Evaluation 1: get test properties

Janne Pott

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Summary of Simulations

What did I simulate?

Preparation: create all possible quadruples and all possible 4-way partitions (4WP) for n = 6, ..., 10 taxa

Simulation: for n taxa, there are $K_n = \binom{n}{4}$ possible quadruples. For each $k \in \{1, ..., K_n\}$, there are $M_k = \binom{K_n}{k}$ combinations of quadruples as input and 10,000 of these M_k combinations are used in the simulation. Each combination is tested for phylogenetic decisiveness according to 4WPP (truth) and fixing taxon traceability (test).

Here: Summary of the simulation results (barplots, negative predictive value, power).

Upper bound: it was already shown that given an input of $\binom{n}{4} - (n-4)$ quadruples, all sets are phylogenetic decisive:

```
• n = 6: 15 - 2 = 13
```

- n = 7: 35 3 = 32
- n = 8:70 4 = 66
- n = 9: 126 5 = 121
- n = 10: 210 6 = 204

Lower bound: there is no simple formula, but I use here my lower bound from my master thesis (set size that covers all triples or that covers all tuples adequately):

```
• n = 6: 6
```

- n = 7: 11
- n = 8: 14
- n = 9: 24
- n = 10: 30

Initialize

I use a file names *SourceFile.R* that contains all relevant R packages and user-/server-specific path to the R library. If using this code, you must make all the necessary changes within the template source file.

```
rm(list = ls())
time0<-Sys.time()
source("../SourceFile.R")</pre>
```

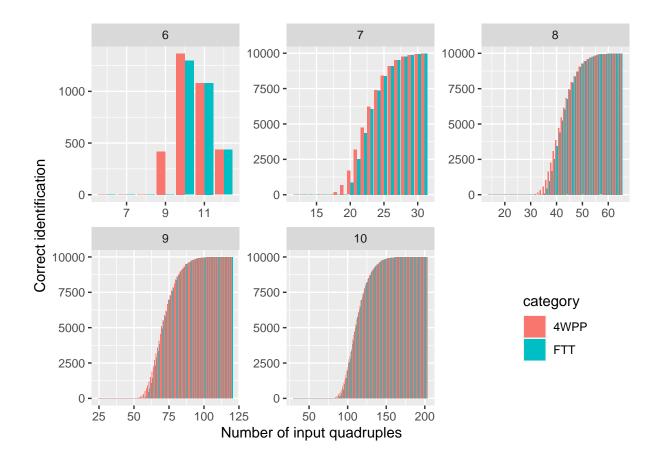
```
source("../helperFunctions/TestHelpRFunction.R")
source("../helperFunctions/ShiftLegendBarplot.R")
x_{lowerBound} = c()
x_{upperBound} = c()
for(i in 6:10){
  #i=7
  y = i \%\% 6
  if(y==0){
    min_quad = 0.25 * choose(i,3) + i/6
  }else if(y %in% c(2,4)){
    min_quad = 0.25 * choose(i,3)
  }else{
    min_quad = (1/6) * ((i-1)/2) * choose(i,2) + i/12
    min_quad = ceiling(min_quad)
  x_lowerBound = c(x_lowerBound,min_quad)
  \max_{\text{quad}} = \text{choose}(i,4) - (i-4)
  x_upperBound = c(x_upperBound,max_quad)
```

