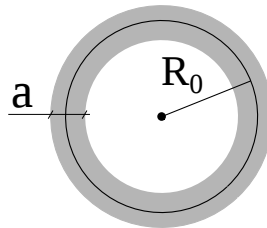
$$\xi = 10 \text{ fm} (22 \text{ fm}, ^{11}\text{Li})$$

generalized quantal parameter

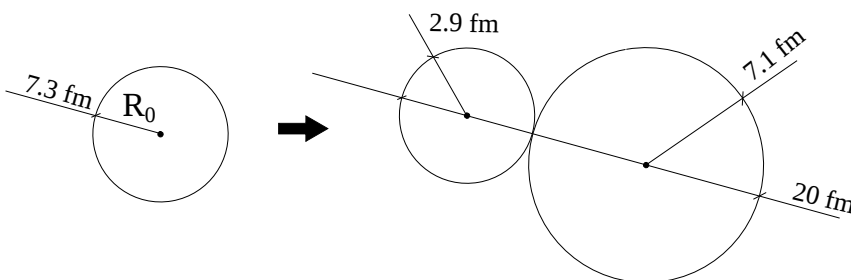
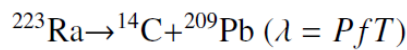
$$q_\xi = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m(\xi)^2} \frac{1}{|E_{\text{corr}}|} \approx 0.1 \quad (0.1, ^{11}\text{Li})$$

strongly correlated (cluster like $q_\xi \ll 1$), weakly bound ($|E_{\text{corr}}|/\epsilon_F \lesssim 0.06$)
very extended ($\xi/d \gtrsim 5$, $d = \left(\frac{4\pi R^3}{3A}\right)^{1/3}$) objects

subject to a strong external field



example



$$P = \begin{cases} 10^{-76} & (\Delta = 0) \\ 10^{-10} & \Delta_{\text{exp}} \end{cases}$$

$$\langle r^2 \rangle_{\text{Cooper}}^{1/2} = \xi = \frac{\hbar v_F}{\pi \Delta} \quad (\approx 24 \text{ fm}; \Delta = 0.8 \text{ MeV})$$