

Assignment Project Exam Help

Databases: Introduction

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Databases are Computer Stores of Data!

Tiny Bank Ltd Customer: McBrien, P.
Strand Branch Current Acc: 10000100
Sortcode: 55-66-67

Trans	Amount	Date
1000	2300.00	5/1/1999
1002	1232.41	3/1/1999
1006	10.23	15/1/1999

Tiny Bank Ltd Customer: Poulouvassilis, A.
Wimbledon Branch Current Acc: 10000107
Sortcode: 55-66-56

Trans	Amount	Date
1004	-116.00	11/1/1999
1007	315.56	15/1/1999

Tiny Bank Ltd Customer: McBrien, P.
Strand Branch Deposit Acc: 10000111
Sortcode: 55-66-67

Trans	Amount	Date
1001	4000.00	5/1/1999
1008	1230.00	15/1/1999

Tiny Bank Ltd Customer: Poulouvassilis, A.
Wimbledon Branch Deposit Acc: 10000119
Sortcode: 55-66-56

Trans	Amount	Date
1009	5600.00	18/1/1999

Tiny Bank Ltd Customer: Boyd, M.
Goodge St Branch Current Acc: 10000103
Sortcode: 55-66-34

Trans	Amount	Date
1005	145.50	12/1/1999

Tiny Bank Ltd Customer: Bailey, J.
Wimbledon Branch Current Acc: 10000125
Sortcode: 55-66-56

Trans	Amount	Date
No transactions this month		

Deposit Rates
AccountRate
101 5.25
119 5.50

Relational Data Model

Relational Data Model

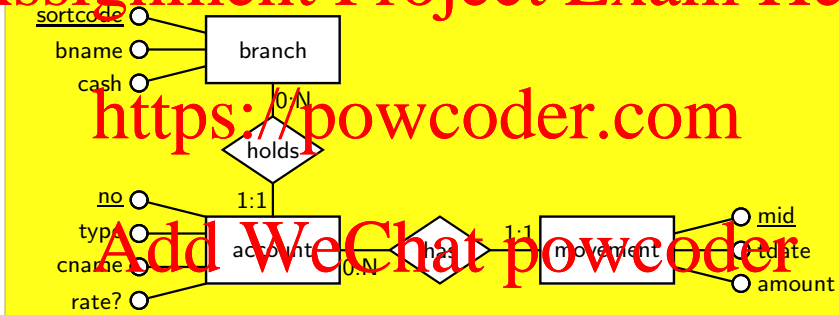
Roughly: storing data in tables

bank_data									
no	sortcode	lname	cash	type	cname	rate?	mid	amount	tdate
100	67	Strand	34005.00	current	McBrien, P.		1000	2300.00	1999-01-05
101	67	Strand	34005.00	deposit	McBrien, P.	5.25	1001	4000.00	1999-01-05
100	67	Strand	34005.00	current	McBrien, P.		1002	-223.45	1999-01-08
107	56	Wimbledon	84340.45	current	Poulovassilis, A.		1004	-100.00	1999-01-11
103	34	Goode St	6900.67	current	Boyd, M.		1005	145.50	1999-01-12
100	67	Strand	34005.00	current	McBrien, P.		1006	11.13	1999-01-15
107	56	Wimbledon	84340.45	current	Poulovassilis, A.		1007	345.56	1999-01-15
101	67	Strand	34005.00	deposit	McBrien, P.	5.25	1008	1230.00	1999-01-15
119	56	Wimbledon	84340.45	deposit	Poulovassilis, A.	5.50	1009	5600.00	1999-01-18

Database Design: ER Modelling

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Structured Data: Relational Model

branch	branch	cash
56	Wimbledon	94340.45
34	'Goodge St'	8900.67
67	'Strand'	34005.00

movement	movement	tdate
1000	100	2300.00
1001	101	4000.00
1002	100	-223.45
1004	107	-100.00
1005	103	145.50
1006	100	1123.15
1007	107	345.56
1008	101	1230.00
1009	119	5600.00

account	account	rate?	sortcode
100	'current'	'McBrien, P.'	NULL
101	'deposit'	'McBrien, P.'	5.25
103	'current'	'Boyd, M.'	NULL
107	'current'	'Poulovassilis, A.'	NULL
119	'deposit'	'Poulovassilis, A.'	3.50
125	'current'	'Bailey, J.'	NULL

key branch(sortcode)

key branch(bname)

key movement(mid)

key account(no)

movement(no) \xRightarrow{fk} account(no)account(sortcode) \xRightarrow{fk} branch(sortcode)

