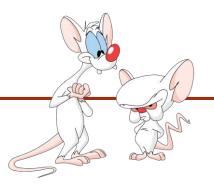
ASSIGOMPO250161 INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER SCIENCE

Add Week 2:2: Arrays coder

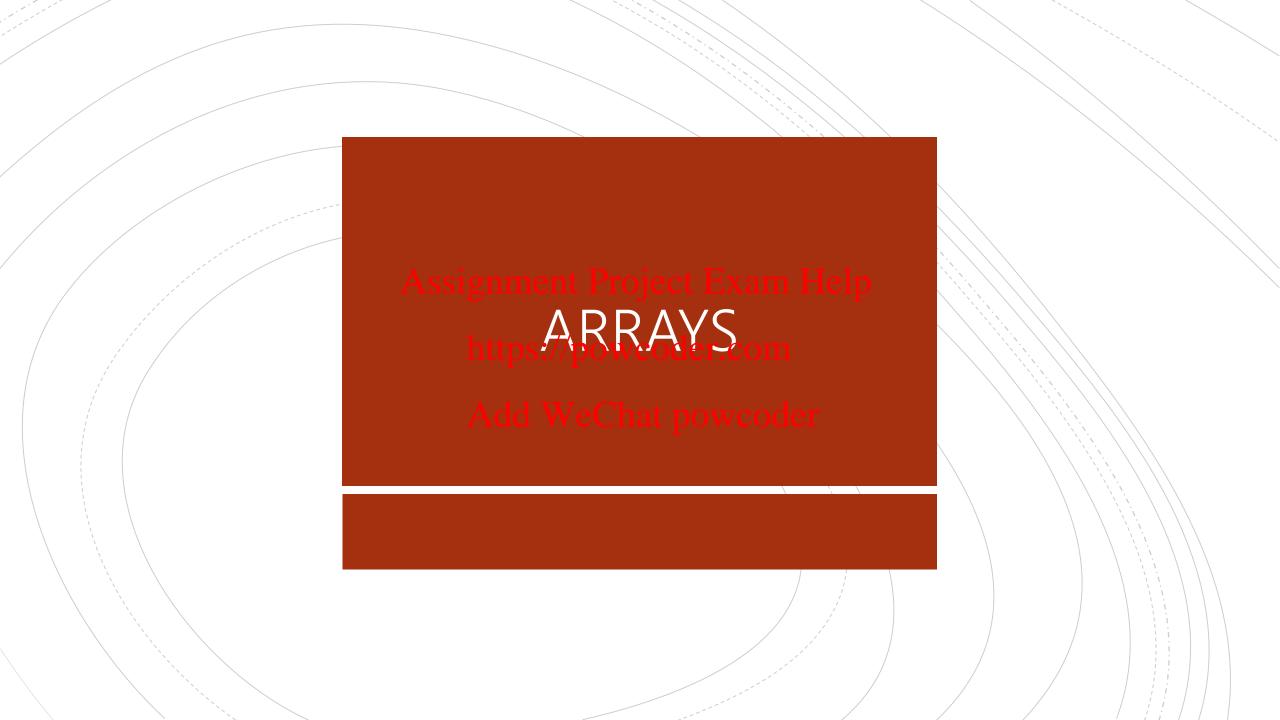
Giulia Alberini, Fall 2020

WHAT ARE WE GOING TO DO IN THIS VIDEO?



- Arrays Assignment Project Exam Help
- Multidimensional arrays://powcoder.com

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ARRAYS

- An array is like a container that holds a *fixed number* of values of the same type. This values can be access using the same variable name.

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 The length of the array is established when the array is created and
 - The length of the array is established when the array is created and it cannot be changetops://powcoder.com
 - All the elements of an array must be of the same type.

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- The values in the array are called *elements*.
- The list of elements is indexed, the order matters.

To create an array, we first have to declare a variable with an array type:

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To create an array, we first have to declare a variable with an array type:

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t shreets://powiedder.come;

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The square brackets indicate
that this is an array variable

To create an array, we first have to declare a variable with an array type:

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t shreps://powiedder.come;

All the elements of the array must have this type.

