

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**15-351 / 15-650 / 02-613 (Fall 2019): Midterm #2**

Note: Please solve each of the following problems. This is a closed-notes and closed-book exam. You also should not use your laptops and cell phones. If you need additional space, use the back of the exam pages and indicate that you did so.

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**Problem 1.** (25 points) *Short answer.* (i-v: 4 pts per question; vi: 5 pts)

i. What is the worst possible insertion order in a binary search tree?

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ii. What is the worst-case running time to insert a key into a skip list?

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iii. After we insert a value  $x$  into a splay tree, where will be  $x$  in the tree?

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iv. Recall the dynamic programming recurrence for RNA folding. In what order should you solve the  $\text{OPT}(i, j)$  subproblems? Why?

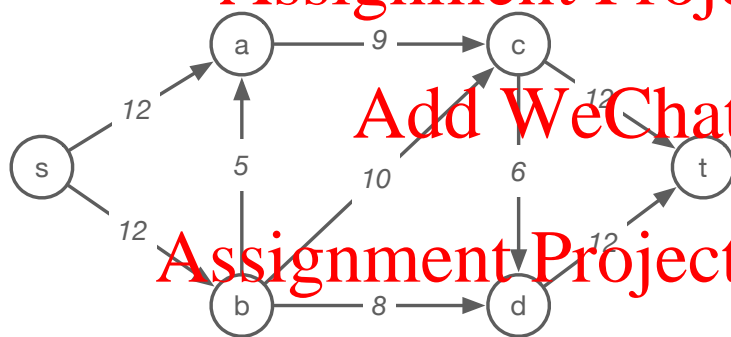
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v. We can use network flow to solve maximum bipartite matching. Suppose there are  $2n$  nodes and  $m$  edges in the bipartite graph  $G$ . What is the runtime to find maximum bipartite matching in  $G$ ?

vi. Provide a short proof: Let  $f$  be an  $s - t$  flow and  $(A, B)$  be an  $s - t$  cut. Then  $v(f) = f^{\text{out}}(A) - f^{\text{in}}(A)$ , where  $v(f)$  is the value of the flow being sent out from  $s$ .

**Problem 2.** (25 points) Use Ford-Fulkerson algorithm to solve the max-flow problem based on the following network where the capacity of each edge has been labeled.

- (15 pts) Draw, separately, the residual graph when you *cannot* find any augmenting path any more (i.e., when Ford-Fulkerson algorithm stops).
- (5 pts) Draw the max-flow on the original graph below, i.e., write down the flow for all the edges after running Ford-Fulkerson. Specify the corresponding quantity of the max-flow of this network.
- (5 pts) Draw/Indicate the cut that will give the minimum cut.



**Problem 3.** (25 points) A subsequence is a sequence that can be derived from another sequence by deleting characters without changing the relative ordering of the remaining characters. For example, “ABD” is a subsequence of “ACBFDG”. The longest common subsequence (LCS) problem asks for the longest subsequence that is common to both input strings. For example, let  $s_1 = \text{“ACBFDG”}$  and  $s_2 = \text{“CAXBFWG”}$ . The longest common subsequence of  $s_1$  and  $s_2$  is “CBFG”.

Design a dynamic programming algorithm to find the LCS between two input strings. Briefly explain why your algorithm is correct and provide runtime analysis.

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**Problem 4.** (25 points) You are designing an exam for a class. You have a collection of problems  $P = p_1, \dots, p_n$ . Each problem has an estimated time  $t(p_i)$  in minutes that you think it will take a prepared student to answer. Each problem also has a quality score  $q(p_i)$  that is your estimation of how good a problem it is (higher  $q(p_i)$  means a better problem). Your class will have  $K$  minutes to take the exam.

i. (25 pts) Design a dynamic programming algorithm to select a subset of problems from  $P$  such that: (1) the total time to take the test is  $\leq K$ , and (2) the sum of the qualities of the selected problems is as large as possible.

ii. (Extra credit - 15 pts) Now suppose that you have — in addition to the information above — a subset of “concepts”  $C = \{c_1, \dots, c_m\}$  that you want to test (for example  $c_1 = \text{“dynamic programming”}$ ), and each problem tests one concept  $v(p_i) \in C$  (for example, problem  $p_1$  might test concept  $v(p_1) = \text{“network flow”}$ ). Design a dynamic programming recurrence that selects a set of problems from  $P$  that (1) can be completed in  $\leq K$  minutes, (2) tests every concept in  $C$  at least once (it can test a concept more than once), and (3) maximizes the sum of the qualities of the selected problems. Assume  $|C|$  is a small constant.

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For both questions, briefly describe why the algorithm is correct and provide runtime analysis.

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