Get data

```
load("../results/02_SimulationResults_n06.RData")
load("../results/02_SimulationResults_n07.RData")
load("../results/02_SimulationResults_n08.RData")
load("../results/02 SimulationResults n09.RData")
load("../results/02 SimulationResults n10.RData")
SimulationResults n06[,n := 6]
SimulationResults_n07[,n := 7]
SimulationResults_n08[,n := 8]
SimulationResults_n09[,n := 9]
SimulationResults_n10[,n := 10]
sim_n6 = SimulationResults_n06[k>=x_lowerBound[1] & k<=x_upperBound[1]]</pre>
sim_n7 = SimulationResults_n07[k>=x_lowerBound[2] & k<=x_upperBound[2]]</pre>
sim_n8 = SimulationResults_n08[k>=x_lowerBound[3] & k<=x_upperBound[3]]</pre>
sim_n9 = SimulationResults_n09[k>=x_lowerBound[4] & k<=x_upperBound[4]]</pre>
sim_n10 = SimulationResults_n10[k>=x_lowerBound[5] & k<=x_upperBound[5]]</pre>
sim = rbind(sim_n6,sim_n7,sim_n8,sim_n9,sim_n10)
table(sim$n)
#>
#> 6 7 8 9 10
#> 7 20 52 96 174
```

Bar plots

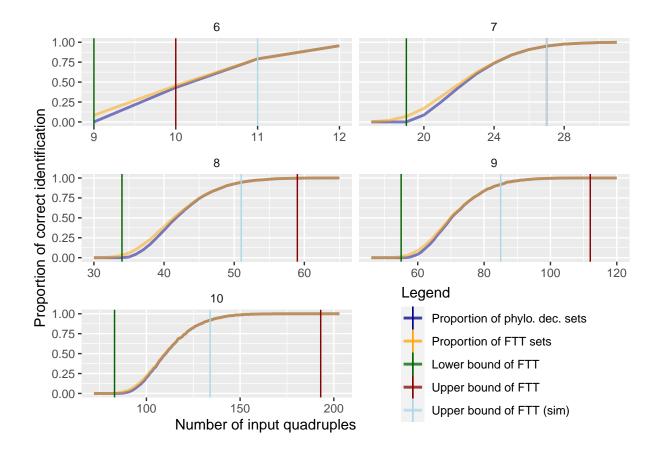
```
dumTab1 = foreach(i = 6:10)%do%{
  # 1.=6
  mySim = copy(sim)
  mySim = mySim[n == i,]
  x1 = dim(mySim)[1]
  PlotData = data.table(n = i,
                        k = rep(mySim\$k, 2),
                        phyloDec = c(mySim$NR_FTT,mySim$NR_PhyloDec),
                        category = c(rep("FTT",x1),rep("4WPP",x1)))
  ggplot(data=PlotData,aes(fill=category, y=phyloDec, x=k)) +
    geom_bar(position="dodge", stat="identity")
  PlotData
}
BarPlotData = rbindlist(dumTab1)
p1 = ggplot(data=BarPlotData,aes(fill=category, y=phyloDec, x=k)) +
  facet_wrap(vars(n), nrow = 2, scales = "free") +
  geom_bar(position="dodge", stat="identity") +
  labs(x="Number of input quadruples
       y = "Correct identification",
       color = "Legend") +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("darkblue", "orange"),
                     labels = c("Four-way partition property",
                                "Fixing taxon traceable"))
grid.draw(ShiftLegendBarplot(p1))
```



