```
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
# 1. 2-sample vs paired t-test setup
# a.
set.seed(1810)
A <- rnorm(10)
B <- rnorm(10)
C < -0.5 + (0.8*A) + (sqrt(1-0.8^2)*B)
B <- 0.5 + B
qplot(A,binwidth=0.1)
qplot(B,binwidth=0.1)
qplot(C,binwidth=0.1)
# b. two-sample t-test
prob1 <- t.test(A,B)</pre>
prob1
#?pt
#standard error
se \leftarrow sqrt((((sd(A))^2)/length(A)) + (((sd(B))^2)/length(B)))
# welch's 2-sample t-ratio
t <- (mean(A)-mean(B)) / se
p <- 2*pt(t,prob1$parameter)</pre>
# c. paired t-test
#prob1b <- t.test(A,B,paired = TRUE)</pre>
diffs <- A-B
prob1b <- t.test(diffs)</pre>
prob1b
seb <- (sd(diffs) / (sqrt(length(diffs))))</pre>
```

```
#seb <- sd(diffs) / (sqrt(8))
tb <- mean(diffs) / seb
pb <- 2*pt(tb,prob1b$parameter)</pre>
#fun1 <- (sd(diffs) / (sqrt(length(diffs))))</pre>
#fun2 <- (sd(diffs) / sqrt(prob1b$parameter))</pre>
# d. comparison (see Homework6_answers.pdf)
# e.
prob1e <- t.test(A,C)</pre>
#prob1e
prob1eb <- t.test(A,C,paired = TRUE)</pre>
#prob1eb
q1_data <- data.frame(
 obs=rep(1:10,3),
 value=c(A,B,C),
 group=rep(c("A","B","C"),each=10)
)
q1_data
# Histograms for each sample
qplot(value, data = q1_data) + facet_wrap(~ group, ncol = 1)
# Relationship between pairs of observations, A & B
qplot(group, value, data = filter(q1_data, group != "C"),
   group = obs, geom = c("point", "line"))
# Relationship between pairs of observations, A & C
qplot(group, value, data = filter(q1_data, group != "B"),
   group = obs, geom = c("point", "line"))
```

```
# 2. Language transcriptionist
q2_data <- data.frame(
 "sn" = c(1:7),
 "e" = c(15,19,45,35,67,13,33),
 "f" = c(16,18,60,54,70,11,34)
)
# b.
prob2b <- t.test(q2_data[,"e"],q2_data[,"f"],paired = TRUE)</pre>
#prob2b
#3. Chemist
q3_data <- data.frame(
# "r" = c(1:8),
 "e" = c(456,222,567,344,222,334,543,447),
 "f" = c(343,242,990,222,344,455,600,323)
)
# b.
prob3b <- t.test(q3_data[,"e"],q2_data[,"f"])</pre>
#prob3b
```