Final Exam

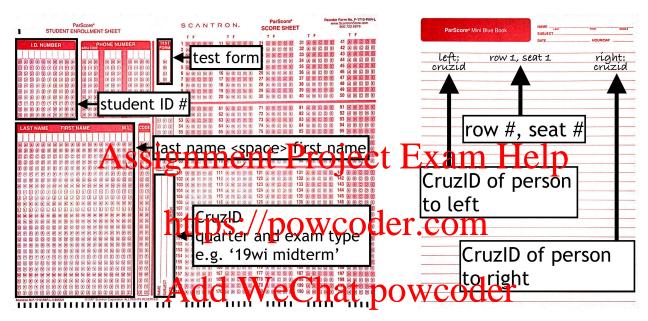
CMPE 012: Computer Systems and Assembly Language

University of California, Santa Cruz

DO NOT BEGIN UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

This exam is closed book and closed notes. Only 4-function calculators are permitted. Answers must be marked on the Scantron form to be graded. All work must be written on the exam.

On the Scantron form, bubble in your name, student ID number, and test form (found in the footer of subsequent pages). In the center of the page write your CruzID, quarter, and exam type. On the back of the page, write the CruzIDs of students sitting to your left and right, and your row and seat number. See below.



On this page, write your last name, first name, CruzID, row and seat numbers, and the CruzIDs of the people to your immediate left and right. Once you are permitted to begin, write your CruzID on all subsequent pages of the exam.

You must sit in your assigned seat. Keep your student or government issued ID on your desk. Brimmed hats must be removed or turned around backwards. Only unmarked water bottles are permitted. Backpacks must be placed at the front of the room or along the walls. Your cell phone must be on a setting where it will not make noise or vibrate.

There are 42 questions on this exam; you only need to answer 40 for full points. The additional two questions (of your choosing) will be counted as extra credit. All questions are multiple choice, and some questions have more than one correct answer. You must mark all correct answers to receive credit for a question. Some true/false questions might list False as answer A and True as answer B. Follow the answers on the exam, NOT the T F notation on the Scantron Form. You will have 120 minutes to complete this exam.

Row #	Seat #	CruzID	
Your Last Name		Your First Name	
CruzID of person to left		CruzID of person to right	

Assignment Project Exam Help

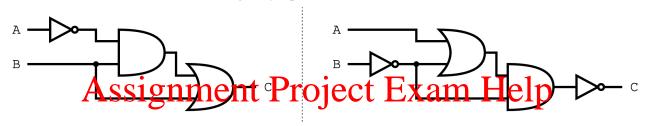
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CMPE 12 Final - Version A

Spring 2019

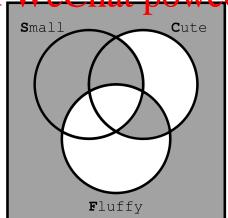
Combinational Logic & Boolean Algebra

1. True or False: These two circuits are logically equivalent.



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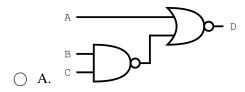
- O A. True
- O B. False
- 2. Select the Boolean expressions that thing the gree filled areas of this Venn diagram.



- $\bigcirc \quad \text{A.} \quad SCF + \bar{S}C\bar{F} + S\bar{C}F + \bar{S}\bar{C}F$
- \bigcirc B. $SCF + \bar{C}F + \bar{S}C\bar{F}$
- \bigcirc C. $\bar{S}\bar{C}\bar{F} + S\bar{F} + \bar{S}FC$
- O. Correct answer not listed
- \bigcirc E. $\bar{S}\bar{C}\bar{F} + \bar{S}F + S\bar{F}C + CF$

3. Which circuit matches this truth table?

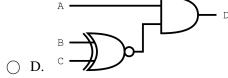
	Ъ		Б
A	В	C	D
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

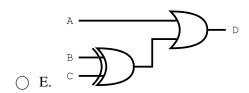


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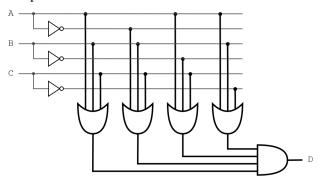
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- 4. What kind of multiplexor has 3 select lines?
 - A. 3-to-1
 - O B. 2-to-1
 - O. C. 16-to-1
 - O D. 8-to-1
 - O E. 9-to-1
- 5. What equation does this PLA represent?