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The square brackets indicate
that this is an array variable

■ To create an array, we first have to declare a variable with an array type:

Assignment Project Exam Help type[] variable_name; https://powcoder.com

Examples:

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```
String[] days;
int[] grades;
double[] heights;
String[] args;
```

■ To create an array, we first have to declare a variable with an array type:

Examples:

Assignment Project Exam Help type[] variable_name; https://powcoder.com

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```
String[] days;
int[] grades;
double[] heights;
String[] args;
```

NOTE: The declaration creates a variable, but we still need to create the actual array object itself!

ARRAYS - EXAMPLE

Here is a list of the days of the week:

0. Monday

Assignment Project Exam Help counting at 0!!

1. Tuesday

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2. Wednesday

3. Thursday

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4. Friday

5. Saturday

6. Sunday

We would like to use an array to store them all.

• Using curly brackets, we can assign values to all elements in the array at the same time as we declare the array:

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```
String[] days = {"Mohttps://powcedetacom "Wednesday",
"Thursday", Wechatepowcodeturday", "Sunday"};
```

- days is an array of String values of length 7.
- Order matters!! What is the index of "Tuesday"?
- This method does not work if you don't know the length or the values of the array before the program runs.

• We can use the new operator to create an array of a certain size. We can then populate the entries one at a time, later in the program.

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- We can use the new operator to create an array of a certain size. We can then populate the entries one at a time, later in the program.

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- The following examples all create an array of String values with length 7.
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```
String[] days = new String[7];
```

```
String[] days;
days = new String[7];
```

```
int numberOfDays = 7;
String[] days;
days = new String[numberOfDays];
```

- We can use the new operator to create an array of a certain size. We can then populate the entries one at a time, later in the program.

 Assignment Project Exam Help
- https://powcoder.com.
 After the creation, we can populate the entries

```
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String[] days = new String[7];
days[1] = "Tuesday";
days[0] = "Monday";
days[6] = "Sunday";
days[5] = "Saturday";
days[2] = "Wednesday";
days[3] = "Thursday";
days[4] = "Friday";
```

DEFAULT VALUES

- As soon as we create an array object and initialize the variable, java assigns default values to each position in the array. Thus, if we don't assign any values to the array, it will have the values assigned by default. https://powcoder.com
- The default values are: Add WeChat powcoder
 - For numerical arrays: 0
 - For String/reference type arrays: null
 - For char arrays: the character with ASCII value 0
 - For boolean arrays: false.

SIZE OF AN ARRAY

When we create an array of size n, n contiguous places in memory are reserved in order Assignemental descriptive same typesp

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- The size of an array cannot be changed after it has been assigned.

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- Any integer expression can be used for the size of an array as long as the value is nonnegative. If negative: NegativeArraySizeException.

ACCESSING ELEMENTS

- Elements in an array can be access using the name of the array variable and the index of the element inside square brackets.

 - days[0] = days[6];
 The value in days at index 6 is assigned to days at index 0.
- If we use an index that is negative or grater than the size of the array minus 1, the result is an ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException.

ARRAYS AND LOOPS

- When we wanted to traverse a String s, we would loop through all the indices up to (and not including) so length ()
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- Similarly, we can access the length of an array using grades.length https://powcoder.com

```
double sum = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < grades.length; i++) {
   sum += grades[i];
}
double avg = sum/grades.length;</pre>
```

Note the difference!

- When we wanted to traverse a String s, we would loop through all the indices up to (and not including) so length () Help
- Similarly, we can access the length of an array using grades.length https://powcoder.com

```
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double sum = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < grades.length; i++) {
   sum += grades[i];
}
double avg = sum/grades.length;</pre>
```

COMMON MISTAKES

Forgetting to initialize the entries of your array.

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```
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int[] a = new int[5];
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System.out.println(a[0]);
```

Output: 0

COMMON MISTAKES

Referring to an index that doesn't exists.

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```
String[] petNames = {https://powcoder.com
Bilbo", "Small cat"};
System.out.println(petNames[-2]);
```

• ArrayIndexOutOfBounds exception

COMMON MISTAKES

Trying to create an array with negative size.