Line plots

```
dumTab2 = foreach(i=6:10)%do%{
  #i=6
  dum = choose(i,4)
  dum2 = copy(sim)
  dum2 = dum2[n==i]
  dum2[,prop_4WPP := NR_PhyloDec/(NR_PhyloDec + NR_NotPhyloDec)]
  dum2[,prop_FTT := NR_FTT/(NR_PhyloDec + NR_NotPhyloDec)]
  #dum2 = dum2[!is.na(posRate)]
  dum2[,k2 := k/dum]
  dum2
}
LinePlotData2 = rbindlist(dumTab2)
dumTab3 = foreach(i=6:10)%do%{
  #i=6
  dum = choose(i,4)
  x = choose(i-1,3)-1
  y = x/dum
  a = choose(i,4) - (3*i-13)
  b = a/dum
```

```
dum2 = copy(sim)
  dum2 = dum2[!is.na(posRate)]
  dum2 = dum2[n==i]
  dum2 = dum2[posRate==1,]
  v = min(dum2$k)
  w = v/dum
  res = data.table(n=i, vline1_abs = x, vline2_abs = a, vline3_abs = v,
                   vline1 rel = y, vline2 rel = b, vline3 rel = w)
}
data_vline = rbindlist(dumTab3)
p2 <- ggplot(LinePlotData2[!is.na(posRate),]) +</pre>
  geom_line(aes(x=k, y=prop_FTT, col=as.factor(1)),linewidth=1,alpha=0.5) +
  geom_line(aes(x=k, y=prop_4WPP,col=as.factor(2)),linewidth=1,alpha=0.5)+
  geom_vline(data = data_vline,aes(xintercept = vline1_abs,col =as.factor(3))) +
  geom_vline(data = data_vline,aes(xintercept = vline2_abs,col =as.factor(4))) +
  geom_vline(data = data_vline,aes(xintercept = vline3_abs,col =as.factor(5))) +
  facet_wrap(~ n, nrow = 3, scales = "free_x", strip.position = "top") +
  theme(strip.background = element_blank(),
        strip.placement = "outside")+
                                                                                 ",
  labs(x="Number of input quadruples
       y = "Proportion of correct identification",
       color = "Legend") +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("darkblue","orange","darkgreen","darkred","lightblue"),
                     labels = c("Proportion of phylo. dec. sets",
                                "Proportion of FTT sets",
                                "Lower bound of FTT",
                                "Upper bound of FTT",
                                "Upper bound of FTT (sim)"))
#, "upper bound", "upper bound (simulation)"
grid.draw(ShiftLegendBarplot(p2))
```



Contingency tables (overall)

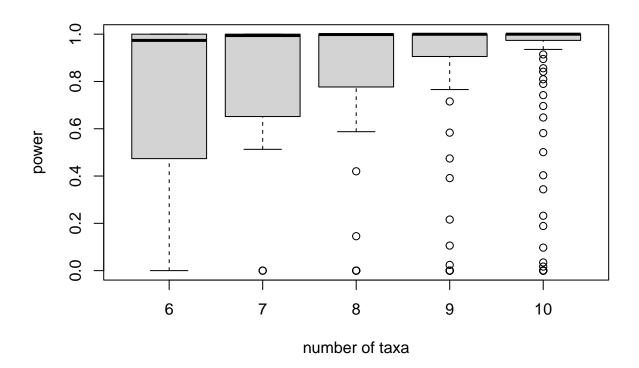
- Prevalence = actual positive (P) / all (N+P)
- PPV = Positive Predictive Value = true positives (TP) / predicted positives (PP) = conditional probability P(true state positive | prediction positive)
- NPV = Negative Predictive Value = true negatives (TN) / predicted negatives = conditional probability P(true state negative | prediction negative)
- TPR = True Positive Rate = sensitivity = power = TP / P
- TNR = True Negative Rate = specificity = TN / N
- see also Wikipedia

Fazit 1: NPV is about 98%, i.e. there is a 98% probability that a negative set is really not phylogenically decisive

Fazit 2: The power of the algorithm (TPR) is also about 98%.