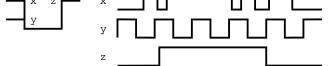


- $\bigcirc \quad \text{A.} \quad (\bar{A}+B+C)(A+\bar{B}+\bar{C})(A+B+C)(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+\bar{C})$
- OB. (ĀĀĒSŠ) ABDĪDENTĒJĒCT Exam Help
- $\bigcirc D. \quad (A+B+C)(A+\bar{B}+\bar{C})(\bar{A}+B+\bar{C})(\bar{A}+\bar{B}+\bar{C})$
- \bigcirc E. $(A+B+C)(\bar{A}+B+C)(A+\bar{B}+C)(A+B+\bar{C})$

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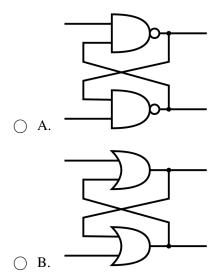
Sequential Logic

6. What device does this time of gram whereart? hat powcoder



- A. D flip flop, edge triggered
- B. D-R latch
- O. D latch, level triggered
- O. S-R latch, active high
- E. S-R latch, active low

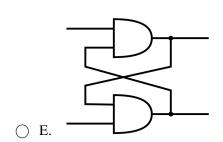
7. Which of the following circuits can form a latch?











Integers

8.	What is 1230 ₄ in base 32? Assume $A_{32} = 10$, $B_{32} = 11$,, $G_{32} = 16$, etc.
	\bigcirc A. $3C_{32}$
	\bigcirc B. $3D_{32}$
	\bigcirc C. BT_{32}
	\bigcirc D. $3C0_{32}$
	\bigcirc E. $4D_{32}$
9.	What is the range of values for an integer in 8-bit sign-magnitude representation?
	○ A127 to 128
	○ B127 to 127
	○ C. 0 to 255
	○ D128 to 127
	○ E128 to 128
10.	Extend the following 4-bit sign-magnitude value to 8-bits: 0b1101
	() A. 0b11111101
	○ B. 0b00001101
	O. C. 0b10001101
	O D. Open Sprenment Project Exam Help
	O C. Object Object Exam Help O E. Object Object Exam Help
11.	What is the decimal equivalent of the 8-bit two's complement number 0b10010111?
	O A105 O B151 https://powcoder.com
	O C. 151
	O D. 105
	Ö E104 Add WeChat powcoder
12.	Convert 210_3 to base 5.
	○ A. 21 ₅
	\bigcirc B. 41_{10}
	\bigcirc C. 210_5
	O D. 211 ₅
	○ E. 41 ₅
13.	What is the lowest number that can be represented using 8-bit bias 127 representation?
	○ A. 127
	○ B127
	○ C256
	O D. 0
	○ E128
14.	Convert the 8-bit two's complement number 0b11001101 to 8-bit sign-magnitude representation.
	() A. 0b11001100
	○ B. 0b01001100
	○ C. 0b00110011
	O D. 0b01001101
	○ E. 0b10110011

