

## Take-Home Quiz 5 (Big Data)

1. Use the Map Reduce algorithm to solve the following problems and define exactly Map and Reduce functions.

- Matrix-Vector Multiplication

Solution:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \phantom{x} \\ \phantom{x} \\ \phantom{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \phantom{x} \\ \phantom{x} \\ \phantom{x} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \phantom{x} \\ \phantom{x} \\ \phantom{x} \end{bmatrix}$$

**x**                      **M**                      **v**

- **assumption** : each mapper can load vector **v**
- **map function** : maps  $((i, j), M_{ij})$  to  $((i, M_{ij} v_j)$
- **reduce function** : receives  $(i, [M_{i1} v_1, \dots, M_{in} v_n])$   
 sums all values of the list of a key  $i$ , i.e.,  $x_i = \sum_{j=1}^n M_{ij} v_j$   
 produces  $(i, x_i)$

- Matrix Multiplication

Solution:

<http://www.mathcs.emory.edu/~cheung/Courses/554/Syllabus/9-parallel/matrix-mult.html>

2. In which cases Map Reduce algorithm cant solve the problem efficiently? (At least two cases should be mentioned and the cause of each should be briefly explained).

Solution:

<https://www.andrew.cmu.edu/course/14-848/applications/ln/graphlab.pdf>

3. Choose which framework is better in each of tasks below, Spark or Hadoop? Why? Solution:

- Getting monthly report from all sale data in Digikala website : Hadoop, because it is batch processing.

- Processing big social networks like twitter: Saprk, because it has good graph libraries.
- Real-time fraud detection with all camera data in the city: Spark, because it can do near real-time processing.