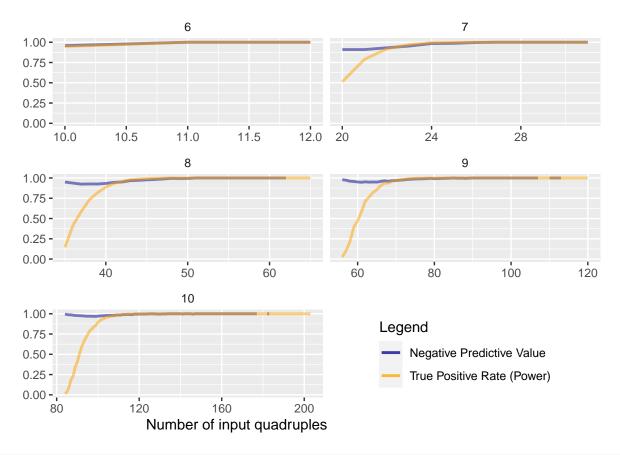
Contingency tables (per k)

```
dumTab3 = foreach(i = 6:10)%do%{
  # i=6
 mySim = copy(sim)
 mySim = mySim[n == i,]
  dumTab4 = foreach(k = 1:dim(mySim)[1])%do%{
    \# k=1
   myRow = copy(mySim)
   myRow = myRow[k,]
   stats_k = TestHelpRFunction(P = myRow$NR_PhyloDec,
                            N = myRow$NR_NotPhyloDec,
                            PP = myRow$NR_FTT)
   stats_k[,n :=i]
   stats_k[,k := myRow$k]
   stats_k
 myStats_k = rbindlist(dumTab4)
 myStats_k
myStats_k = rbindlist(dumTab3)
filt_TPR = !is.na(myStats_k$TPR)
filt_NPV = !is.na(myStats_k$NPV)
boxplot(myStats_k$TPR[filt_TPR] ~ myStats_k$n[filt_TPR],
        xlab = "number of taxa",
       ylab = "power")
```



boxplot(myStats_k\$NPV[filt_NPV] ~ myStats_k\$n[filt_NPV], xlab = "number of taxa", ylab = "NPV") tab6 = myStats_k[n==6 & filt_TPR,summary(TPR)] tab7 = myStats_k[n==7 & filt_TPR,summary(TPR)] tab8 = myStats_k[n==8 & filt_TPR,summary(TPR)] tab9 = myStats_k[n==9 & filt_TPR,summary(TPR)] tab10 = myStats_k[n==10 & filt_TPR,summary(TPR)] tab_TPR = rbind(tab6,tab7,tab8,tab9,tab10) tab6 = myStats_k[n==6 & filt_NPV,summary(NPV)] tab7 = myStats k[n==7 & filt NPV, summary(NPV)] tab8 = myStats_k[n==8 & filt_NPV,summary(NPV)] tab9 = myStats_k[n==9 & filt_NPV,summary(NPV)] tab10 = myStats_k[n==10 & filt_NPV, summary(NPV)] tab_NPV = rbind(tab6,tab7,tab8,tab9,tab10) tabs = as.data.table(rbind(tab_NPV,tab_TPR)) tabs[,n:=rep(c(6:10),2)] tabs[,Parameter:=c(rep("NPV",5),rep("TPR",5))] tabs = tabs[,c(8,7,1:6)] tabs #> 1st Qu. Mean 3rd Qu. Max. Parameter nMin.MedianNPV 6 0.9160839 0.9789104 1.0000000 0.9819864 #> 1 NPV 7 0.9096485 0.9737353 0.9992500 0.9790416

```
NPV 8 0.9243381 0.9820736 1.0000000 0.9859275
#> 4:
            NPV 9 0.9472723 0.9897121 1.0000000 0.9907297
                                                                      1
#> 5:
            NPV 10 0.9671249 0.9958745 1.0000000 0.9951519
            TPR 6 0.0000000 0.7105263 0.9736842 0.7368421
#> 6:
                                                                      1
                                                                 1
#> 7:
            TPR 7 0.0000000 0.6516322 0.9941978 0.7455668
                                                                 1
                                                                      1
#> 8:
            TPR 8 0.0000000 0.7986817 0.9985225 0.7898741
                                                                 1
                                                                      1
#> 9:
            TPR 9 0.0000000 0.9056010 0.9996693 0.8162004
                                                                 1
                                                                      1
#> 10:
            TPR 10 0.0000000 0.9743057 1.0000000 0.8687601
                                                                1 1
# Plotting
LinePlotData3 = copy(myStats_k)
LinePlotData3 = LinePlotData3[!is.na(PPV)]
p3 <- ggplot(LinePlotData3) +
 geom_line(aes(x=k, y=NPV, col=as.factor(1)),linewidth=1,alpha=0.5) +
 geom_line(aes(x=k, y=TPR,col=as.factor(2)),linewidth=1,alpha=0.5)+
 facet_wrap(~ n, nrow = 3, scales = "free_x", strip.position = "top") +
 theme(strip.background = element_blank(),
       strip.placement = "outside")+
 labs(x="Number of input quadruples
                                                                               ш,
      y = "",
      color = "Legend") +
 scale_color_manual(values = c("darkblue", "orange"),
                    labels = c("Negative Predictive Value",
                               "True Positive Rate (Power)"))
#, "upper bound", "upper bound (simulation)"
grid.draw(ShiftLegendBarplot(p3))
#> Warning: Removed 20 rows containing missing values (`geom_line()`).
```



```
test = copy(LinePlotData3)[TPR>0.9,]
test = test[!duplicated(n)]
test[,allQ := choose(n,4)]
test[,prop := k/allQ]
test
#>
     Prevalence PPV
                         NPV
                                   TPR TNR n
                                               k all Q
#> 1: 0.4555445 1 0.9578207 0.9473684
                                           6
                                       1
                                             10
                                                   15 0.666667
#> 2: 0.4742000 1 0.9314438 0.9183889
                                        1 7 22
                                                   35 0.6285714
#> 3: 0.4714000 1 0.9452790 0.9350870
                                        1
                                           8 41
                                                   70 0.5857143
#> 4: 0.3178000
                1 0.9578770 0.9056010
                                        1 9 66 126 0.5238095
#> 5: 0.2450000
                 1 0.9729381 0.9142857
                                       1 10 101 210 0.4809524
```

