## Internet Domain And Domain Name System

Presented by :Rupak Poudyal

#### Internet Domain

- Identification string that defines a realm of administrative autonomy, authority, or control on the Internet
- Formed by the rules and procedures of the Domain Name System (DNS).
- Represents an Internet Protocol (IP) resource

#### Levels of Domain Name

- Organized in subordinate levels (subdomains) of the DNS root domain
- i. Top-Level Domain
- ii. Second-Level Domain
- iii. Third-Level Domain

#### Top-Level Domain

- Domains at the highest level in the hierarchical Domain Name System
- Installed in the root zone of the name space
- Last part of the domain name

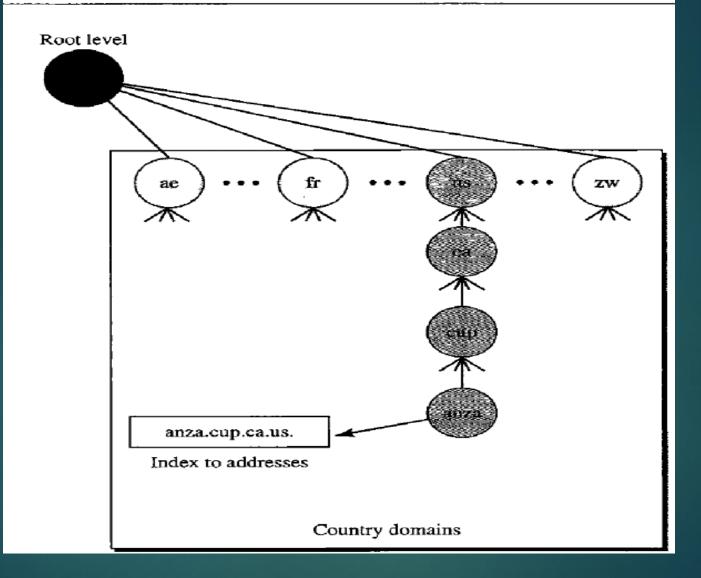
#### Types:

- i. Country code top-level domains (ccTLD)
- ii. Generic top-level domain (gTLD)

# Country code top-level domains (ccTLD)

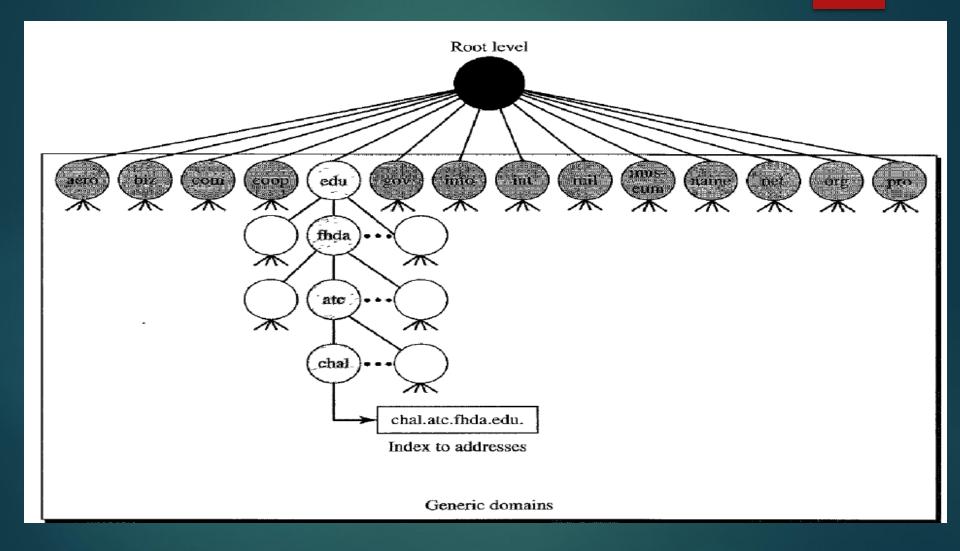
- Reserved for a country, sovereign state, or dependent territory identified with a country code.
- Extension based on the ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country codes