Data Model: CSV

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```
branch.csv
sortcode,bname,cash
56,"Wimbledon",94340.45
34,"Goode St", 8900.67
67,"Strand",34005.00
```

```
account.csv
```

```
no,type,cname,rate,sortcode
100,"current","McBrien, P.",,67
101,"deposit","McBrien, P.",5.25,67
103,"current","Boyd, M.",,34
107,"current","Poulovassilis, A.",,56
119,"deposit","Poulovassilis, A.",5.50,56
125,"current","Bailey, J.",,56
```

```
movement.csv
mid,no,amount,tdate
1000,100,2300.00,5/1/1999
1001,101,4000.00,5/1/1999
1002,100,-223.45,8/1/1999
1004,107,-100.00,11/1/1999
1005,103,145.50,12/1/1999
1006,100,10.23,15/1/1999
1007,107,345.56,15/1/1999
1008,101,1230.00,15/1/1999
1009,119,5600.00,18/1/1999
```

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Semistructured Data: XML

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```
<bank>
  <branch sortcode="67" bname="Strand" cash="34005.00">
    <account no="100" type="current" cname="McBrien, P.">
      <movement mid="1000" amount="2300.00" tdate="5/1/1999" />
      <movement mid="1002" amount="223.45" tdate="8/1/1999" />
      <movement mid="1005" amount="10.23" tdate="15/1/1999" />
    </account>
    <account no="101" type="deposit" cname="McBrien, P." rate="5.25">
      <movement mid="1001" amount="4000.00" tdate="5/1/1999" />
      <movement mid="1008" amount="1230.00" tdate="15/1/1999" />
    </account>
  </branch>
</bank>
```

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SQL DDL: Implementation of the Relational Model

```
CREATE TABLE branch
( sortcode INTEGER NOT NULL,
  bname VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
  cash DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT branch_pk PRIMARY KEY (sortcode)
)
```

```
CREATE UNIQUE INDEX branch_bname_idx
ON branch(bname)
```

```
CREATE TABLE account
( no INTEGER NOT NULL,
  type CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
  cname VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
  rate DECIMAL(4,2) NOT NULL,
  sortcode INTEGER NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT account_pk
    PRIMARY KEY (no),
  CONSTRAINT account_fk
    FOREIGN KEY (sortcode) REFERENCES branch
)

CREATE INDEX account_type_idx ON account(type)
```

```
CREATE TABLE movement
( mid INTEGER NOT NULL,
  no INTEGER NOT NULL,
  amount DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
  tdate DATETIME NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT movement_pk
    PRIMARY KEY (mid),
  CONSTRAINT movement_fk
    FOREIGN KEY (no) REFERENCES account
)
```


SQL DML: Implementation of the Relational Algebra

Basic SQL SELECT statements

```
SELECT no, cname, rate
FROM account
WHERE type='deposit'
```

SQL Joins

```
SELECT bname, no, rate
FROM branch JOIN account USING (sortcode)
WHERE type='deposit'
```

Same as

```
SELECT bname, no, rate
FROM account JOIN branch ON branch.sortcode=account.sortcode
WHERE type='deposit'
```

Same as

```
SELECT bname, no, rate
FROM account, branch
WHERE branch.sortcode=account.sortcode
AND type='deposit'
```

RDBMS Products

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Product	SQL Language	Company
DB2	SQL PL	IBM
Oracle	PL/SQL	Oracle
Sybase	Transact-SQL	SAI
SQLServer	Transact-SQL	Microsoft
PostgreSQL	PL/pgSQL	Open Source
MySQL	MySQL	Open Source (Oracle)

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All partially implement ANSI SQL

Transactions

```
BEGIN TRANSACTION
UPDATE branch
SET cash = cash - 10000.00
WHERE sortcode=56

UPDATE branch
SET cash = cash + 10000.00
WHERE sortcode=34
COMMIT TRANSACTION
```

database management systems
(DBMS) implements indivisible tasks
called **transactions**

