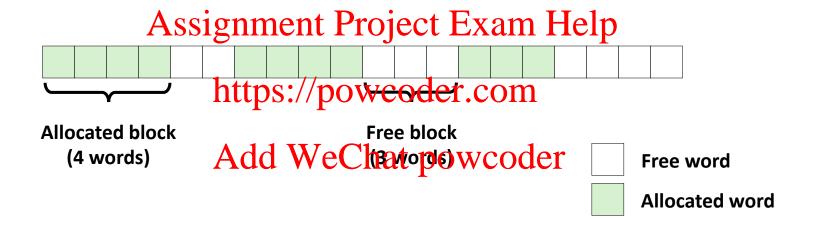
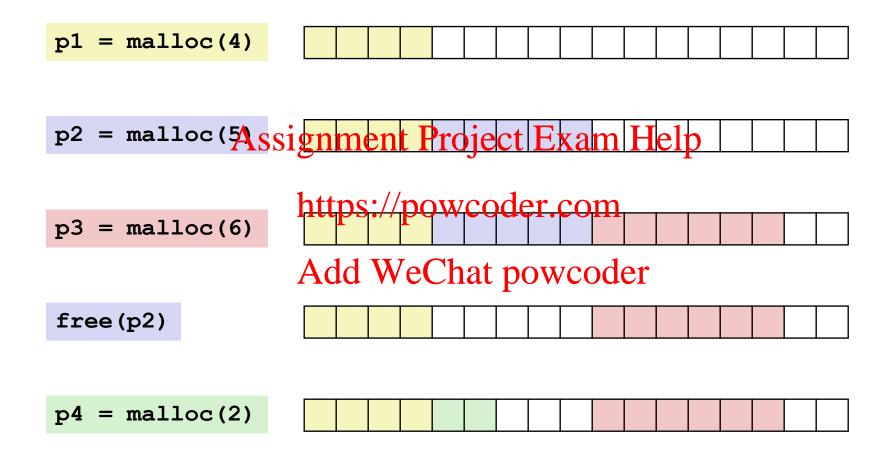
Heap assumptions for lecture

Memory is word addressed (each word can hold a pointer)



Allocation Example



Constraints

Applications

- Can issue arbitrary sequence of malloc and free requests
- free request must be to a malloc'd block

Allocators Assignment Project Exam Help

- Can't control number or size of allocated blocks https://bowcoder.com
- Must respond immediately to malloc requests
 - i.e., can't reopher wifer negro postswooder
- Must allocate blocks from free memory
 - *i.e.*, can only place allocated blocks in free memory
- Must align blocks so they satisfy all alignment requirements
 - 8 byte alignment for GNU malloc (libc malloc) on Linux boxes
- Can manipulate and modify only free memory
- Can't move the allocated blocks once they are malloc'd
 - i.e., compaction is not allowed

Performance Goal: Throughput

- Given some sequence of malloc and free requests:
 - $R_0, R_1, ..., R_k, ..., R_{n-1}$
- Assignment Project Exam Help
 Goals: maximize throughput and peak memory utilization
 - These goals are offense fire the seals are offense from the seals are off

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- Throughput:
 - Number of completed requests per unit time
 - Example:
 - 5,000 malloc calls and 5,000 free calls in 10 seconds
 - Throughput is 1,000 operations/second

Performance Goal: Peak Memory Utilization

- Given some sequence of malloc and free requests:
 - \blacksquare $R_0, R_1, ..., R_k, ..., R_{n-1}$
- Def: Aggregate payload P_k

 - After request R_k has completed, the aggregate payload P_k is the sum of currently allocated to the contract of the con
- Def: Current heap size Hard WeChat powcoder
 Assume H_k is monotonically nondecreasing
 - - i.e., heap only grows when allocator uses sbrk
- **Def:** Peak memory utilization after k requests
 - $U_k = (\max_{i < k} P_i) / H_k$