15.	○ A.	
	○ B.	0xF
	○ C.	0xff 0xfff
	_	0x3F
	O L .	UNOI
Fr	actions	& Floating Point
16.	Which IE	EE 754 single precision floating point number is furthest from zero? 0x4479C000
	_	0xC47A0000
	_	0x41300000
	\circ	0xC25C0000
	-	0x431B0000
17.	Convert tl	he decimal value 51.8 ₁₀ to unsigned fractional binary
		$110011.\overline{1100}$
	○ B.	110011.0001
	○ C.	110011.0001 110011.1100 110011.1100
	O D.	110011.1160
	_	110011.0001
18.	Which IE	EE 754 single pretition footing point number has the argest positive exponent?
	_	0x43F7999A
	○ C.	0xC3018000
	○ D.	0xc236666Add WeChat powcoder
	○ E.	
19.		the floating point number 0x40400000 to unsigned binary.
	○ A.	0b101
	\bigcirc B.	0b001
	○ C.○ D.	0b011 0b110
	○ D.○ E.	0b110 0b010
	○ L .	0.5010

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Strings

20. What is printed to the screen in this MIPS program?

```
.data
P1: .space 27
P2: .asciiz "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUZWXYZ"
    la $t0, P1
L1:
      addi $t1, $zero, 26
      addi $t2, $zero, 97  # ascii value for 'a'
L2:
           $t2, ($t0)
      sb
      addi $t1, $t1,
                       -1
      begz $t1, GLUE
      addi $t0, $t0, 1
addi $t2, $t2, 1
                           # increment address
                            # increment ascii value
           L2.
```

GLUE: 11 Assignment Project Exam Help

la \$a0, P1 syscall

syscall

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- O A. abcdefghijklm prisul www eChat powcoder
- B. ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUZWXYZ
- C. Correct answer not listed; runtime error
- ① D. abcdefghijklmnopgrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUZWXYZ
- E. 27
- 21. Decode the following ASCII string. Values are given in hex:

49 20 68 61 76 65 20 74 68 65 20 68 69 67 68 20 67 72 6f 75 6e 64 21.

- A. I have the high ground!
- O B. I have no idea what the other sentences mean.
- O. It's over Anakin!
- O D. You underestimate my power!
- O E. Don't try it.

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Arithmetic & Logical Operations

22. What is the result of a bit-wise XOR performed on the following 8-bit binary numbers:

```
0b 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0
⊕ 0b 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0
```

- B. 0b00011100
- C. 0b10111110
- D. 0b11100011
- O E. 0b10100010
- 23. What is the result of a shift right arithmetic by three and a shift right logical by three of the 8-bit number $10010110 = 0 \times 96$? The operations are performed independently of each other.
 - \bigcirc A. 0x12 and 0x12
 - B. 0xB0 and 0xB7
 - \bigcirc C. 0x12 and 0xF2
 - O D. O A Signment Project Exam Help
- 24. Which of these 8-bit two's complement computations has carry out but no overflow? Select all that apply.

 - \bigcirc C. 0x7F + 0x70 = 0xEF
 - \bigcirc D. 0x89 + 0xFF = 0x88
 - Ö E. 0xA7 + 0xAddoWeChat powcoder

Memory

25. Assume a little endian memory system. What is stored in \$s0 after the following program is executed?

.data

flux: .word 0xC0FFEEEE

some data: .byte 0xFE 0xED 0xBB

some more data: .byte 0xCE 1 2 0x00

.text

la \$t1 some_more_data

lw \$t0 (\$t1)

sb \$t0 2(\$t1)

lw \$s0 (\$t1)

- A. 0x00CE01CE
- B. 0x000200CE
- O. C. Answer not listed; memory alignment error
- O D. 0xCE010000
- E. 0xCE01CE00

