

## Canada COVID-19 epidemic models situation report No 14 - 2021-10-01

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# Combine and visualize international periodically updated estimates of COVID-19 pandemic at the country level, countries with subnational level estimates

## Canada

Based on uptake 20211001 in <https://github.com/pourmalek/CovidVisualizedCountry>

Study update dates in uptake 20211001:

DELP 20210930, **IHME 20211001**, IMPE 20210924, LANL 20210926, SRIV 20210930, PHAC 20210903

DELP: [model by Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge](#)

IHME: [model by Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation, Seattle](#)

IMPE: [model by Imperial College, London](#)

LANL: [model by Los Alamos National Laboratories, Los Alamos](#)

SRIV: [model by Srivastava, Ajitesh, University of Southern California, Los Angeles](#)

PHAC: [PHAC-McMaster model](#). See the methods used for acquisition of their estimates [here](#).

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## Executive Summary

This report shows the trajectory of daily deaths, infections, bed needs, and ICU bed needs for Canada and its provinces, estimated by five international and periodically updating COVID-19 epidemic models, plus those of the PHAC-McMaster model.

**The graphs** (see the following pages) show the predictions for *when, where, and how much* increase/decrease in infections, deaths, and bed needs.

This report summarizes the results of a project named *CovidVisualizedCountry*, an online tool developed to function as an early warning tool for technical advisers and health decision-makers.

Pre-print Data Note manuscript on Research Square, titled “CovidVisualized: Visualized compilation of international updating models’ estimates of COVID-19 pandemic at global and country levels”, 02 August 2021, PRE-PRINT (Version 1) available at Research Square [<https://doi.org/10.21203/rs.3.rs-768714/v1>] describes the methods and results of CovidVisualized tools: [\*CovidVisualizedCountry\* \(for Canada\)](#), [\*CovidVisualizedGlobal\* \(for global level\)](#), and [\*covir2\* \(for Iran\)](#).

Farshad Pourmalek MD MPH PhD, who has created the and [\*CovidVisualizedCountry\*](#) tool (and [\*covir2\*](#) tool for Iran and [\*CovidVisualizedGlobal\*](#) tool for global level) and this report is a physician and epidemiologist who worked in the [School of Population and Public Health of University of British Columbia](#) and Vancouver General Hospital, [University of Washington](#), WHO, UNDEP, and UNICEF. ORCID ID <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2134-0771>, PubMed.

### Interpretation by Farshad Pourmalek:

The current wave of the COVID-19 epidemic in Canada has been predicted, so far, to be larger than the previous waves at the national level and in many provinces, especially in Alberta, British Columbia, Saskatchewan, Ontario, and Quebec.

A major contributing factor to the problem with the current wave of the COVID-19 epidemic in Canada (and most other countries) at the national level and in provinces seems to be the transmissibility of the delta variant.

Higher transmissibility of the delta variant compared with the previous variants causes large numbers of cases – even though the number of deaths per population and the Case Fatality Rate (CFR) is expected to be much less in the vaccinated compared against the unvaccinated. And even though the ICU admissions and severe cases per population are also expected to be much less in the vaccinated compared against the unvaccinated.

The large number of cases with the delta variant, even with lower CFR levels in the vaccinated, culminates in many deaths. Since the vaccinated population is large compared to the unvaccinated population in general, the absolute count of predicted deaths might still be higher among the vaccinated compared with the unvaccinated, even with lower CFR levels in the vaccinated. Suppose 100% of the eligible population (e.g., age > 12) have received two doses of effective vaccines in the recent eight months in a counterfactual scenario. Then all the cases and deaths would be in the vaccinated population, even though the CFR would be expected to be lower than a CFR of unvaccinated population.

The assumptions in the prediction models include the status quo trend for the newer variants, including lambda and mu. That is to say that there are no assumptions of large spreads of lambda and mu variants included in the current models yet.

## What is this report, and where does it come from?

This report is the **14th** situation report of predictions of five international and periodically updating COVID-19 epidemic models and the PHAC-McMaster model about the future trajectory of the epidemic in Canada and its provinces. The report is based on the **CovidVisualizedCountry** online tool, that is a GitHub repository for sharing data and codes, available at <https://github.com/pourmalek/CovidVisualizedCountry>

This report is meant to serve as an offline and stand-alone version of the online tool. Situation Reports are available online at

<https://github.com/pourmalek/CovidVisualizedCountry/tree/main/situation%20reports>

**Objectives** of the “CovidVisualizedCountry” tool are to identify international and periodically updated models of the COVID-19 epidemic, compile and visualize their estimation results, and regularly update the compilations. The PHAC-McMaster model estimation results were added starting with uptake 20210903 of CovidVisualizedCountry using update 20210903 of the PHAC-McMaster model.

The ultimate objective is to provide an ***early warning system*** for technical advisors to the decision-makers. When the predictions of one or more models show an increase in daily cases or infections, hospitalizations, or deaths in the near future of *one to three months*, ***technical advisors to the national and subnational decision-makers*** may consider suggesting augmentation of non-pharmacologic preventive interventions and vaccination. In doing so, the strengths and weaknesses of individual models need to be considered and those of this work. Models’ estimates demonstrate the trajectory of COVID-19 deaths, cases or infections, and hospital-related outcomes in one to three months into the future.

The “CovidVisualized” project includes <https://github.com/pourmalek/CovidVisualizedCountry> for Canada and its provinces, <https://github.com/pourmalek/covir2> for Iran, and <https://github.com/pourmalek/CovidVisualizedGlobal> for the global level.

**Methods and technical details** of this work are available in a pre-print Data Note manuscript on Research Square, titled “CovidVisualized: Visualized compilation of international updating models’ estimates of COVID-19 pandemic at global and country levels”, 02 August 2021, PRE-PRINT (Version 1) available at Research Square [<https://doi.org/10.21203/rs.3.rs-768714/v1>] describes the methods and results of CovidVisualized tools: [CovidVisualizedCountry](#) (for Canada), [CovidVisualizedGlobal](#) (for global level), and [covir2](#) (for Iran).

Strengths and weaknesses of international and periodically updating COVID-19 epidemic models are discussed in [Pourmalek F, Rezaei Hemami M, Janani L, Moradi-Lakeh M. Rapid review of COVID-19 epidemic estimation studies for Iran. BMC Public Health. 2021 Feb 1;21\(1\):257. doi: 10.1186/s12889-021-10183-3. PMID: 33522928.](#)

Stata codes written and used for this whole work can be examined online and/or downloaded and re-run to check, securitize, verify, or flag any mistakes.

<https://github.com/pourmalek/CovidVisualizedCountry#iii-inner-works-of-this-repository-1>

### **The five international and periodically updating COVID-19 epidemic models, and the PHAC-McMaster model:**

DELP, IHME, IMPE, LANL, SRIV, PHAC; JOHN (these abbreviations are used in the graphs)

**DELP:** DELPHI. Differential Equations Lead to Predictions of Hospitalizations and Infections. COVID-19 pandemic model named DELPHI by Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge. *Reference:* COVID Analytics. DELPHI epidemiological case predictions. Cambridge: Operations Research Center, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

<https://www.covidanalytics.io/projections> and

<https://github.com/COVIDAnalytics/website/tree/master/data/predicted>

**IHME:** Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. COVID-19 pandemic model by Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation, Seattle. *Reference:* Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). COVID-19 mortality, infection, testing, hospital resource use, and social distancing projections. Seattle: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME), University of Washington. <http://www.healthdata.org/covid/> AND <http://www.healthdata.org/covid/data-downloads>

**IMPE:** Imperial. COVID-19 pandemic model by Imperial College, London. *Reference:* MRC Centre for Global Infectious Disease Analysis (MRC GIDA). Future scenarios of the healthcare burden of COVID-19 in low- or middle-income countries. London: MRC Centre for Global Infectious Disease Analysis, Imperial College London. <https://mrc-ide.github.io/global-lmic-reports/> AND <https://github.com/mrc-ide/global-lmic-reports/tree/master/data>

**LANL:** Los Alamos National Laboratories. COVID-19 pandemic model by Los Alamos National Laboratories, Los Alamos. *Reference:* Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL). COVID-19 cases and deaths forecasts. Los Alamos: Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL). <https://covid-19.bsvgateway.org>

**SRIV:** Srivastava, Ajitesh. COVID-19 pandemic model by University of Southern California, Los Angeles. *Reference:* Srivastava, Ajitesh. University of Southern California (USC). COVID-19 forecast. Los Angeles: University of Southern California. <https://scc-usc.github.io/ReCOVER-COVID-19> AND [https://github.com/scc-usc/ReCOVER-COVID-19/tree/master/results/historical\\_forecasts](https://github.com/scc-usc/ReCOVER-COVID-19/tree/master/results/historical_forecasts)

\*

**PHAC:** PHAC-McMaster model, Public Health Agency of Canada, and McMaster University.  
*Reference:* Government of Canada. Mathematical modelling and COVID-19, Canada's approach. <https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/diseases/coronavirus-disease-covid-19/epidemiological-economic-research-data/mathematical-modelling.html> Date modified: 2021-09-03. Accessed on 4 September 2021. AND National Collaborating Centre for Infectious Diseases (NCCID), University of Manitoba. PHAC Models on COVID-19. <https://nccid.ca/phac-modelling/> No Date. Accessed on 4 September 2021.

\*

**JOHN:** Johns Hopkins. Coronavirus resource center, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore. Curation of official reports of countries to World Health Organization. **Ground truth for comparison.** *Reference:* Johns Hopkins University. Coronavirus resource center. <https://coronavirus.jhu.edu/map.html> AND <https://github.com/CSSEGISandData/COVID-19>

\*

**Models' updates** and their acquisition in this work:

The two models with the least frequency of periodic updates of estimates are IHME and IMPE, updated almost weekly and bi-weekly, respectively. With the release of each update of either IHME or IMPE models, the whole set of the five included models are updated in the **covir2** GitHub repository. The most recent update of each model is used.

\*

**Uptakes** in <https://github.com/pourmalek/CovidVisualizedCountry> for Canada and its provinces are as follows.

(Uptake number) uptake date: study update date, study update date

- (30) uptake [20211001](#): DELP 20210930, **IHME 20211001**, IMPE 20210924, LANL 20210926, SRIV 20210930, PHAC 20210903
- (29) uptake [20210928](#): DELP 20210927, IHME 20210923, **IMPE 20210924**, LANL 20210926, SRIV 20210928, PHAC 20210903
- (28) uptake [20210923](#): DELP 20210923, **IHME 20210923**, IMPE 20210909, LANL 20210919, SRIV 20210923, PHAC 20210903
- (27) uptake [20210920](#): DELP 20210920, IHME 20210916, **IMPE 20210909**, LANL 20210919, SRIV 20210920, PHAC 20210903
- (26) uptake [20210916](#): DELP 20210916, **IHME 20210916**, IMPE 20210825, LANL 20210912, SRIV 20210916, PHAC 20210903
- (25) uptake [20210910](#): DELP 20210910, **IHME 20210910**, IMPE 20210825, LANL 20210905, SRIV 20210910, PHAC 20210903
- (24) uptake [20210903](#): DELP 20210903, IHME 20210902, IMPE 20210825, LANL 20210829, SRIV 20210903, **PHAC 20210903**
- (22) uptake [20210901](#): DELP 20210901, IHME 20210826, **IMPE 20210825**, LANL 20210829, SRIV 20210901

- (21) uptake [20210826](#): DELP 20210826, **IHME 20210826**, IMPE 20210819, LANL 20210822, SRIV 20210826  
(20) uptake [20210824](#): DELP 20210824, IHME 20210819, **IMPE 20210819**, LANL 20210822, SRIV 20210824  
(19) uptake [20210819](#): DELP 20210819, **IHME 20210819**, IMPE 20210806, LANL 20210815, SRIV 20210819  
(18) uptake [20210806](#): DELP 20210806 , **IHME 20210806**, IMPE 20210719, LANL 20210801, SRIV 20210801  
(17) uptake [20210730](#): DELP 20210730, **IHME 20210730**, IMPE 20210719, LANL 20210725, SRIV 20210730  
(16) uptake [20210727](#): DELP 20210727, IHME 20210723, **IMPE 20210719**, LANL 20210725, SRIV 20210727  
(15) uptake [20210726](#): DELP 20210726, **IHME 20210723**, IMPE 20210709, LANL 20210718, SRIV 20210726  
(14) uptake [20210723](#): DELP 20210723, **IHME 20210723**, IMPE 20210709, LANL 20210718, SRIV 20210723  
(13) uptake [20210715](#): DELP 20210715, **IHME 20210715**, IMPE 20210709, LANL 20210711, SRIV 20210715  
(12) uptake [20210714](#): DELP 20210714, IHME 20210702, **IMPE 20210709**, LANL 20210711, SRIV 20210714  
(11) uptake [20210709](#): DELP 20210708, IHME 20210702, **IMPE 20210702**, LANL 20210704, SRIV 20210709  
(10) uptake [20210704](#): DELP 20210704, IHME 20210702, **IMPE 20210626**, LANL 20210704, SRIV 20210704  
(09) uptake [20210703](#): DELP 20210703, **IHME 20210702**, IMPE 20210618, LANL 20210627, SRIV 20210703  
(08) uptake [20210625](#): DELP 20210625, **IHME 20210625**, IMPE 20210618, LANL 20210613, SRIV 20210624  
(07) uptake [20210624](#): DELP 20210624, IHME 20210618, **IMPE 20210618**, LANL 20210613, SRIV 20210624  
(06) uptake [20210618](#): DELP 20210618, **IHME 20210618**, IMPE 20210611, LANL 20210613, SRIV 20210618  
(05) uptake [20210611](#): DELP 20210611, IHME 20210610, **IMPE 20210611**, LANL 20210606, SRIV 20210611  
(04) uptake [20210610](#): DELP 20210610, **IHME 20210610**, IMPE 20210604, LANL 20210606, SRIV 20210610  
(03) uptake [20210605](#): DELP 20210605, IHME 20210604, **IMPE 20210604**, LANL 20210602, SRIV 20210605  
(02) uptake [20210604](#): DELP 20210604, **IHME 20210604**, IMPE 20210527, LANL 20210602, SRIV 20210604  
(01) uptake [20210603](#): DELP 20210603, IHME 20210528, **IMPE 20210527**, LANL 20210526, SRIV 20210603

## Graphs of epidemic trajectory in Canada and provinces till January 2022

Graphs of the most recent models' updates are shown here. These graphs, as well as graphs of previous updates, are available online at  
<https://github.com/pourmalek/CovidVisualizedCountry>

Logical order of graphs:

- (1) *Location levels*: National level, followed by provinces for which estimations are available: Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba, Nova Scotia, Ontario, Quebec, and Saskatchewan.
- (2) *Outcomes*: Daily deaths, Daily cases or infections, Hospital-related outcomes, Daily deaths estimated to reported ratio, Daily cases or infections estimated to reported cases ratio. Followed by additional outcomes estimated by IHME and added starting from uptake 20210916, i.e., R effective, Daily Infection-outcome ratios, Daily mobility, Daily mask use, and (Percent) cumulative vaccinated.
- (3) *Calendar time of estimates coverage*: All-time, followed by 2021. To view the whole epidemic trajectory and further focus on the near future.
- (4) *Scenarios*: Reference scenarios, followed by alternative scenarios. To examine the main or reference (aka. status quo) scenario and alternative (better and worse) scenarios.
- (5) *Five models*: Different models *within* each graph (for which model estimates update release dates are maximally synchronized), plus official reports of the country to WHO (curated by Johns Hopkins University) as the under-reported benchmark for trends. To examine how heterogeneity in methods used by different models results in heterogeneous results for the same outcome (same time-place-person aggregated units)

Among the five available international periodically updating studies or models of COVID-19 pandemic, only **TWO** studies, DELP and IHME, provide subnational level estimates for some countries. For Canada, they provide estimates for **SEVEN** provinces (AB, BC, MB, NS, ON, QC, SK).

The PHAC-McMaster model provides estimates of cases at the national and **SIX** provinces' levels (AB, BC, MB, ON, QC, SK) and cases hospitalized per 100 K population at the national level.

## **List of graphs**

graph (1) Location - Daily deaths, reference scenarios, all time

graph (2) Location - Daily deaths, reference scenarios, 2021

graph (3) Location - Daily deaths, 2021, reference scenario with uncertainty, IHME, 2021

graph (4) Location - Daily deaths, 2021, reference scenario with uncertainty, IHME

graph (5) Location - Daily deaths, 2021, reference scenario with uncertainty, IMPE

graph (6) Location - Daily deaths, 2021, 3 scenarios, IMPE

graph (7) Location - Daily cases or infections, all time

graph (8) Location - Daily cases or infections, 2021

graph (9) Location - Hospital-related outcomes, all time

graph (10) Location - Hospital-related outcomes, 2021

graph (11) Location - Daily deaths estimated to reported, all time

graph (12) Location - Daily cases or infections estimated to reported cases, 2021

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graph (13) Location - R effective, three scenarios, June 2021 on, IHME

graph (14) Location - Daily Infection-outcome ratios, 3 scenarios, IHME

graph (15) Location - Daily mobility, 3 scenarios IHME

graph (16) Location - Daily mask use, 3 scenarios, IHME

graph (17) Location - Percent cumulative vaccinated, IHME

**Previous uptakes** for each province and for the national level can be examined for a graphical assay of models' predictive performance across consecutive updates of models' estimates. Previous uptakes can be viewed as linked below:

[CANADA, National](#)

[CANADA, Provinces](#)

[Alberta](#)

[British Columbia](#)

[Manitoba](#)

[Nova Scotia](#)

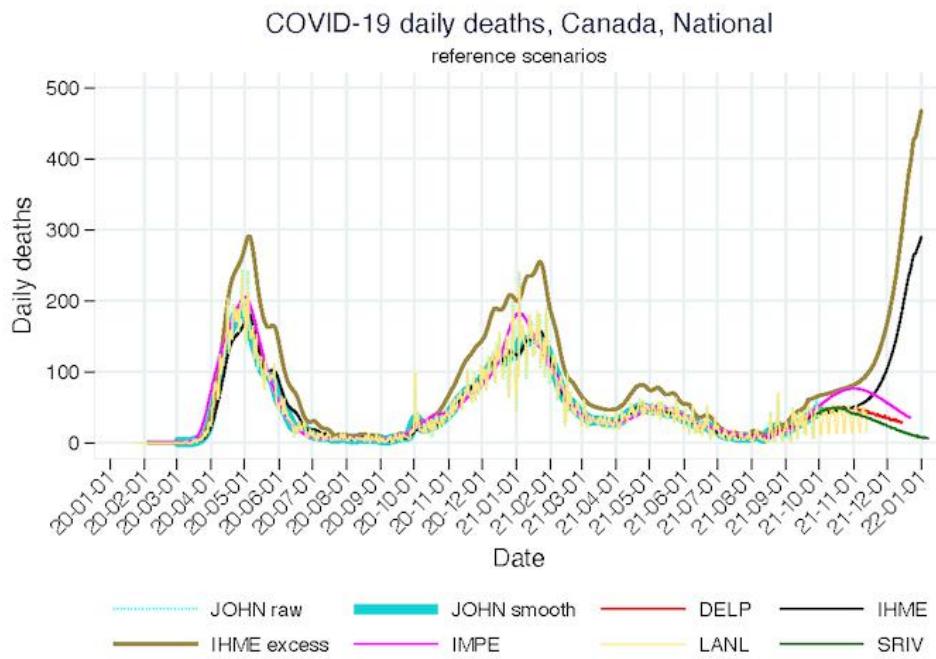
[Ontario](#)

[Quebec](#)

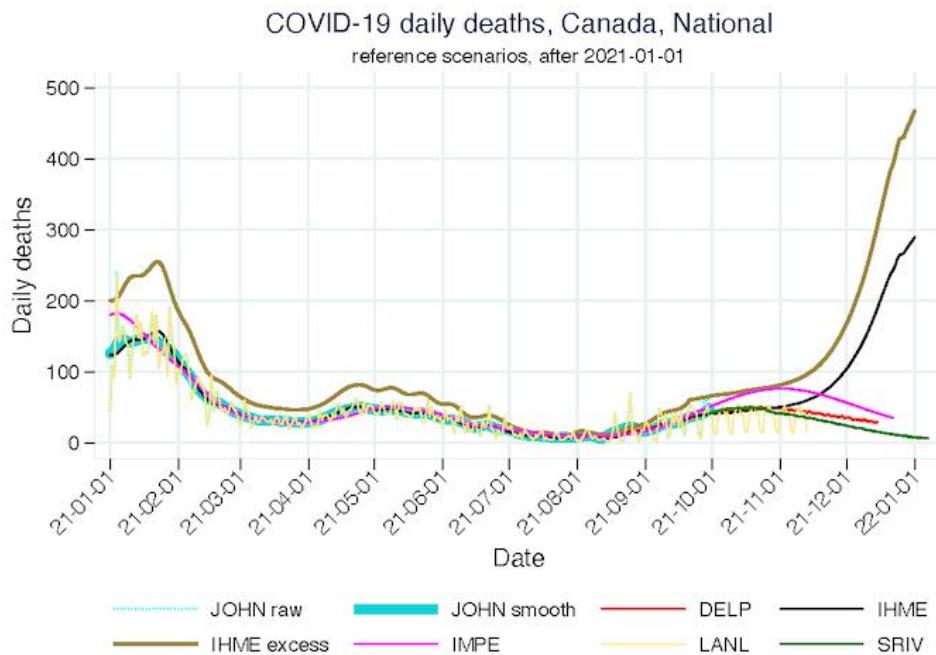
[Saskatchewan](#)

## Selected graphs - Canada, national

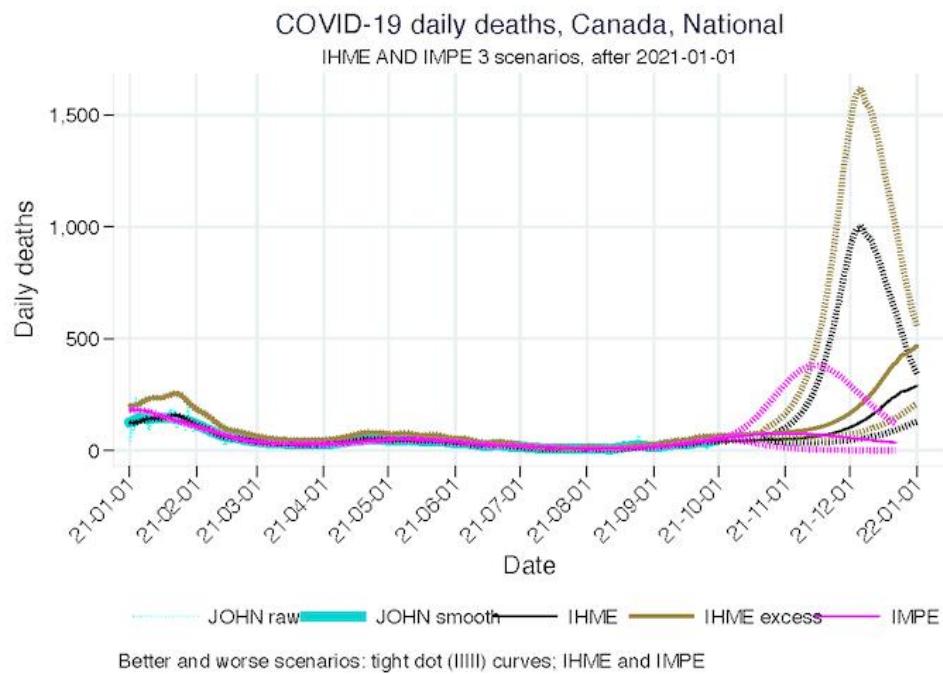
### (1) Canada [Daily deaths, reference scenarios, all time](#)



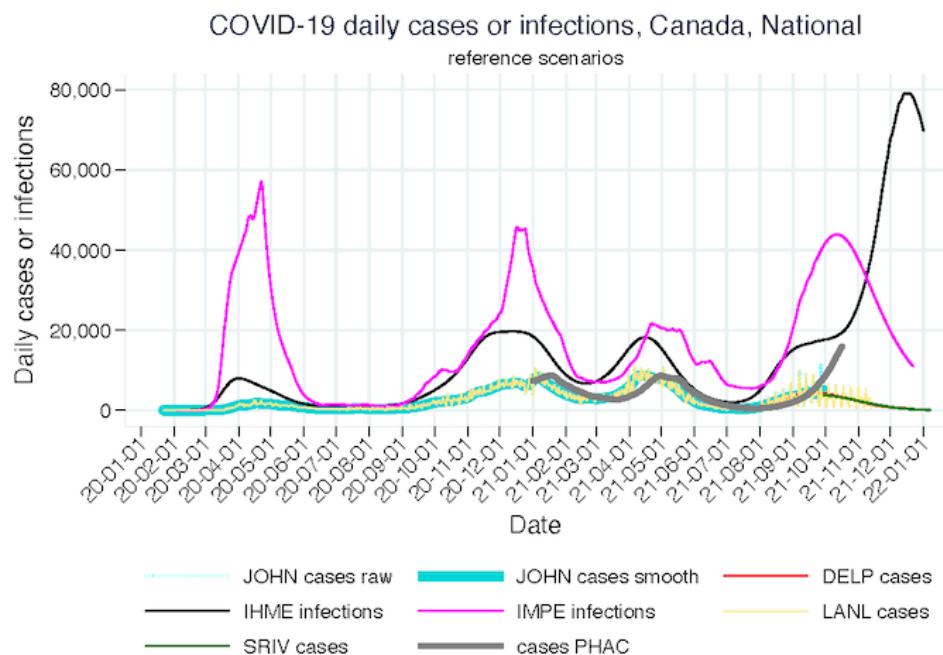
### (2) Canada [Daily deaths, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



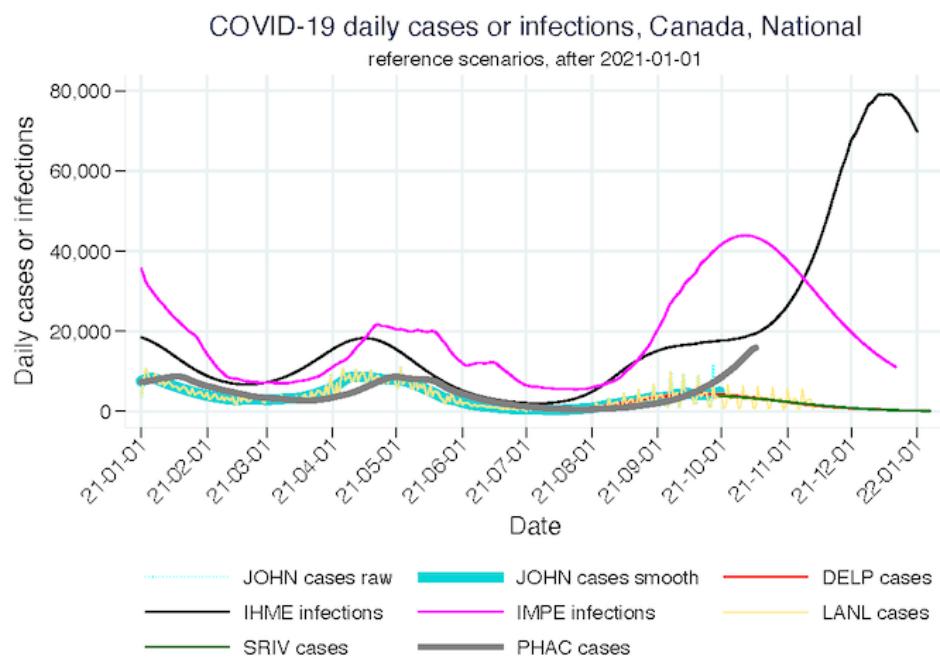
(3) Canada [Daily deaths, 3 scenarios, 2021](#)



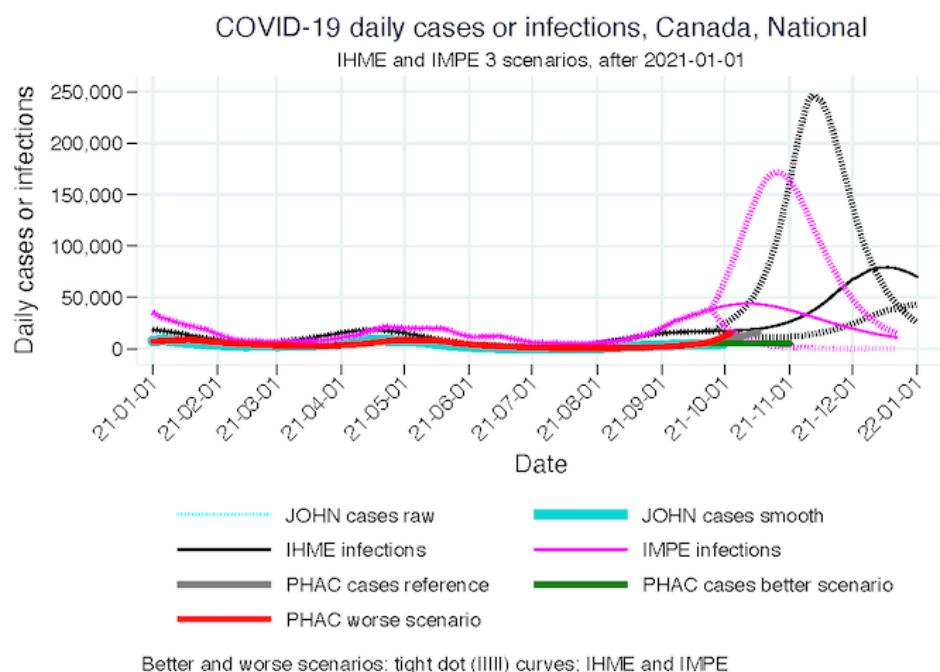
(4) Canada [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, all time](#)



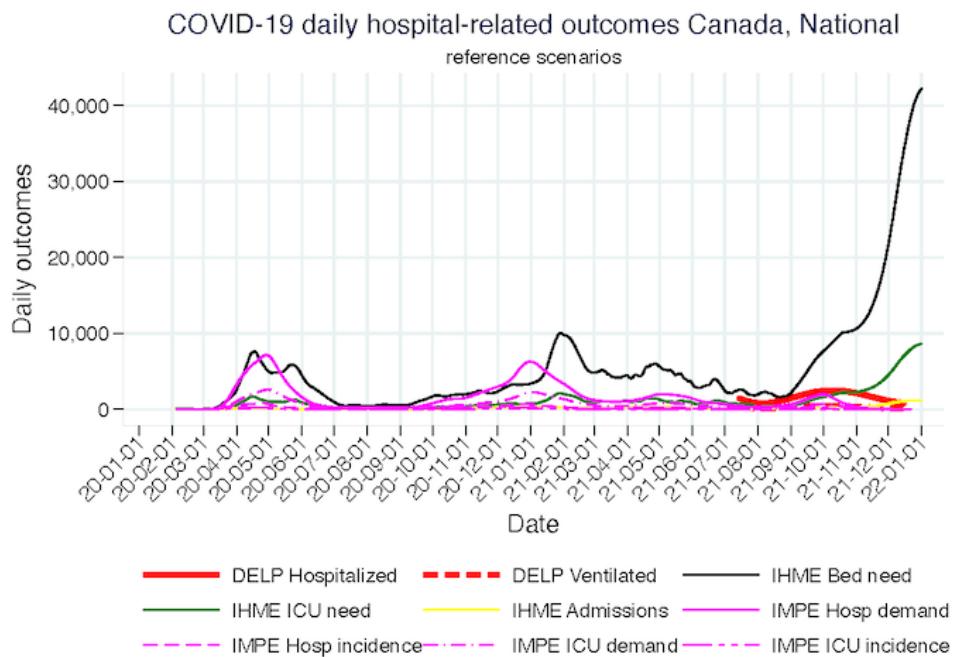
(5) Canada [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



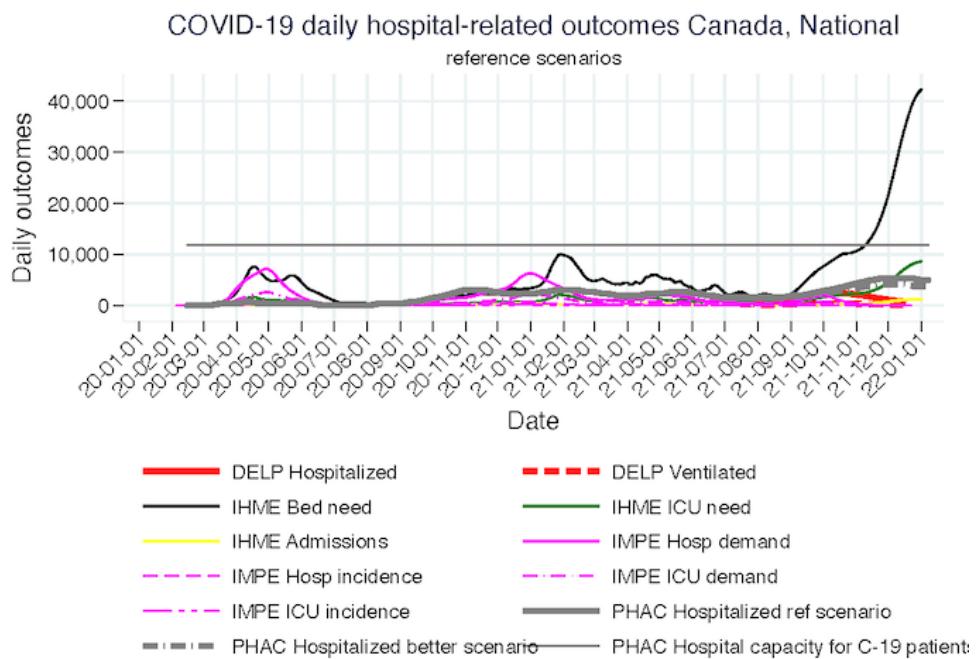
(6) Canada [Daily cases or infections, 3 scenarios, 2021](#)



