Assignment Project Exam Help

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Add WeChat powcoder

$Assignment\ Project\ Exam\ Help$

Sharing of information or software \rightarrow e.g. editors, compilers, applications. '.'. /powcoder.com

Concurrent access to shared data \rightarrow airline reservation system, ...

Organization and minagement of data peg, convenient use of directories, symbolic names, backups, shapshots, .C. OCCT

File: Named collection of data of arbitrary size

As singum end sin Projection Exam Help

executable	exe, com, bin	read to run machine-language pro-
1	or none	gram -
objetttps	pow pow	Contle figuage, not linked
source code	c, cc, java,	source code in various languages
batchAdd	WhseCh	atnr 20 tVnCondedinter-
	,	preter

What is a file? Assignment Project Exam Help Files https://pow.goder.com VeCleat power Hard links

File User Functions

Create Create empty file. Allocate space and add to directory Deallo a e space. Invalidate or remove directory ent directory for file name. Check access valid and set pointers to file Close Remove pointers to file Acas Gewicoder Comrs Write Access file, update pointers Reposition/seek Set current position in file to given value Rename Change file name Read attributes e.g. creation date, size, archive flag, ... Write attributes e.g. protection, immutable flag, ...

Unix/Linux: File System calls

```
signithent Projectio Exam Help
                           Open a file for reading/writing
 open (file, how, ...)
 close (fd)
                           Closing an open file
                          CeQ Cetton GiOtMiffer
 write (fd, buf, nbytes)
                           Write data from buffer to file
                          Move file pointer
      (name, &buf
                           File locking and other operations
 fnctl (fd, cmd, ...)
```

File System
Support Functions

Logical name to physical disk address translation

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Allocation and deallocation

File latters: powcoder.com

Performance optimisation

Caching and buffering

Back-up and restore

Security

Protection against unauthorised access

File Attributes I

Basic information

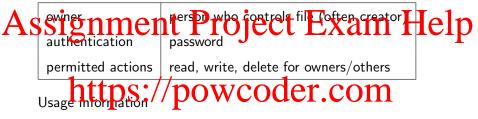
Assignment, Pinary ejecutebe, Lirexan, Help file organisation sequential, random, ...

Address information

volume dd start addresses we Charles Dowcoder cyl, head, sect, LBA powcoder size used

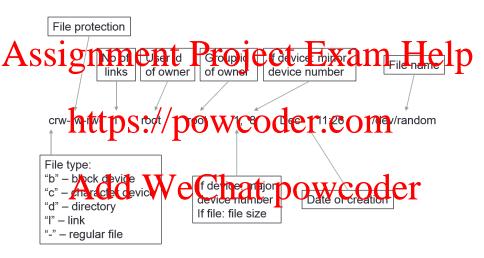
File Attributes II

Access control information



creation timestamp date and time last Activity Chat powcoder last read access activity counts

Unix/Linux: File Attributes



Unix/Linux stat System Call

File attributes can be accessed using system call stat(2) (man 2 stat)