26.	How many bits are needed to represent the address in a byte-addressable memory space with capacity of 5TB? O A. 43 O B. Correct answer not listed O C. 33 O D. 20 O E. 40
27.	How many 32-bit integers can be stored in the array labeled myArray as shown below: .data msg: .asciiz "Good luck!!" myArray: .space 20 tacos: .asciiz "Tacos and 2SC make me happy!!"
	 ○ A. 80 ○ B. 5 ○ C. 4 ○ D. 10 ○ E. 2.5
M	IPS Instruction Seg Architecture Project Exam Help
	How can we create a mask for bits 4:14 of \$t0? A. andi \$t0 pt0.0x7ff0/powcoder.com B. andi \$t0 pt0.0x80f C. ori \$t0 \$t0 0x800f D. ori \$t0 \$t0 0x7ff0 E. xori \$t0 \$t0 0x7ff0 What is the value in \$10 after the following instructions are executed?
	ADDI \$10 \$0 11 SLL \$10 \$10 30 SRL \$10 \$10 29
	 ○ A. 0xfffe ○ B. 0xffff ○ C. 0x000B ○ D. 0x000F ○ E. 0x000E
30.	Decode the following MIPS instruction. Select all that apply. 0x8D090008
	 A. sw \$8 8(\$9) B. addi \$8 \$9 8 C. lw \$t1 8(\$t0) D. sw \$t1 8(\$t0) E. lw \$t0 8(\$t1)

31.	Assume $\$s0=0x6$ and $\$t7=0xA$. What value is stored in $\$t7$ after the following instruction? div $\$t7$ $\$s0$
	 ○ A. 0x1 ○ B. 0x6 ○ C. 0x4 ○ D. 0x0 ○ E. 0xA
32.	Decode the following MIPS instruction. Select all that apply. $0 \times 012F4020$
	 ○ A. ADD \$8 \$9 \$15 ○ B. AND \$9 \$15 \$8 ○ C. ADD \$t1 \$t7 \$t0 ○ D. ADD \$t0 \$t1 \$t7 ○ E. ADD \$9 \$15 \$8
	What is the size of a register in MIPS32? Select all that apply. O A. 64 bits O B. 8 bees signment Project Exam Help O C. 32 bits O D. 8 nybbles O E. 4 bytes
34.	What is the value in \$t hater perfollowing neutralic neutral com li \$t0, 5 li \$t1, 10 xor \$t0, \$t0, \$t Add WeChat powcoder
	loop: nop addi \$t0, \$t0, 1 subi \$t1, \$t1, 1 bgtz \$t1, loop
	li \$v0, 10 syscall
	 ○ A. 16 ○ B. 15 ○ C. 10 ○ D. 5 ○ E. 0

35. What is the value of register \$v0 after the following instructions?

```
addi $t1 $zero 8
addi $s0 $zero 50  # 50 = 0b110010
addi $v0 $zero 0

loop: nop
andi $a0 $s0 0
add $v0 $v0 $a0
srl $t1 $t1 1
bnez $t1 loop

A. 2
B. 20
C. 18
D. 0
E. 50
```

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Stack & Subroutines

36. Which instruction will the program counter point to after the "jr \$ra" instruction executes in the Prompt_user subroutine?

```
.data
P1: .asciiz "Input: "
N1: .word
.text
     la $a0, P1
     la $a1, N1
     jal Prompt_user
halt: li $v0, 10
     syscall
PrintString:
     li $v0, 4
     sys Assignment Project Exam Help
Prompt_user:
     jal Print https://powcoder.com
     li $v0, 8
     syscall
         Add WeChat powcoder
 ○ A. jal Prompt_user
 \bigcirc B. jal PrintString
 O. move $a0, $a1
 O D. Answer not listed; code doesn't assemble
 O E. halt: li $v0, 10
```

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37. Which combination of MIPS instructions perform a push operation of two elements (in \$t0 and \$t1) on the stack? Select all that apply.

```
\bigcirc A. sw
          $t0,
                 ($sp)
          $t1, 4($sp)
      SW
      subi $sp, $sp, 8
\bigcirc B. subi $sp,
                $sp, 8
          $t0, ($sp)
          $t1, 4($sp)
O. C. subi $sp, $sp, 4
      SW
          $t0,
               ($sp)
      subi $sp,
                $sp, 4
      sw $t1, ($sp)
O D. lw $t0, ($sp)
          $t1, ($sp)
               $sp, 8
     addi $sp,
O E. addi $sp,
                $sp, 4
     lw
          $t0, ($sp)
     addi $sp, $sp, 4
          $t1,
                 ($sp)
```