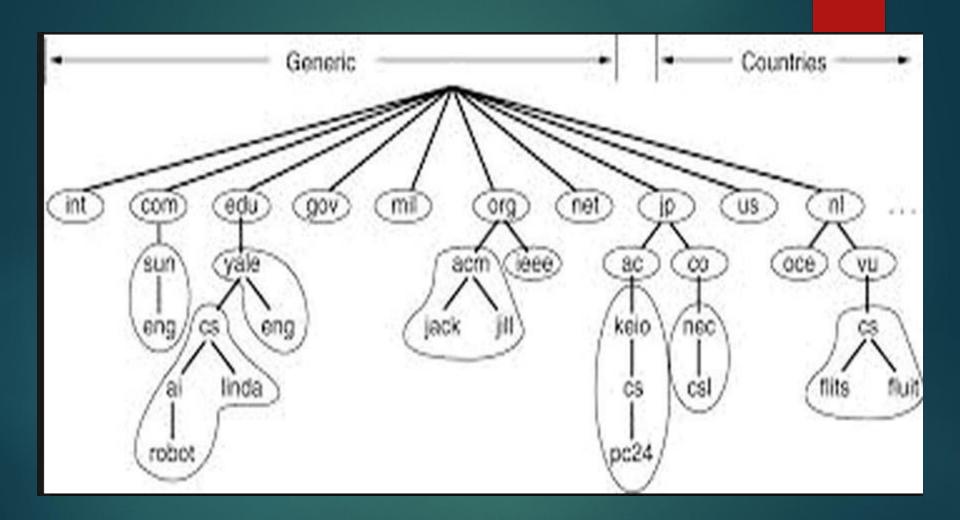
#### Country domains



## Generic top-level domains (gTLD)

- Identifies TLD generically as associated with some domain class
- Define registered hosts according to their generic behavior.

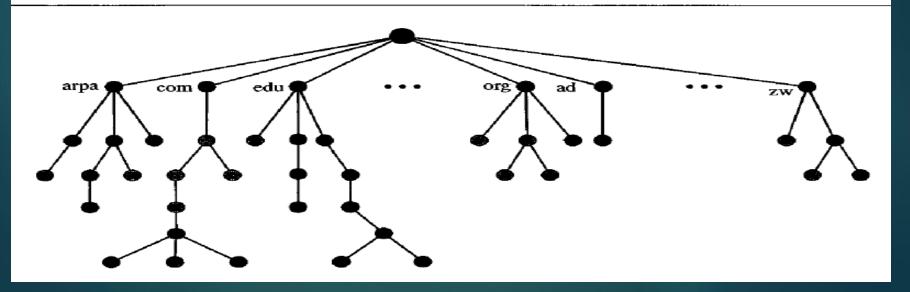




#### Domain Name Space

- When we have hierarchical name space, a domain name space to be designed.
- In that tree names are defined in an inverted-tree with one root at the top.
- The tree can have only 128 levels.
- Level 0(root) to level127

#### 25.2 Domain name space



#### Label

- Each node in the tree has a label, which is a string with a maximum of 63 characters.
- The root label is a null string(empty).

### Domain Name System

- Follow the client/server paradigm.
- A hierarchical, domain-based naming scheme and a distributed database system for implementing this naming scheme
- Resolves queries for these names into IP addresses
- Each domain has unique IP addresses

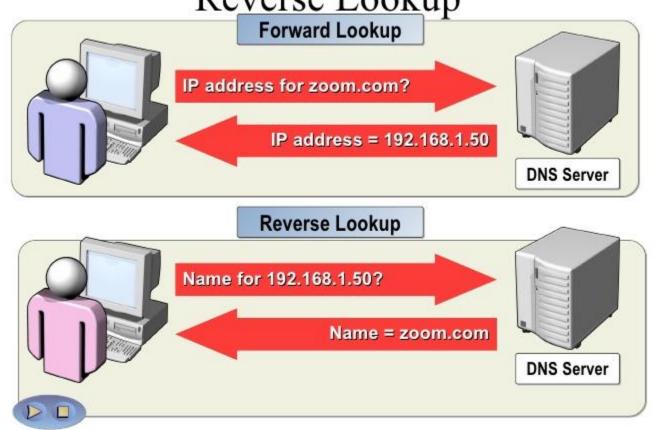
### Forward Lookup

- Using an Internet domain name to find an ip address
- More common lookup

### Reverse Lookup

- Determine the domain name associated with an IP address
- Uses PTR records
- Involves searching domain name registry and registrar tables

DNS Zone Types: Forward and Reverse Lookup



## Thank You