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```
struct stat {
  dev t
                           /* ID of device containing file */
           st_dev;
            st_ing:/
                           /* inode number */
  ing t
                           /* protection */
  nlink t - st nlink:
                           /* number of hard links */
  uid_t
            st_uid;
                           /* user ID of owner */
  gid_t
                            /* group ID of owner */
  struct timespec st_atim; /* time of last access */
  struct timespec st_mtim; /* time of last modification */
  struct timespec st_ctim; /* time of last status change */
};
```

File size naturally variable

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Choosing block size

- Block size too large wastes space for small files (remember management) WCOGET.COM
 - More memory needed for buffer space
- Block size too small wastes space for large files
 A fled over led G erm Tool na poetWtCOder
 - High file transfer time: seek time greater than transfer time

Which allocation works the best?

Assignment Project Exam Help Contiguous file allocation

https://powcoder.com

Index Aloca We Chat powcoder

Contiguous File Allocation I

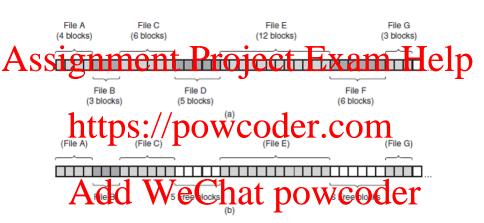
Place file data at contiguous addresses on storage device

Assignment Project Exam Help Successive logical records typically physically adjacent

https://powcoder.com

- Poor performance if files grow and shrink over time
- File graws beyond size or sinally specified and no contiguous free blocks available
 - Must be transferred to new area of adequate size
 - Leads to additional I/O operations

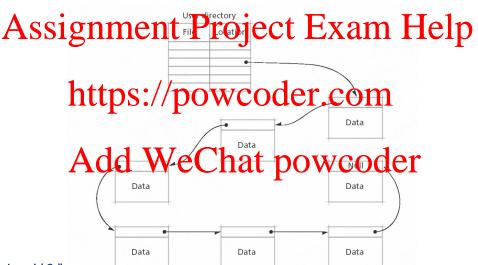
Contiguous File Allocation II



- (a) Contiguous allocation of disk space for seven files
- (b) The state of the disk after files D and F have been removed

Block Linkage (Chaining) I

Place file data by linking them together \Rightarrow insertion/deletion by modifying pointer in previous block



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- Chain must be searched from beginning
- · https://powerdider.com/
 - Many seeks can occur
 - Block-to-block seeks occur

wastes Add space ie Chat powcoder

Block Allocation Table I

Store pointers to file blocks

Assignment and Properties block of file

Assignment and Properties are the properties and Help

Determines location of next block

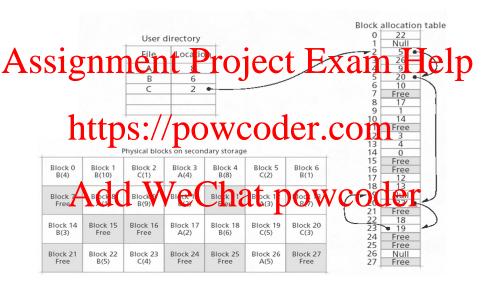
• If current block = last block, set table entry to null

File Antip Sable (DOWN GOOLET (FGO 132)) -> akin to Block Allocation Table

 Stored on disk but cached in memory for performance Add WeChat powcoder
 Reduces number of lengthy seeks to access given record

- ullet But files become fragmented o periodic defragmentation
- Table can get very large