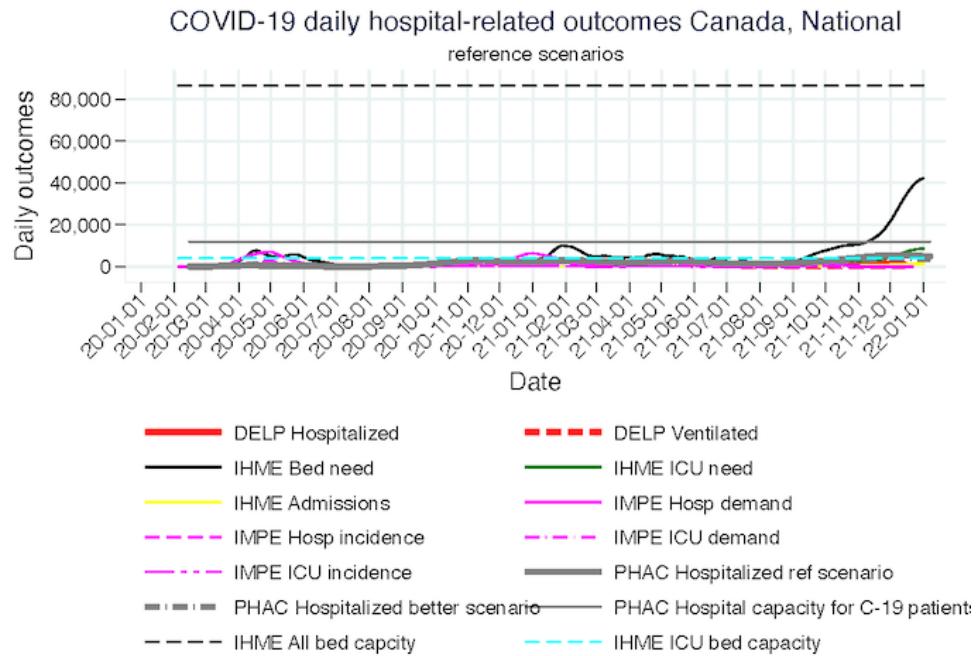
(7) Canada [Hospital-related outcomes, all time](#)



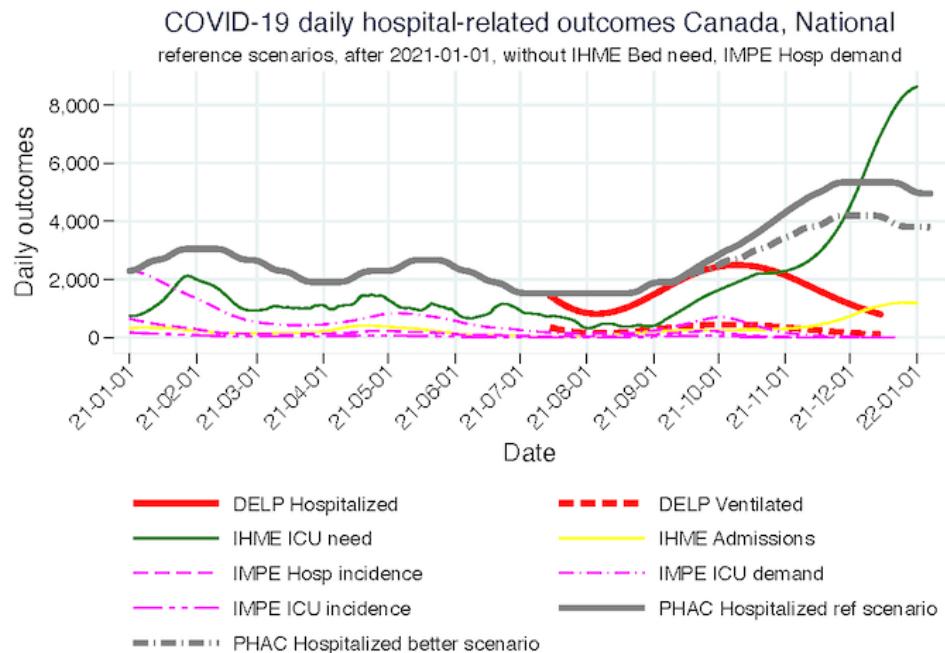
(7b) Canada [Hospital-related outcomes, all time, with PHAC](#)



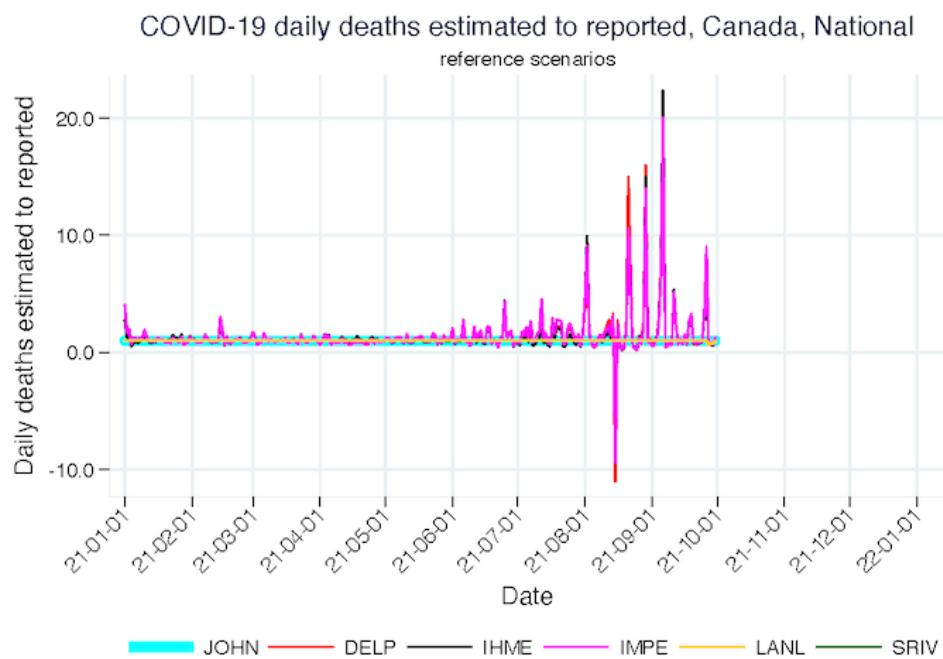
(7c) Canada [Hospital-related outcomes, all time, with PHAC, with IHME bed capacity and ICU capacity](#) // Note: The value of the "IHME All bed capacity" is overwhelmingly different from that of the "PHAC Hospital capacity for COVID-19 patients".



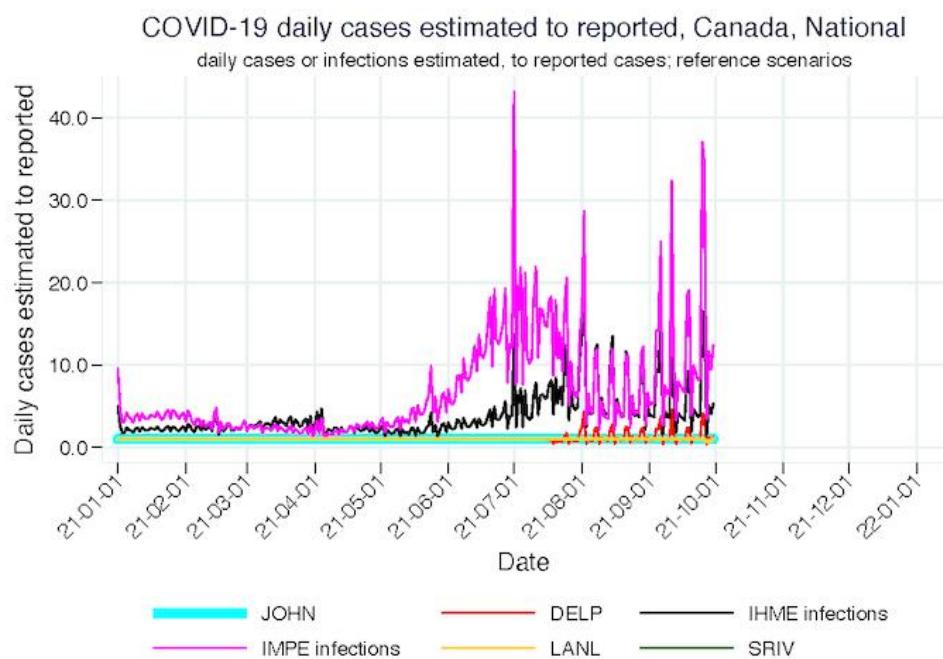
(8) Canada [Hospital-related outcomes, 2021, without IHME Bed need and IMPE Hospital demand](#)



(9) Canada [Daily deaths estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)

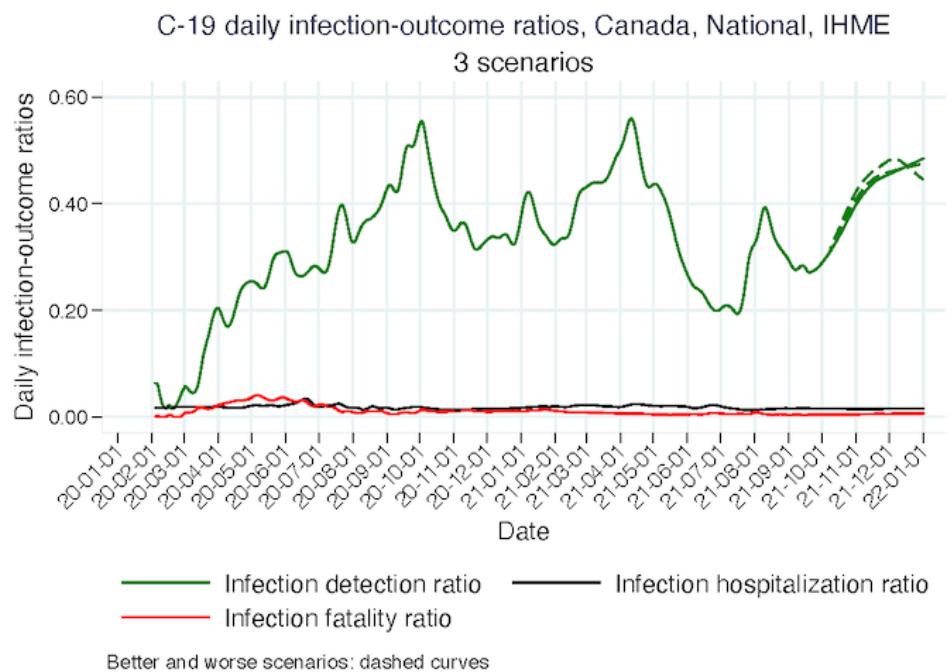


(10) Canada [Daily cases or infections estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



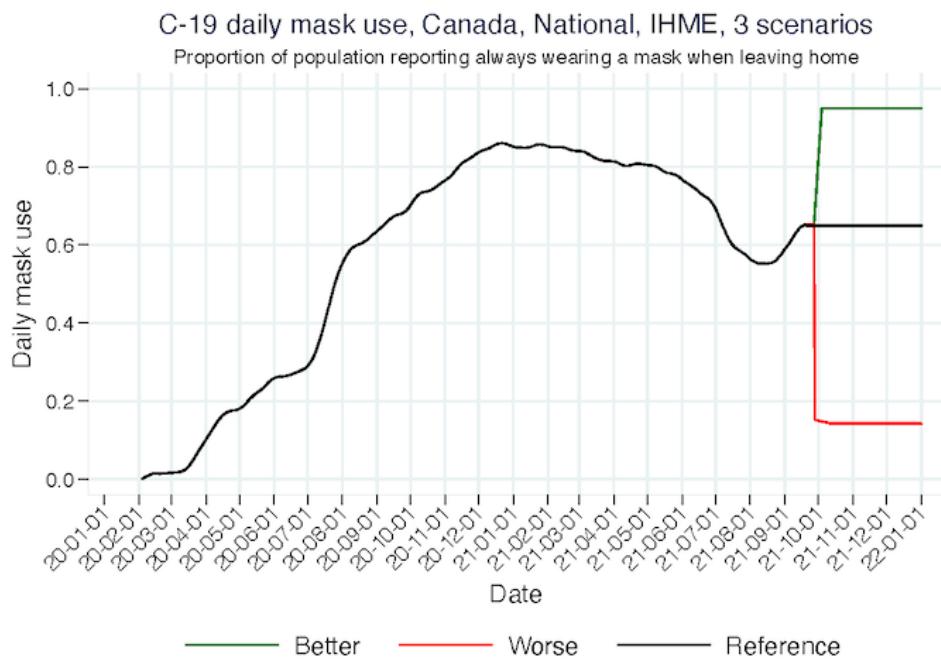
R effective, IHME, not available for Canada at the national level.

(11) Canada [Daily Infection-outcomes ratios, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)

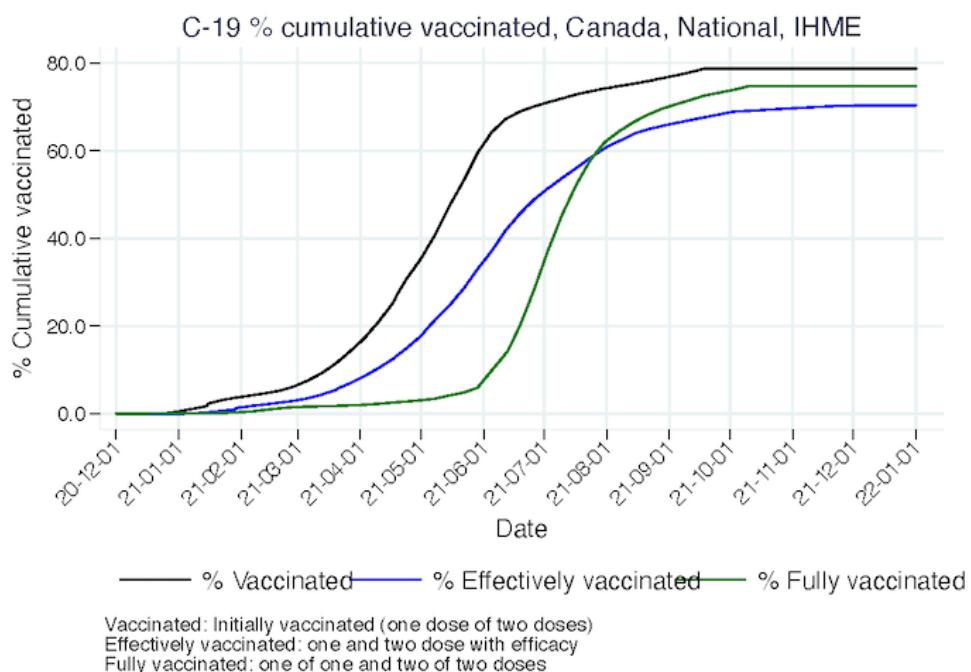


Daily mobility, IHME, not available for Canada at the national level.

(12) Canada [Daily mask use, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)

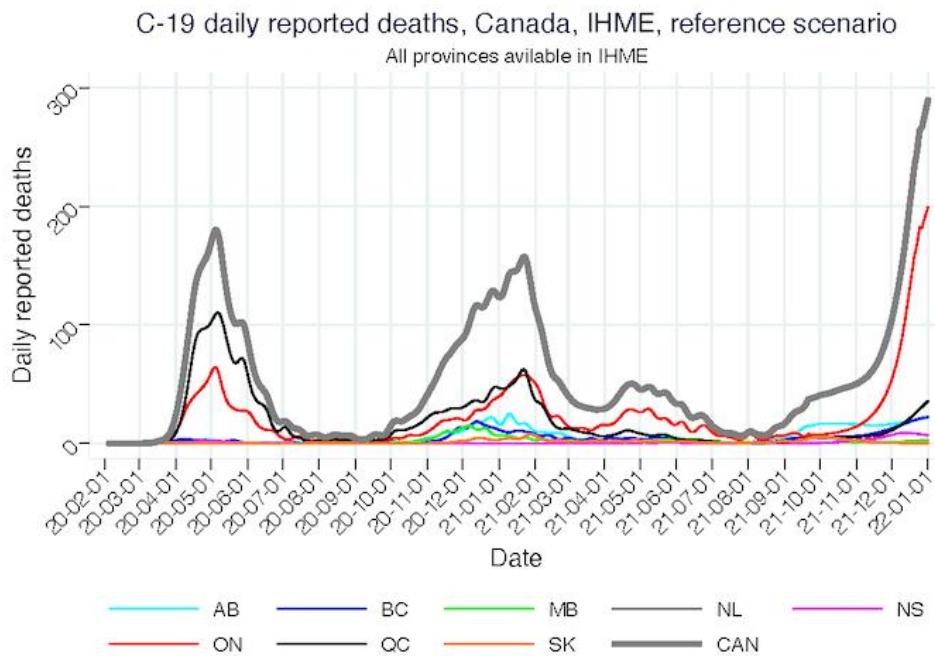


(13) Canada [Percent cumulative vaccinated, IHME](#)

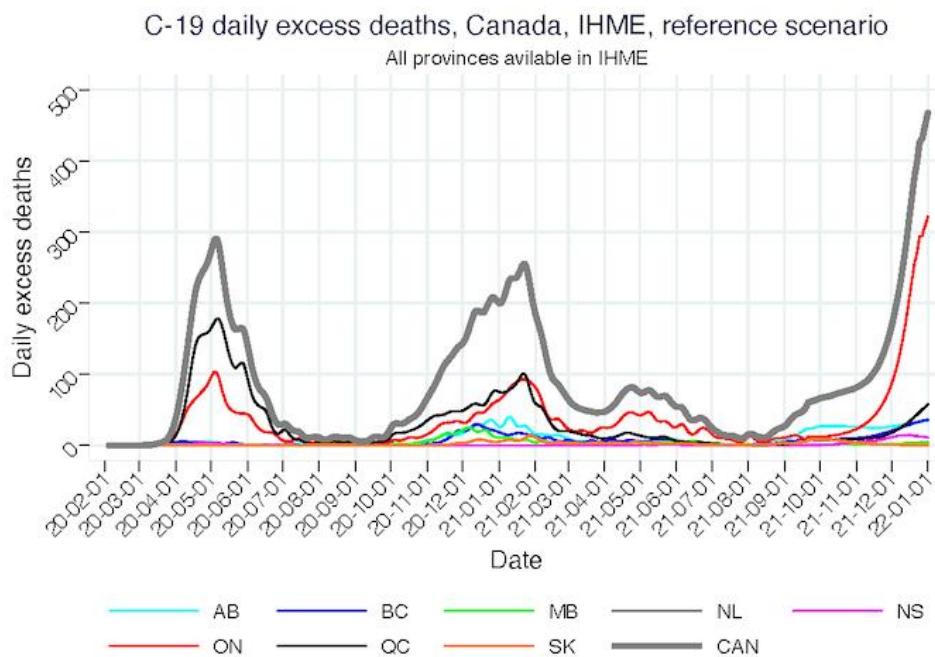


## Selected graphs - Canada, provinces

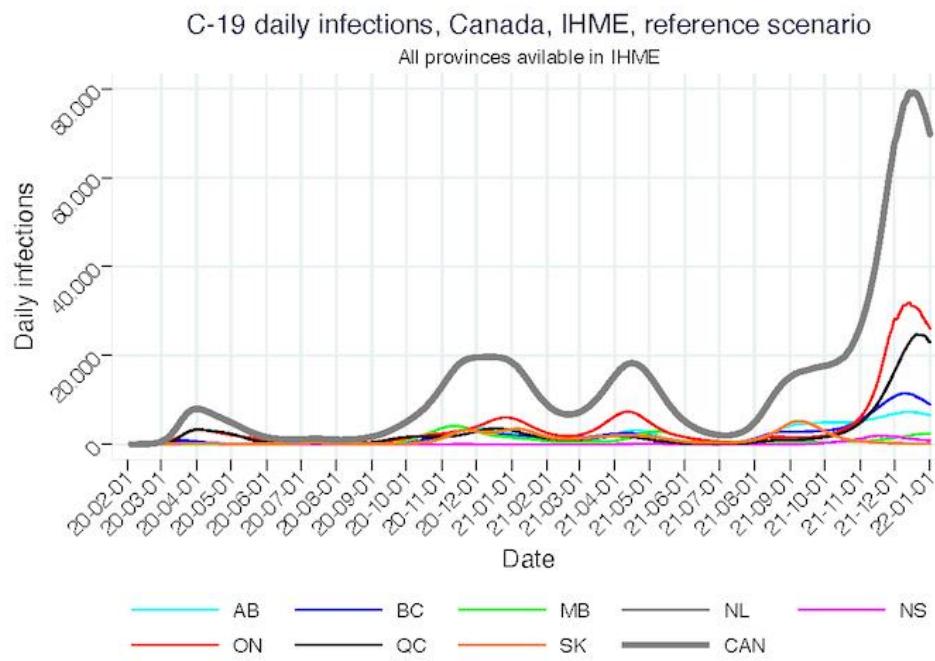
(1) Canada provinces [Daily reported deaths, reference scenarios, all time, IHME](#)



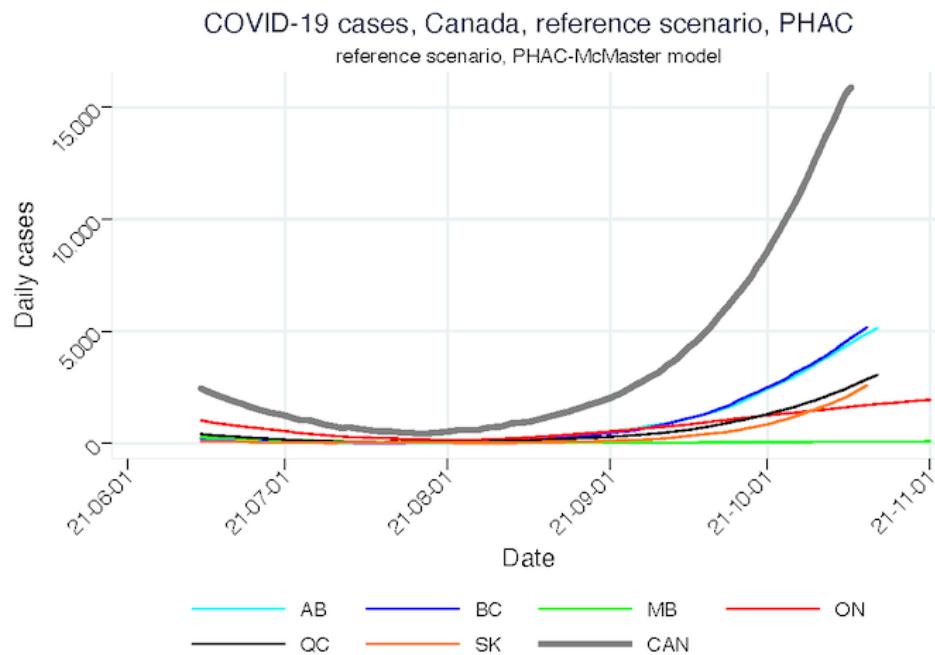
(2) Canada provinces [Daily excess deaths, reference scenarios, all time, IHME](#)



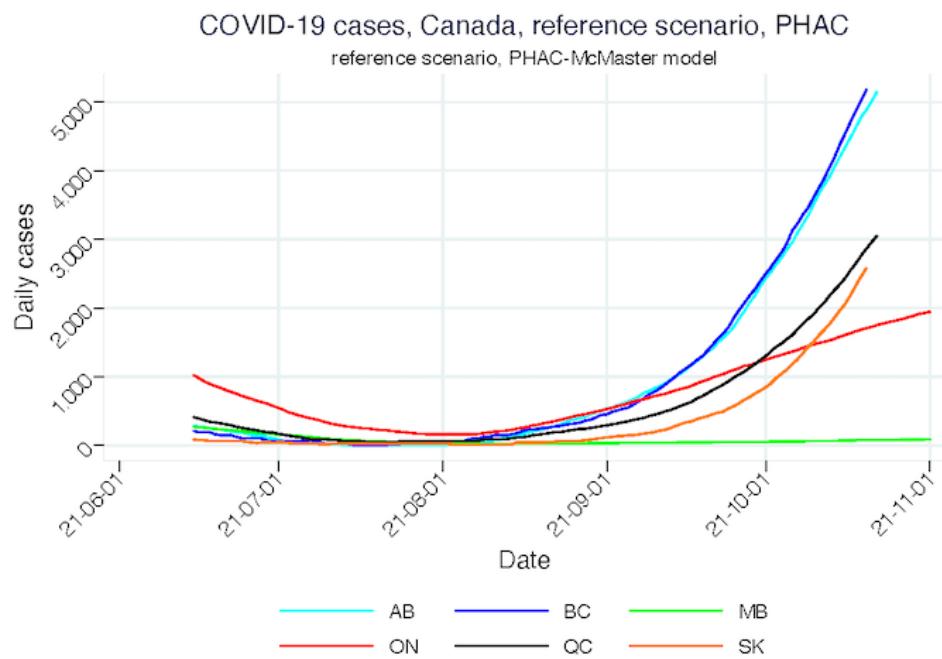
(3) Canada provinces [Daily infections, reference scenarios, all time, IHME](#)



(4) Canada provinces [Daily infections, reference scenarios, all time, PHAC](#)

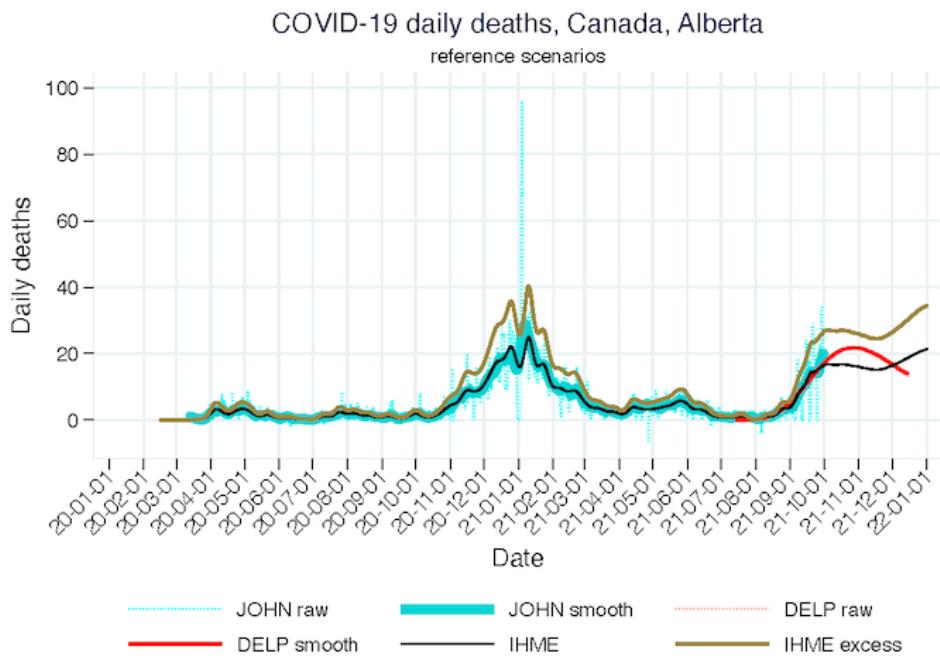


(5) Canada provinces [Daily infections, reference scenarios, all time, PHAC, without the national level](#)

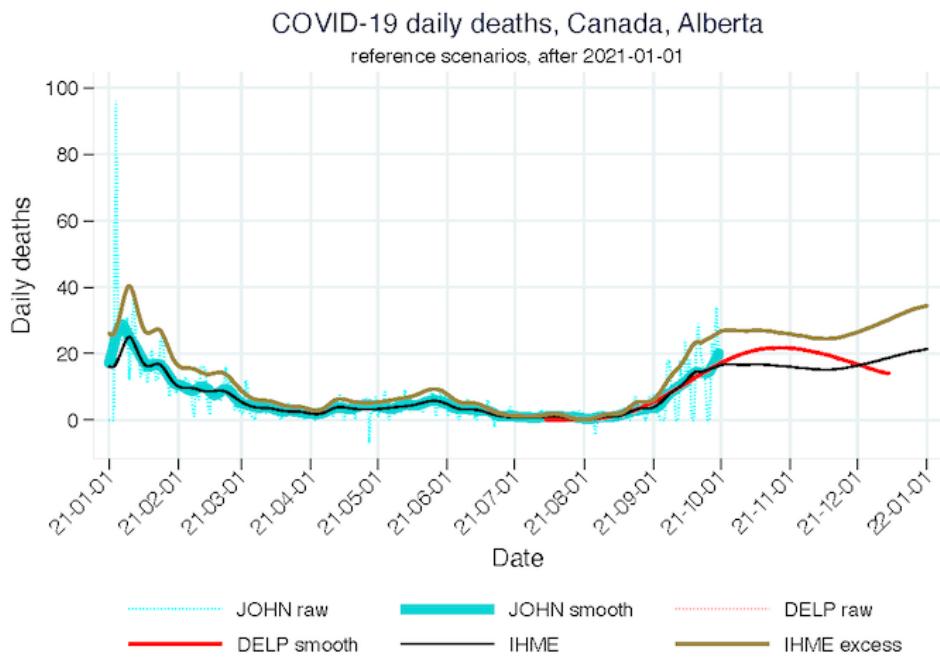


## Selected graphs - Alberta

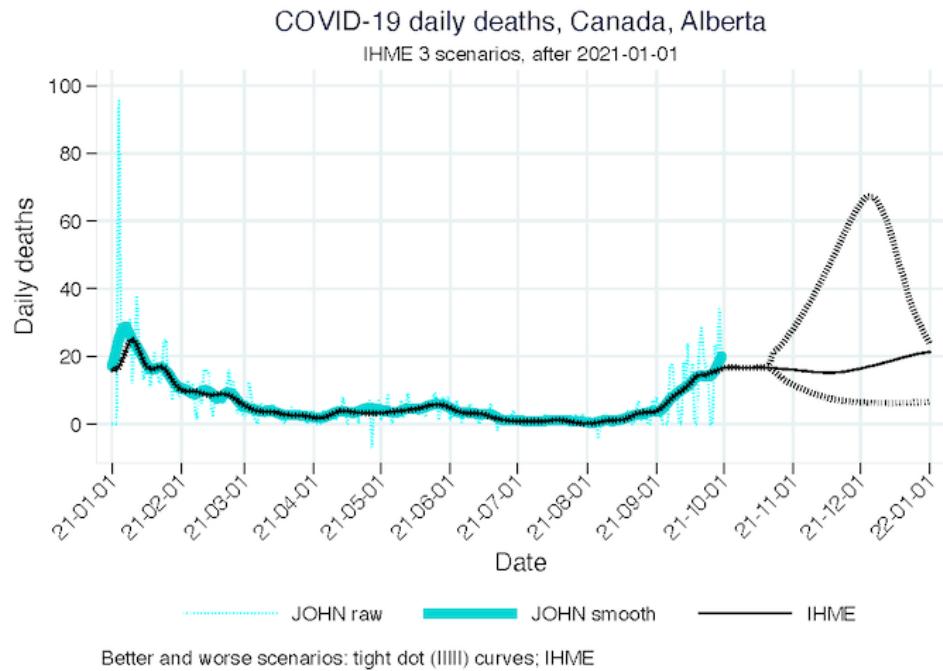
### (1) Alberta Daily deaths, reference scenarios, all time



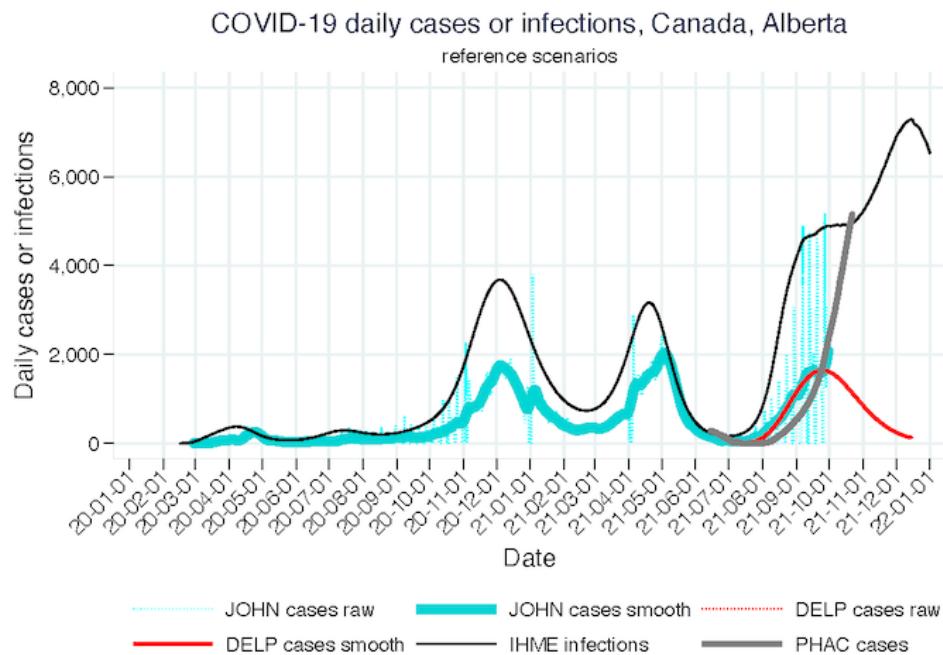
### (2) Alberta Daily deaths, reference scenarios, 2021



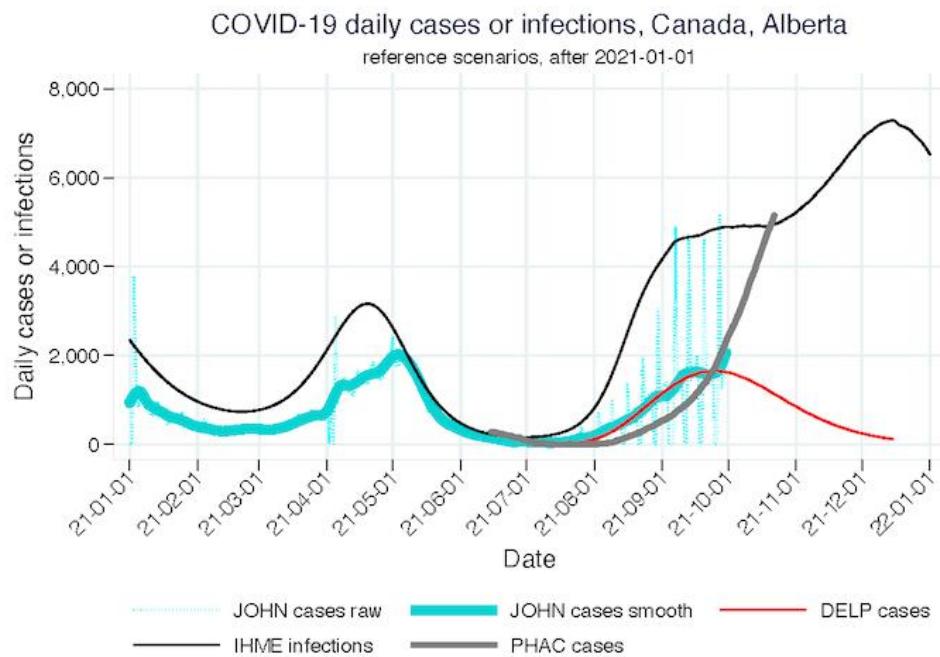
(3) Alberta Daily deaths, 3 scenarios, 2021



