# Me wo kunu/yere/mpena. I have a husband/wife/boyfriend.

YEFTE WO maame SEn? We call your mother how?

Yefre me mamme Yaa. We call my mother Yaa.

**Asomdwe nka wo. - Enka wo nso** Peace be with you.

- And with you.

Meps w'assm. I like you.

I-like you'character.

Sister Akua ko sraa n'adamfo. Sister Akua goes to visit

her friend.

MEda dua ase. I'll sleep under the tree.

I'll-sleep tree under.

Medaa dan mu. I am sleeping in the room.

I-now-sleep room in.

Ennora/Enns/Okyena ye da ben? What day was/is yes-

terday/today/tomorrow?

Yesterday/today/tomorrow is day which?

Eye de. It's sweet (food).

Wo ho ye fe. You look beautiful.

You body is beautiful.

Tiafi wo ha? Is there a bathroom? Bathroom have here?

5 Tenses and Grammar

in most cases. But the consonant is changed if it starts **Negotiation** of verbs are made by prepending  $\underline{n}$  to them with d like da which becomes nna or b like by which becomes mmo.

Wonto nsuo bio? You don't buy water again?

You-not-buy water again?

Menton no. I don't sell this.

I-not-sell this?

Yenhyia seesei. We don't meet now.

Memmre... I am not tired... (from: abre)

Monnom bia? You don't drink beer?

Aden Kwaku nni gyeene? Why does Kwaku not eat onion? Why Kwaku not-eat onion?

Yenfre me Oburoni, me din de Lisa. We don't call me

Oburoni/european, my name is Lisa.

Woboa! - Daabi, memmoa. You lie! - No, I don't lie. We-not-call I Dburoni, I name given(?) Lisa.

Menni sika. I don't have money. (from: wo)

Menys Amsrikani. I'm not an American.

# 7 On the market

negotiating. You might like to be cheeky and either ask Always start with a smalltalk (see other chapters) before for a lower price or to get some additional amount.

Meks Kro-mu. (Meks krom.) I go to town.

I-go town-into.

**Dwaaso ahe?** Where is the market?

Eye fefe. It's beautiful.

Me ps wei. I like this.

Meps bio. I want more/again.

Wei ye sen?/Wei sen? How much is this?

Sen?/Eye sen? How much (is it)?

Apple sen?/Apple eye sen? How much is the apple?

Meps ss, meto ntoma. Ntoma boo sɛn?  $\operatorname{Iwantto}$  buy cloth. Cloth price is how much?

Yard baako 8 sidi (GHC). One yard is 5 Cedi (GHC).

Mepaakys wo te so kakra. Please, reduce a little.

I-beg-your-mercy you put-down a-bit.

5 Tenses and Grammar

Felix EESua Twi. (Not: Felix 20sua.) Felix is learning Twi. Felix he-now-learn Twi.

Seesei woreko he? (Wooko he?) Where are you go-

ing now?

Now you-now-go where?

Mereko fie. (Meeko fie.) I am going home.

I-now-go house.

Merenom nsuo. (Meenom nsuo.) I am drinking wa-

I-now-drink water.

Yereko nom koko. (Yeeko nom koko.) We go to eat mais

porrage.

We-now-go drink porrage.

**Oreys desn? (Joys desn?)** What is he doing?

He-now-do what?

Future tense is composed by adding a -bs- between subject and predicate. When speaking this can also just change  $\underline{e}$  to  $\underline{\varepsilon}$ .

Mebsda. (Msda.) I will sleep.

Okyena obsto mpaboa. Tomorrow he'll buy shoes.

Wobsdi desn? You'll eat what?

Okyena akyi Kwame beko Togo. The day after tomor-

row Kwame will go to Togo.

## 8 Weekdays and how to find your way

People get names according to the weekday they are born. This list contains versions in one popular spelling.

female	Akosua	Adwoa	Abenaa	Akua	Yaa	Afia	Ama
male	Kwasi	Kwadwo	Kwabena	Kwaku	Yaw	Kofi	Kwame
day in Twi	Kwasiada	E-dwoada	E-benada	Wukuada	Yawoada	(E)fiada	Memeneda
day	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday

The following questions or phrases come in handy when you miss directions and get lost.

Eys me ss m'ayera. I think I am lost.

Ehefa na okwan wei ko? Where does this road go to?