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```
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```

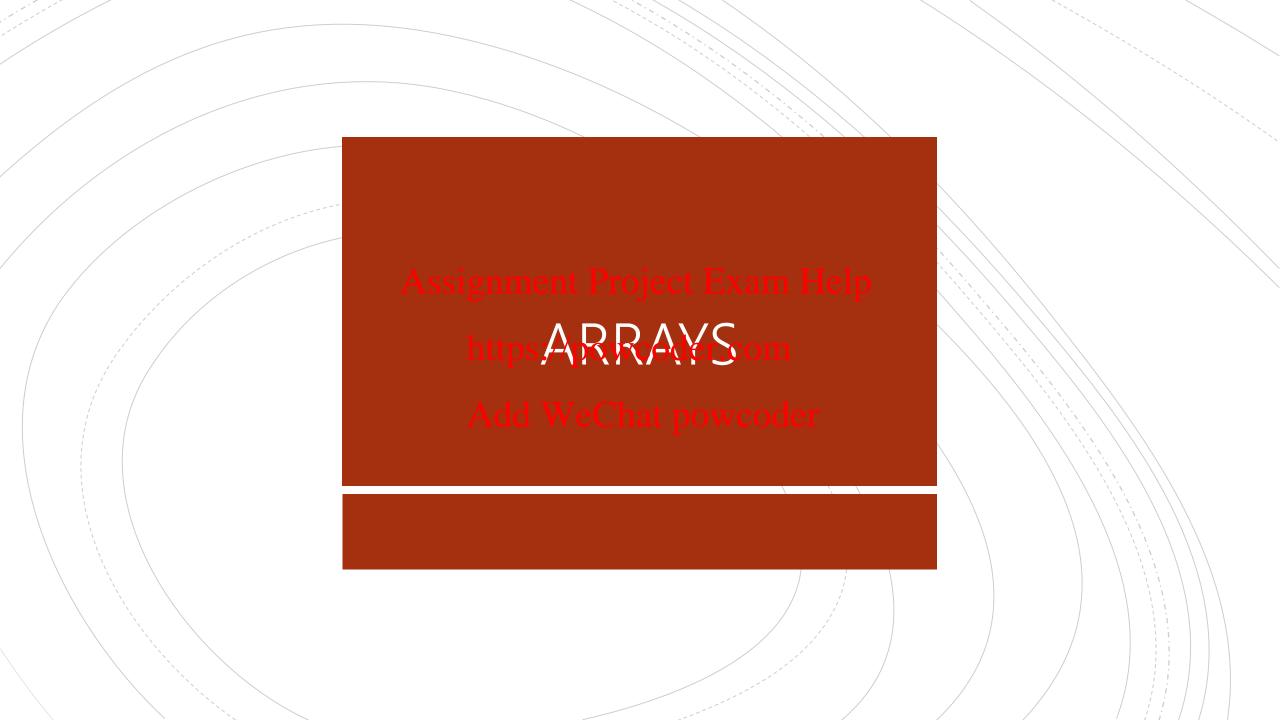
```
int size Add WeChat powcoder
String[] petNames = new String[size];
```

NegativeArraySizeException exception

PRINTING DIFFERENCES

The above code is supposed to loop through an array and print the difference between adjacent elements.

It contains an error. What is it?



HOW TO CHECK EQUALITY?

```
intAssignmentProject Exam Help
int[] y = {1,2,3};
    https://powcoder.com
System.out.println(x==y);
    Add WeChat powcoder
```

What do you think the program will print?

false

HOW TO CHECK EQUALITY?

```
int[Assignment, Project Exam Help
int[] y https://powcoder.com

System.out.println(x.equals(y));
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```

What do you think the program will print?

false

HOW TO CHECK EQUALITY?

```
int[] Assignment Project Exam Help
int[] y = {1,2,3};
https://powcoder.com
System.out.println(Arrays.equals(x,y));
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```

- This compares the content of the two arrays.
- To use it, you need to import java.util.Arrays;

true

THE ARRAYS CLASS

- Arrays contains methods for manipulating arrays.
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- Arrays is part of the java. util package.

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- Before using it is useful to import it.
- https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/Arrays.html

THE IMPORT STATEMENT

The import statement for the Arrays class:

```
Assignment Project Exam Help import java.util.Arrays; https://powcoder.com
```

- This statement allows up to refer to the full package name (java.util.Arrays). It makes sure that the compiler knows which class we are referring to.
- All import statements are at the beginning of the file, before the class definition.

- Exception to itenimpo Project Exclasses in the java.lang are imported by default. https://powcoder.com
- Remember the Math class? It is part of the java.lang package, therefore we did not need to import it in order to use it.