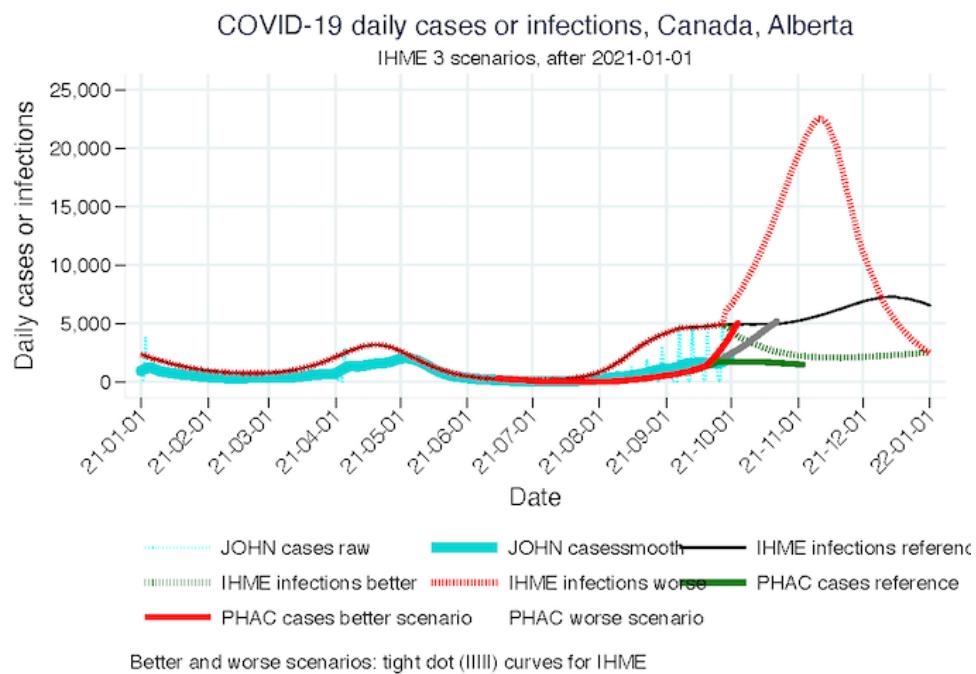
(4) Alberta Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, all time



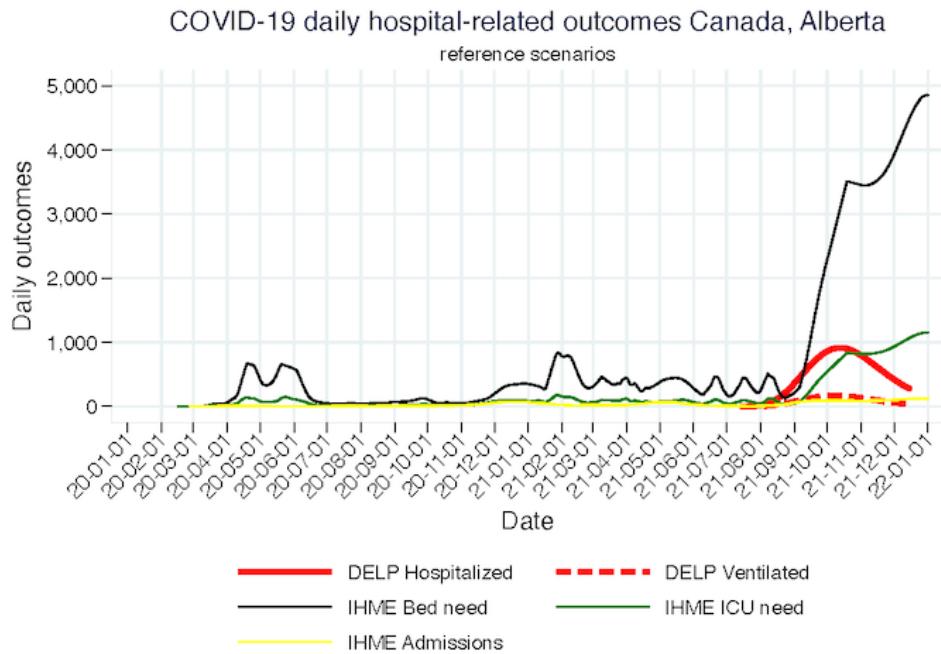
(5) Alberta Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, 2021



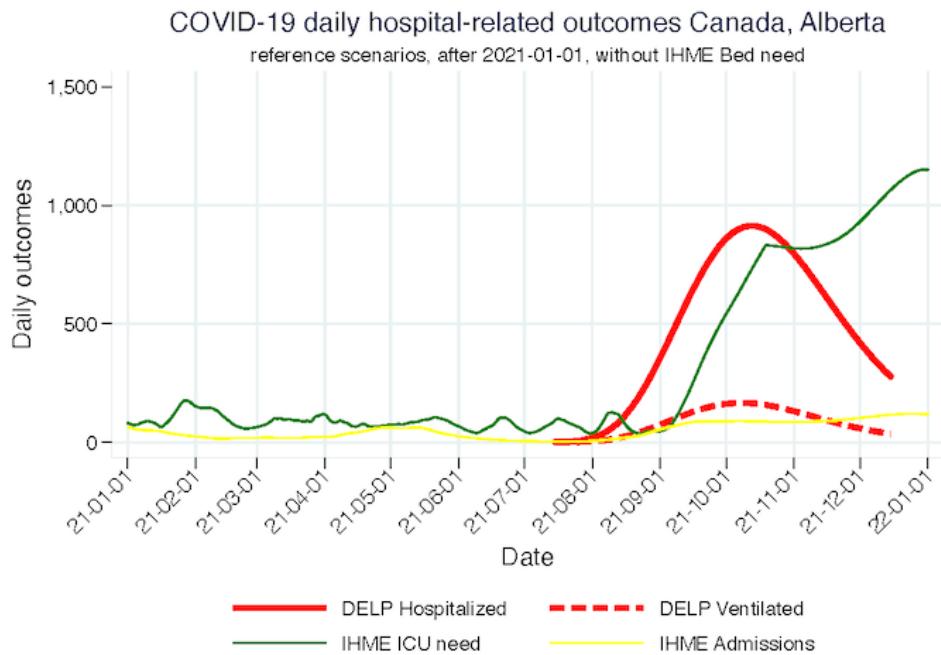
(6) Alberta Daily cases or infections, 3 scenarios, 2021



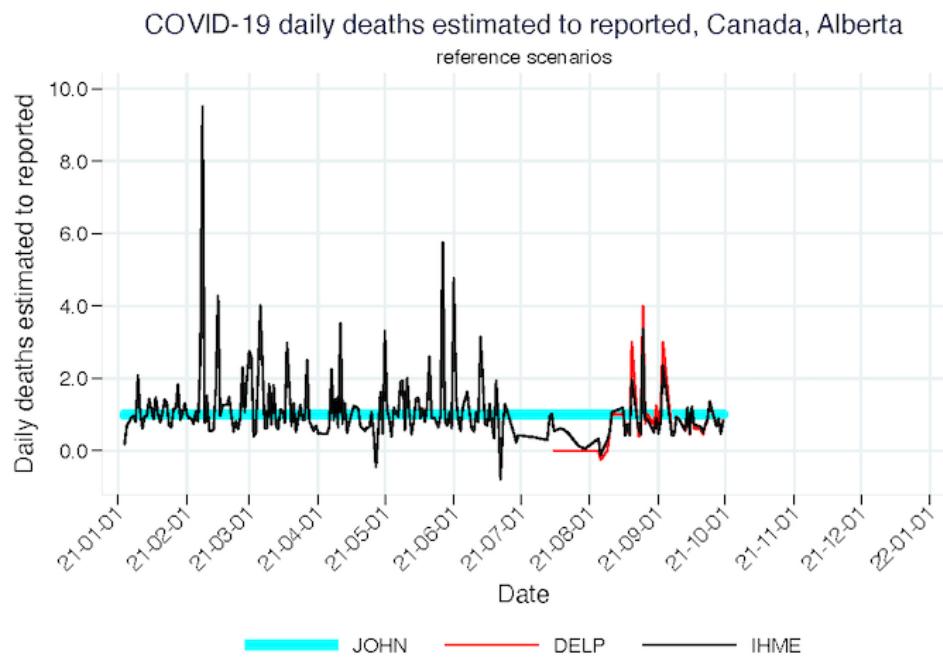
(7) Alberta [Hospital-related outcomes, all time](#)



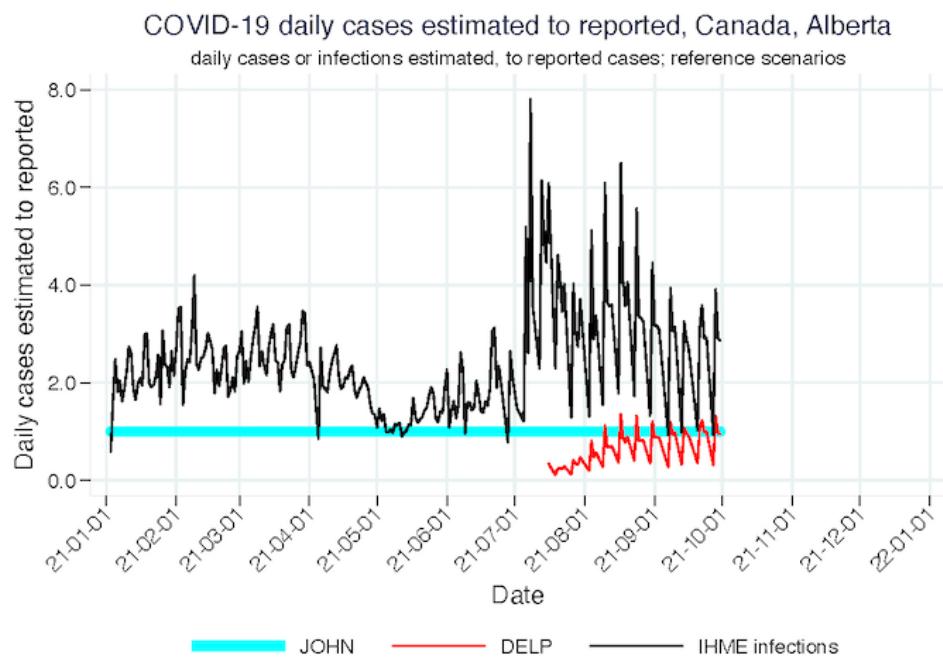
(8) Alberta [Hospital-related outcomes, 2021, without IHME Bed need and IMPE Hospital demand](#)



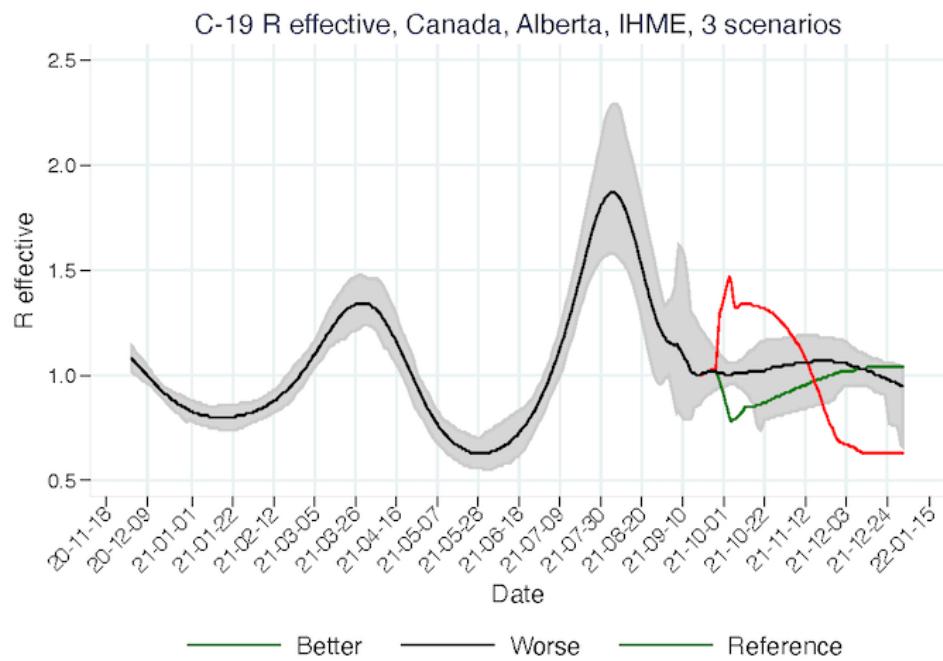
(9) Alberta Daily deaths estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021



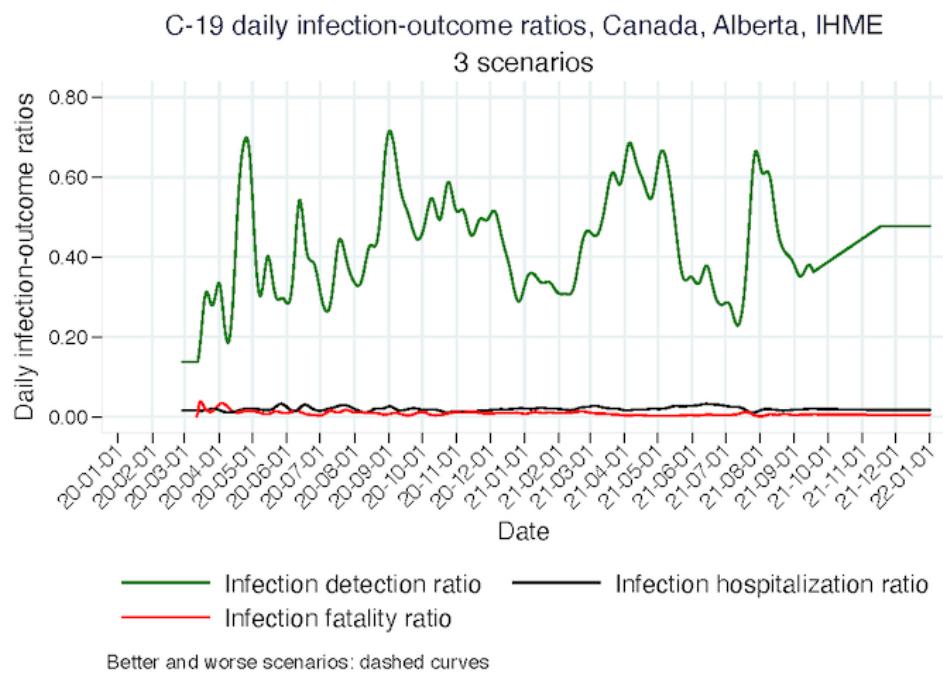
(10) Alberta Daily cases or infections estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021



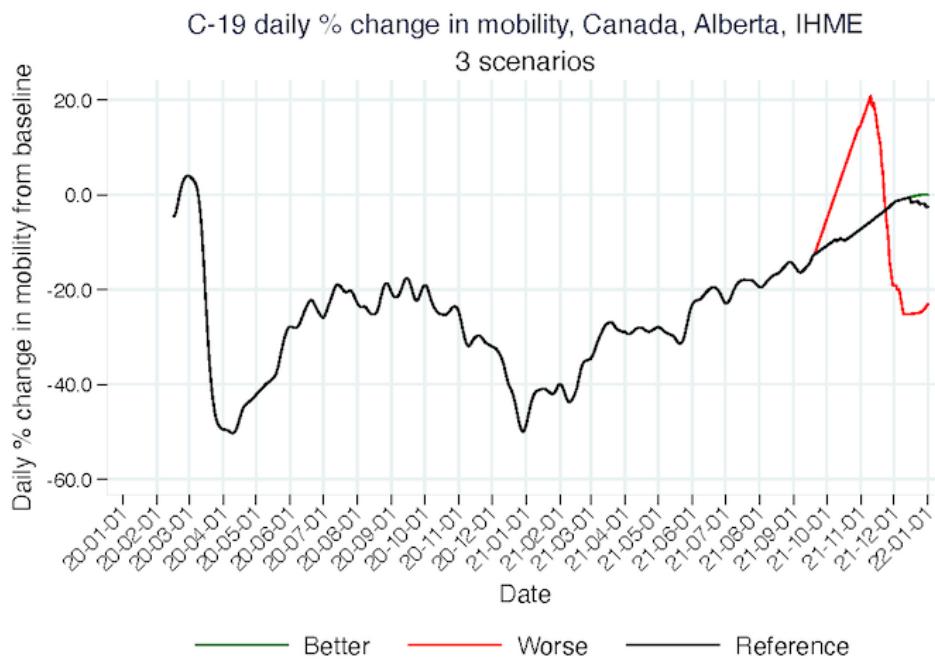
(11) Alberta [R effective, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



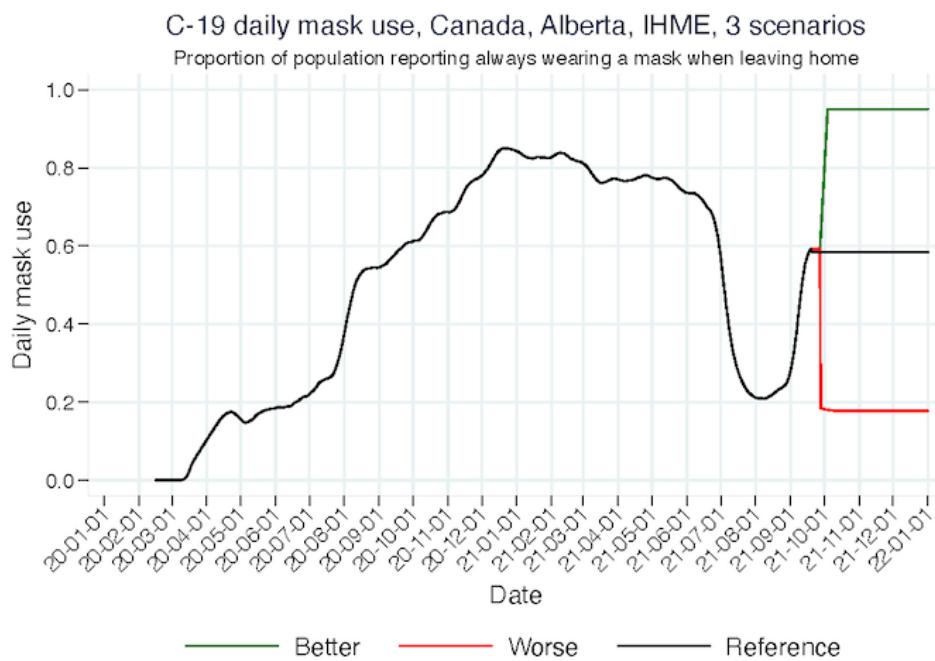
(12) Alberta [Daily Infection-outcomes ratios, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



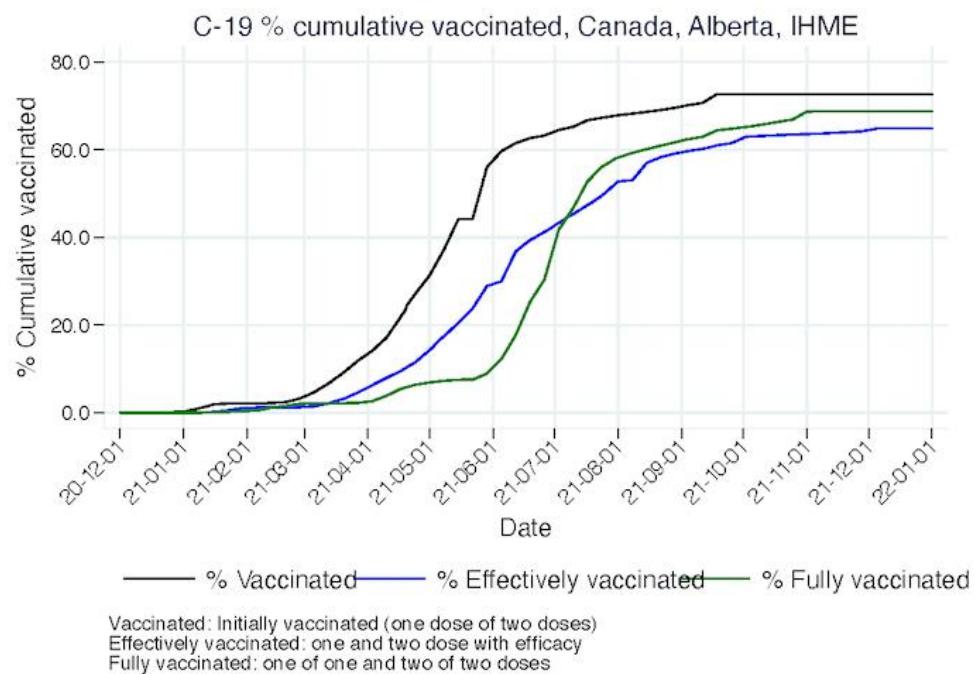
(13) Alberta [Daily mobility, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



(14) Alberta [Daily mask use, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)

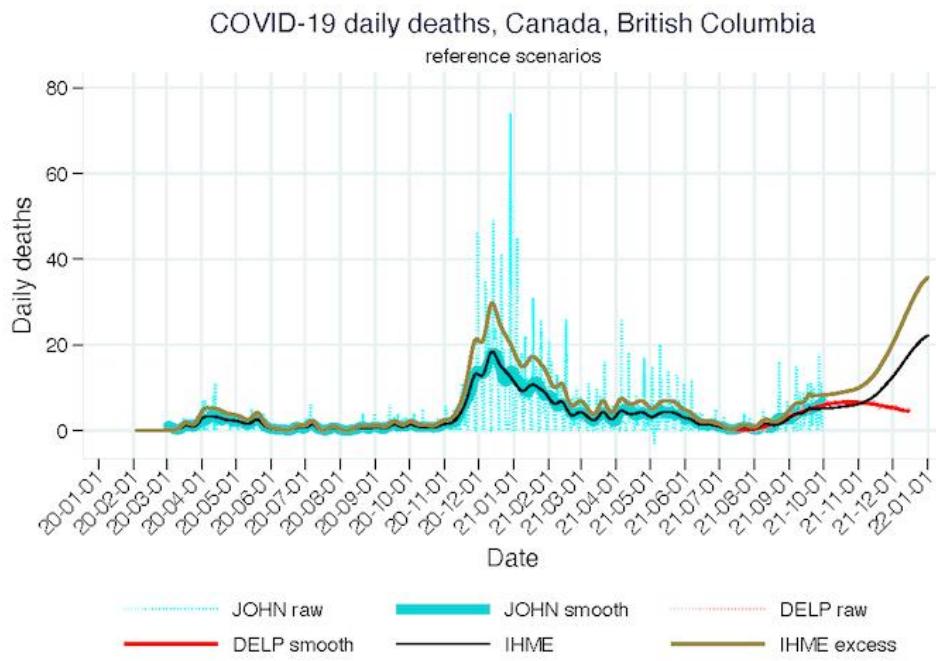


(15) Alberta [Percent cumulative vaccinated, IHME](#)

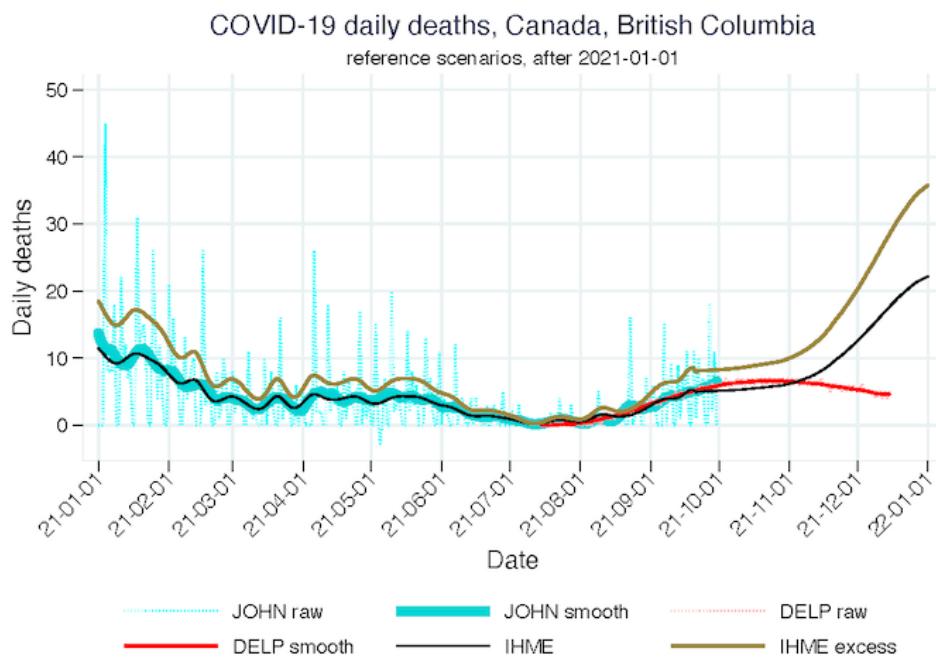


## Selected graphs - British Columbia

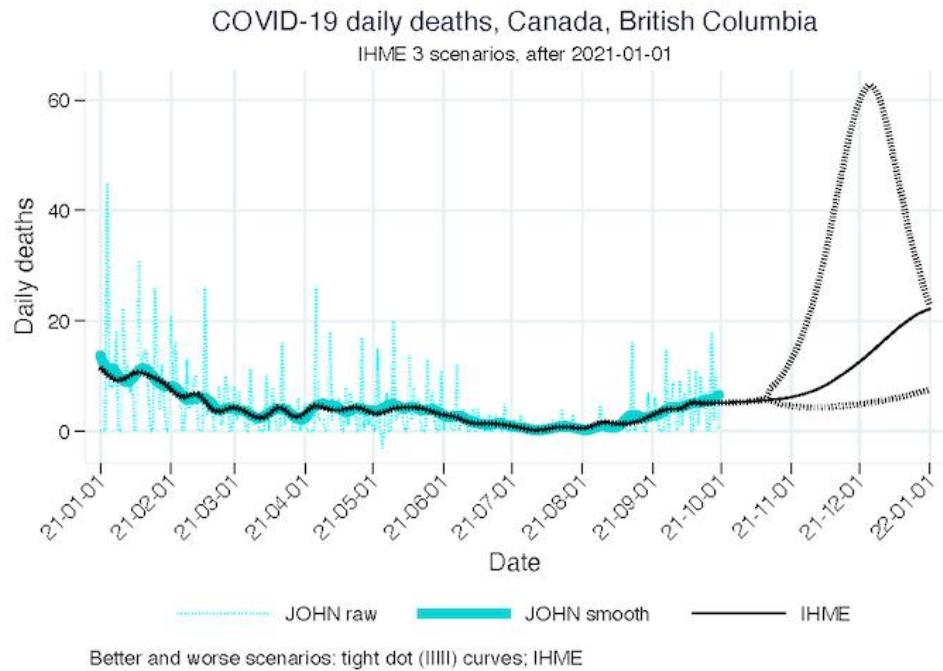
### (1) British Columbia [Daily deaths, reference scenarios, all time](#)



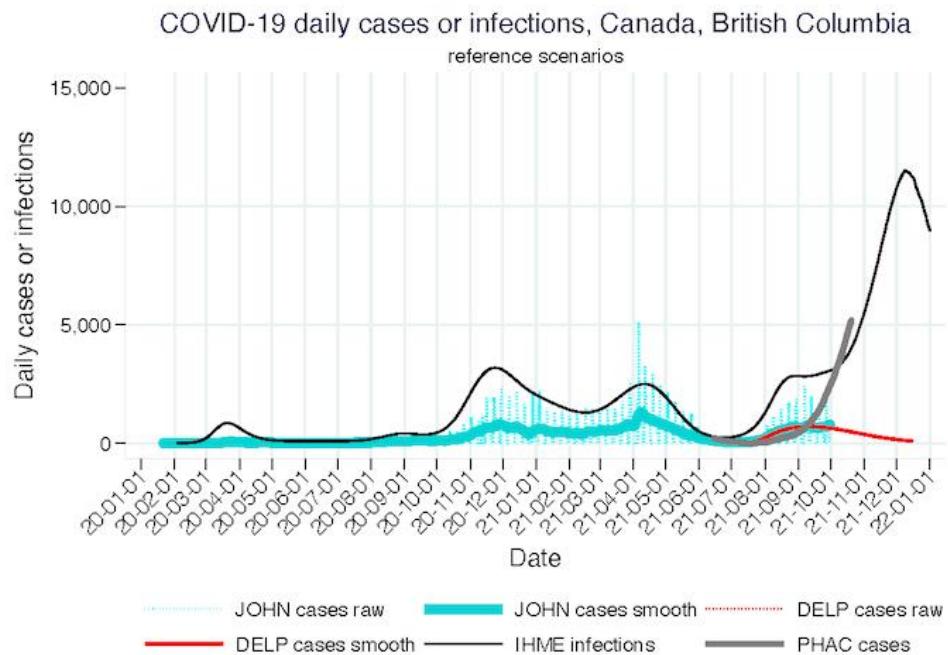
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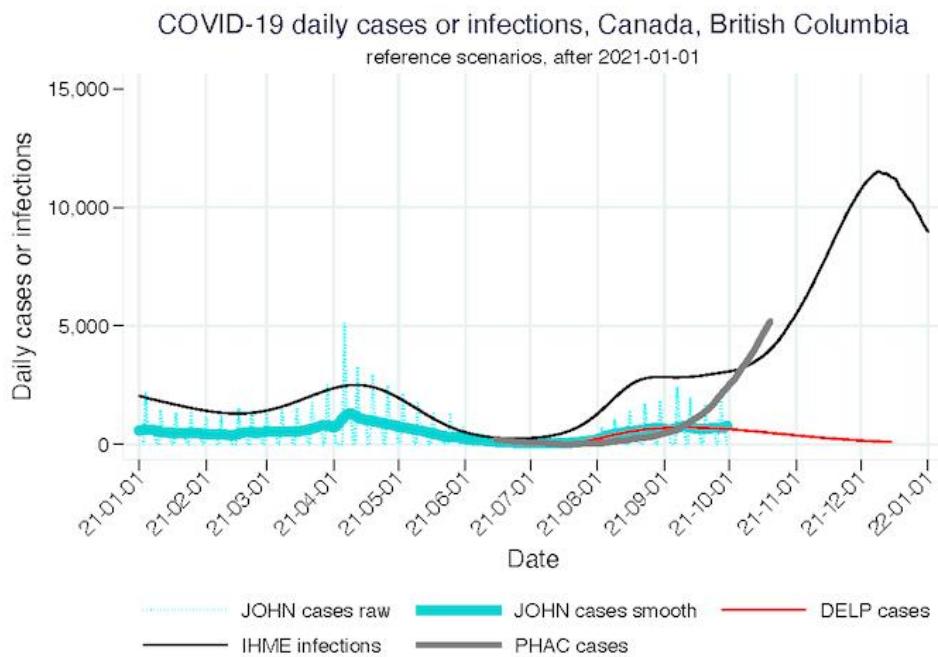
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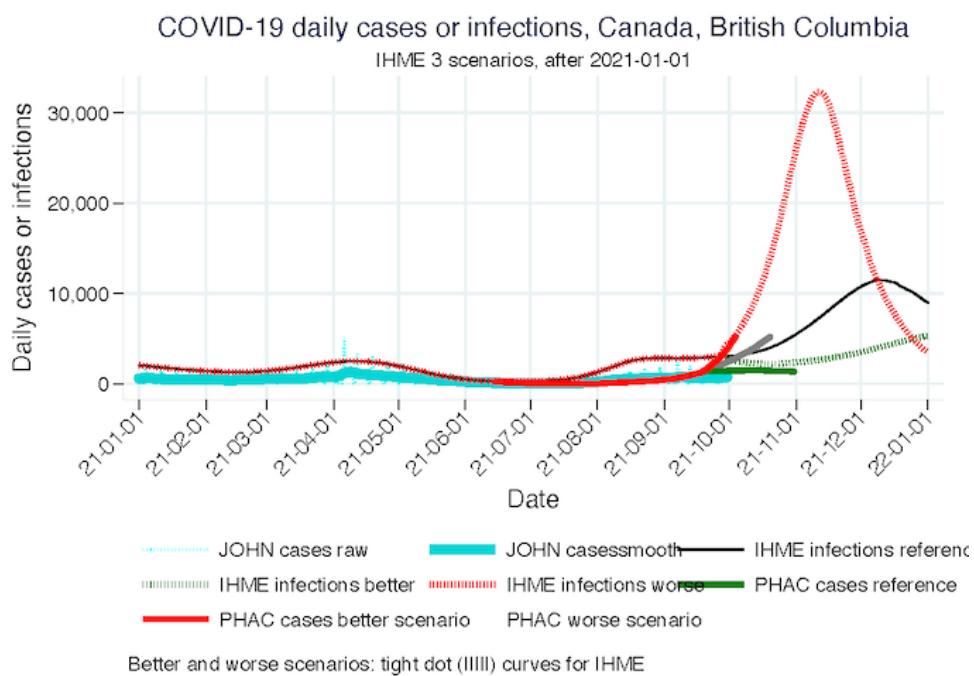
(4) British Columbia [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, all time](#)