The ACID Properties

- **Atomicity** all or nothing
- **Consistency** consistent before → consistent after
- **Isolation** independent of any other transaction
- **Durability** completed transaction are durable

Transaction Properties: Atomicity

BEGIN TRANSACTION

UPDATE branch

SET cash=cash-1000.00

WHERE sortcode=56

CRASH

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Failure to maintain Atomicity

Suppose that the system crashes half way through processing a cash transfer, and the first part of the transfer has been written to disc

- The database on disc is left in an inconsistent state: the sum of cash should be £137,246.12 but only £127,246.12 recorded
- A DBMS implementing **Atomicity** of transactions would on restart undo the change to branch 56

Transaction Properties: Consistency

```
BEGIN TRANSACTION
```

```
DELETE FROM branch
```

```
WHERE sortcode=56
```

```
INSERT INTO account
```

```
VALUES (100, 'Smith, J', 'deposit', 5.00, 34)
```

```
END TRANSACTION
```

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Failure to maintain Consistency

Suppose that a user deletes branch with sortcode 56, and inserts a desposit account number 100 for John Smith at branch sortcode 34

- The database is left in an inconsistent state for two reasons
 - it has three accounts recorded for a branch that appears not to exist, and
 - it has two records for account number 100, with different details for the account
- A DBMS implementing **Consistency** of transactions would forbid both of these changes to the database

Transaction Properties: Isolation

BEGIN TRANSACTION

UPDATE branch

SET cash=cash-10000.00

WHERE sortcode=56

BEGIN TRANSACTION

SELECT SUM(cash) AS net_cash
FROM branch

UPDATE branch

SET cash=cash+10000.00

WHERE sortcode=34

END TRANSACTION

END TRANSACTION

Failure to maintain Isolation

Suppose that the system sums the cash in the bank in one transaction, half way through processing a cash transfer in another transaction

- The result of the summation of cash in the bank erroneously reports £127,246.12, whereas the movement of cash always leaves a total of £137,246.12
- A DBMS implementing **Isolation** of transactions ensures that transactions always report results based on the values of committed transactions

Transaction Properties: Durability

```
BEGIN TRANSACTION
```

```
UPDATE branch
```

```
SET cash=cash-10000.00
```

```
WHERE sortcode=56
```

```
UPDATE branch
```

```
SET cash=cash+10000.00
```

```
WHERE sortcode=34
```

```
END TRANSACTION
```

CRASH

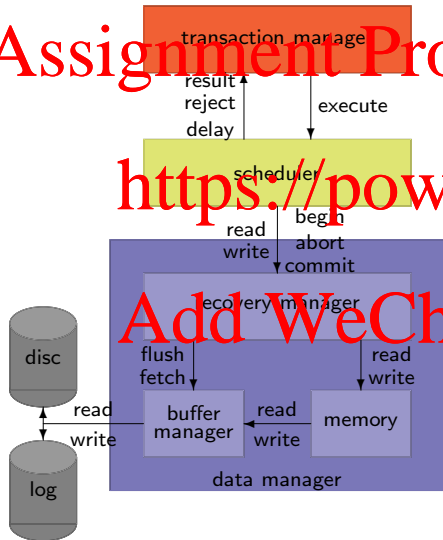
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Failure to maintain Durability

Suppose that the system crashes after informing the user that it has committed the transfer of cash, but has not yet written to disc the update to branch 34

- The database on disc is left in an inconsistent state, with £10,000 'missing'
- A DBMS implementing **Durability** of transactions would on restart complete the change to branch 34 (or alternatively never inform a user of commitment with writing the results to disc).