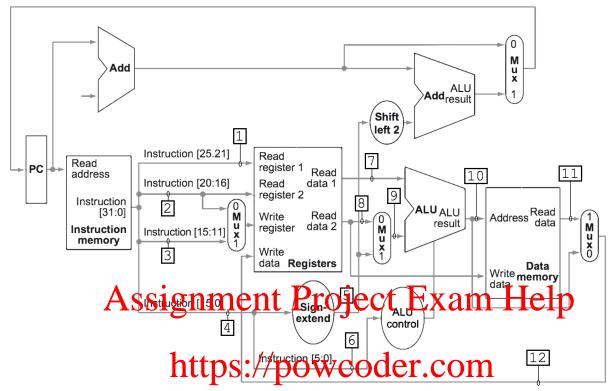
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Data Path

Refer to this MIPS data path for the next three questions:



- 38. Assume \$s0 = 0xAB, \$s1 = 0x11 and SH \$s1 8 (\$s0) is executed. What is the value on wire '8'?
 - O A. Not enough in Arration give Chat powcoder
 - B. 0x11
 - C. 0xAB
 - O D. 0x08
 - E. 0x10
- 39. Assume instruction 0x150802C3 is executed. What is the value on wire '4'?
 - A. 0x0B0C
 - B. 0x10
 - C. Not enough information given.
 - D. 0x02C3
 - E. 0x11
- 40. Assume the values on wires '1', '5', '10', '11' and '12' are 0×08 , 0×10 , $0 \times AF$, $0 \times BE$ and $0 \times BE$ respectively. Which instruction could correspond to these values?
 - \bigcirc A. LW \$s0 16(\$s0)
 - B. ADDI \$t0 \$t0 0x10
 - C. LB \$t1 16(\$t0)
 - \bigcirc D. LH \$7 10 (\$8)
 - O E. Not enough information given.

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Command Line Interface

- 41. True or False: Listing the files of a different directory changes the directory you are in.A. FalseB. True
- 42. True or False: The command 'mv' can be used to rename a file.
 - A. True
 - O B. False