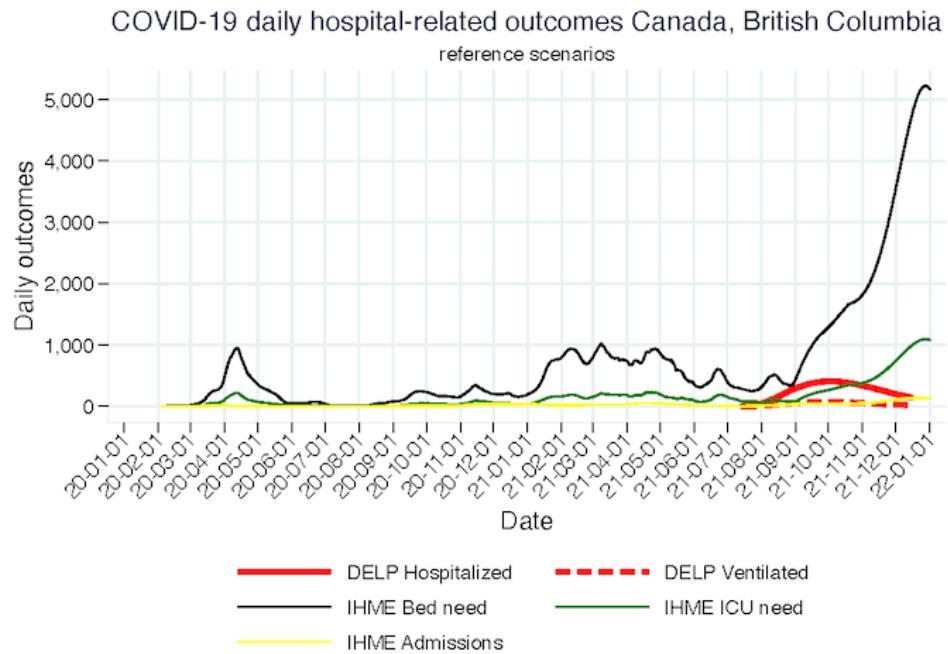
(5) British Columbia [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



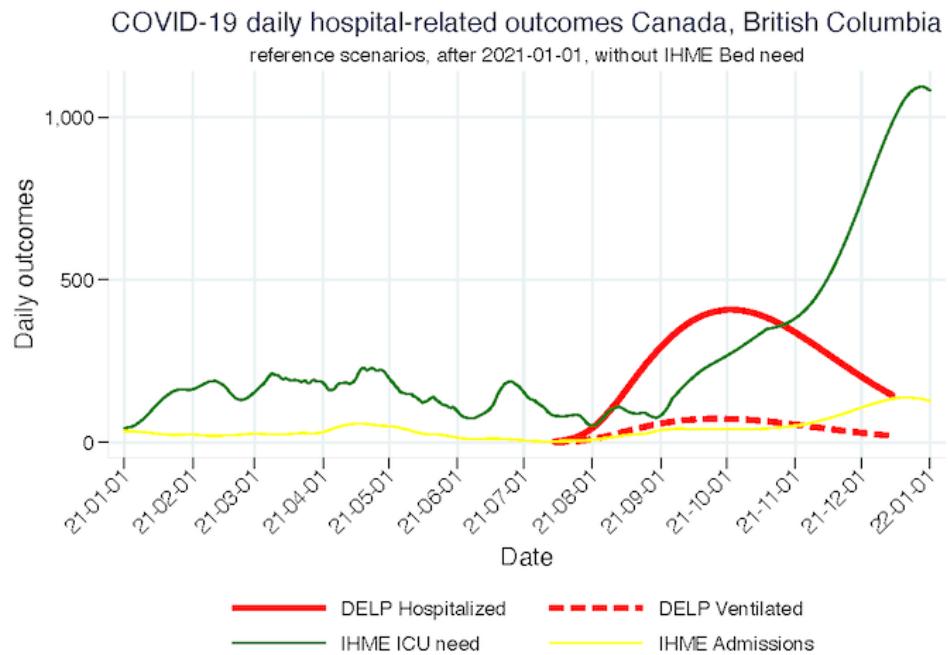
(6) British Columbia [Daily cases or infections, 3 scenarios, 2021](#)



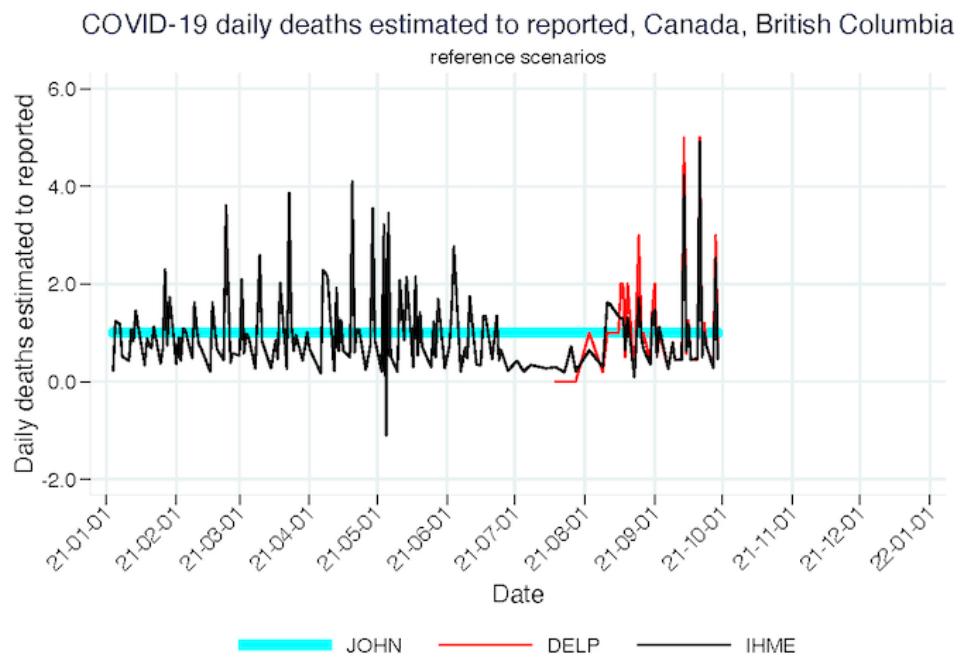
(7) British Columbia [Hospital-related outcomes, all time](#)



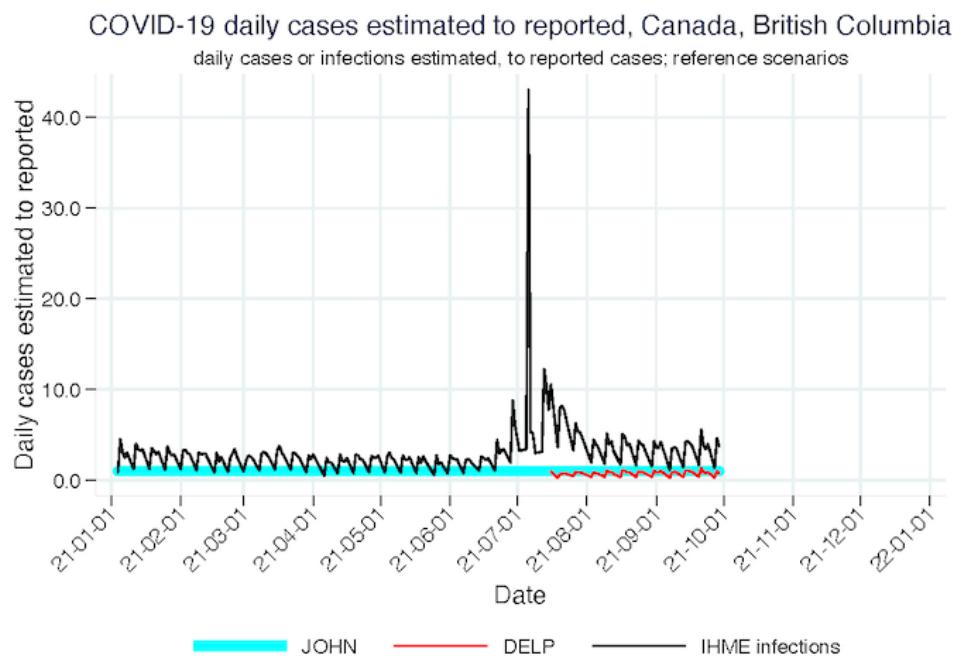
(8) British Columbia [Hospital-related outcomes, 2021, without IHME Bed need and IMPE Hospital demand](#)



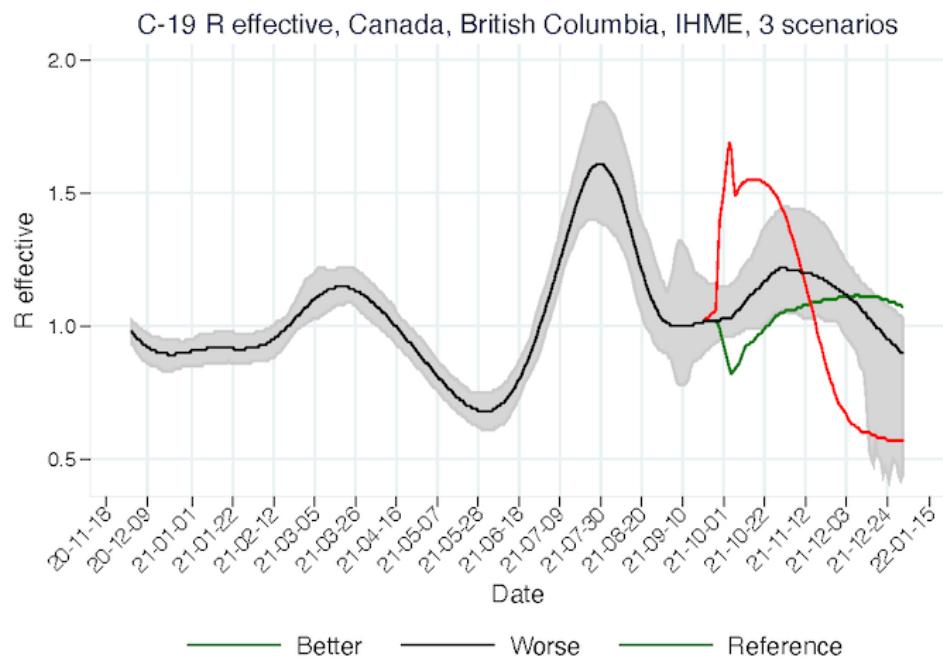
(9) British Columbia [Daily deaths estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



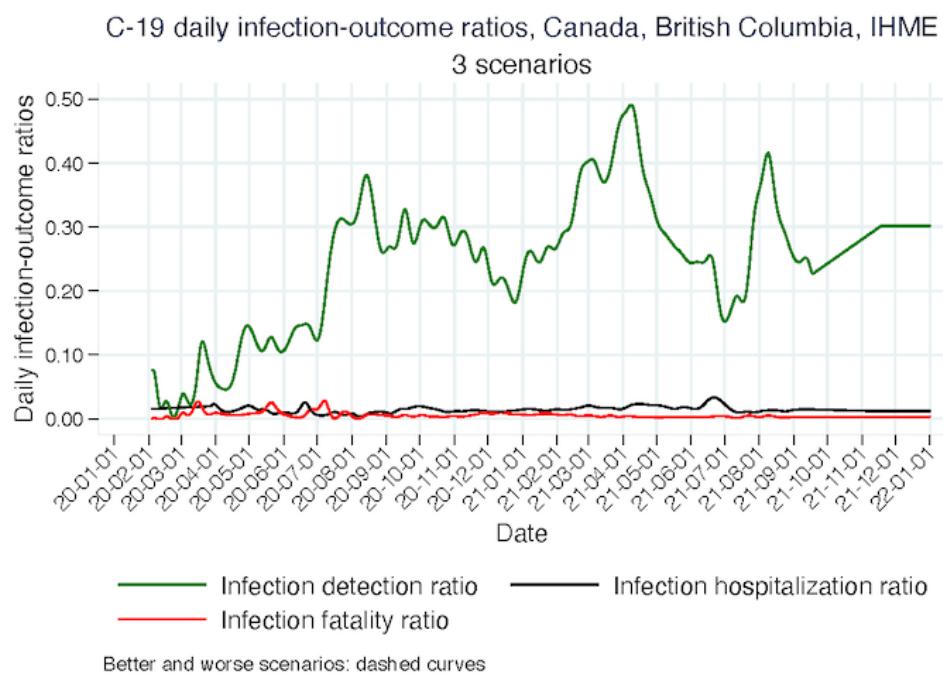
(10) British Columbia [Daily cases or infections estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



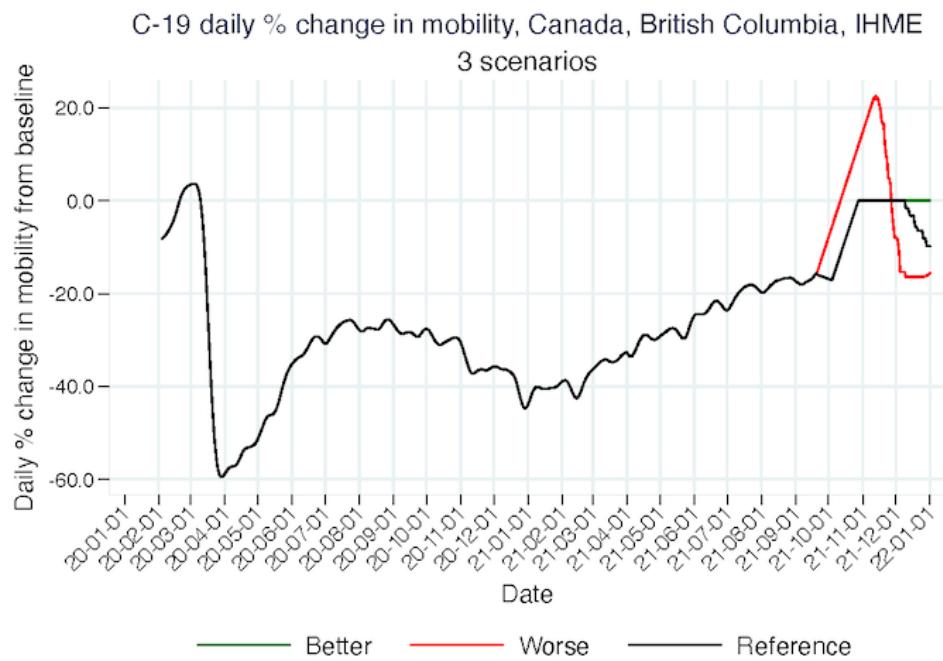
(11) British Columbia [R effective, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



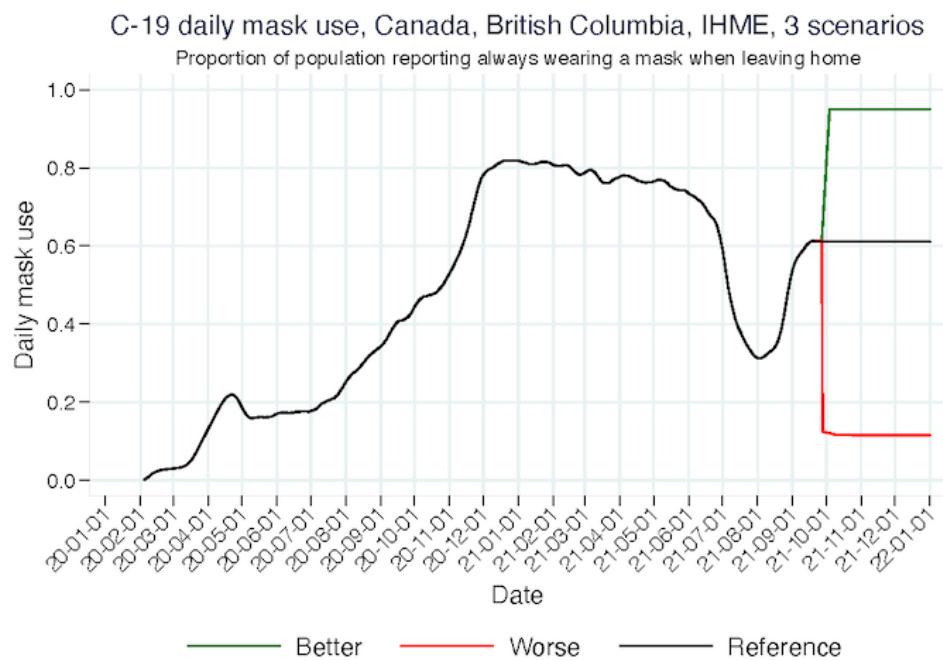
(12) British Columbia [Daily Infection-outcomes ratios, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



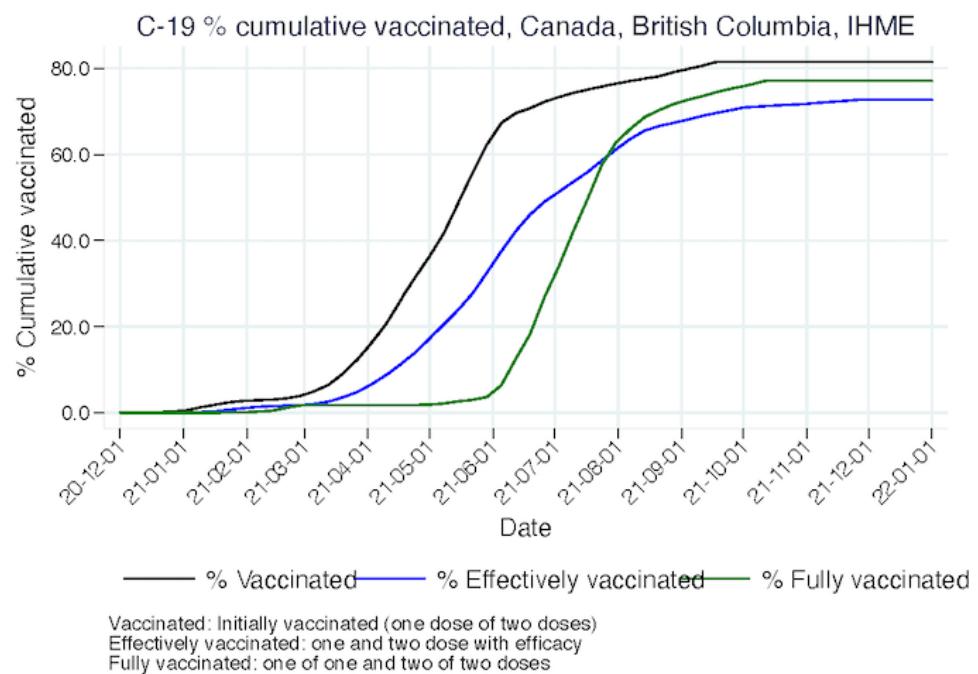
(13) British Columbia [Daily mobility, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



(14) British Columbia [Daily mask use, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)

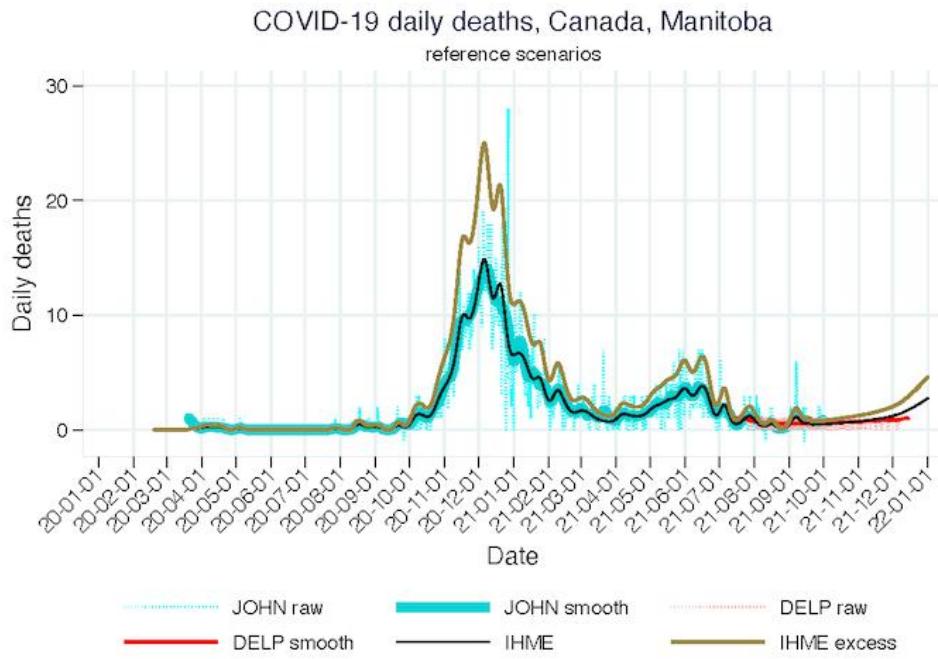


(15) British Columbia [Percent cumulative vaccinated, IHME](#)

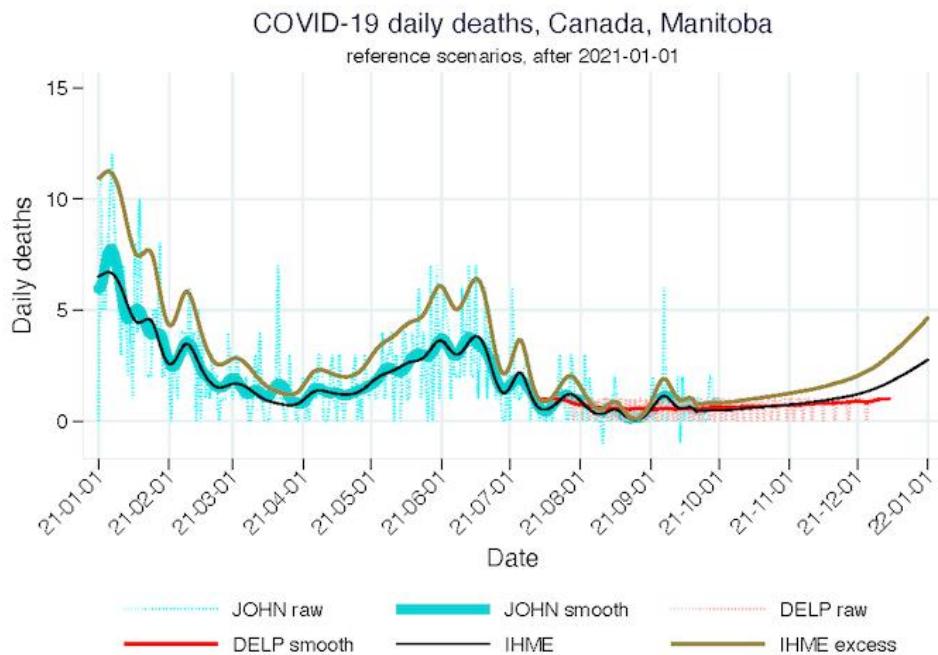


## Selected graphs - Manitoba

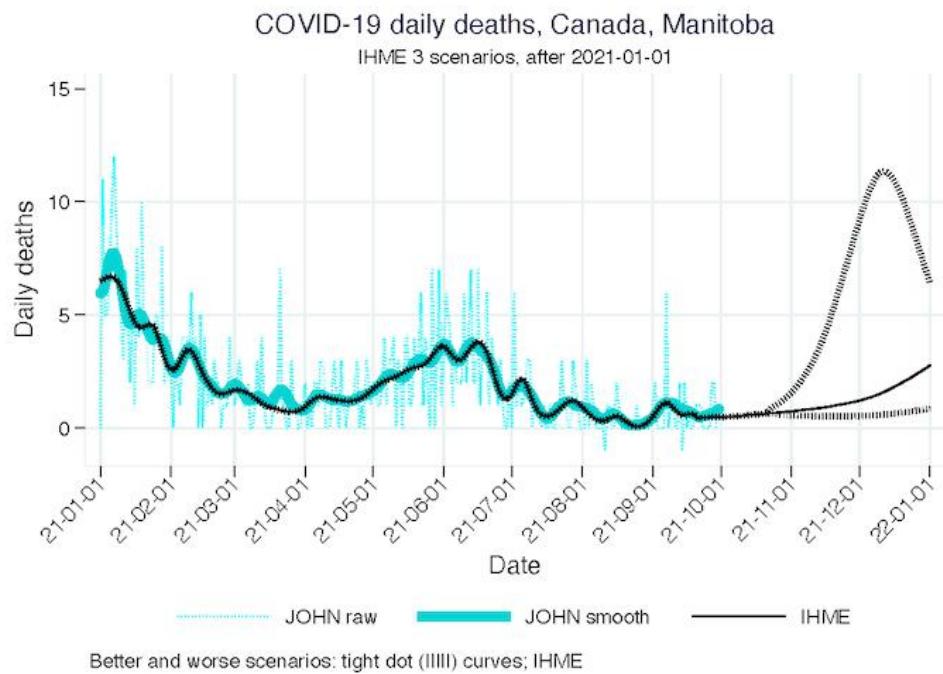
### (1) Manitoba [Daily deaths, reference scenarios, all time](#)



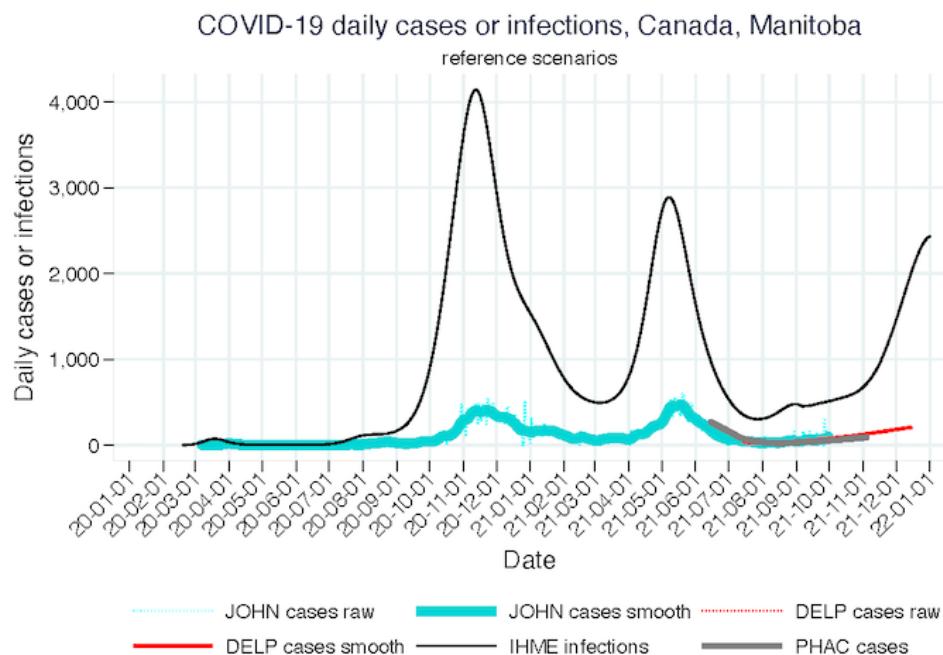
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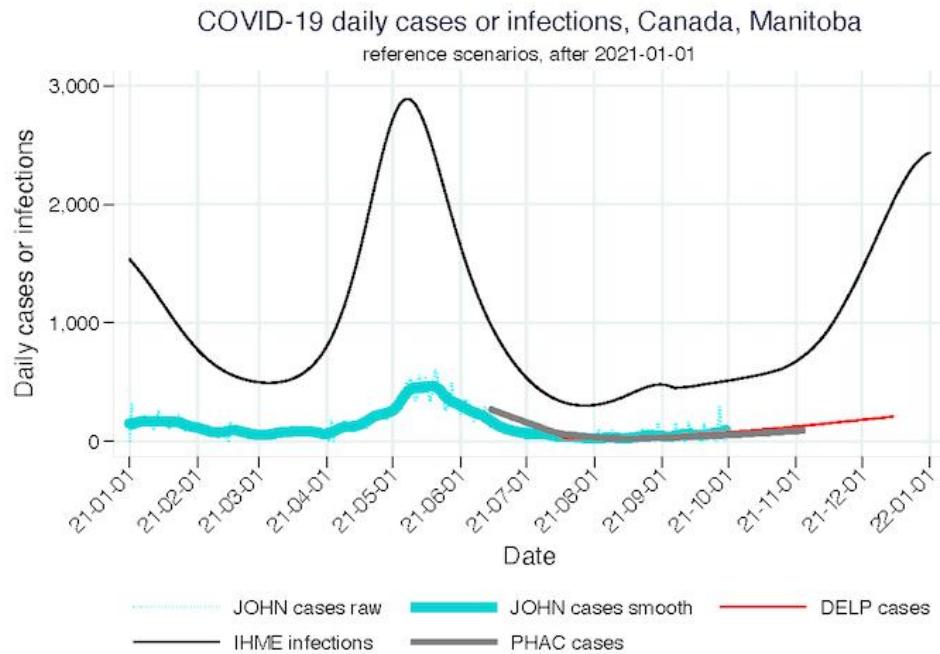
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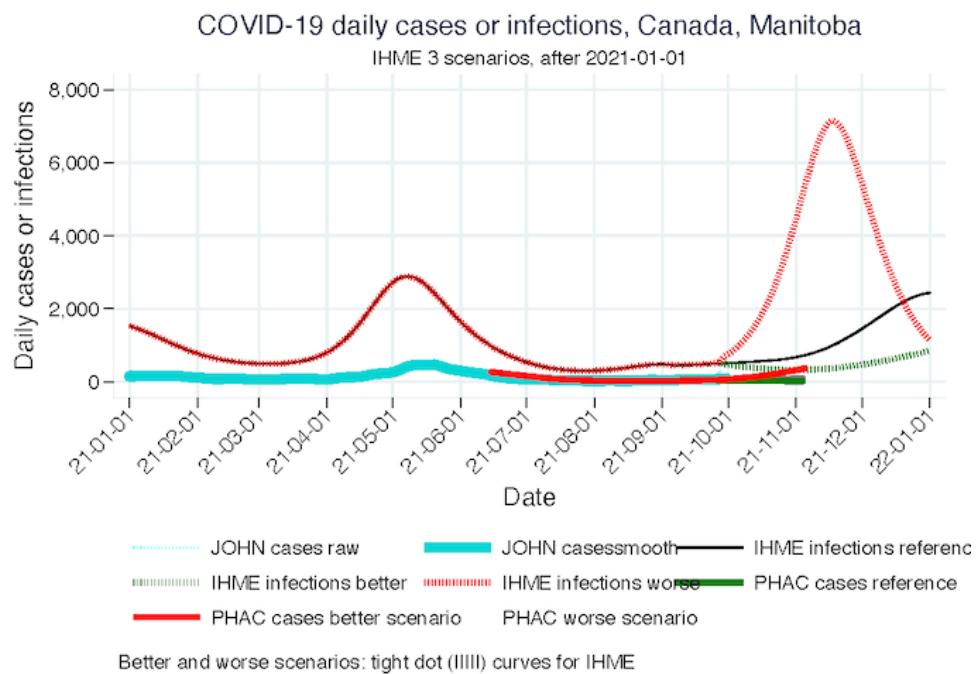
(4) Manitoba [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, all time](#)



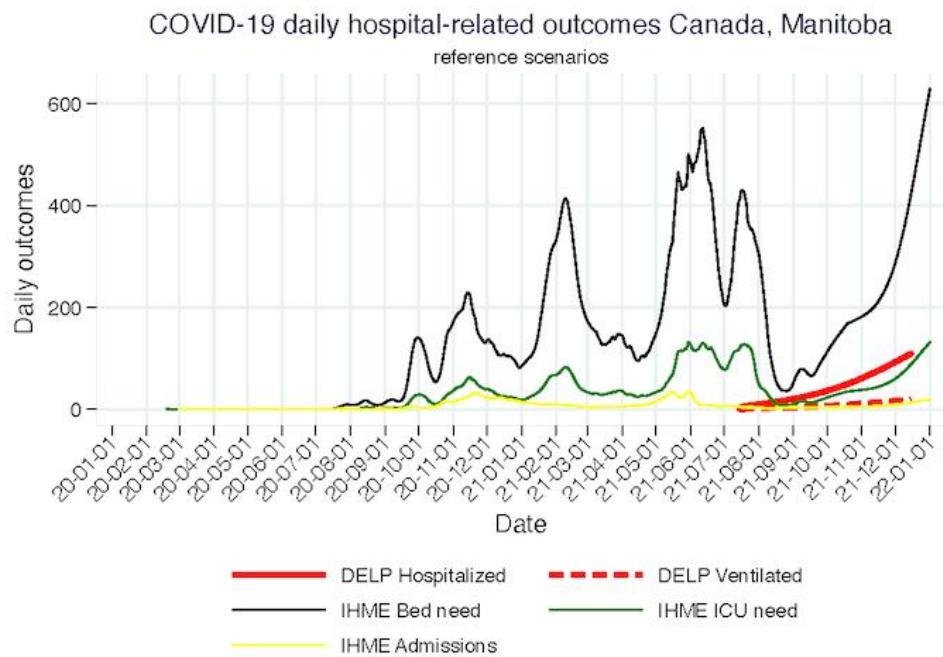
(5) Manitoba [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



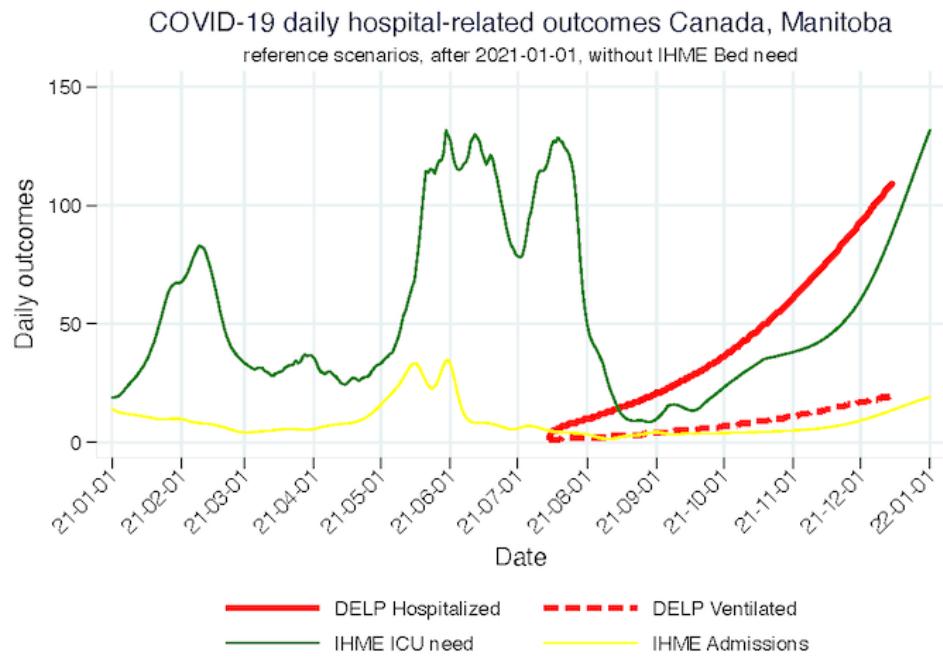
(6) Manitoba [Daily cases or infections, 3 scenarios, 2021](#)