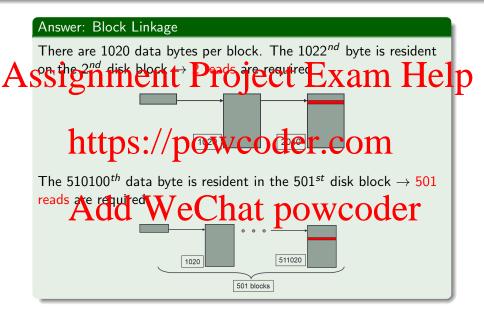
Block Allocation Table II





Consider a disk with a block size of 1024 bytes. Each disk address can be stored in 4 bytes. Block linkage is used for file storage, i.e. each block contains the address of the next block in the file.

- How many brock leads will be needed to access: the 1022^{nd} data byte and the 510100^{th} data byte? Hint: $500 \times 1020 = 510000$ and $498 \times 1024 = 509952$
- If the those this change if a file allogation table (FAT) is used



Answer: FAT

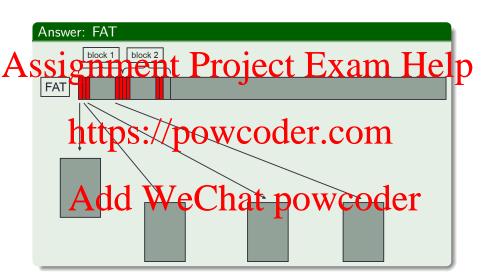
There are 1024 data bytes per block. Each block of the FAT can serential tat Project Exam Help

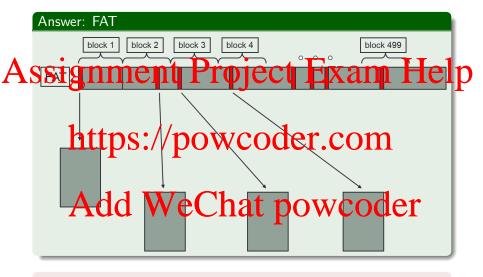
- The 1020th byte is on the 1st block and requires 1 read for the FAT and 1 read for the data block, for a total of 2 reads
- https://powcoder.com
 - At best, all of the first 499 blocks of the file can be represented in 2 FAT blocks

Addrst, We Contate powerder

Either case requires 1 extra read for the data. Hence,

- Best case requires 3 reads
- Worst case requires 500 reads





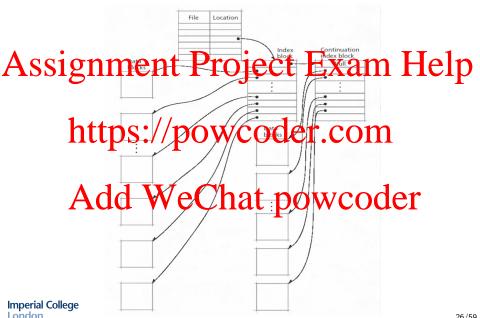
How can we improve?

Each file has one (or more) index blocks

 Chaining → may reserve last few entries in index block to store pointers to/more index blocks1 DLLDS://DOWCOGET.COM

Advantages over simple linked-list implementations

- Searching may take place in index blocks themselves.
- Practibles by kspear coresting QaVA/tGCQ GaTck access to data
- Can cache index blocks in memory for faster access



Unix/Linux: Inodes

Index blocks called inodes (index nodes) in UNIX/Linux Project on the open, of opens inode table inode entry created in memory

Structured as inode on disk, but includes UPS. // POWCOC

- Disk device number
- Anode number (for re-write)
- Num of processes with opened file
- Major/minor device number

inode

Type and access control

Number of links

Uet Xam Help

Group ID

Access time

Modification time

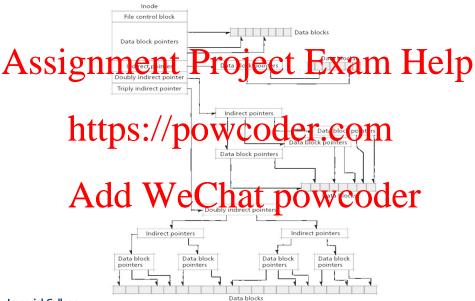
Direct pointer Direct pointer

Owcoder Direct pointer

Indirect pointer

Double indirect pointer

Triple indirect pointer



A special project Exam He In a particular OS, an inode contains 6 direct pointers, 1 pointer to

a (single) indirect block and 1 pointer to a doubly indirect block. Each of these pointers is 8 bytes long. Assume a disk block is 1024 bytes and the Sack in the sack individual in the sack in the sack in the sack in the sack in the s

- What is the maximum file size for this file system?
- indirect pointers? The power of the os would use triply

Answer: Inodes I

SS12nment (detartion est Exam Help

- $+ 128 \times 1024$ (data referenced by single indirect)
- $+ 128^2 \times 1024$ (data referenced by double indirect)

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The maximum file size is:

```
(data directly indexed)
(data referenced by double indirect)
```

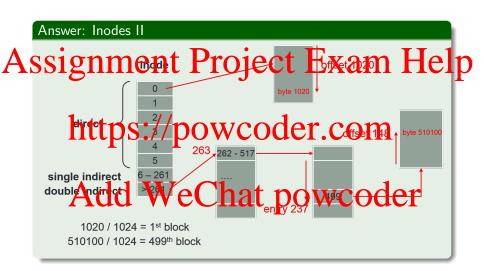
- $+ 128^2 \times 1024$
- $+ 128^3 \times 1024$ (data referenced by triple indirect)
- = 2.02 GB

A Salpertdume in the Route received points of points of

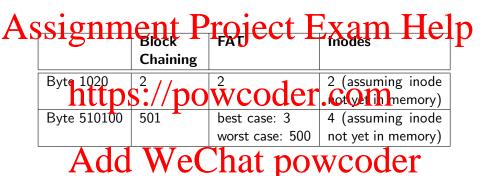
Each of these pointers is 4 bytes long. Assume a disk block is 1024 bytes and that each indirect block fills a single disk block

bytes and that each indirect block fills a single disk block leads will be needed to access:

- the 1020th data byte?
- Add th We Chat powcoder



Summary: File Allocation Examples



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Free Space Management

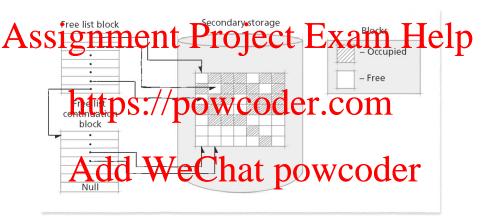
How do we manage a storage device's free space? ski gridmente Profecti Exam Help

Use free list

- liphed list of blocks containing locations of free blocks
 Blocks are allocated from beginning of free list
- Newly-freed blocks appended to end of list

Low Ald do perform Contactin procypertic er

Files likely to be allocated in noncontiguous blocks \rightarrow increases file access time



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Disk block number precision: 32-bit

Number of free blocks each block can held 255 (one block is required for pointer to the next block) de 1. CO The

Hard drive size: 500 GB

Numb Adde ks We Ciohat powcoder

Number of blocks required to store all addresses: 1.9 million $\left(\frac{488}{255}\right)$

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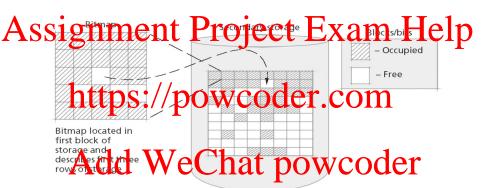
• ith bit corresponds to ith block on disk

Advaltage of bitmable over free lists oder com • Can quickly determine available contiguous blocks at certain

Can quickly determine available contiguous blocks at certain locations on secondary storage

Disadyanted WeChat powcoder • May need to search entire bitmap to find free block, resulting

 May need to search entire bitmap to find free block, resulting in execution overhead



Example Problem

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Hard drive size: 500, GB

Numbttps://powcoder.com

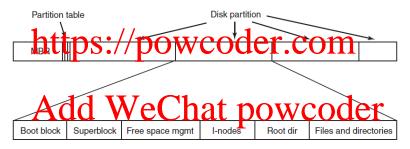
Number of bits required: 488 million

Number of locks white to the pit my (6008) (600000)

File System Layout I

A possible file system layout

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File System Layout II

Fixed disk layout (with inodes)

boot block

Boot block Super block

• superblock iment Project Exam Help

- free block (zone) bitmap
- Free block bitmap inodes + data / https://powcoder.com
 - no of inodes
 - Add WeChat powegder
 - start of inode & free space bitmap
 - first data block
 - block size
 - maximum file size, . . .

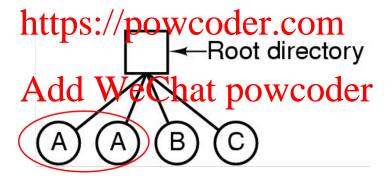
File System Directories

Directory

• Maps symbolic file names to logical disk locations (e.g.

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• Ensures uniqueness of names



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- Stores all files using one directory
- · https://powcoder.com

FS often performs linear search of directory to locate file

• Leads to poor performance Add WeChat powcoder

Little flexibility in terms of file organisation

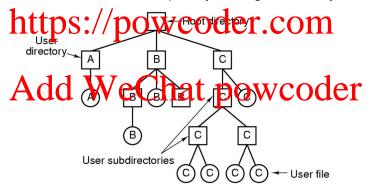
MultiLevel (Tree) Directory Structure

Hierarchical file system

- UNIX, Linux, Windows, Mac, ...
- *Root indicates where on disk root directory begins

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 Each of which contains entries for its files
 - File names need be unique only within given directory



Pathnames

• File names usually given as path from root directory to file

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- Unix/Linux: /homes/axgopala/foo
- Windows: hornes axgonala fooder.com

Relative pathnames

- Relative to working (or current) directory
 And Ganged unit called than DOWCODET
- Displayed with pwd
- Current directory: .
- Parent directory: ...

Directory Operations

open/close	Open or close a directory			
search	Find file in directory system using pattern matching Constring wide declarers EX am He			
91511111	on string widted the acters I Adill III			
create/delete	Create or delete files/directories			
link	Create link to file			
unlinattas	Per power directory as current one			
change directory	Opens new directory as current one			
list	Lists or displays files in directory $ ightarrow$ implemented as			
A 11	multiple read entry operations			
read attribut s	We what powcoder			
write attributes	Change attributes of file, e.g. protection information			
	or name			
mount	Creates link in directory to directory in different file			
	system, e.g. on another disk or remote server			
	create/delete link unlinhttps change directory list read Attitues			

Unix/Linux: Directory System Calls

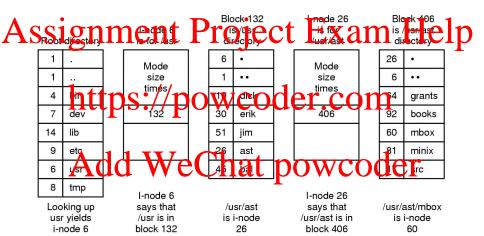
System Call Description signment. Frojecte wann Hel s = rmdir (path) Remove directory Create a new (hard) link = link (oldpath, newpath) Change working directory = chdir (path) = closedir (dir) Close directory dirent = readdir (dir) Read one entry from directory rewinddir (dir) Rewind directory to re-read

Linux: Directory Representation