Some total numbers

```
sumSim = sum(sim$NR_NotPhyloDec,sim$NR_PhyloDec)
sumPhyloDec = sum(sim$NR_PhyloDec)
sumFTT = sum(sim$NR_FTT)

sumPhyloDec/sumSim
#> [1] 0.504864

sumFTT/sumPhyloDec
#> [1] 0.9887465
```

Session Info

```
sessionInfo()
#> R version 4.2.2 (2022-10-31 ucrt)
#> Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)
#> Running under: Windows 10 x64 (build 22621)
#> Matrix products: default
#>
#> locale:
#> [1] LC_COLLATE=German_Germany.utf8 LC_CTYPE=German_Germany.utf8
#> [3] LC_MONETARY=German_Germany.utf8 LC_NUMERIC=C
#> [5] LC_TIME=German_Germany.utf8
#>
#> attached base packages:
#> [1] grid
             stats graphics grDevices utils datasets methods
#> [8] base
#> other attached packages:
                           gtable_0.3.1
#> [1] cowplot_1.1.1
                                               ggplot2_3.4.1
#> [4] FixingTaxonTraceR_0.0.1 foreach_1.5.2
                                                data.table_1.14.8
#>
#> loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
\# [1] rstudioapi\_0.14 knitr\_1.42 magrittr\_2.0.3 munsell\_0.5.0
#> [5] colorspace_2.1-0 R6_2.5.1
                                   rlang_1.0.6 fastmap_1.1.1
#> [9] fansi_1.0.4 highr_0.10
                                    tools_4.2.2
                                                    xfun_0.37
                                     withr_2.5.0 htmltools_0.5.4
#> [13] utf8_1.2.3
                     cli\_3.6.0
evaluate\_0.20
                                     rmarkdown_2.20 labeling_0.4.2
#> [25] glue_1.6.2
#> [29] compiler_4.2.2 pillar_1.8.1 scales_1.2.1 pkgconfig_2.0.3
message("\nTOTAL TIME : " ,round(difftime(Sys.time(),time(),units = "mins"),3)," minutes")
#> TOTAL TIME : 0.084 minutes
```