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REG NAME	REG #	MNEMONIC	MEANING	TYPE	OPCODE	FUNCT		MNEMONIC	MEANING	TYPE	OPCODE	FUNCT
\$zero	0	sll	Logical Shift Left	R	0×00	0x00		add	Add	R	0×00	0x20
\$at	1	srl	Logical Shift Right (0-extended)	R	0x00	0x02		addi	Add Immediate	I	0x08	NA
\$v0	2	sra	Arithmetic Shift Right (sign-extended)	R	0x00	0x03		addiu	Add Unsigned Immediate	I	0x09	NA
\$v1	3	jr	Jump to Address in Register	R	0x00	0x08		addu	Add Unsigned	R	0x00	0x21
\$a0	4	mfhi	Move from HI Register	R	0x00	0x10		and	Bitwise AND	R	0x00	0x24
\$a1	5	mflo	Move from LO Register	R	0x00	0x12		andi	Bitwise AND Immediate	I	0x0C	NA
\$a2	6	mult	Multiply	R	0x00	0x18		beq	Branch if Equal	I	0x04	NA
\$a3	7	multu	Unsigned Multiply	R	0x00	0x19		blez	Branch if Less Than or Equal to Zero	I	0x06	NA
\$t0	8	div	Divide	R	0x00	0x1A		bne	Branch if Not Equal	I	0x05	NA
\$t1	9	divu	Unsigned Divide	R	0x00	0x1B		div	Divide	R	0x00	0x1A
\$t2	10	add	Add	R	0x00	0x20		divu	Unsigned Divide	R	0x00	0x1B
\$t3	11	addu	Add Unsigned	R	0x00	0x21		j	Jump to Address	J	0x02	NA
\$t4	12	sub	Subtract	R	0x00	0x22		jal	Jump and Link	J	0x03	NA
\$t5	13	subu	Unsigned Subtract	R	0x00	0x23		jr	Jump to Address in Register	R	0x00	0x08
\$t6	14	and	Bitwise AND	R	0x00	0x24		1b	Load Byte	I	0x20	NA
\$t7	15	or	Bitwise ASS1911ment	P	0.00	D26	t	11 0	91771e 475 (Red 1)	I	0x24	NA
\$s0	16	xor	Bitwise XOR (Exclusive-OR)	R	0x00	0x26		1h	Load Halfword	I	0x21	NA
\$s1	17	nor	Bitwise NOR (NOT-OR)	R	0x00	0x27		1hu	Load Halfword Unsigned	I	0x25	NA
\$s2	18	slt	Set to 1 if Less Than	R	0x00	0x2A		lui	Load Upper Immediate	I	0x0F	NA
\$s3	19	sltu	Set to 1 if Less Than intigned •	P	0x90	0x2B	14	dwe C	logd tend	I	0x23	NA
\$s4	20	j	Jump to Address 11005.//	· 50	0x02	NA	11	miteo	Move from Coprocessor 0	R	0x10	NA
\$s5	21	jal	Jump and Link	J	0x03	NA		mfhi	Move from HI Register	R	0x00	0x10
\$s6	22	beq	Branch if Equal	I	0x04	NA		mflo	Move from LO Register	R	0x00	0x12
\$s7	23	bne	Branch if Not Equal \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	I	10 k05	NA		mult	Multiply	R	0x00	0x18
\$t8	24	blez	Branch if Less Than on Loud to ZVr	1	adeS	NΑ		mul\u\	Unsigned Multiply	R	0x00	0x19
\$t9	25	addi	Add Immediate	I	0x08	NA -		nor	Bitwise NOR (NOT-OR)	R	0x00	0x27
\$k0	26	addiu	Add Unsigned Immediate	I	0x09	NA		or	Bitwise OR	R	0x00	0x25
\$k1	27	slti	Set to 1 if Less Than Immediate	I	0x0A	NA		ori	Bitwise OR Immediate	I	0x0D	NA
\$gp	28	sltiu	Set to 1 if Less Than Unsigned Immediate	I	0x0B	NA		sb	Store Byte	I	0x28	NA
\$sp	29	andi	Bitwise AND Immediate	I	0x0C	NA		sh	Store Halfword	I	0x29	NA
		ori	Bitwise OR Immediate	I	0x0D	NA		sll	Logical Shift Left	R	0x00	0x00
		xori	Bitwise XOR (Exclusive-OR) Immediate	I	0x0E	NA		slt	Set to 1 if Less Than	R	0x00	0x2A
		lui	Load Upper Immediate	I	0x0F	NA		slti	Set to 1 if Less Than Immediate	I	0x0A	NA
		mfc0	Move from Coprocessor 0	R	0x10	NA		sltiu	Set to 1 if Less Than Unsigned Immediat	e I	0x0B	NA
		1b	Load Byte	I	0x20	NA		sltu	Set to 1 if Less Than Unsigned	R	0x00	0x2B
		1h	Load Halfword	I	0x21	NA		sra	Arithmetic Shift Right (sign-extended)	R	0x00	0x03
		lw	Load Word	I	0x23	NA		srl	Logical Shift Right (0-extended)	R	0x00	0x02
		1bu	Load Byte Unsigned	I	0x24	NA		sub	Subtract	R	0x00	0x22
		lhu	Load Halfword Unsigned	I	0x25	NA		subu	Unsigned Subtract	R	0x00	0x23
		sb	Store Byte	I	0x28	NA		SW	Store Word	I	0x2B	NA
		sh	Store Halfword	I	0x29	NA		xor	Bitwise XOR (Exclusive-OR)	R	0x00	0x26
		SW	Store Word	I	0x2B	NA		xori	Bitwise XOR (Exclusive-OR) Immediate	I	0x0E	NA