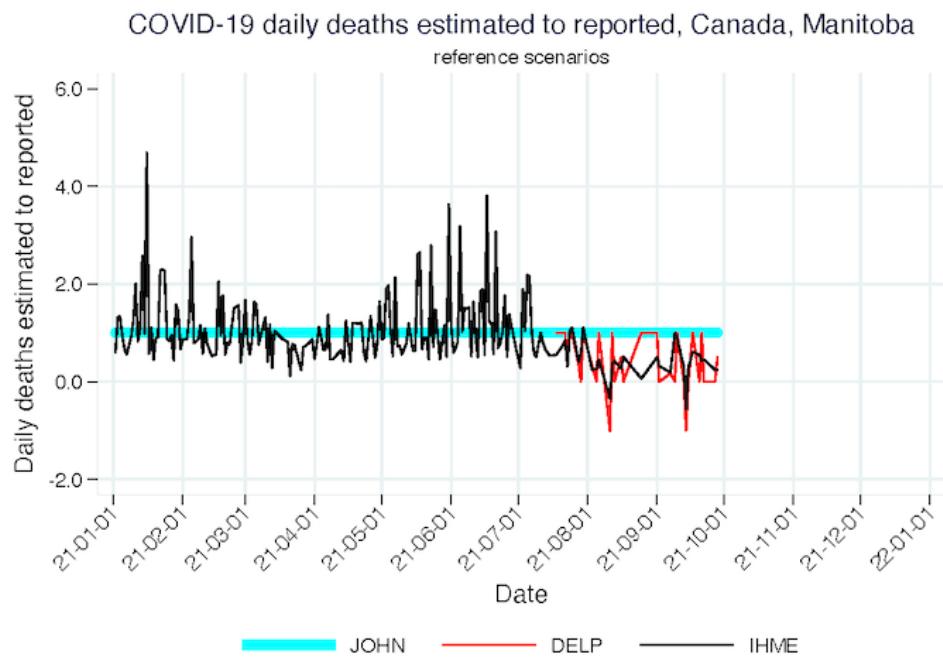
(7) Manitoba [Hospital-related outcomes, all time](#)



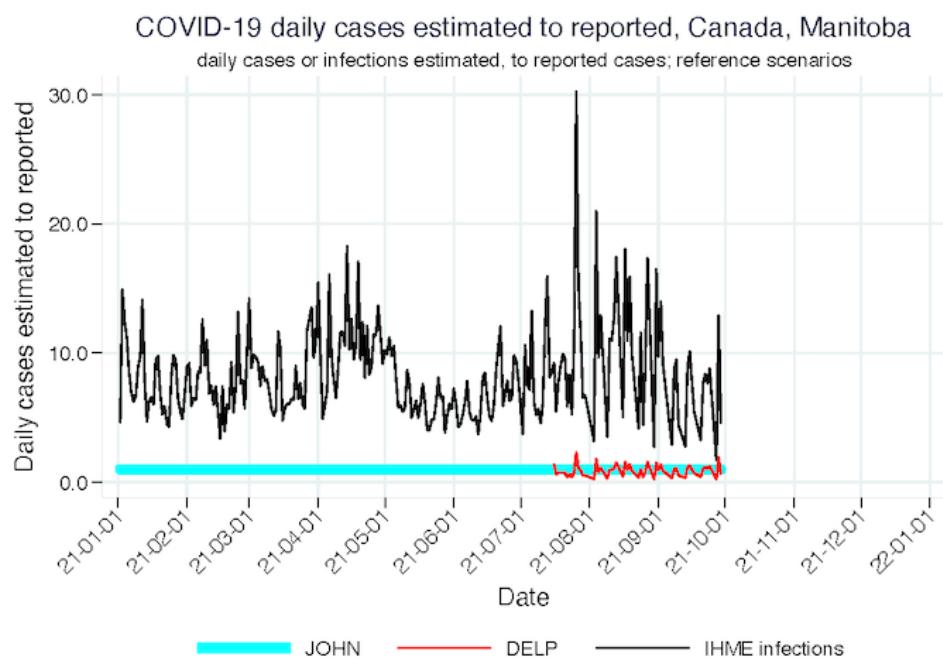
(8) Manitoba [Hospital-related outcomes, 2021, without IHME Bed need and IMPE Hospital demand](#)



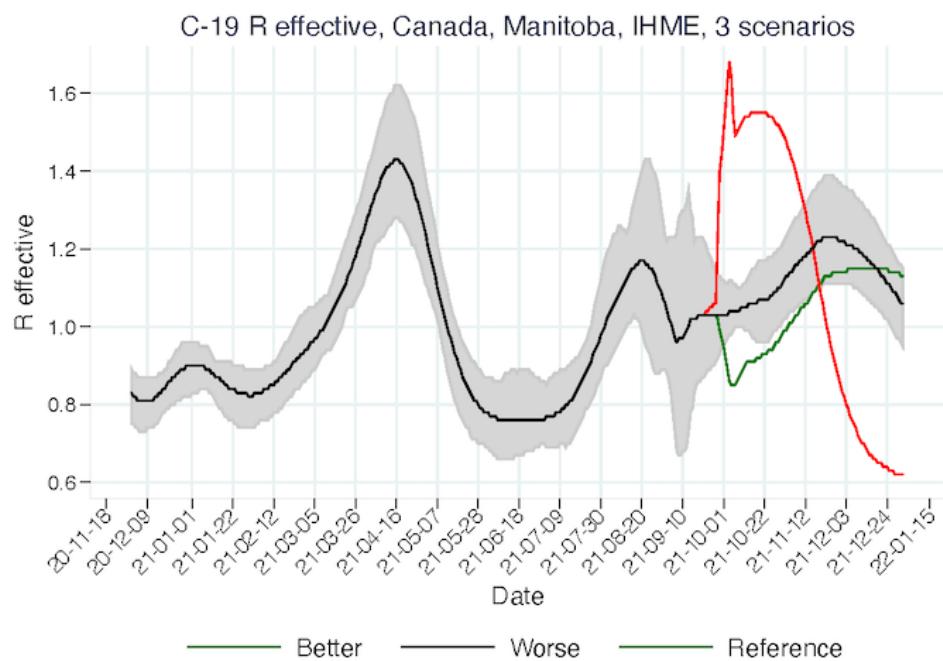
(9) Manitoba [Daily deaths estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



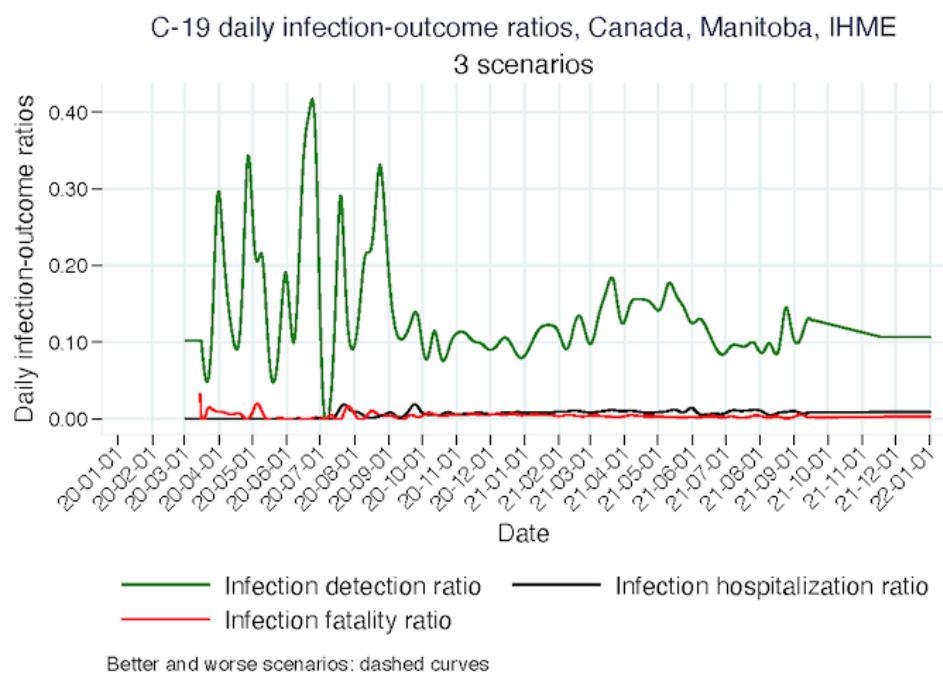
(10) Manitoba [Daily cases or infections estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



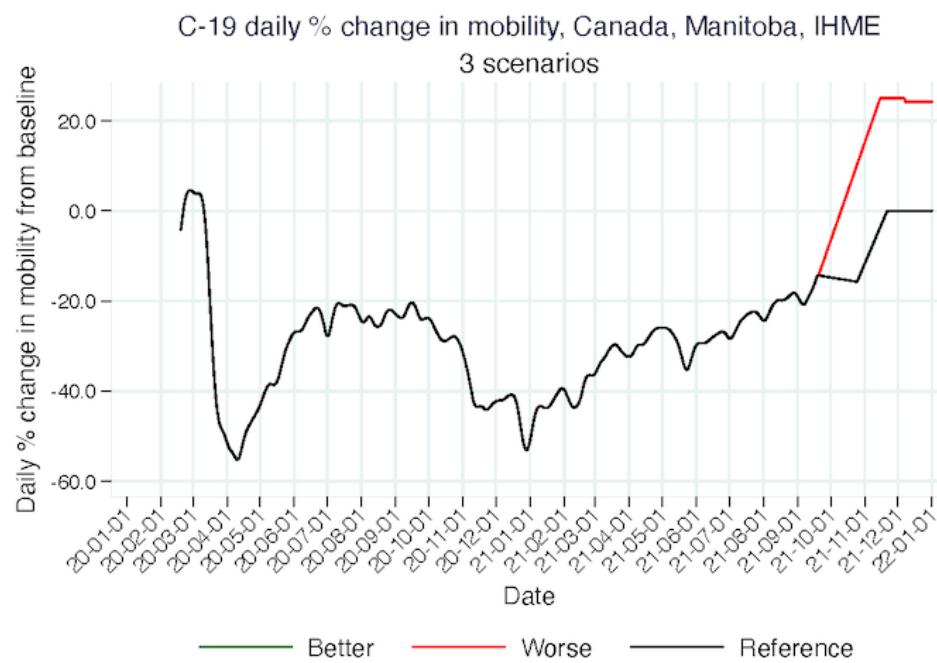
(11) Manitoba [R effective, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



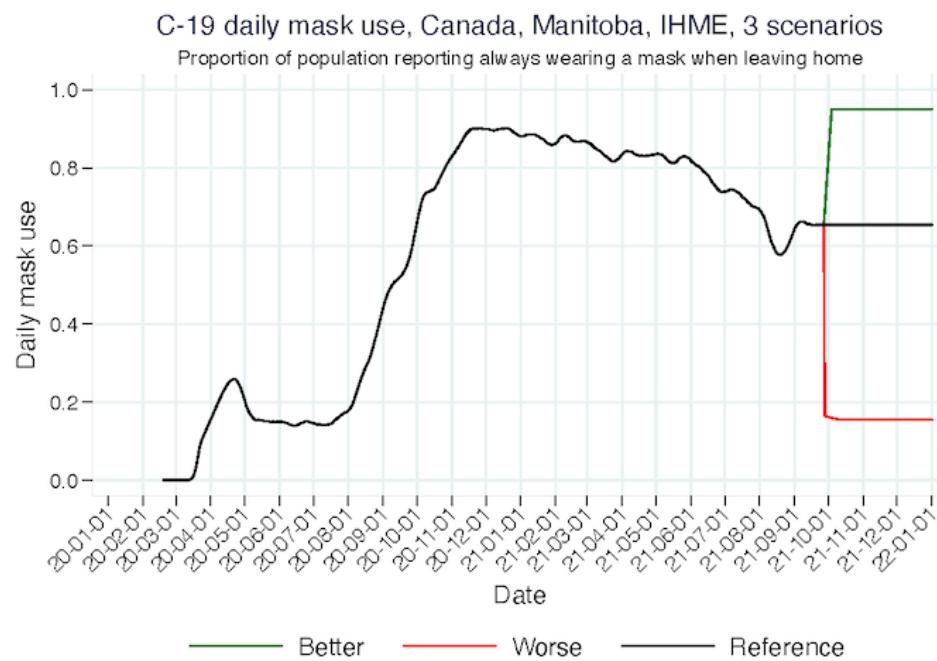
(12) Manitoba [Daily Infection-outcomes ratios, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



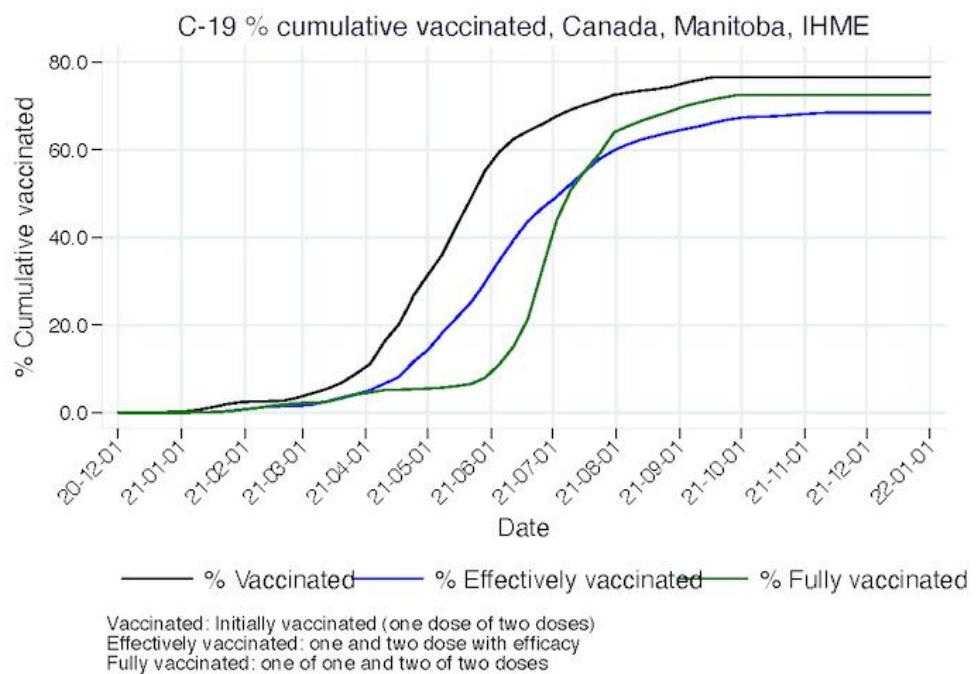
(13) Manitoba [Daily mobility, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



(14) Manitoba [Daily mask use, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)

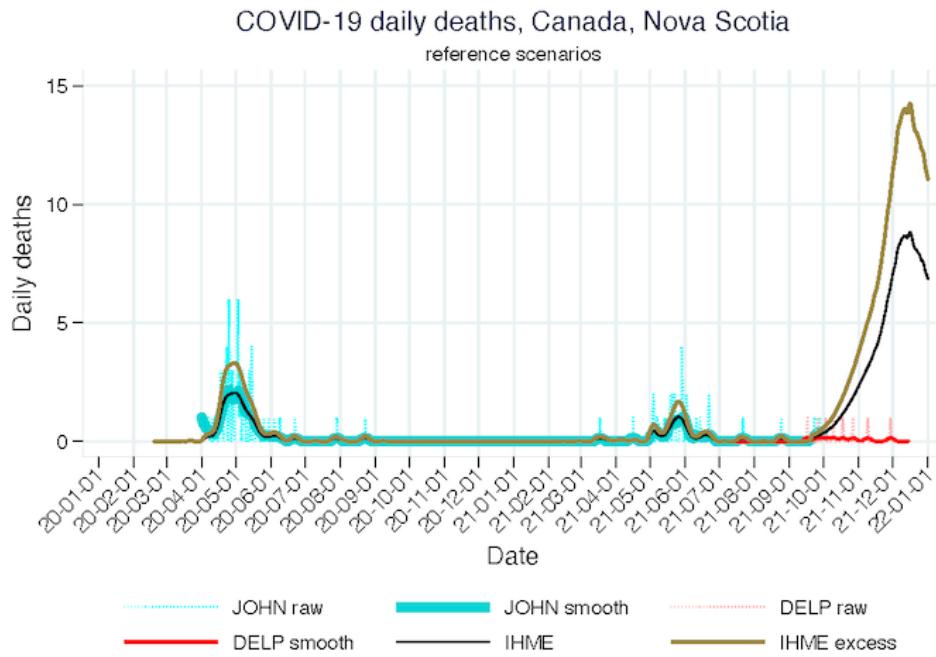


(15) Manitoba [Percent cumulative vaccinated, IHME](#)

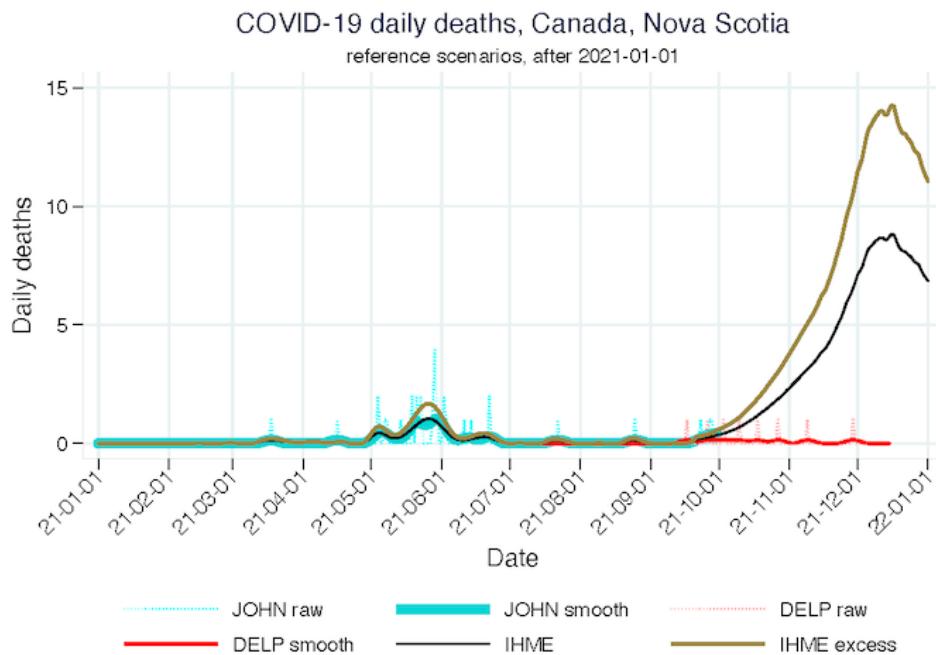


## Selected graphs - Nova Scotia

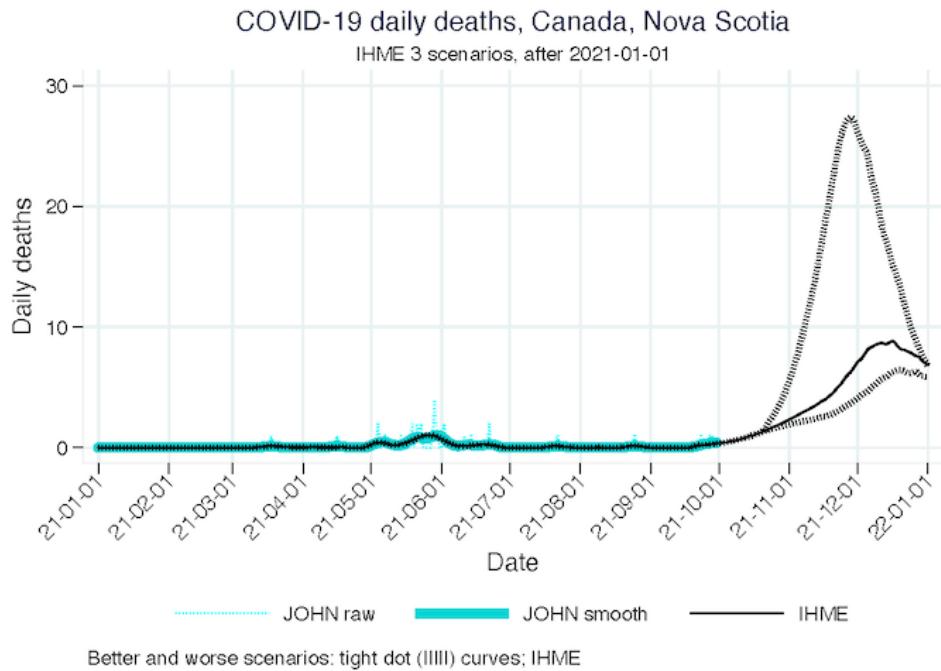
### (1) Nova Scotia [Daily deaths, reference scenarios, all time](#)



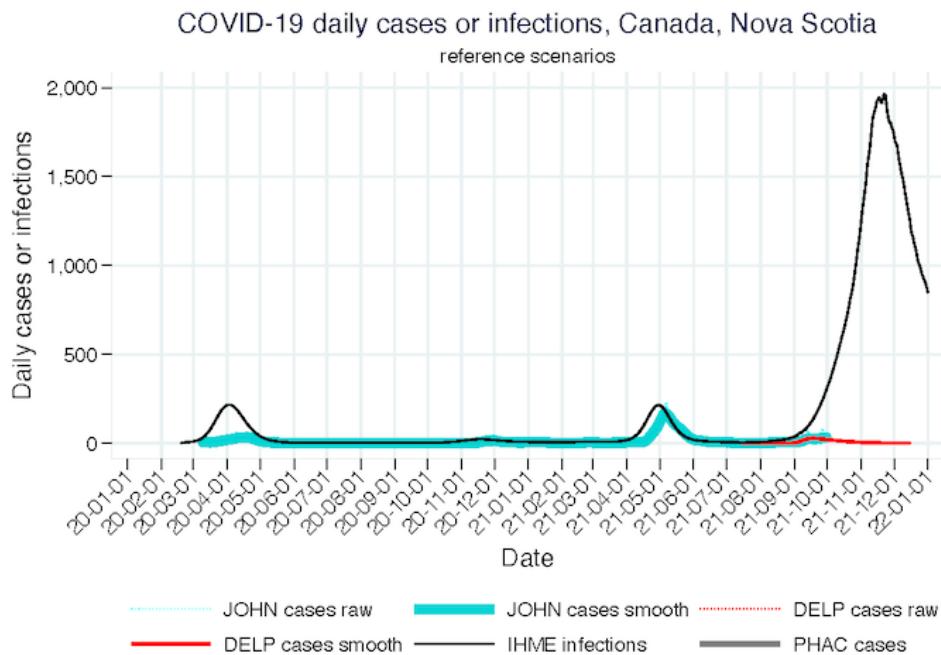
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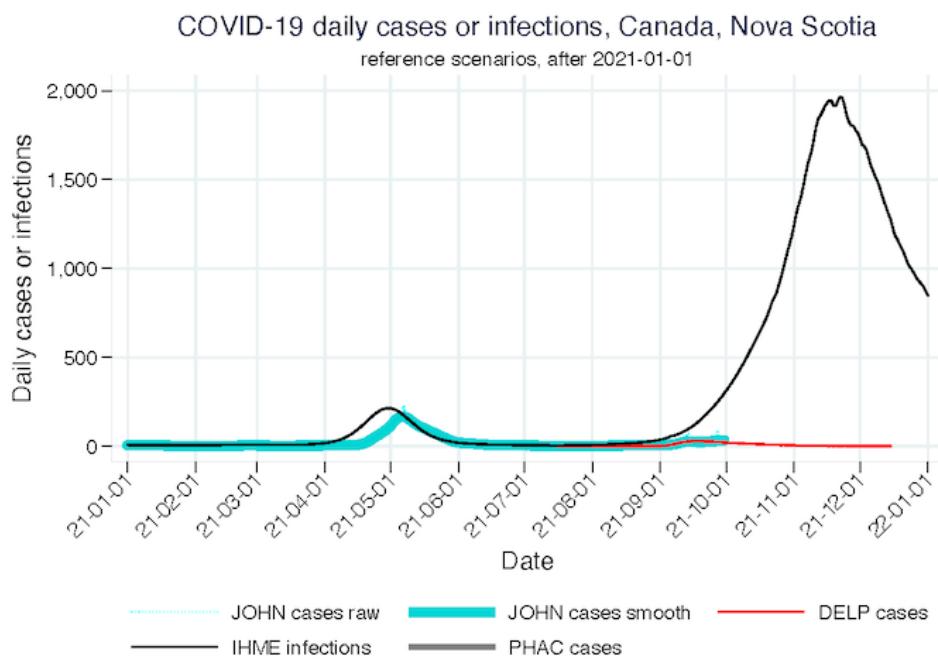
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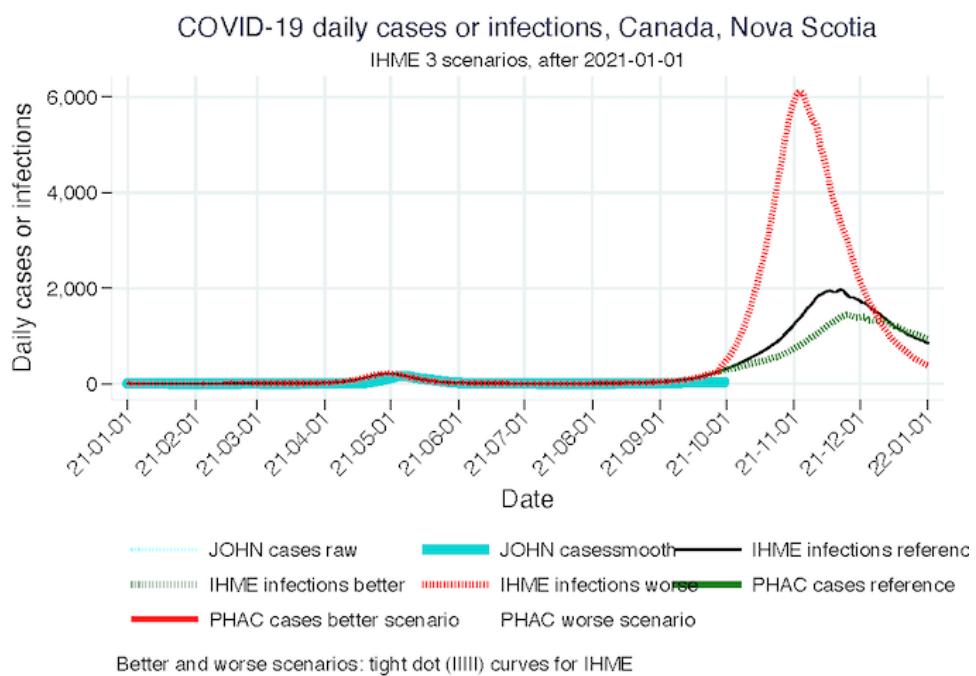
(4) Nova Scotia [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, all time](#)



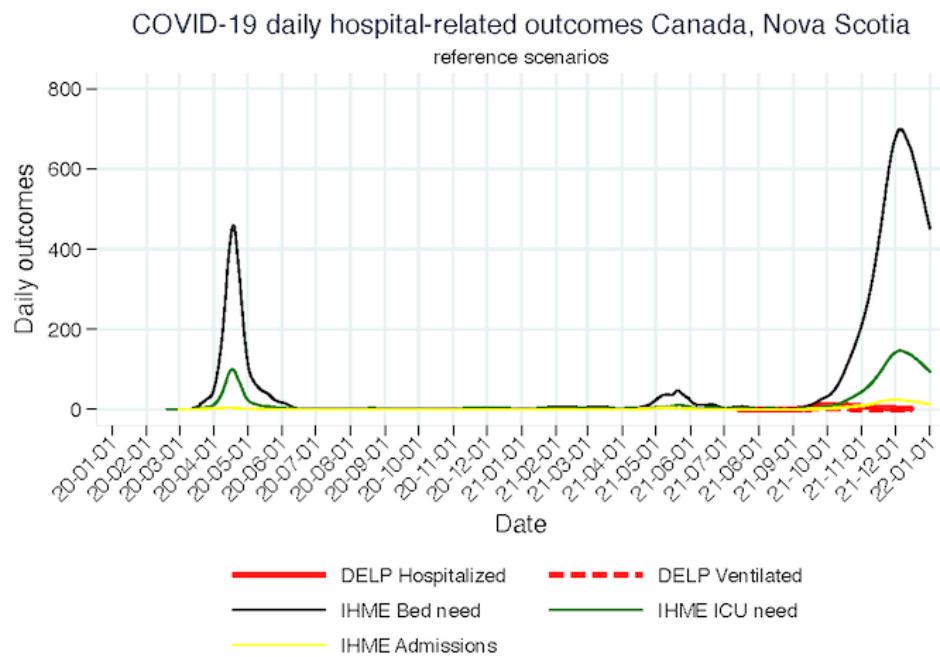
(5) Nova Scotia [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



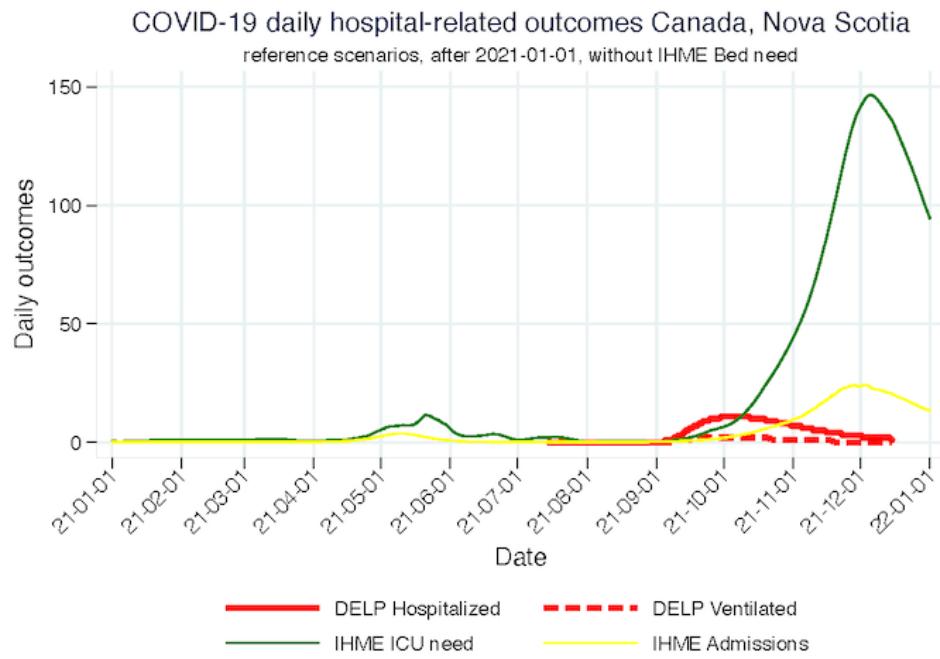
(6) Nova Scotia [Daily cases or infections, 3 scenarios, 2021](#)



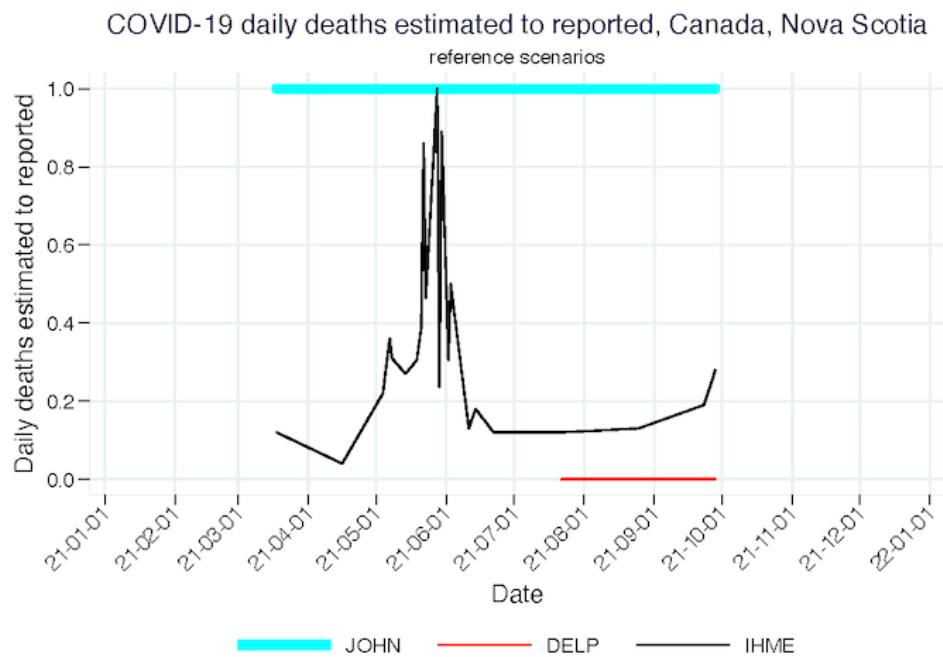
(7) Nova Scotia [Hospital-related outcomes, all time](#)