4 Pronouns, Titles and Family

family abusua

Maame/Ena, Enanom (pl.) Miss, Ladies/Women

Mother, Mothers

Papa/Agya, Agyanom (pl.) Mister, Gentlemen/Men Father, Fathers

Obaa woman, girl

Abrantee, Ababawa young boy, young girl

Akwadaa/Akɔlaa child/baby

**Ante** auntie

wofa'se mothers brother i.e. uncle

→ special role in extended family

Sewaa aunt, "female father" i.e. fathers sister

→ special role in extended family

Bra, nnua beema brother

Sister (Sis'a), nnua baa sister

nua baa/barima panin big sister/brother

sibling female/male senior

nua baa/barima kumaa/ketewa small sister/brother

sibling female/male junior

(O)panyin adult

ntaa/ntaafoo (pl.) twins

anuanom younger people

osugyani bachelor

mpena fiancee, boyfriend

19

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# 9 Dictionary

#### Verbs

hu blow, see adeka read

huri jump ba come (imp. bra)

hwe look bisa ask hye burn boa help kae remember dane turn

ka talk (imp. kassa) **o c** didi/di (+ object) eat

fa take (along)

nn wmrika run fe ano kiss (lit. throw out

kye fry

kyere teach fre call

kyia greet gye take

nante walk hia need/want hata dry

noa cook

nom drink home breathe

## 3 Introducing yourself

MEdi nnaawotwe mienu. I will stay two weeks.

I-will-eat week two.

Woadi mfie sen? How old are you?

You-have-eaten years how-many?

Medii mfi£ dunkron. I am 19 years old.

I-ate years ten-nine.

Wope deen? What do you want?

You-want what?

Meps ss mesra Akosua. I want to visit Akosua.

I-want that I-visit Akosua.

Wowoo wo da ben? Which day are you born? They-bear you day which?

Wowoo me Yawoada, enti yefre me Yaw. I'm born at

Thursday and so am called Yaw.

They-born I Thursday, hence we-call I Yaw.

#### 2 Greetings

aduosia, aduesia 60 aduosconba aduonu, aduenu 20 du-nkron 19

aduowotwe 80 aduasa nson 37 aduasa 30

aduookron 90 aduanan 40

**oha** 100 aduonum 50

**Human Body** 

Ekyi back Eti/Etire/Ti head

Sisi waist Ti nwi hair

(E)nan legs Enim face

Ani akyi nwi eyebrow(s) Mo mma forehead

Eni eyes

Afono cheeks Ese teeth

Abogwe se beard Abogwe chin Hwene nose

Abeti/Mmbeti Shoulder(s)

**Bo** chest

Ano mouth

Aso ear(s)

(E)kon neck Nsa arm(s) £fu stomach

Kotodwe knee Sre thigh

Me ho yε. I'm fine.

I body good.

Onyame adom me ho ys. By God's grace I'm fine. God grace I body good.

Eys. It's good.

Bokoo! (infrml.)

Na wo nso £? And how are you?

And you too same-question?

Menso me ho ys. I'm also fine.

I-too I body good.

Yoo. Yeda Onyame ase. Well, we thank God. OK. We-lay God under.

Meda ase. (Medaase.) Thank you.

I-lay under.

Meda wo ase. (Meda w'ase.) Thank you.

I-lay you under.

Menso meda mo ase. Thank you(pl.) too. I-too I-lay you(pl.) under.

Nante yie! Save journey!

Mshu wo akyire! (Akyire!) See you later!

Ysbshyia! We will meet!

Okyena ysbshyia bio. Tomorrow we'll meet again.

Afe hyia pa! - Afe nko mmeto yen! Happy New Year!

- May another year come and meet us!

Nkruma Okro egg, aubergine

Ntoes, ntoosi tomato

s, iitoosi comaco Paya avocado

Ntrowa/Ntorewa/Nyaadowa

egg plant, garden Okra/Agyinamoa cat

#### Colours

kɔkɔɔ red ahaban mono green (lit. new leaf)

tumtum black akoko srades yellow (lit.

fitaa, fufuo white chicken oil)

sika kɔkɔɔ gold (lit. gold ahaban dada brown (lit. red)

red)

akokɔbin brown (lit. chicken shit)

bruu blue tuum dark

#### Wordlist

abanoma adopted child anwummere evening

abofra child asanka stone bowl for

grinding bo-

some = month awia noon, sun

abosome months,

affe year, mfie = years ben which

anɔpa morning bosome month, abosome

### 1 Pronunciation Help

Twi belongs to the Akan language family and consists of strong dialects like Asante, Akuapem, Fante and more. The book gives just small insights of a common Twi and you will find more local varieties of pronunciation and words. Depending on the way to count there are around 60 languages in Ghana, but the Twi group is the biggest, especially in the south. The language also spread to Suriname, Jamaica and other places around South America through the slave trade. The alphabet and some of the first publications in Twi come from German missionaries and thus most vowels and consonats are not too different from German pronunciation. But it's not easy like that and you'll need to practise not only the diphthongs but also tones.

#### **Proverbs**

Nka-kra, nka-kra akoko benom nsuo bit by bit the chicken will drink water **Okoto nwo anoma** a crab does not bear a bird

Kai Lüke, Richard Akyea

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Brothers and sisters, what should we say then? When you come together, every one of you brings something.
You bring a hymn or a teaching or a word from God. You bring a message in another language or explain what was said. All of those things must be done to make the church strong.

- NIRV 1 Corinthians 14:26

# Small Communication Book for Common Twi

Ghana-Korea-Germany Church Partnership Youth Encounter