R Type: instr rd rs rt (arithmetic, logical) instr rd rt shamt (shifts)												
31 26	25 21	20 16	15 11	10 6	5 0							
<- 6 bits -> <- 5 bits -> <- 5 bits -> <- 5 bits -> <- 6 bits ->												
opcode	rs	rt	rd	shamt	funct							
branch rs	I Type: instr rt rs immediate (arithmetic, logical) branch rs rt immediate (branches) instr rt immediate(rs) (loads, stores)											
31 26	Assignment Project Exam Help 0											
<- 6 bits ->	<- 5 bits ->	<- 5 bits ->		<- 16 bits ->	•							
opcode	rs	. <i></i>	immediate									
	nttp	S://powo	coder.co	om								
	* *											
J Type: j immediate (jumps)												
Add WeChat powcoder												
31 26	25		F		0							
<- 6 bits ->			<- 26 bits ->	•								
opcode	immediate		·									

	ASCII	COD	E					ASCI	I COL	ÞΕ			ASCII CODE				- ASCII CODE								
BIN		ОСТ	DEC	HEX	CHARACTER	E	BIN		ОСТ	DEC	HEX	CHARACTER	BIN	ı		ОСТ	DEC	HEX	CHARACTER	BIN		ОСТ	DEC	HEX	CHARACTER
010	0000	40	32	20	space		011	1000	70	56	38	8	10	1 0	000	120	80	50	Р	110	1000	150	104	68	h
010	0001	41	33	21	!		011	1001	71	57	39	9	10	1 0	001	121	81	51	Q	110	1001	151	105	69	i
010	0010	42	34	22	"		011	1010	72	58	3A	:	10	1 0	010	122	82	52	R	110	1010	152	106	6A	j
010	0011	43	35	23	#		011	1011	73	59	3B	;	10	1 0	011	123	83	53	S	110	1011	153	107	6B	k
010	0100	44	36	24	\$		011	1100	74	60	3C	<	10	1 0	100	124	84	54	Т	110	1100	154	108	6C	1
010	0101	45	37	25	%		011	1101	75	61	3D	=	10	1 0	101	125	85	55	U	110	1101	155	109	6D	m
010	0110	46	38	26	&		011	1110	76	62	3E	>	10	1 0	110	126	86	56	V	110	1110	156	110	6E	n
010	0111	47	39	27	1		011	1111	77	63	3F	;	10	1 0	111	127	87	57	W	110	1111	157	111	6F	О
010	1000	50	40	28	(100	0000	100	64	40	@	10	1 1	000	130	88	58	X	111	0000	160	112	70	р
010	1001	51	41	29)		100	0001	101	65	41	А	10	1 1	001	131	89	59	Υ	111	0001	161	113	71	q
010	1010	52	42	2A	*	٨	100	9010	102	66	42	t Pro	10	1-1	010	132	90	5A	HAlr	111	0010	162	114	72	r
010	1011	53	43	2B	+		100	001	103	67	45	ll Fro	J le	1 1	911	133	G ₁	5B	1 161h	111	0011	163	115	73	S
010	1100	54	44	2C	,		100	0100	104	68	44	D	10	1 1	100	134	92	5C	\	111	0100	164	116	74	t
010	1101	55	45	2D	-	_		0101	44	_ ~	45	/_ E		_	101	_		5D]	111	0101	165	117	75	u
010	1110	56	46	2E			100	011	1.06	96	46/	pew	C	M	110	116	94	5E	^	111	0110	166	118	76	V
010	1111	57	47	2F	/		100	0111	107	71	47	G	10	1 1	111	137	95	5F	_	111	0111	167	119	77	W
011	0000	60	48	30	0		100	1000	110	72	48	H	11	0 0	000	140	96	60	`	111	1000	170	120	78	x
011	0001	61	49	31	1		100	1001	171	7 3	49	/eCh	at	010	PØ) (W 1	(7)	CO1C	a	111	1001	171	121	79	у
011	0010	62	50	32	2		100	1010	112	74	4A	J		_	010	142	98	62	b	111	1010	172	122	7A	z
011	0011	63	51	33	3		100	1011	113	75	4B	K	11	0 0	011	143	99	63	С	111	1011	173	123	7B	{
011	0100	64	52	34	4		100	1100	114	76	4C	L	11	0 0	100	144	100	64	d	111	1100	174	124	7C	
011	0101	65	53	35	5		100	1101	115	77	4D	М	11	0 0	101	145	101	65	e	111	1101	175	125	7D	}
011	0110	66	54	36	6		100	1110	116	78	4E	N	11	0 0	110	146	102	66	f	111	1110	178	126	7E	~
011	0111	67	55	37	7		100	1111	117	79	4F	0	11	0 0	111	147	103	67	g	111	1111	177	127	7F	DEL