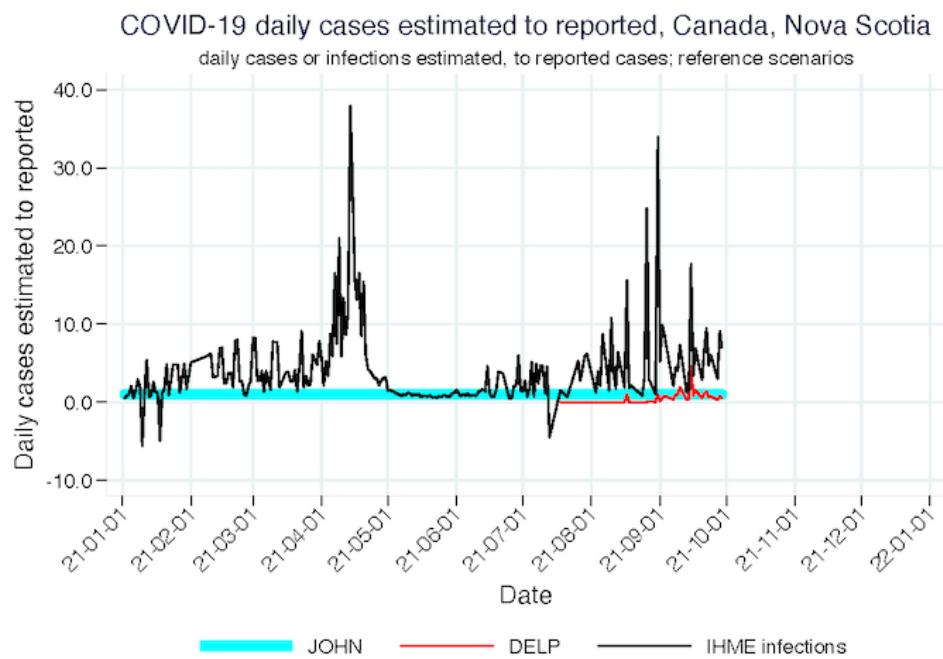
(8) Nova Scotia [Hospital-related outcomes, 2021, without IHME Bed need and IMPE Hospital demand](#)



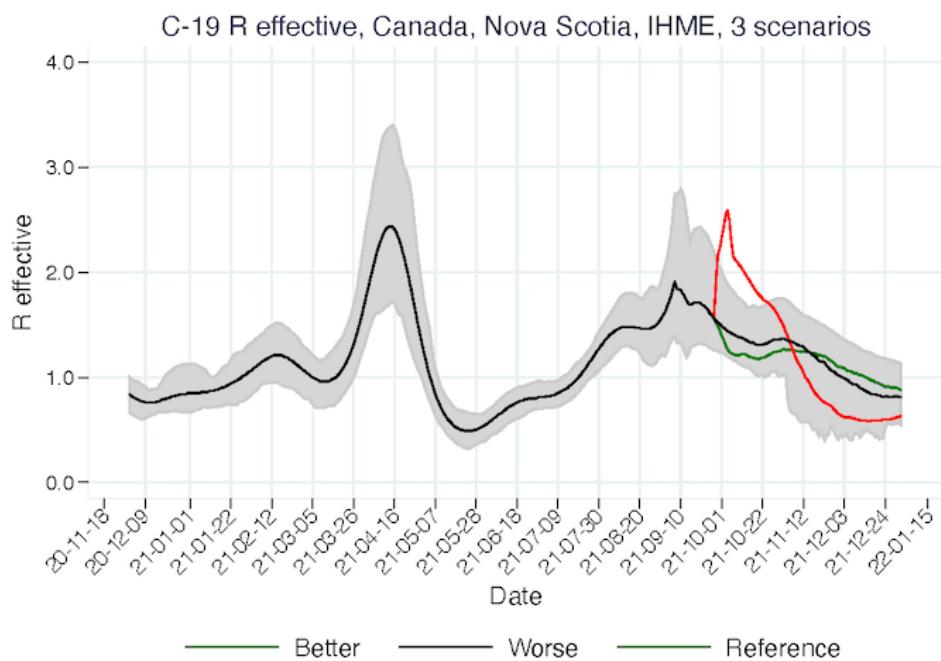
(9) Nova Scotia [Daily deaths estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



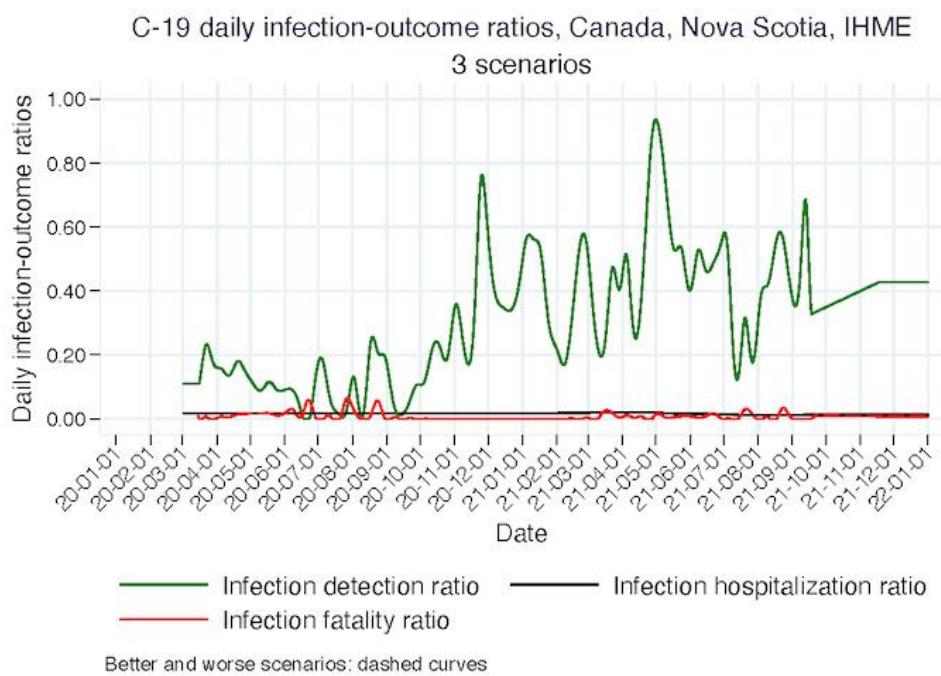
(10) Nova Scotia [Daily cases or infections estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



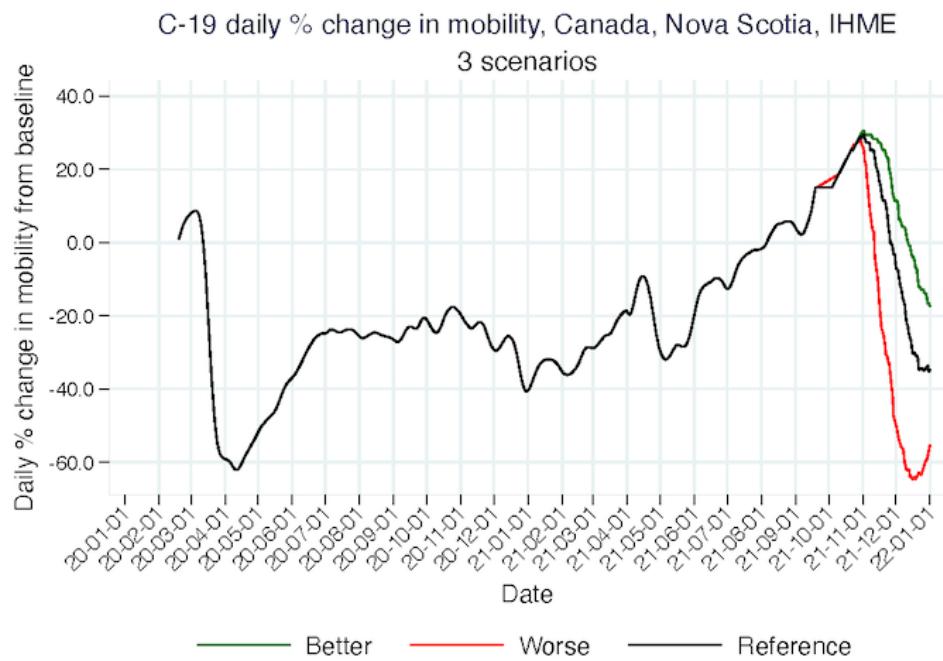
(11) Nova Scotia [R effective, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



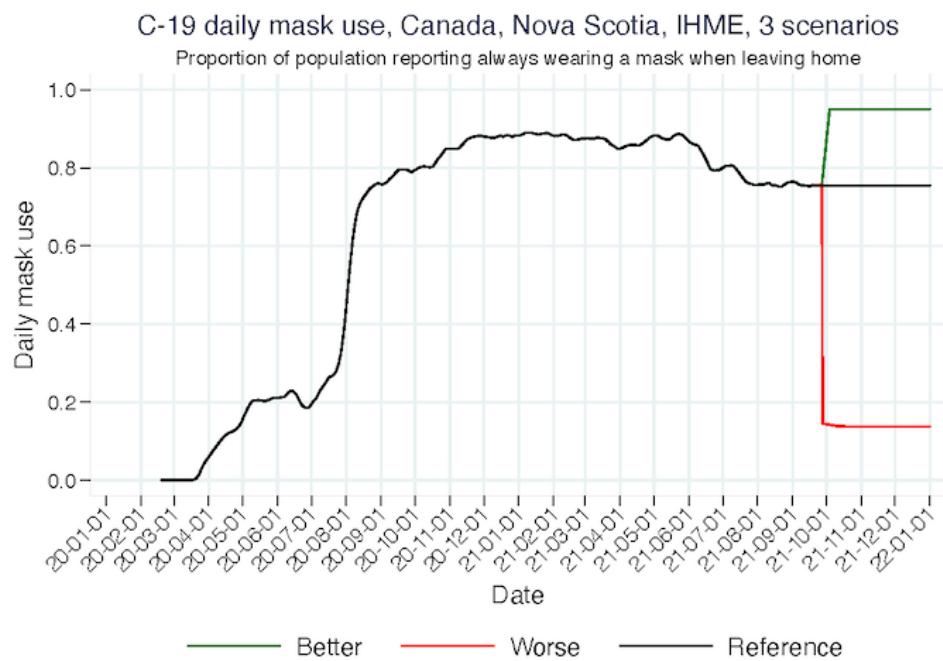
(12) Nova Scotia [Daily Infection-outcomes ratios, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



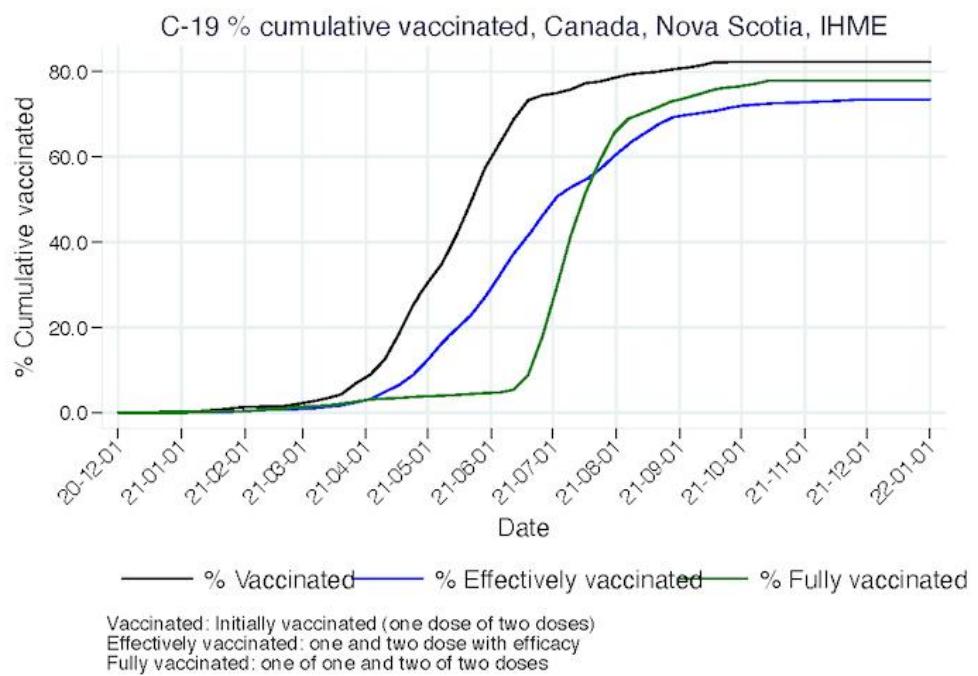
(13) Nova Scotia [Daily mobility, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



(14) Nova Scotia [Daily mask use, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)

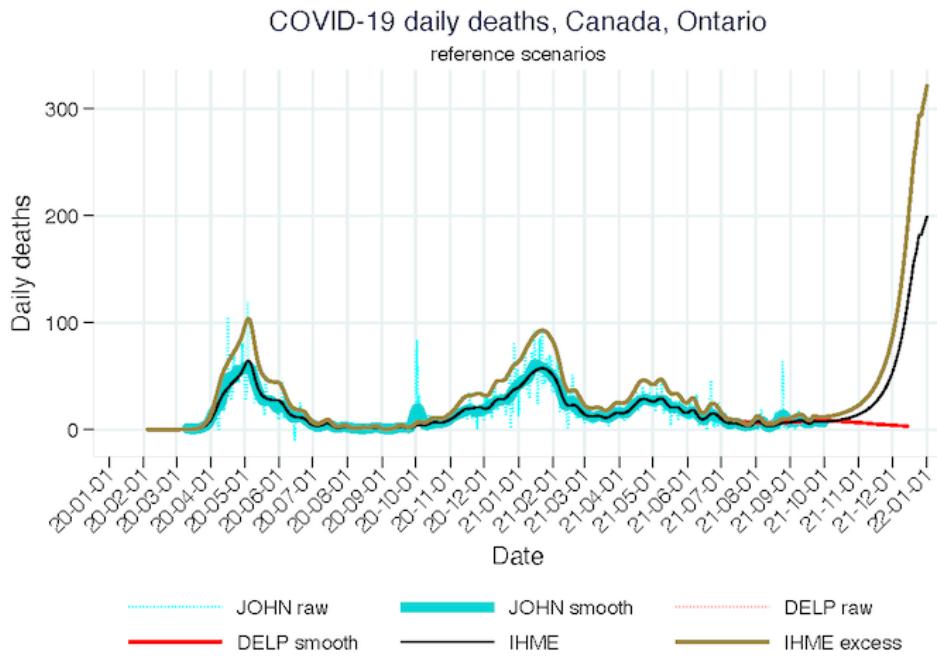


(15) Nova Scotia [Percent cumulative vaccinated, IHME](#)

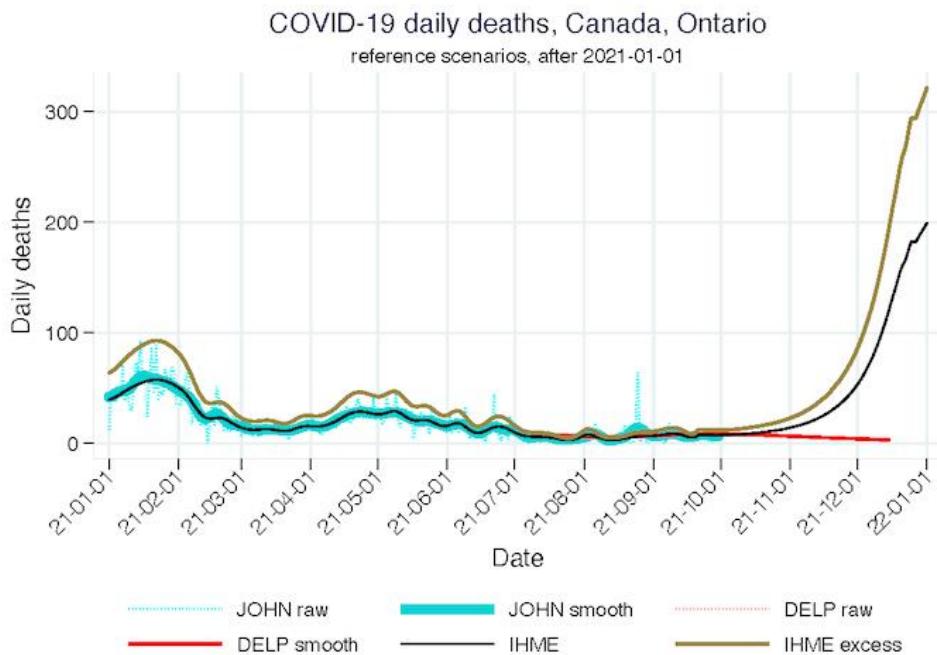


## Selected graphs - Ontario

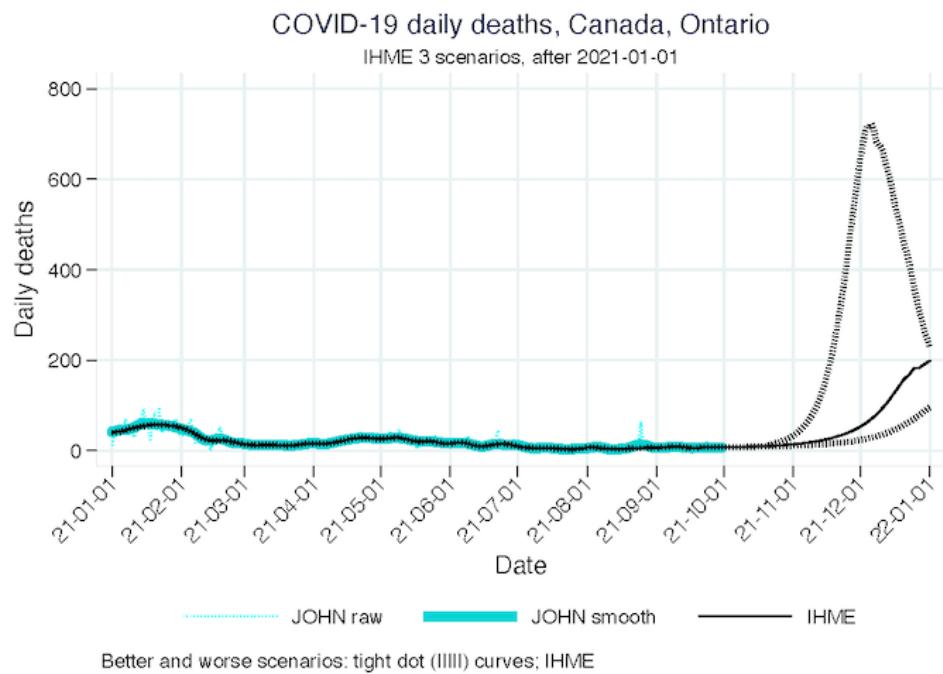
### (1) Ontario [Daily deaths, reference scenarios, all time](#)



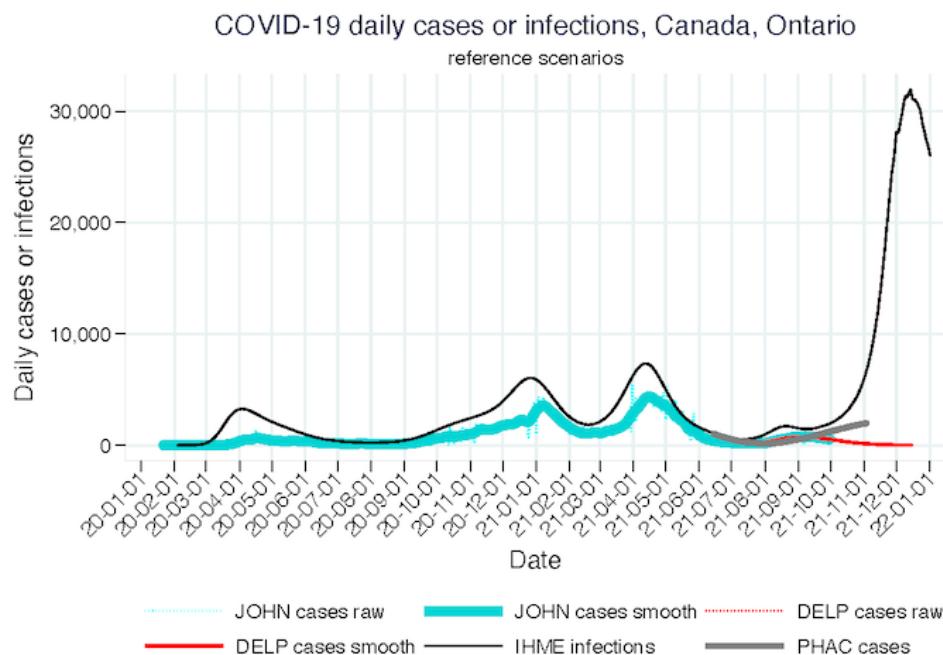
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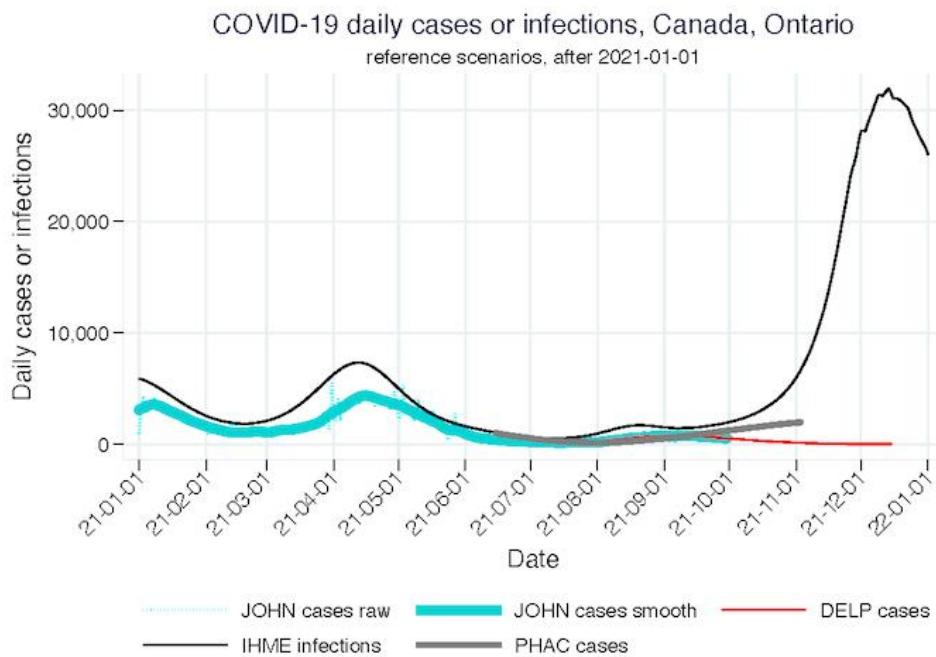
(3) Ontario [Daily deaths, 3 scenarios, 2021](#)



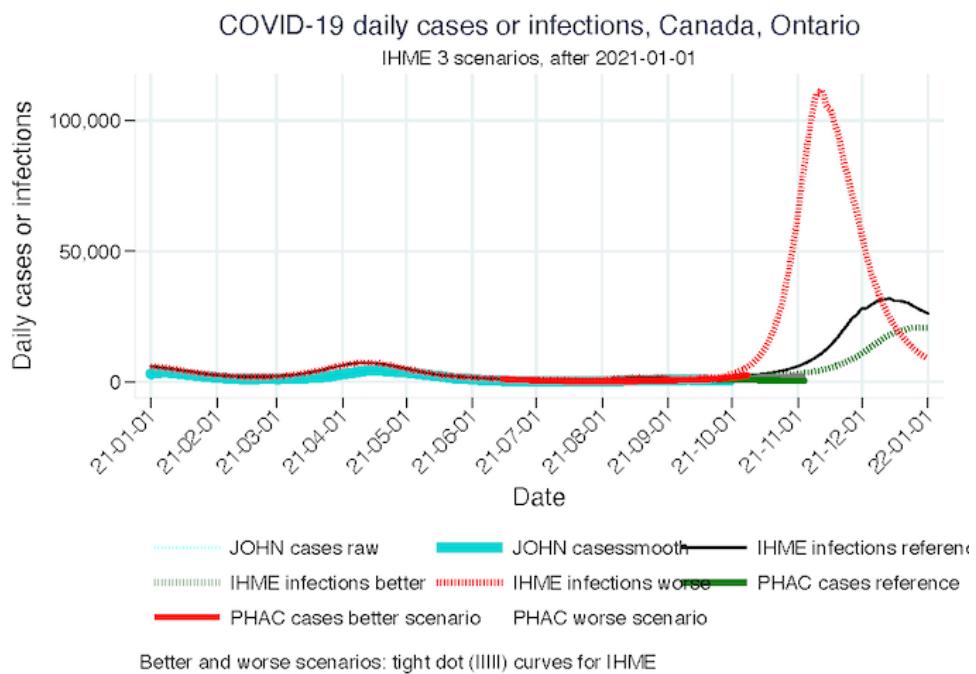
(4) Ontario [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, all time](#)



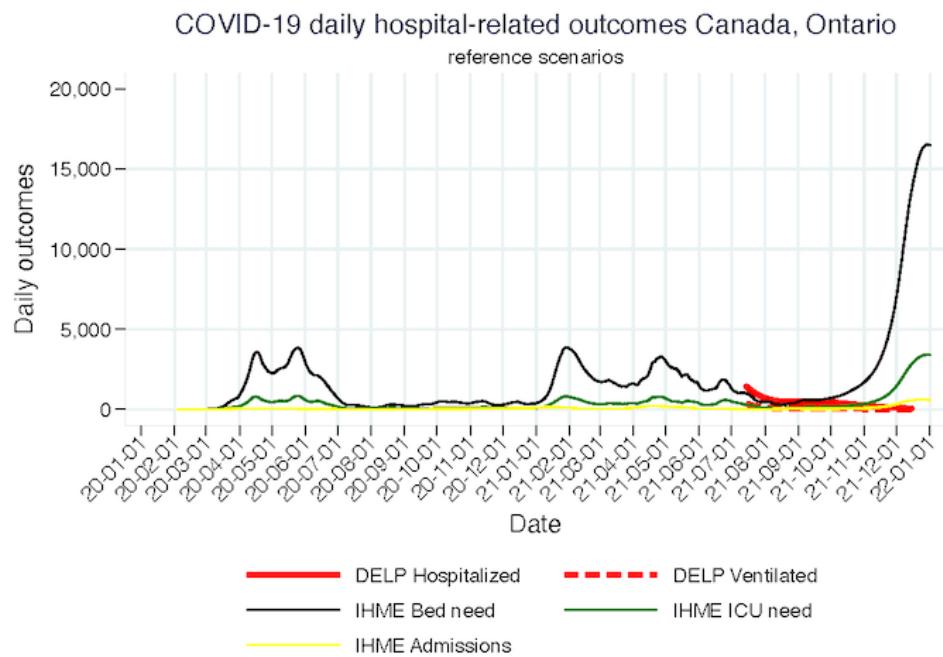
(5) Ontario [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



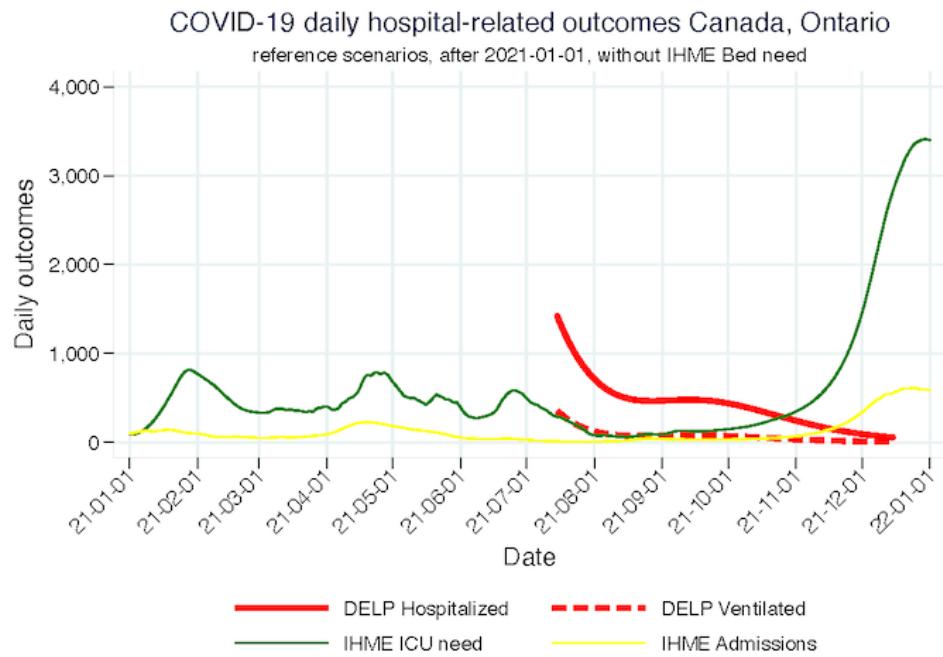
(6) Ontario [Daily cases or infections, 3 scenarios, 2021](#)



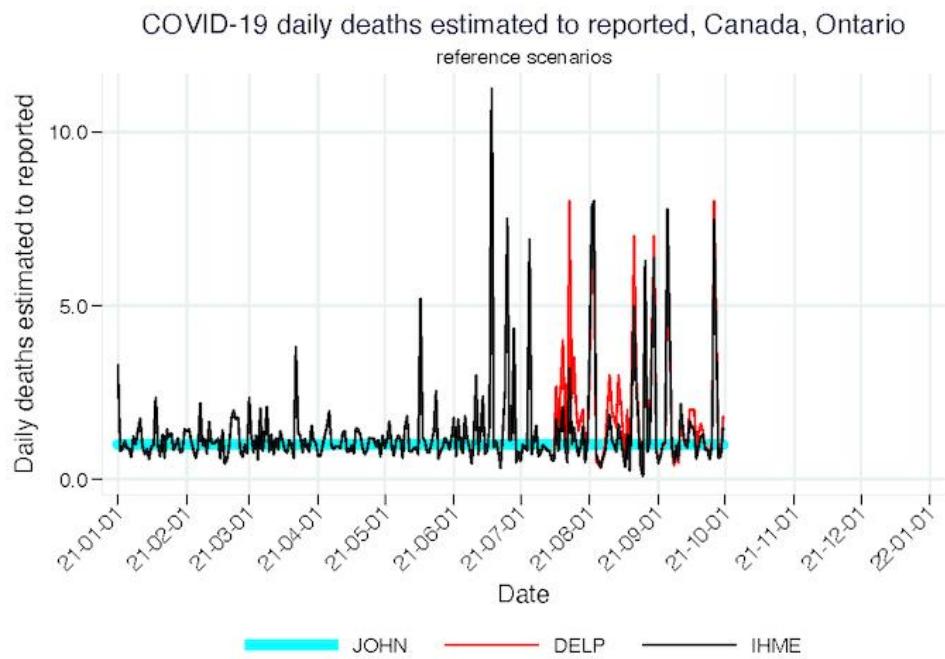
(7) Ontario [Hospital-related outcomes, all time](#)



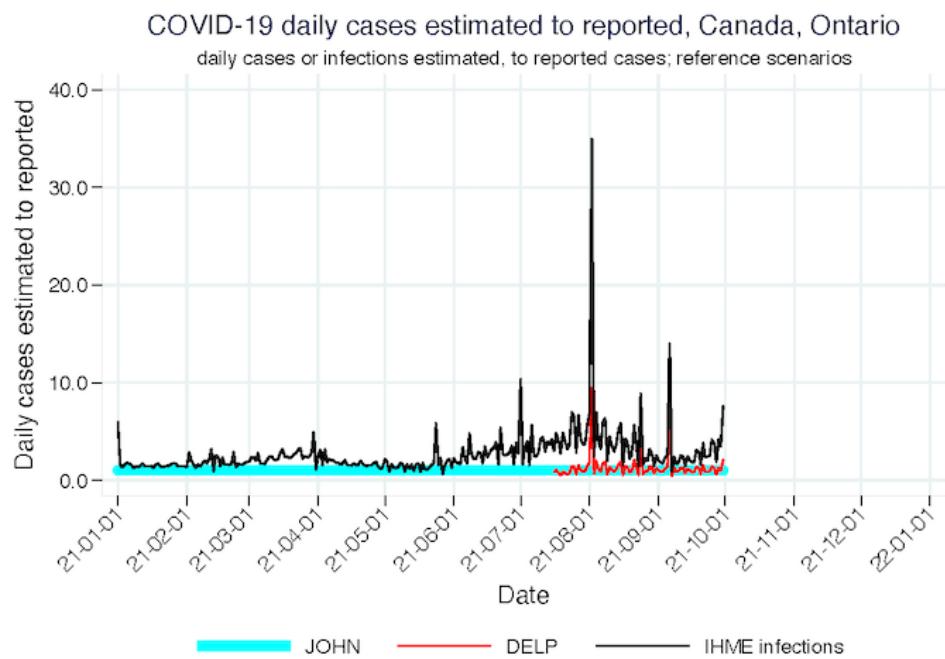
(8) Ontario [Hospital-related outcomes, 2021, without IHME Bed need and IMPE Hospital demand](#)



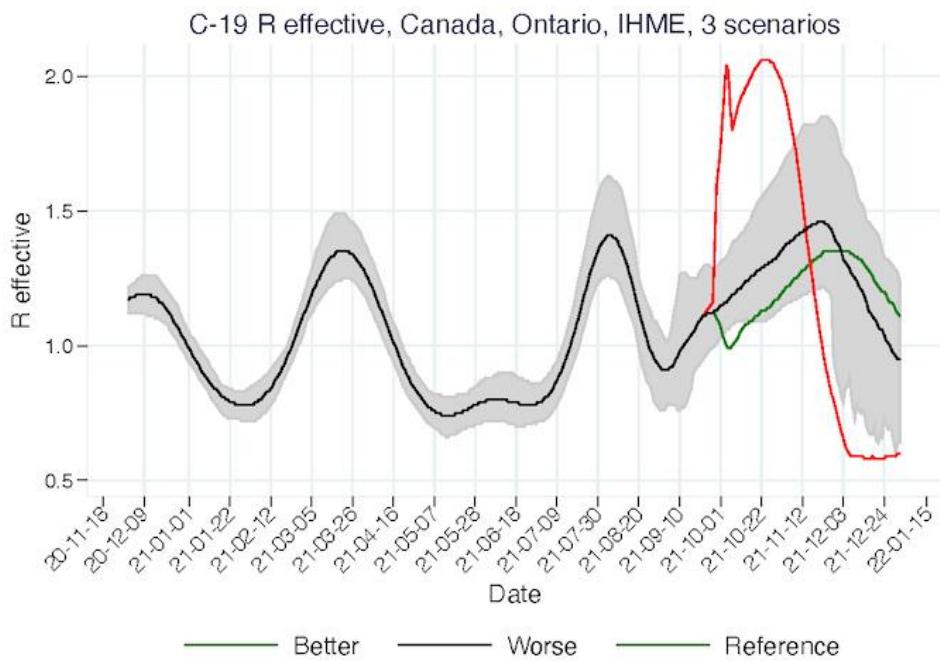
(9) Ontario [Daily deaths estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