```
Assignment Project Exam Help
```

Unix/Linux: Looking Up File Names

Steps in looking up /usr/ast/mbox



Links

Link: Reference to directory/file in another part of FS

• Allows alternative names (and different locations in tree)

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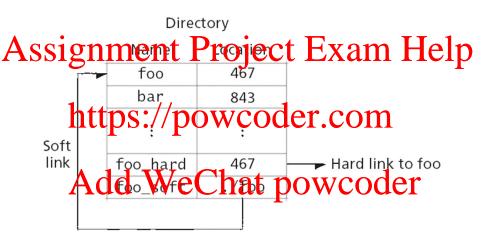
• Only supported for files in Unix

Symbrittp Sink/powder.com

Created as directory entry

Problems dd. We Chat powcoder File defetion: Search for links and prove them over them.

- Leave links and cause exception when used (symbolic links)
- Keep $\underline{\mathsf{link}}$ count with file \to delete file when count = 0 (hard links)
- Looping: directory traversal algorithms may loop



Mounting I

Mount operation

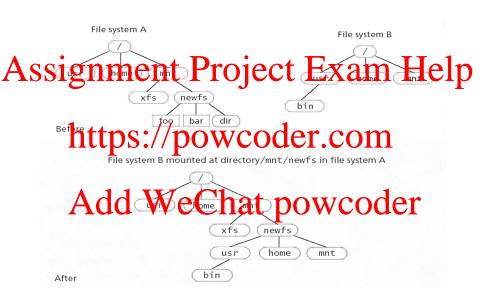
- Assignment or Psino page text. Xam Help
 - Support for soft-links to files in mounted FSs but not hard-links

Mount the property of the prop

Directory in native FS assigned to root of mounted FS

FSs managed bunker die Core at power oder

- Information about location of mount points and devices
- When native FS encounters mount point, use mount table to determine device and type of mounted FS



features

Assignment Project Exam Help Goal: high-performance, robust F3 with support for advanced

Typichttps://op.ow.coder.com

Safety mechanism: 5% of blocks reserved for root

• All words process consumes all FS disk space

ext2fs Inode

Represents files and directories in ext2 FS

Stores information relevant to single file/directory \rightarrow e.g. time

stamps, permissions, owner pointers to data blocks Help

- First 12 pointers directly locate 12 data blocks
- http://epoweroder.com
- 14th pointer is a doubly-indirect pointer

Adds Wed hatepowcoder

- 15th pointer is triply-indirect pointer
 - Locates block of doubly indirect pointers

Provides fast access to small files, while supporting very large files

ext2fs Block Groups I

Block groups

• Clusters of contiguous blocks

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Block group structure

- · https://poweoder.com
 - e.g. total num of blocks and inodes, size of block groups, time
 FS was mounted, . . .

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Superblock	Group descriptors	Block allocation bitmap	Inode allocation bitmap	Inode table	Data blocks
					22

Block group

ext2fs Block Groups II

Inode table: Contains entry for each inode in block group

Inode allocation bitmap: Inodes used within block group

ssignment Profestill xam Help Group descriptor: block numbers for location of:

inode table

- interpretation in the properties of the properti
- block allocation bitmap
- accounting information Add WeChat powcoder

 Data blocks: Remaining blocks store fle/directory data

- Directory information stored in directory entries
- Each directory entry is composed of: inode number, directory entry length, file name length, file type, file name

