

Introduction to AI -Tutorial NAF for NMR-

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SLDNF

Apply SLDNF to compute all possible answers for $p(X)$ given S :

$p(X) \leftarrow q(X), \text{ not } r(X), \text{ not } s(X)$

$q(1) \leftarrow$

$q(2) \leftarrow$

$q(3) \leftarrow$

$r(2) \leftarrow$

$r(X) \leftarrow \text{not } t(X)$

$s(X) \leftarrow u(X)$

$t(1) \leftarrow$

$t(3) \leftarrow t(3)$

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SLDNF – sample solutions

$\leftarrow p(X)$

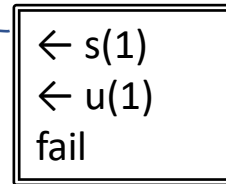
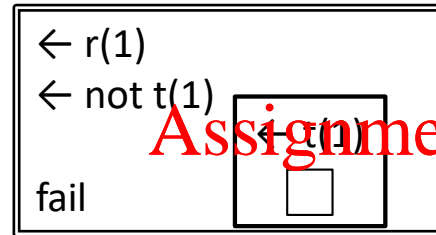
$\leftarrow q(X), \text{not } r(X), \text{not } s(X)$

$\{X/1\}$

$\leftarrow \text{not } r(1), \text{not } s(1)$

$\leftarrow \text{not } s(1)$

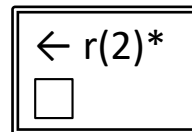
☐ $\{X/1\}$



Backtrack: $\{X/2\}$

$\leftarrow \text{not } r(2), \text{not } s(2)$

fail

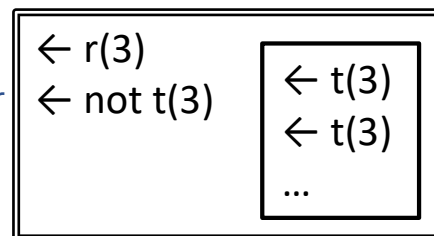


*no need to try the other clause

Retry $\{X/3\}$

$\leftarrow \text{not } r(3), \text{not } s(3)$

Loop!



Computed answers: $\{X/1\}$

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SLDNF and safe selection of sub-goals

Given $S = \{p(X) \leftarrow q(X,Y), \text{not } r(Y), q(2,3) \leftarrow, r(4) \leftarrow\}$ and $P = p(X)$

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1. Apply SLDNF with a safe selection of sub-goals to compute an answer for P, giving the answer explicitly
2. Explain why a non-safe selection of sub-goals might give an incorrect answer to P

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SLDNF and safe selection of sub-goals – possible solutions

Given $S = \{p(X) \leftarrow q(X,Y), \text{ not } r(Y), q(2,3) \leftarrow, r(4) \leftarrow\}$ and $P = p(X)$

1. $\leftarrow p(X)$

$\leftarrow \underline{q(X,Y)}, \text{ not } r(Y)$

$\{X/2, Y/3\}$

$\leftarrow \text{not } r(3)$

$\square \{X/2\}$

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$\leftarrow r(3)$

fail

2. A non-safe selection of sub-goals may select $\text{not } r(Y)$ at step 2 in the derivation above and fail (by succeeding in proving $r(4)$ in a sub-computation)

NAF semantics

$S = \{ p(X) \leftarrow q(X), \text{not } r(X), \text{not } s(X), q(1) \leftarrow, q(2) \leftarrow, q(3) \leftarrow, r(2) \leftarrow, r(X) \leftarrow \text{not } t(X), s(X) \leftarrow u(X), t(1), t(3) \leftarrow t(3) \}$

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1) What is the completion of S ? <https://powcoder.com>

2) Determine whether

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$\text{Comp}(S) \models p(1), \text{Comp}(S) \models \neg p(1)$

$\text{Comp}(S) \models p(2), \text{Comp}(S) \models \neg p(2)$

$\text{Comp}(S) \models p(3), \text{Comp}(S) \models \neg p(3)$

3) Determine all stable models of S

NAF semantics – sample solutions

$S = \{ p(X) \leftarrow q(X), \text{not } r(X), \text{not } s(X), q(1) \leftarrow, q(2) \leftarrow, q(3) \leftarrow, r(2) \leftarrow, r(X) \leftarrow \text{not } t(X), s(X) \leftarrow u(X), t(1), t(3) \leftarrow t(3) \}$

- 1) CET+ $p(X) \leftrightarrow q(X) \wedge \neg r(X) \wedge \neg \text{not } s(X)$ **Assignment Project Exam Help**
 $q(X) \leftrightarrow X=1 \vee X=2 \vee X=3$ **<https://powcoder.com>**
 $r(X) \leftrightarrow X=2 \vee \neg \text{not } t(X)$ **Add WeChat powcoder**
 $s(X) \leftrightarrow u(X)$
 $t(X) \leftrightarrow X=1 \vee (X=3 \wedge t(X))$
 $u(X) \leftrightarrow \text{false}$

- 2) $\text{Comp}(S) \models p(1)$
 $\text{Comp}(S) \models \neg p(2)$

NAF semantics – sample solutions

$S = \{ p(X) \leftarrow q(X), \text{not } r(X), \text{not } s(X), q(1) \leftarrow, q(2) \leftarrow, q(3) \leftarrow, r(2) \leftarrow, r(X) \leftarrow \text{not } t(X), s(X) \leftarrow u(X), t(1) \leftarrow, t(3) \leftarrow t(3) \}$

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3) $X = \{q(1), q(2), q(3), r(2), r(3), t(1), p(1)\}$

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Indeed

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- $S^X = \{p(1) \leftarrow q(1), q(1) \leftarrow, q(2) \leftarrow, q(3) \leftarrow, r(2) \leftarrow, r(3) \leftarrow, s(1) \leftarrow u(1), s(2) \leftarrow u(2), s(3) \leftarrow u(3), t(1) \leftarrow, t(3) \leftarrow t(3)\}$
- $\text{LHM}(S^X) = \{q(1), q(2), q(3), r(2), r(3), t(1), p(1)\} = X$