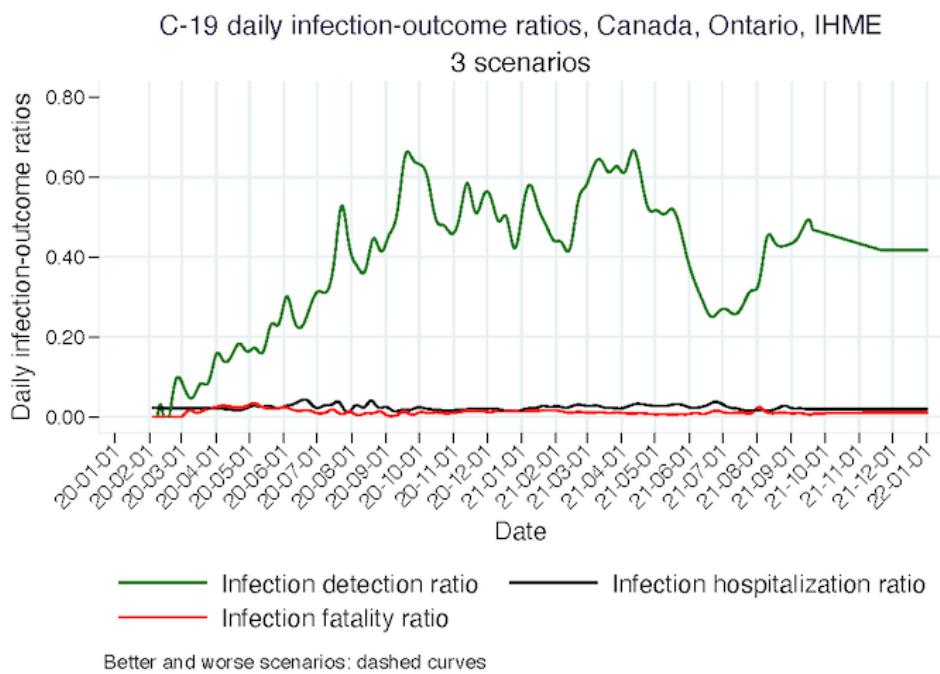
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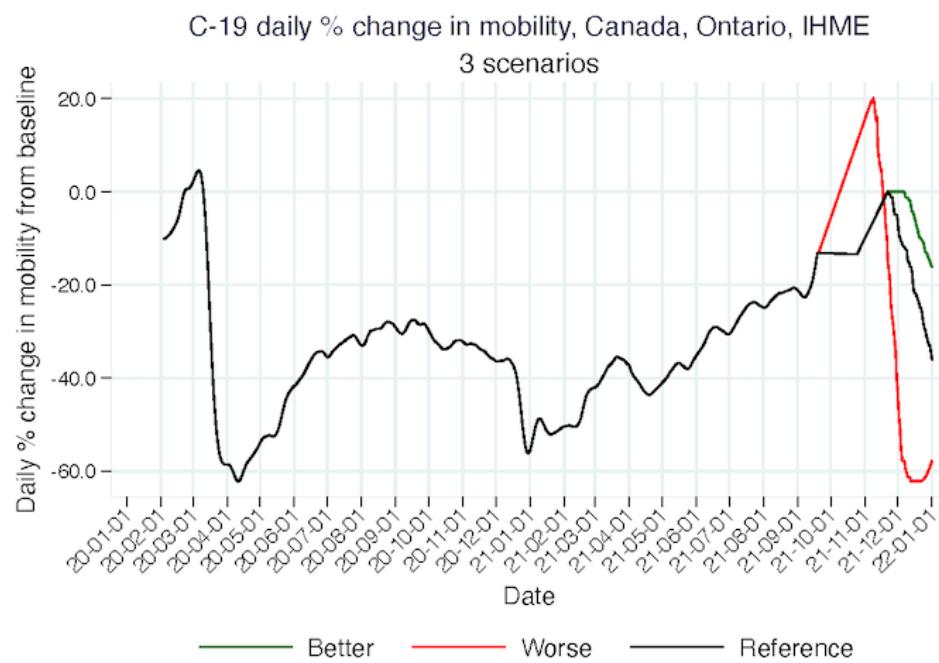
(11) Ontario [R effective, 3 scenarios](#)



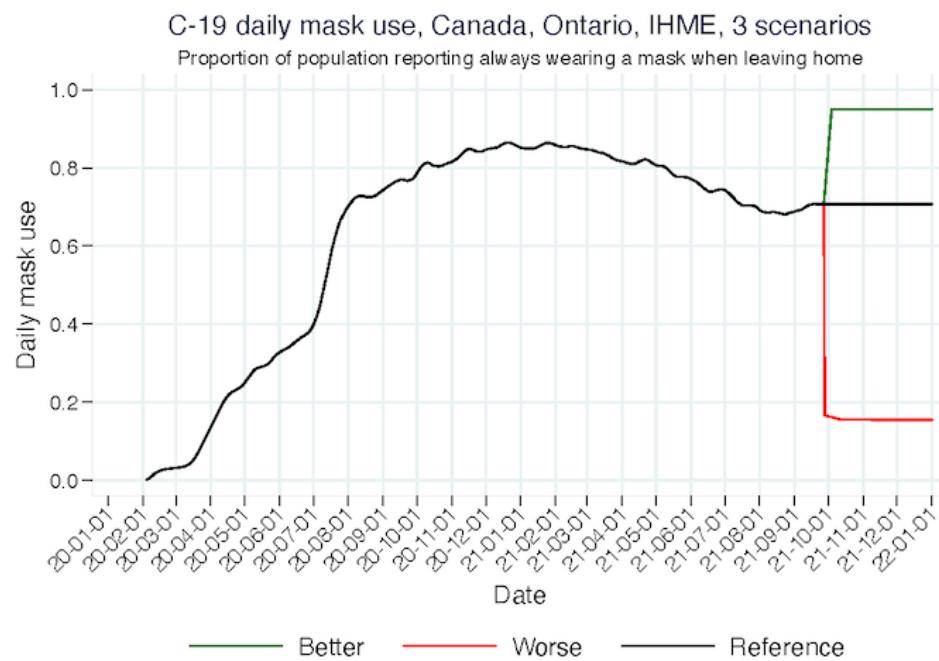
(12) Ontario [Daily Infection-outcomes ratios, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



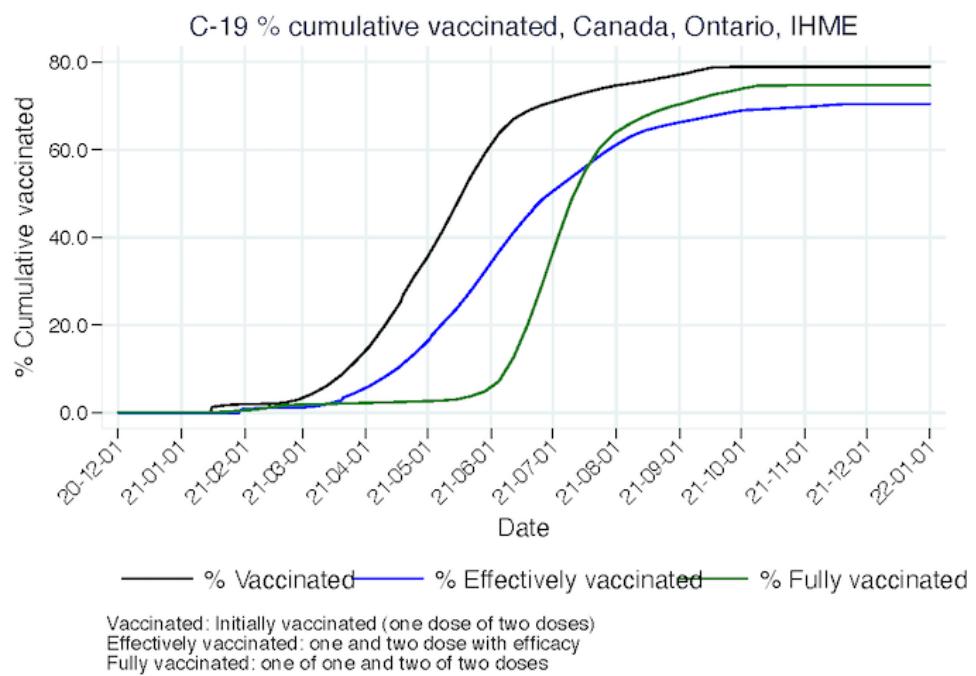
(13) Ontario [Daily mobility, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



(14) Ontario [Daily mask use, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)

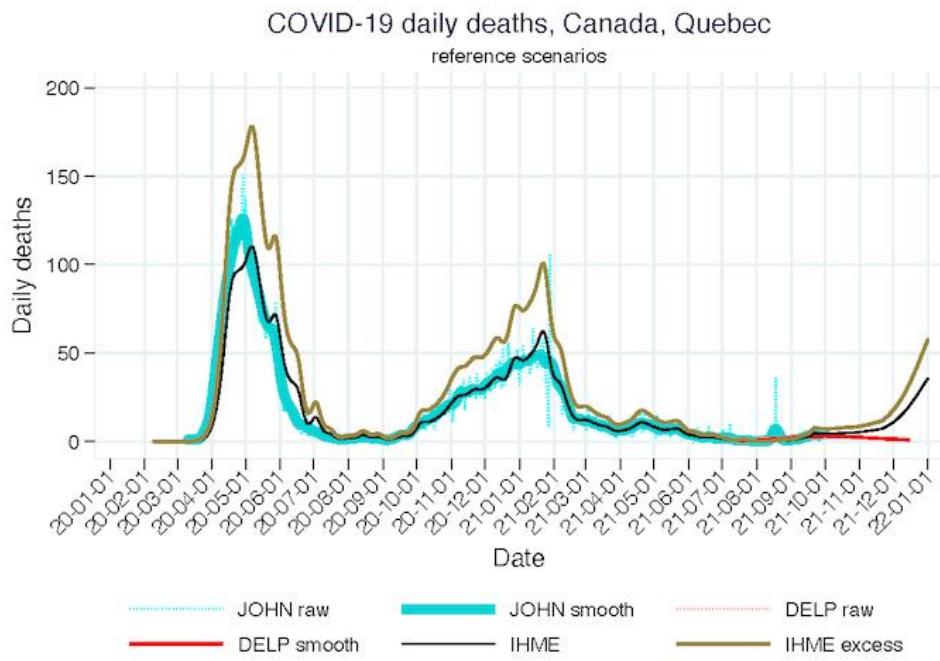


(15) Ontario [Percent cumulative vaccinated, IHME](#)

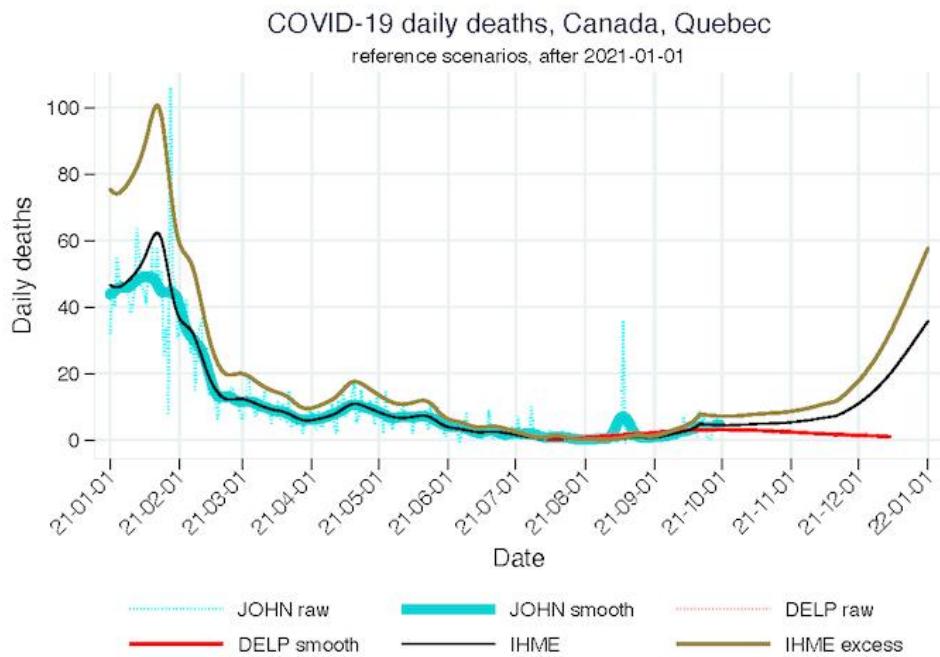


## Selected graphs - Quebec

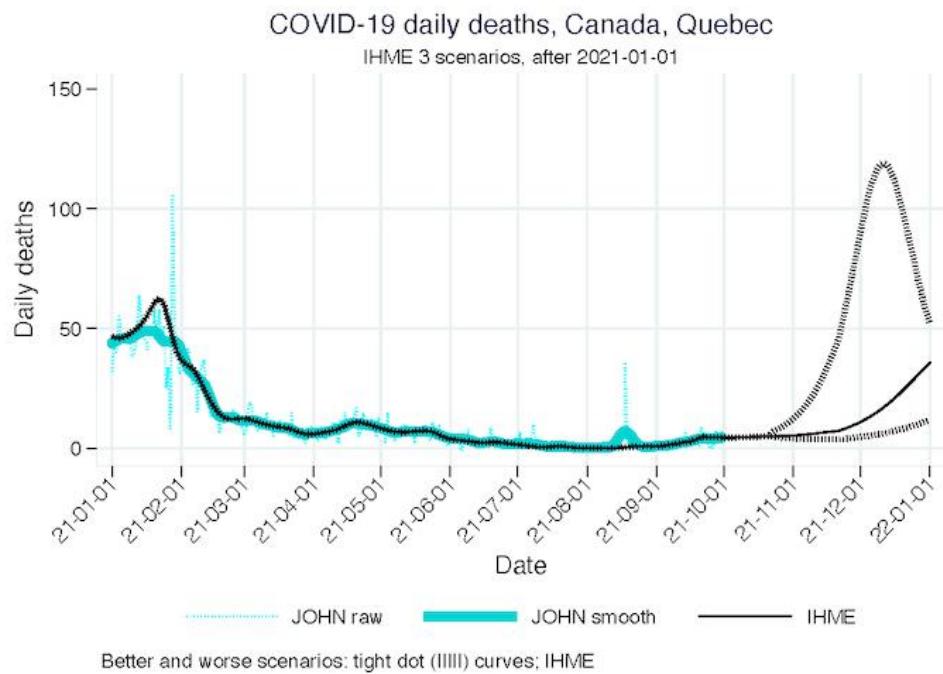
### (1) Quebec [Daily deaths, reference scenarios, all time](#)



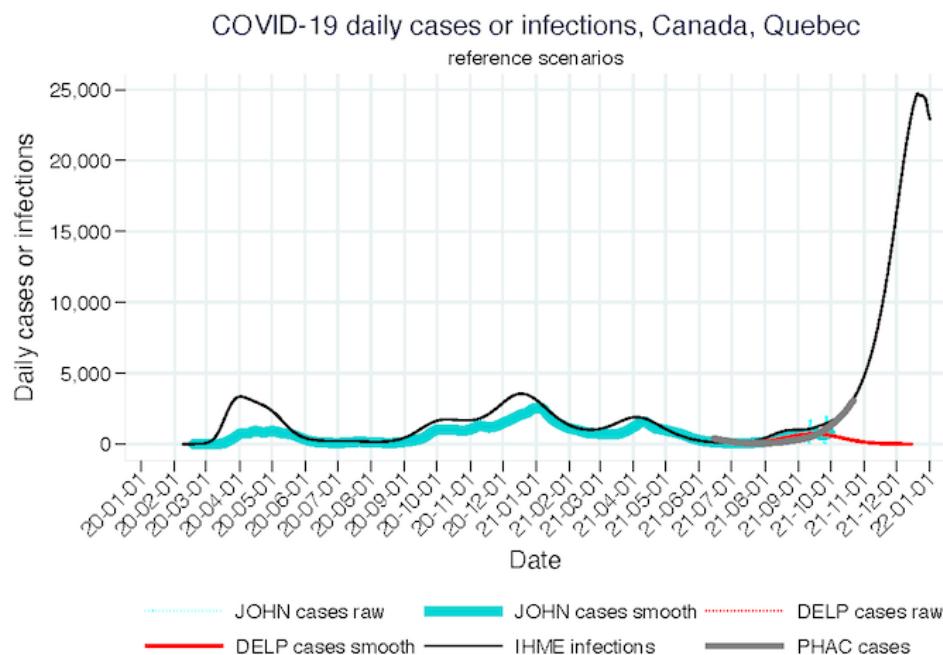
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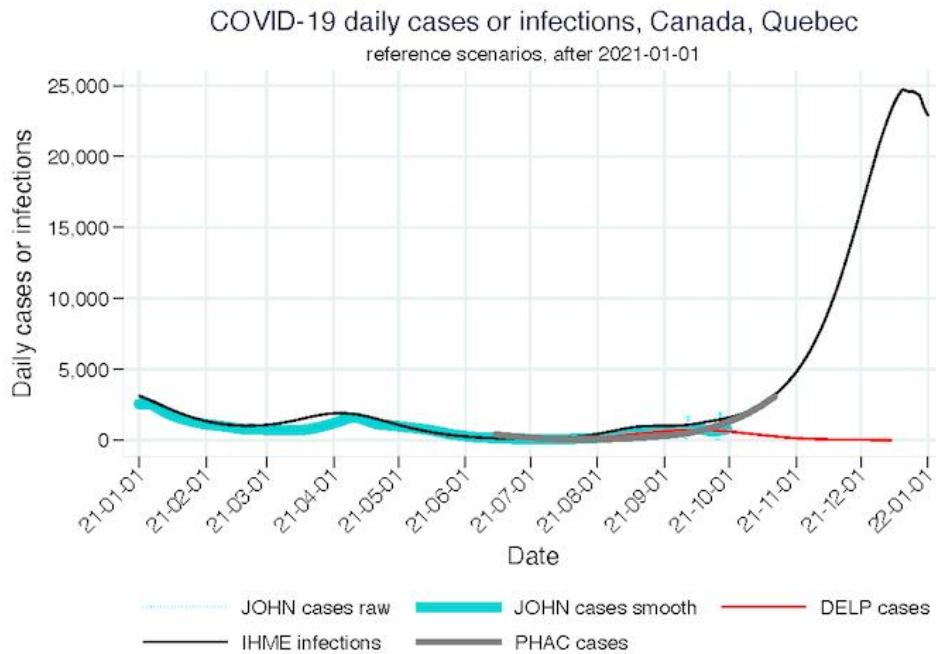
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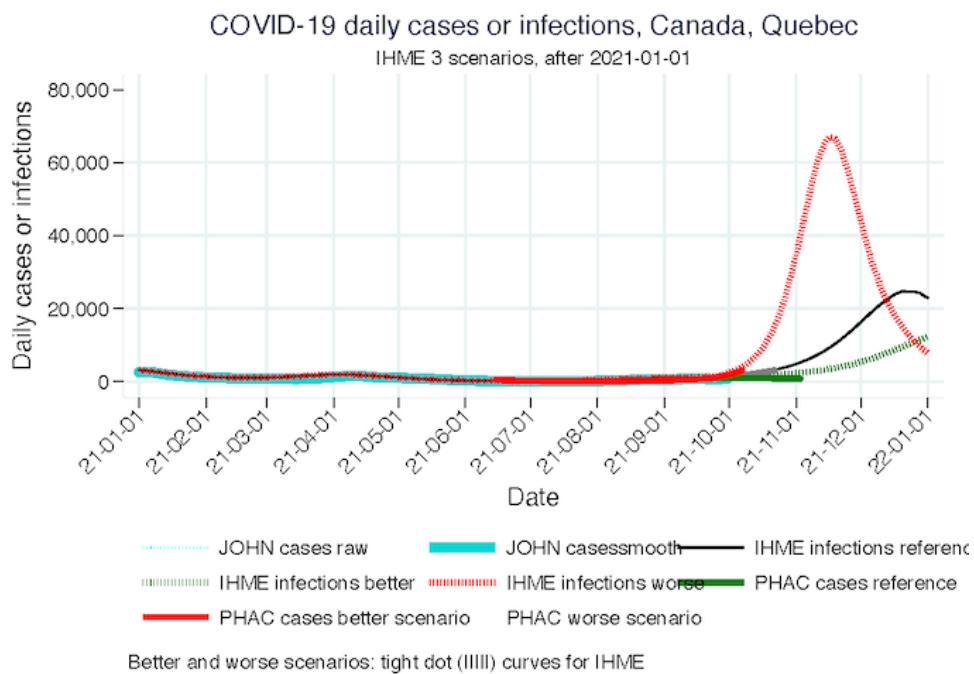
(4) Quebec [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, all time](#)



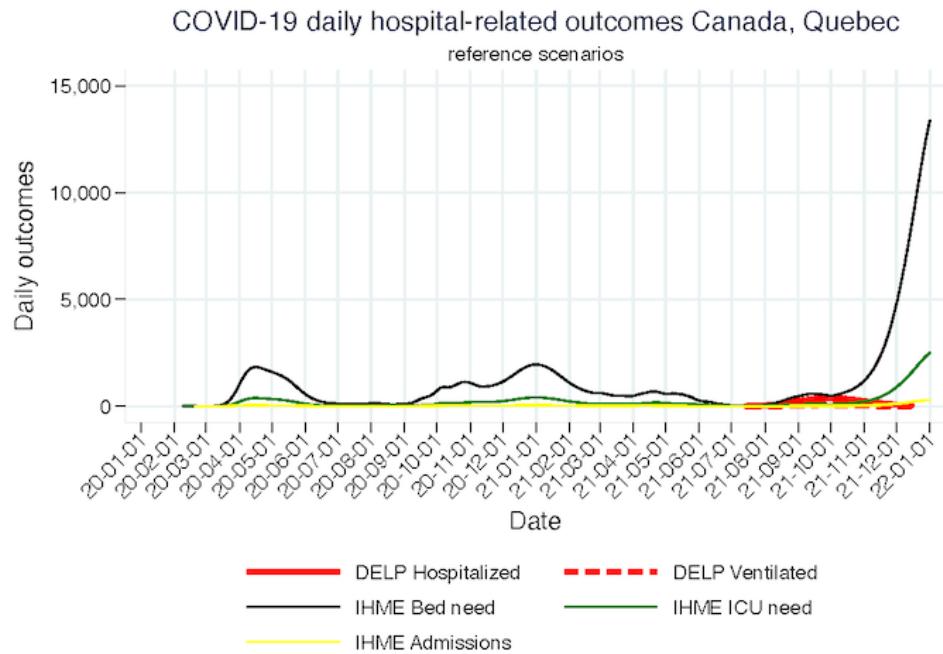
(5) Quebec [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



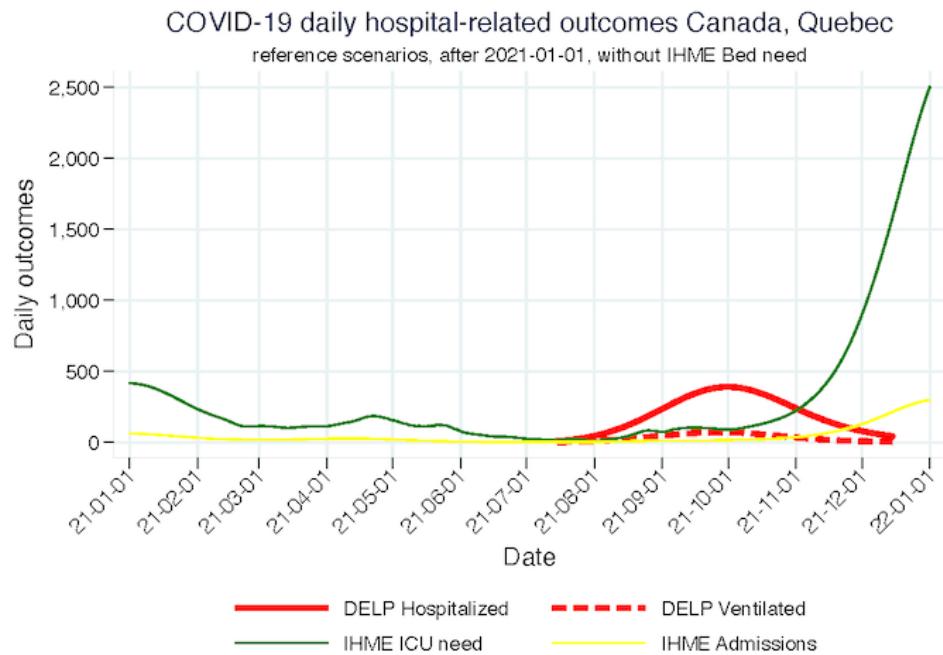
(6) Quebec [Daily cases or infections, 3 scenarios, 2021](#)



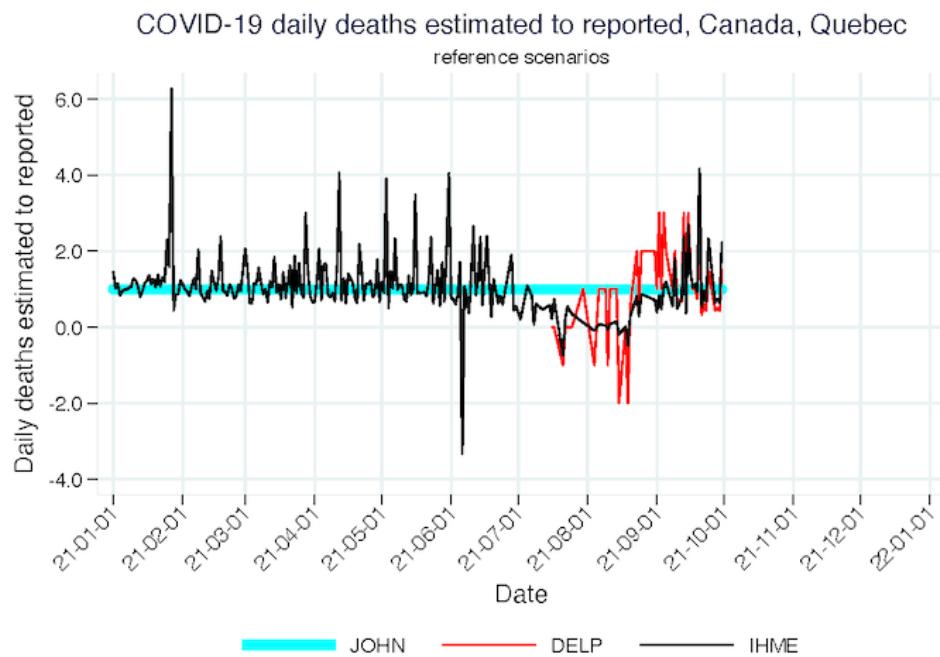
(7) Quebec [Hospital-related outcomes, all time](#)



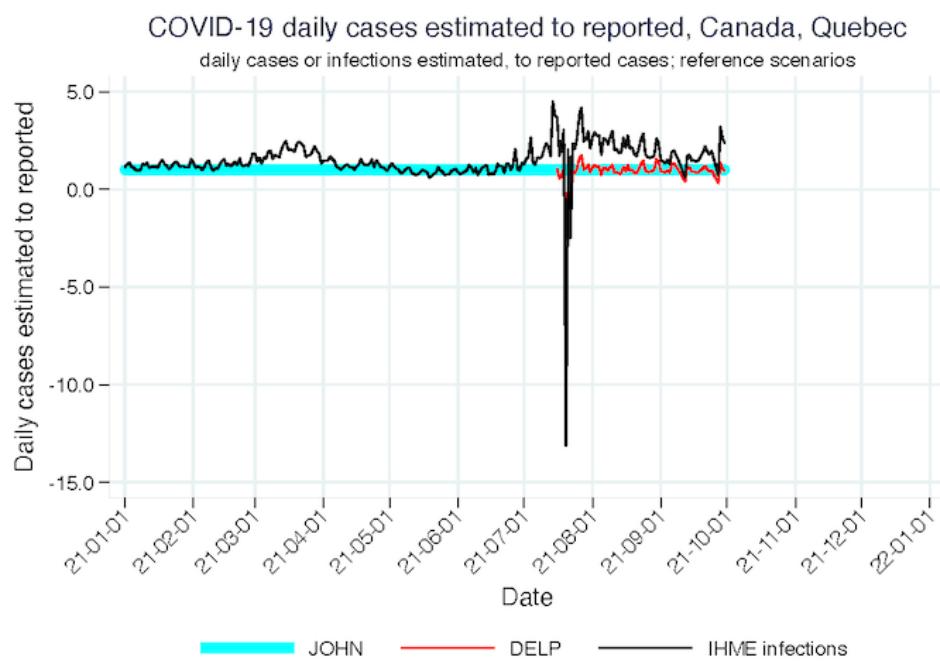
(8) Quebec [Hospital-related outcomes, 2021, without IHME Bed need and IMPE Hospital demand](#)



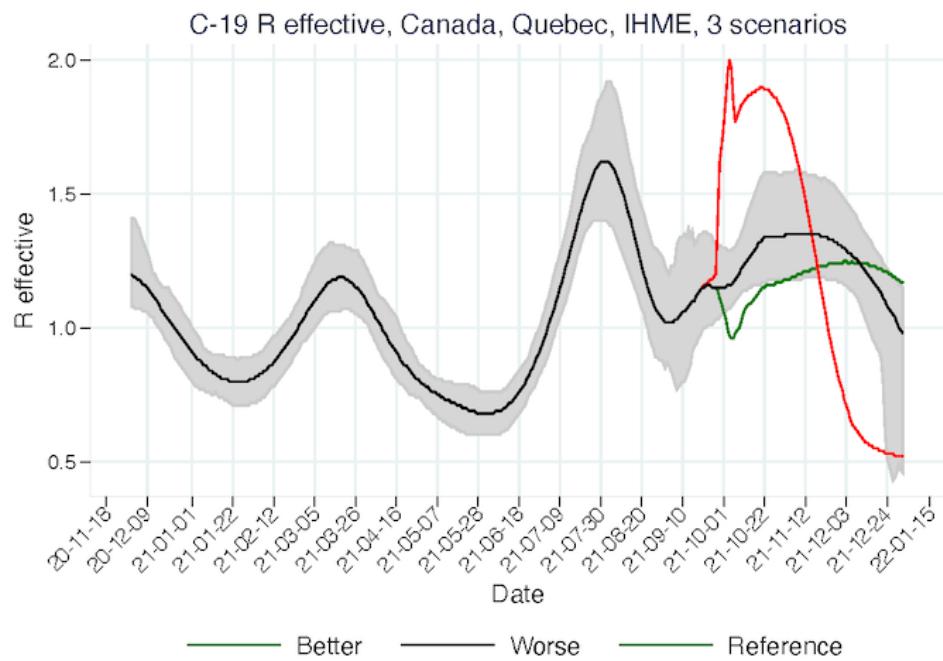
(9) Quebec [Daily deaths estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



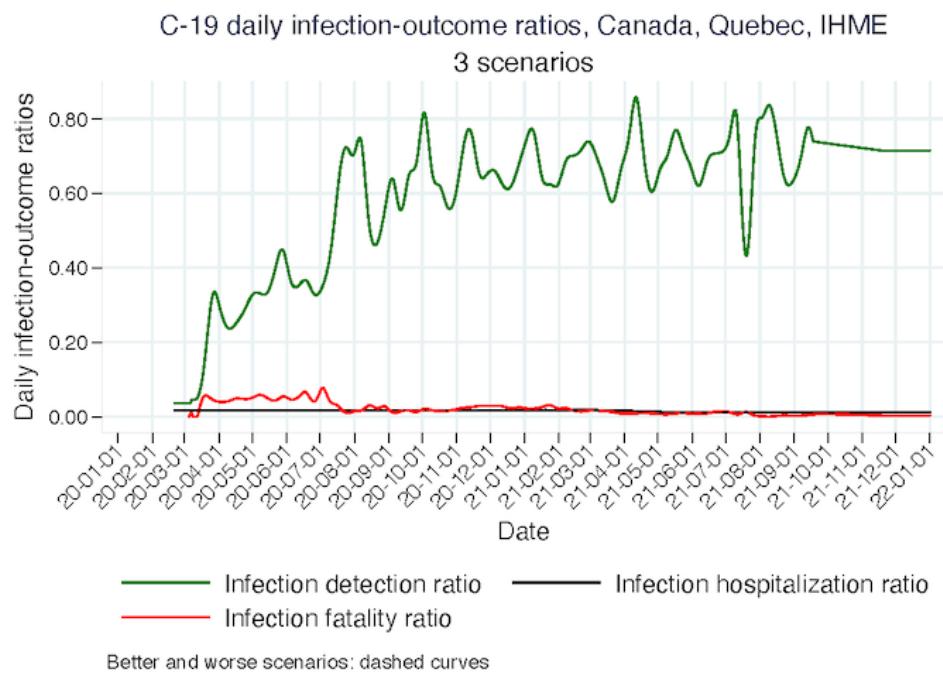
(10) Quebec [Daily cases or infections estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



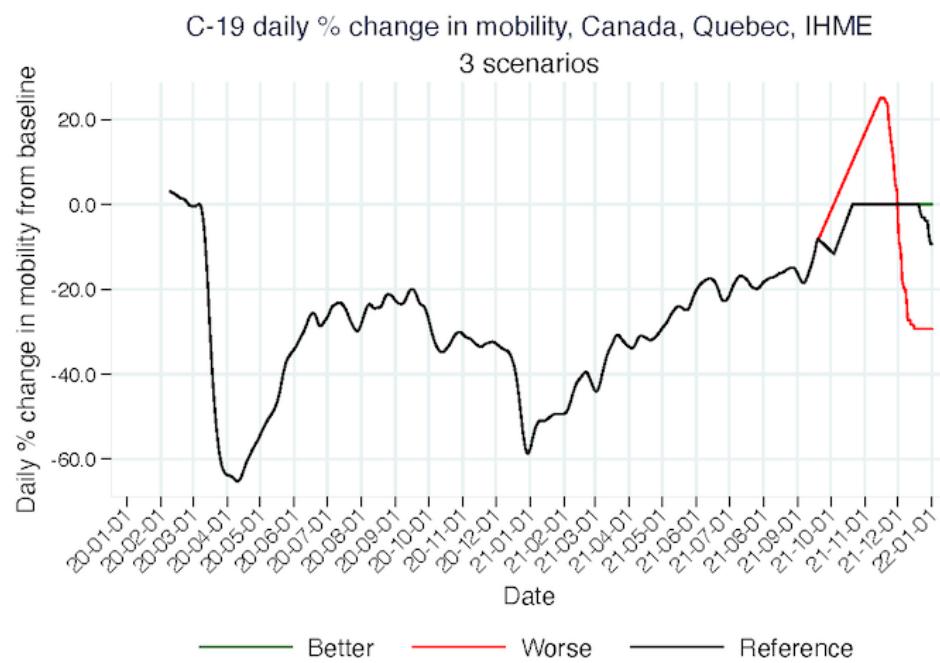
(11) Quebec [R effective, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