DBMS Architecture



Transaction Manager

BEGIN TRANSACTION

UPDATE branch

SET cash=cash-10000.00

WHERE sortcode=56

UPDATE branch

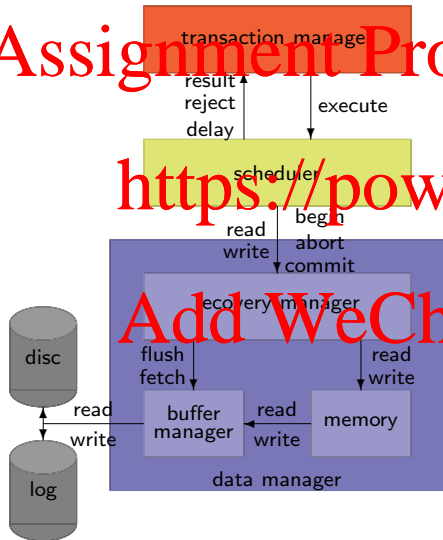
SET cash=cash+10000.00

WHERE sortcode=34

END TRANSACTION


 $r_1[b_{56}], w_1[b_{56}], r_1[b_{34}], w_1[b_{34}]$

DBMS Architecture



Transaction Manager

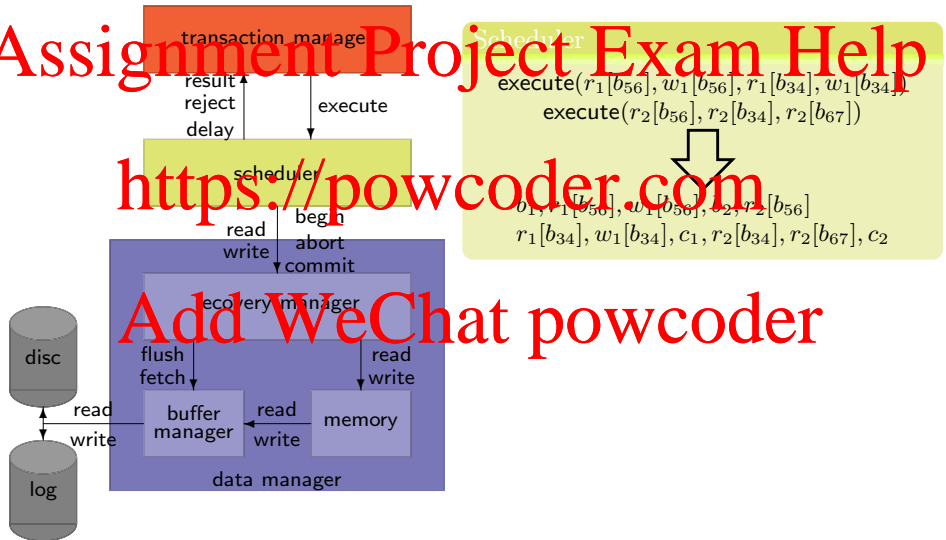
```

BEGIN TRANSACTION
SELECT SUM(cash) AS net_cash
FROM branch
END TRANSACTION

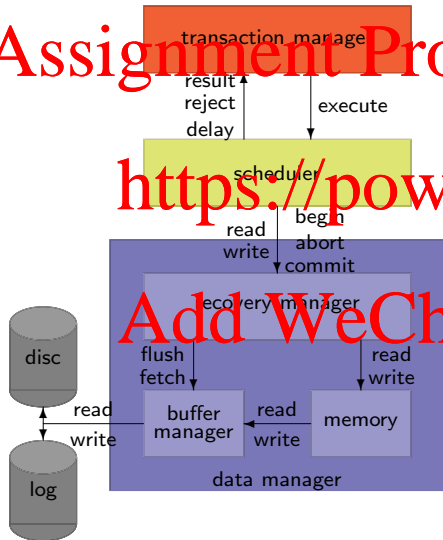
```


 $r_2[b_{56}], r_2[b_{34}], r_2[b_{67}]$

DBMS Architecture



DBMS Architecture



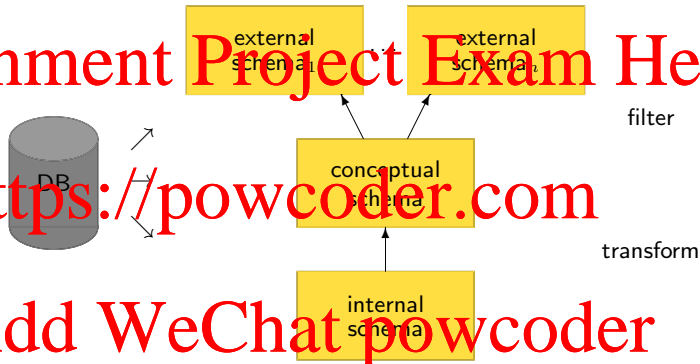
Data Manager

$b_1, r_1[b_{56}], w_1[b_{56}], b_2,$
 $r_2[b_{56}]$
 $r_1[b_{34}], w_1[b_{34}],$
 $c_1, r_2[b_{34}],$
 $r_2[b_{67}], c_2$