200 - 2001 are disprintable control characters used to control peripherals (e.g. printers)

SERVICE	CODE IN \$v0	ARGUMENTS	RESULT
print integer	1	\$a0 = integer to print	
print float	2	\$f12 = float to print	
print double	3	\$f12 = double to print	
print string	4	\$a0 = address of null-terminated string to print	
read integer	5		\$v0 contains integer read
read float	6		\$f0 contains float read
read double	7		\$f0 contains double read
read string	8	\$a0 = address of input buffer \$a1 = maximum number of characters to read	See note below table
sbrk (allocate			\$v0 contains address of allocated
heap memory) exit (terminate execution)	9	\$a0 = number of bytes to allocate	memory
print character	11	\$a0 = character to print	See note below table
read character	12	·	\$v0 contains character read
open file	A _{I3} SS	\$a0 = address of null-terminated string containing filename Project Example 1 = mode	(validation tie les riptor (negative if error). See note below table
read from file	14	\$a0 = file descriptor \$a1 = address of input buffer \$a2 t maximum number of characters to read \$a0 tribe descriptor	\$v0 contains number of characters read (0 if end-of-file, negative if error). See note below table \$v0 contains number of characters
write to file	15	\$a1 = address of output buffer \$a2 = number of characters to write	written (negative if error). See note below table
close file exit2	16	Add We Chat pow	coder
(terminate with value)	17	\$a0 = termination result	See note below table
•	_	e compatible with the SPIM simulator, other to below the table. Services 30 and higher are	than Open File (13) as described in the
time (system time)	30		\$a0 = low order 32 bits of system time \$a1 = high order 32 bits of system time. See note below table
MIDI out	31	<pre>\$a0 = pitch (0-127) \$a1 = duration in milliseconds \$a2 = instrument (0-127) \$a3 = volume (0-127)</pre>	Generate tone and return immediately. See note below table
sleep	32	\$a0 = the length of time to sleep in milliseconds.	Causes the MARS Java thread to sleep for (at least) the specified number of milliseconds. This timing will not be precise, as the Java implementation will add some overhead.
MIDI out	33	<pre>\$a0 = pitch (0-127) \$a1 = duration in milliseconds \$a2 = instrument (0-127) \$a3 = volume (0-127)</pre>	Generate tone and return upon tone completion. See note below table
print integer in hexadecimal	34	\$a0 = integer to print	Displayed value is 8 hexadecimal digits, left-padding with zeroes if necessary.
print integer in binary	35	\$a0 = integer to print	Displayed value is 32 bits, left-padding with zeroes if necessary.
print integer as unsigned	36	\$a0 = integer to print	Displayed as unsigned decimal value.