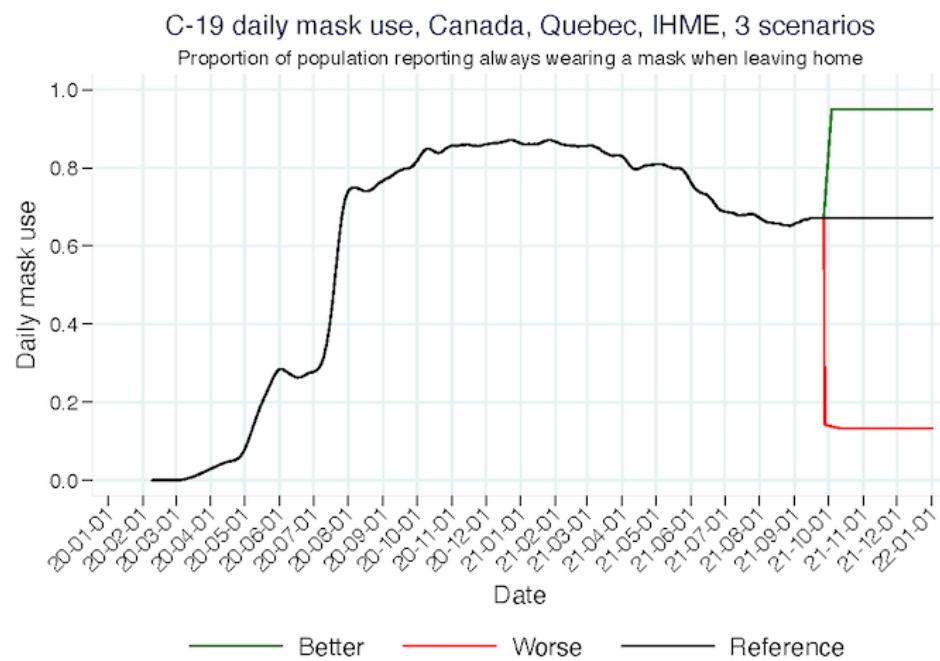
(12) Quebec [Daily Infection-outcomes ratios, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



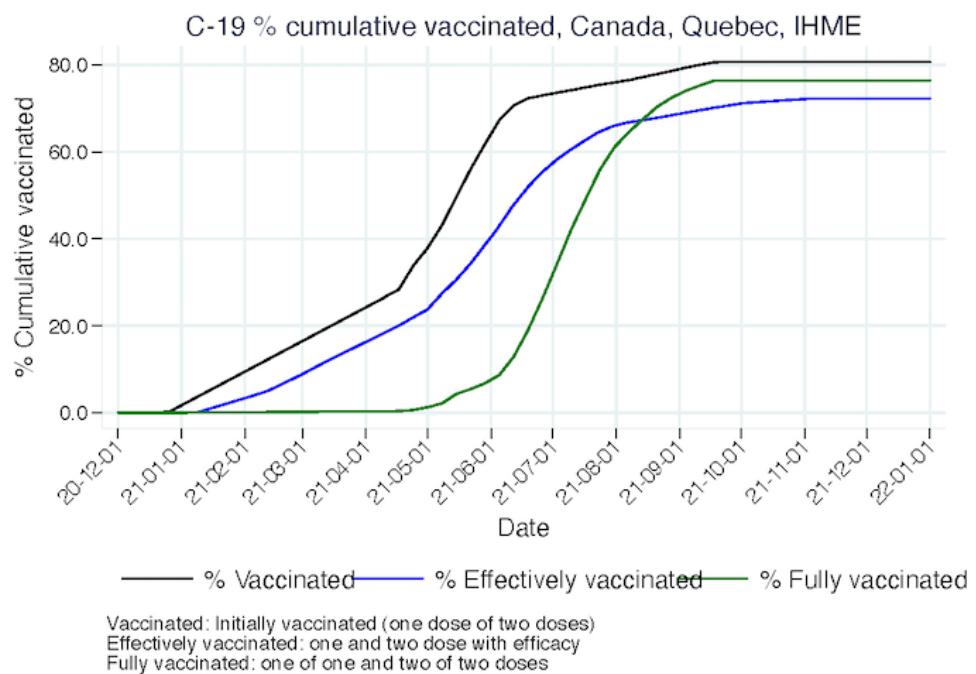
(13) Quebec [Daily mobility, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



(14) Quebec [Daily mask use, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)

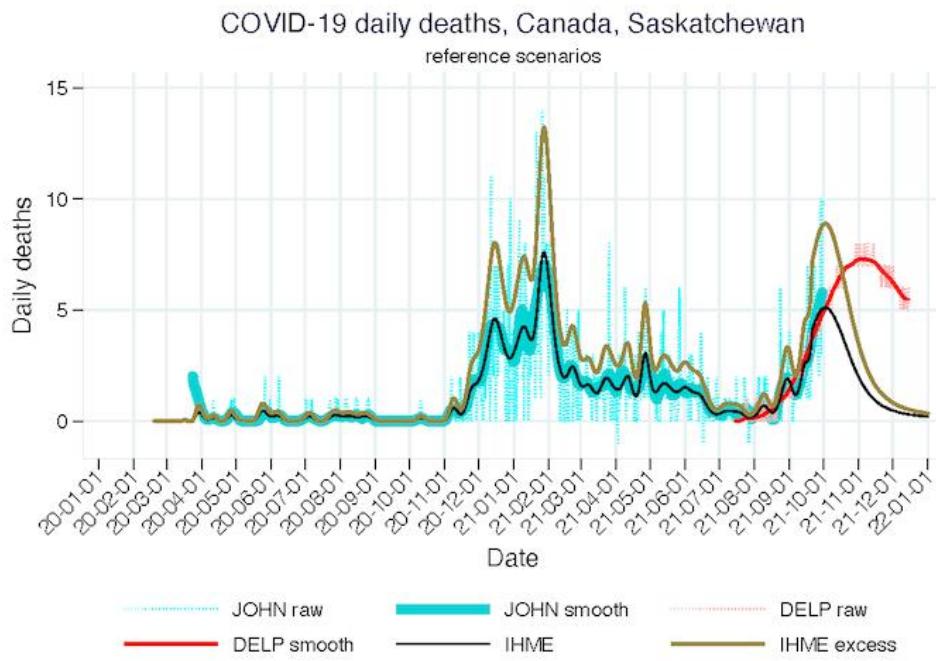


(15) Quebec [Percent cumulative vaccinated, IHME](#)

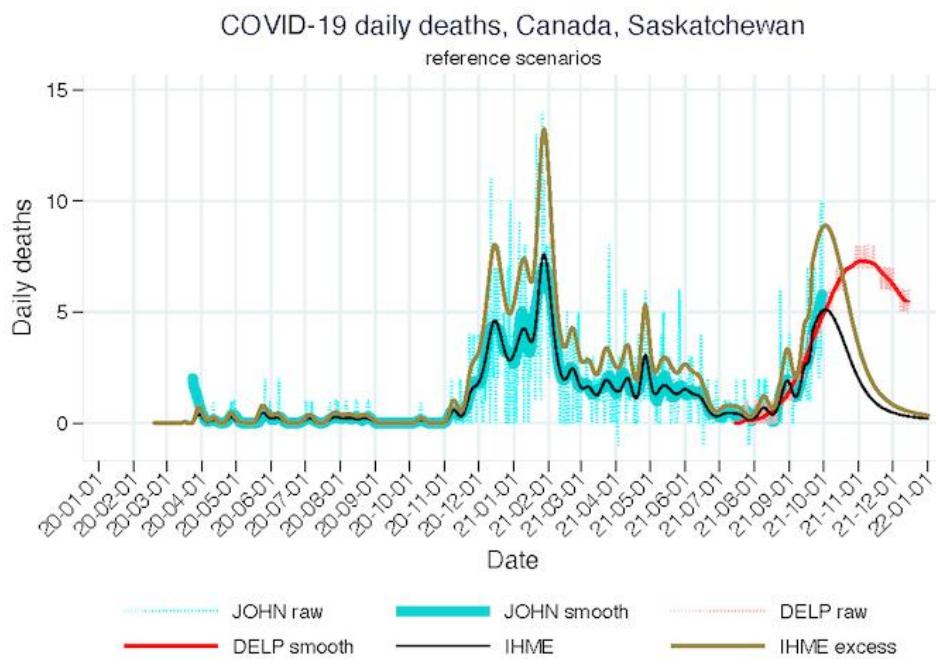


## Selected graphs - Saskatchewan

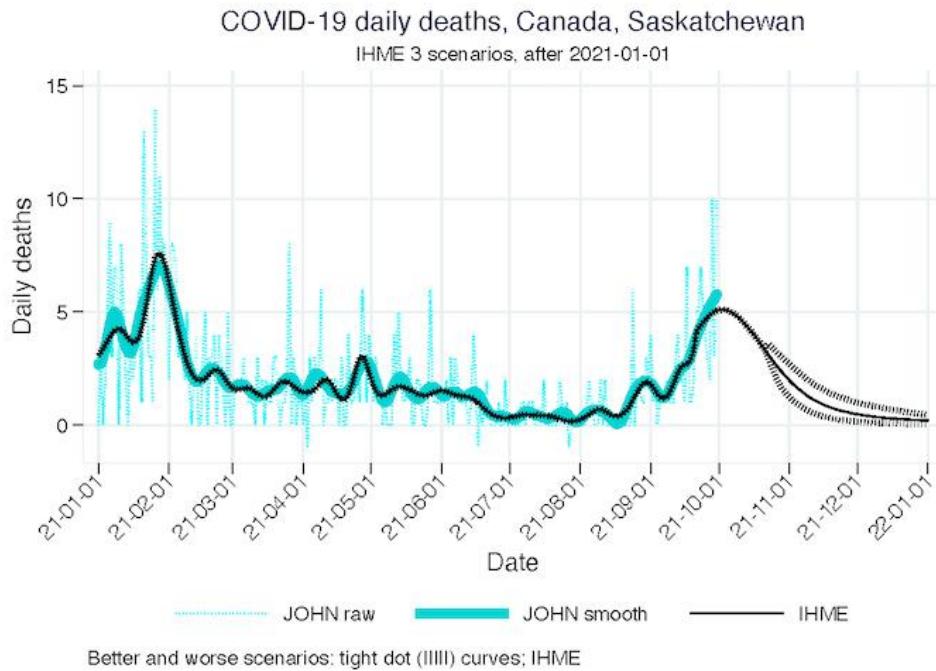
### (1) Saskatchewan [Daily deaths, reference scenarios, all time](#)



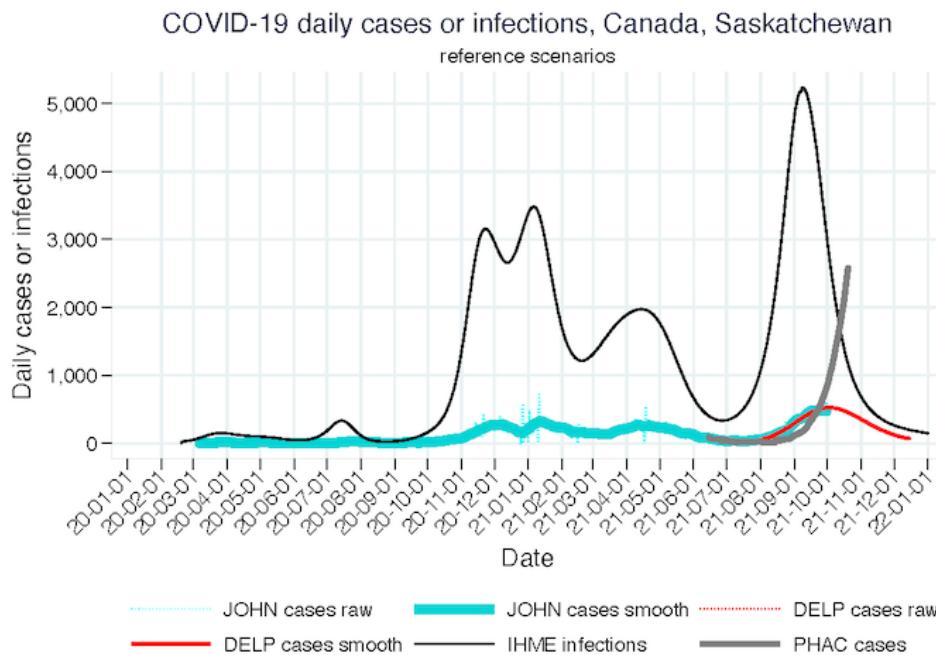
### (2) Saskatchewan [Daily deaths, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



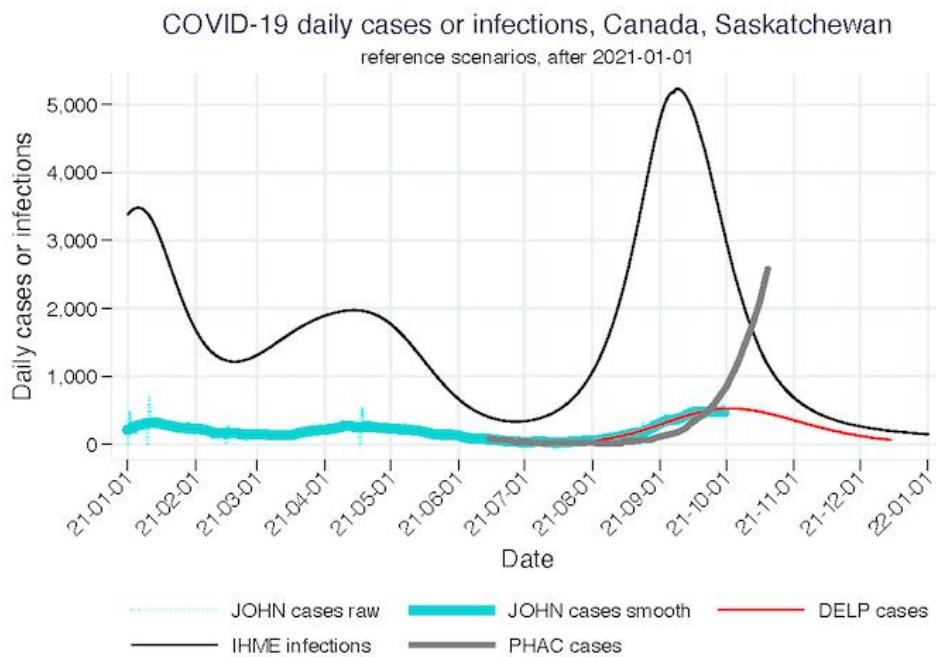
(3) Saskatchewan [Daily deaths, 3 scenarios, 2021](#)



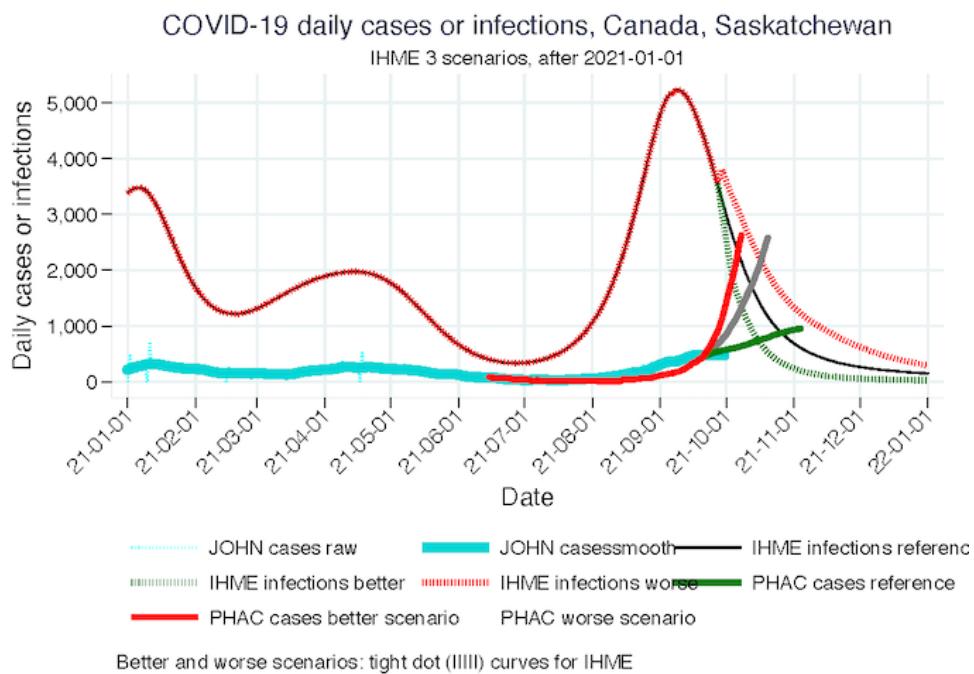
(4) Saskatchewan [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, all time](#)



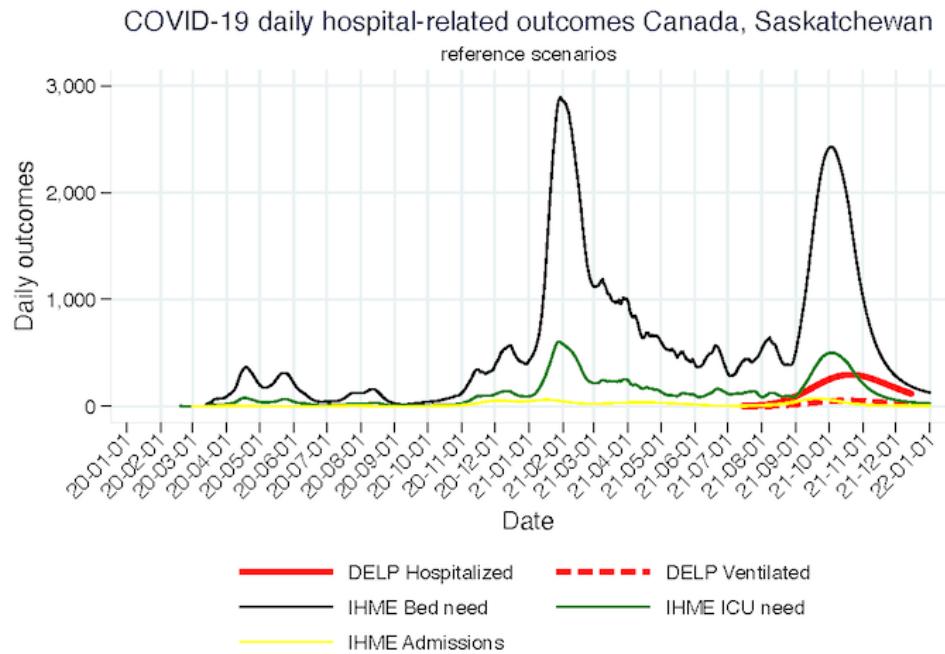
(5) Saskatchewan [Daily cases or infections, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



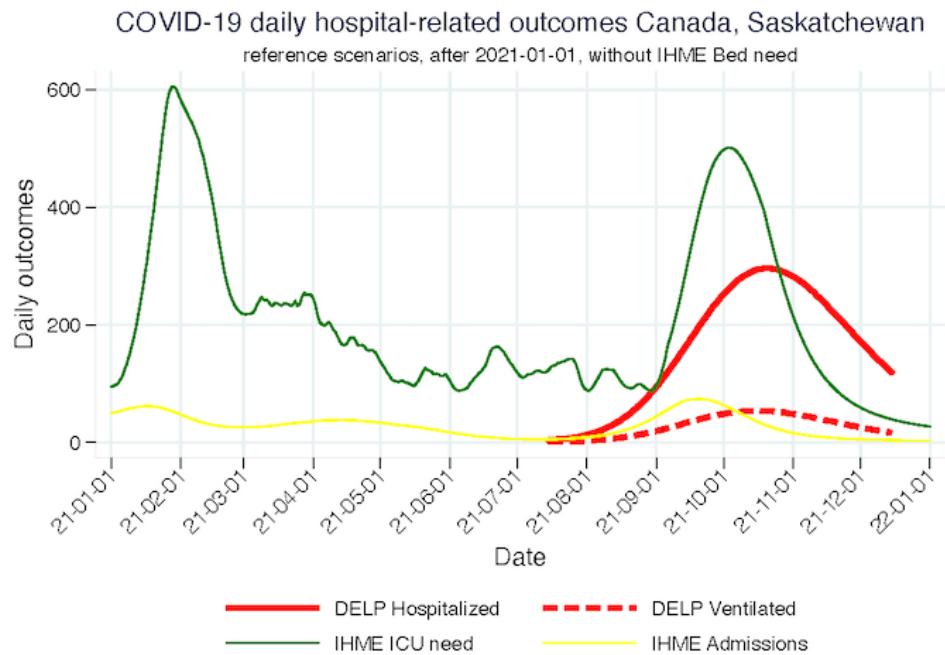
(6) Saskatchewan [Daily cases or infections, 3 scenarios, 2021](#)



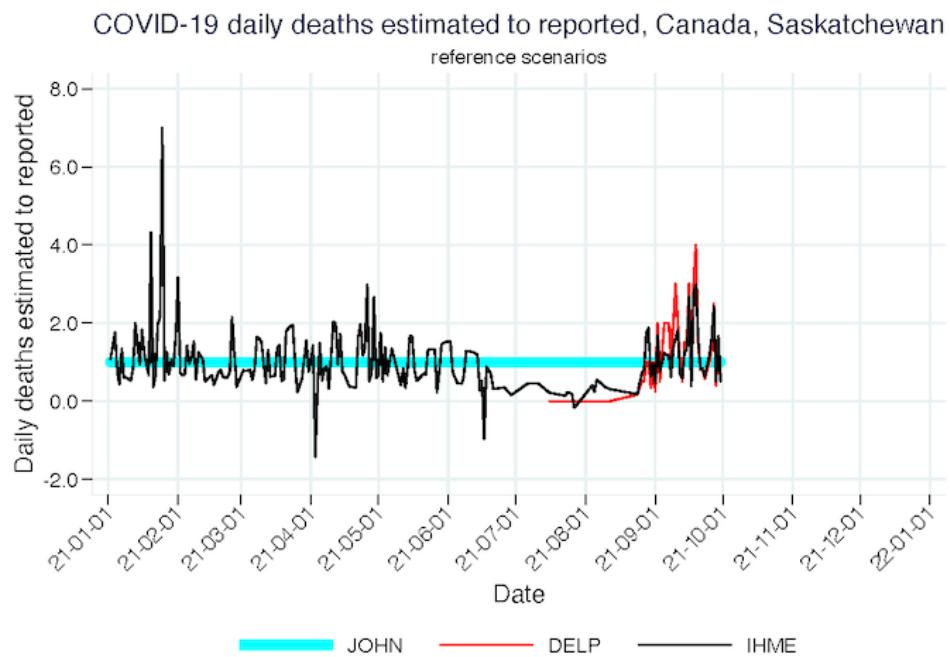
(7) Saskatchewan [Hospital-related outcomes, all time](#)



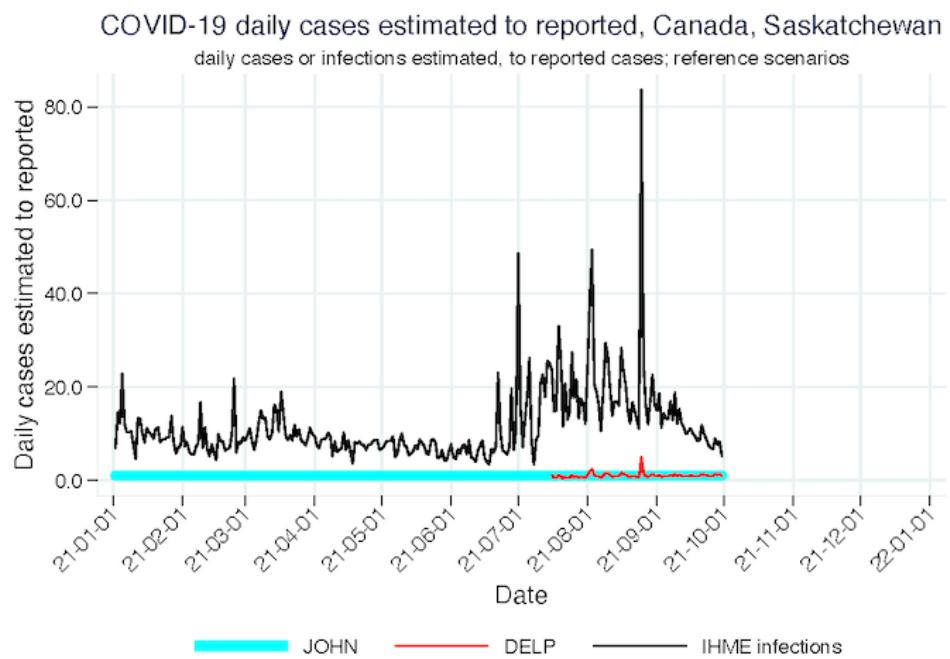
(8) Saskatchewan [Hospital-related outcomes, 2021, without IHME Bed need and IMPE Hospital demand](#)



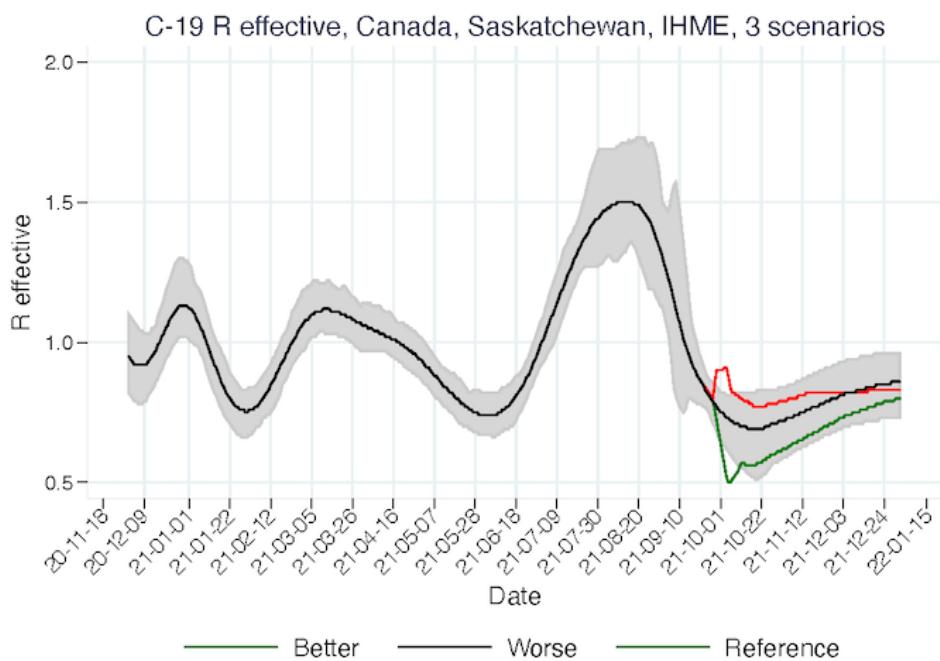
(9) Saskatchewan [Daily deaths estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



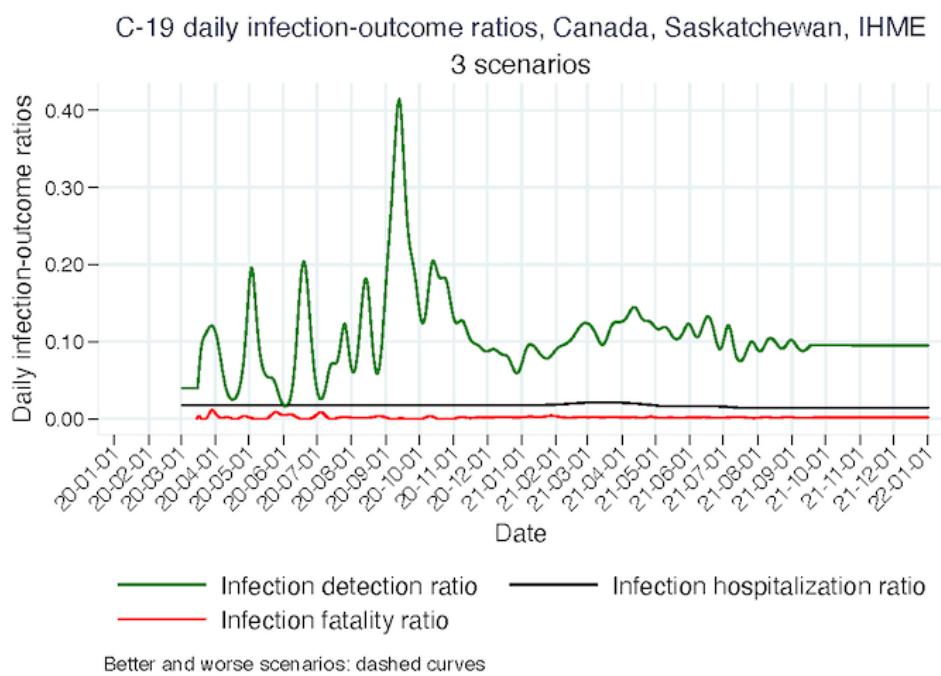
(10) Saskatchewan [Daily cases or infections estimated to reported, reference scenarios, 2021](#)



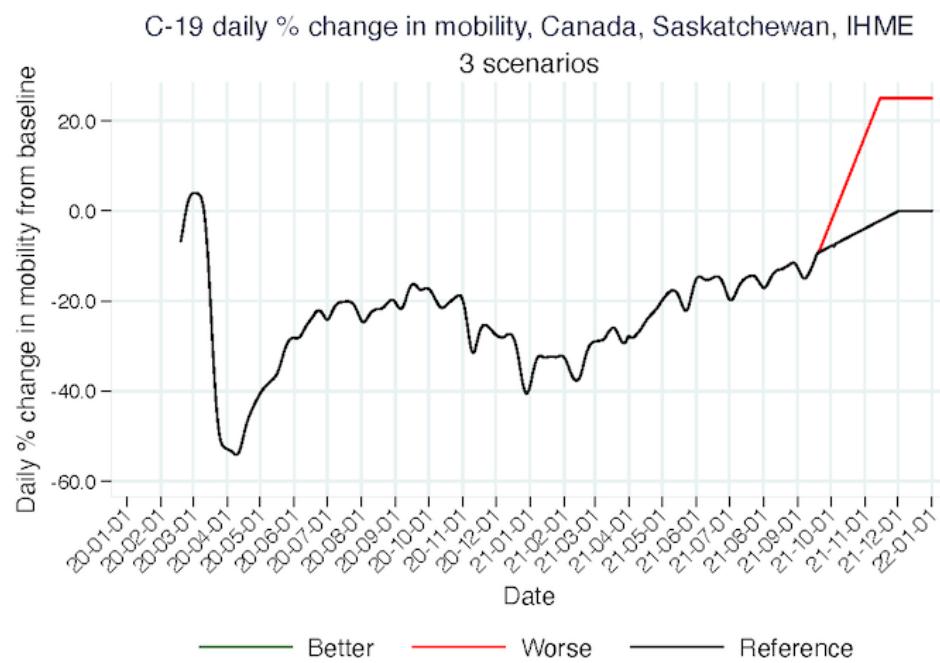
(11) Saskatchewan [R effective, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



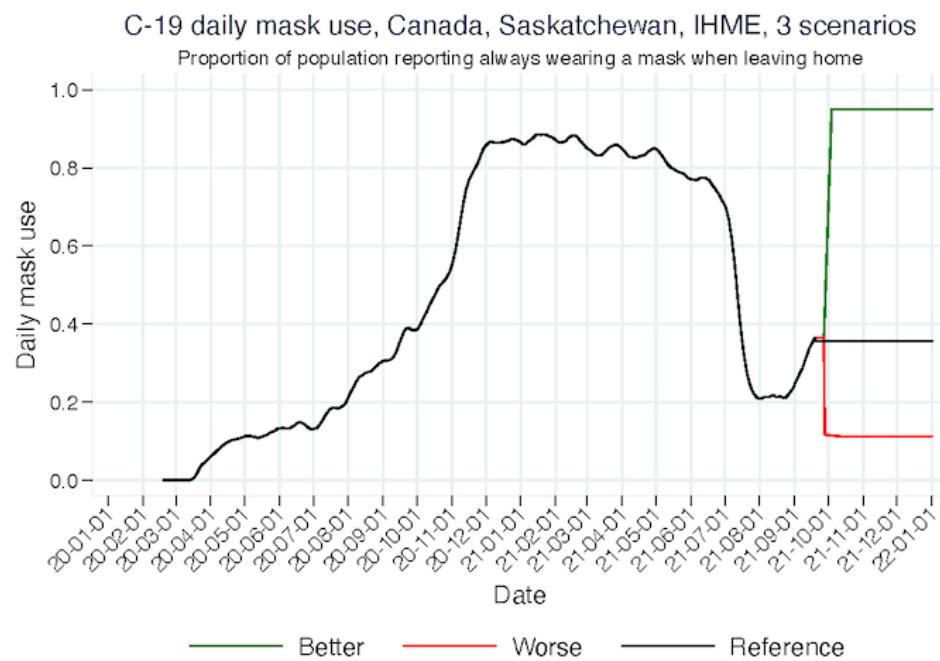
(12) Saskatchewan [Daily Infection-outcomes ratios, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



(13) Saskatchewan [Daily mobility, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



(14) Saskatchewan [Daily mask use, 3 scenarios, IHME](#)



(15) Saskatchewan [Percent cumulative vaccinated, IHME](#)