Say $P_1 = [b_{34}], P_2 = [b_{56}, b_{67}]$
 $M_r(P_2), B_r(P_2), D_r(P_2), M_w(P_2), L_w(P_2),$
 $M_r(P_1), B_r(P_1), D_r(P_1), M_w(P_1), L_w(P_1),$
 $L_w(c_1), M_r(P_1),$
 $M_r(P_2), L_w(c_2), D_w(P_1), D_w(P_2)$

ANSI/SPARC Model



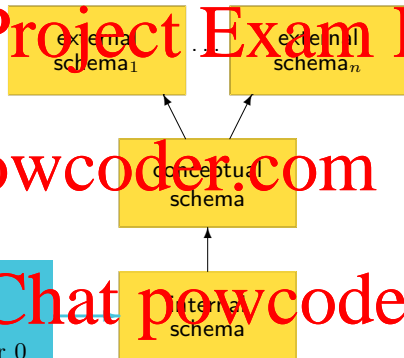
- ANSI/SPARC model views three levels of abstractions
- **schema** means *structure of the database*

ANSI/SPARC Model (Internal Schema)

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- 2k page size
- B-tree index
- Strings end with char 0



- Describes the physical layout of data

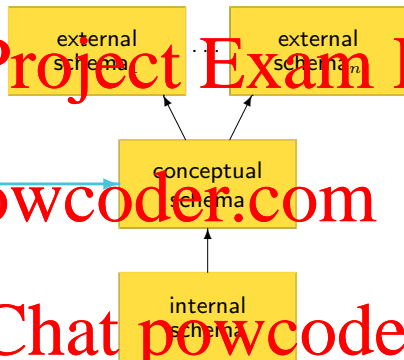
ANSI/SPARC Model (Conceptual Schema)

```

CREATE TABLE branch
(
  sortcode INTEGER,
  bname VARCHAR(20),
  cash DECIMAL(10,2)
)

SELECT sortcode
FROM branch
WHERE cash < 0

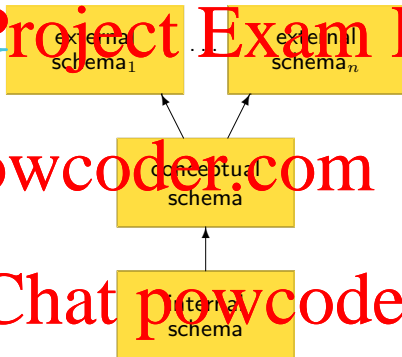
```



- defined in **data definition language (DDL)**
- queried using **data manipulation language (DML)**
- controlled by **database administrator (DBA)**

ANSI/SPARC Model (External Schema)

```
CREATE VIEW bust
SELECT src code
FROM branch
WHERE cash<0
```



- Define a schema for a particular user/application

Course Format

Schedule

- Three hours combined lectures/tutorials per week, running into week 10
- Coursework that helps you prepare for the exam
- May Exam

Books

Several good text books on the market. Some that will also cover material in more advanced courses are:

- *Fundamentals of Database Systems*,
6th Ed, Elmasri and Navathe, Addison-Wesley
- *Database Systems: The Complete Book*,
2nd Ed, Garcia-Molina, Ullman and Widom, Pearson
- *Database Systems*,
5th Ed, Connolly and Begg, Addison Wesley

Course Resources

Course Web Site

<http://www.doc.ic.ac.uk/~pjm/db/>

- Lecture slides
- Example Databases
 - PostgreSQL
 - SQL Server

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Resources

- **CATe** course work handout and submission
- **Piazza** discussion forum
- **email** course email list

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If you are not on Level 2 on CATe, nothing works!

Course Content

Conceptual Layer: Relational Algebra

- SQL
- Datalog

Conceptual Layer: Relational Data Model

- Properties of a 'good' schema: keys and normalisation
- Database design using ER models

Physical Layer: Transaction Processing

- Serialisability
- Recovery and Checkpointing