OTHER USEFUL METHODS?

In the Arrays class you can find:

Arrays equals (x, y)

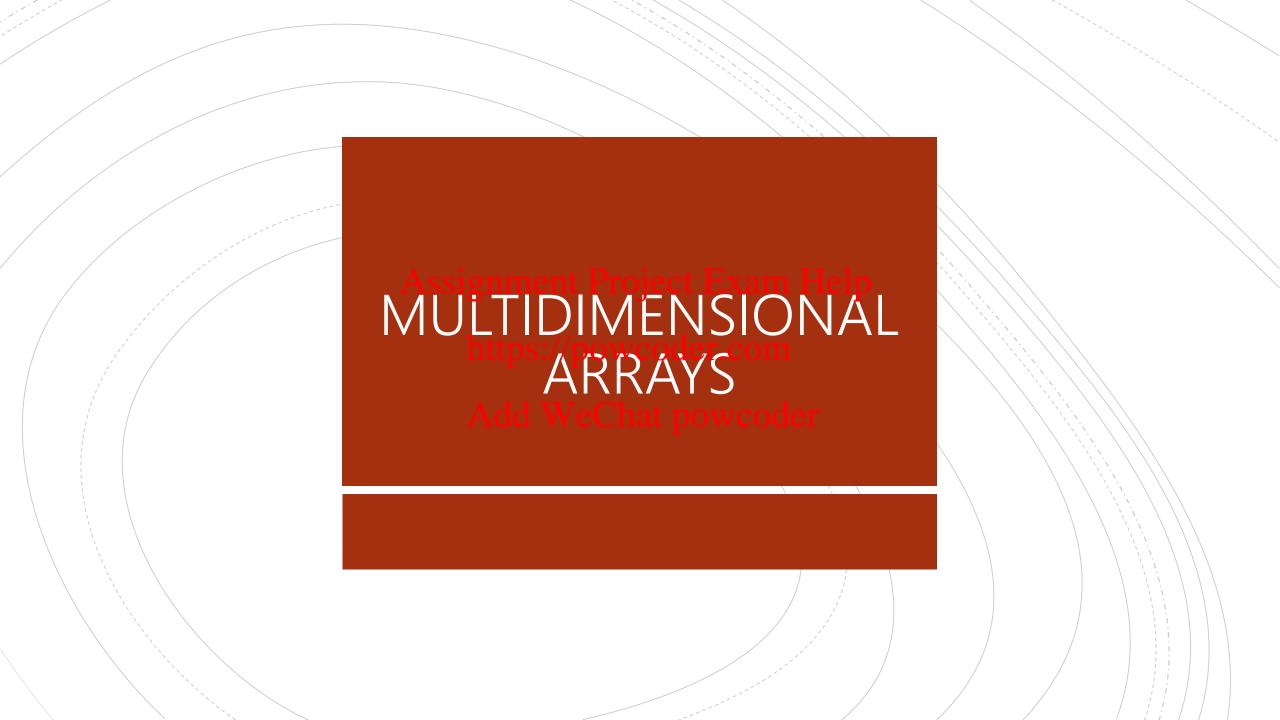
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It returns a Boolean value indicating whether the content of the two arrays is the sameters://powcoder.com

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• Arrays.toString(x)
It returns the content of an array as a String.

• Arrays.sort(x)
It sorts the input array in increasing order.



ARRAYS

We have seen arrays as object with a fixed length containing Assignment Project Exam Help elements of the same type.

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What if the elements where distripaying er

How do we create arrays of arrays?

```
There are 3 ways to create arrays of arrays:
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```

```
int[][] numssignment Project Fxam Help, {1, 2}};

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```

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This creates an array of length 3, containing integer arrays. The first element is an array of length 1 (with value 1), the second an array of length 3 (with values 1, 2, 3), and the third an array of length 2 (with values 1, 2).

int[AssignmentrBrojecteExamtHelp[2];

https://powcoder.com

This creates an array of length 3. Each element is an integer array of length 2. You can think of it as a 3 by 2 matrix.

All the elements of the integer arrays are initialized by default to 0 (since they are int).

int Alssignmente Project Exam Help [];

https://powcoder.com

This creates an array of religible to present will be an integer array. For the moment the elements are initialized by default to null.

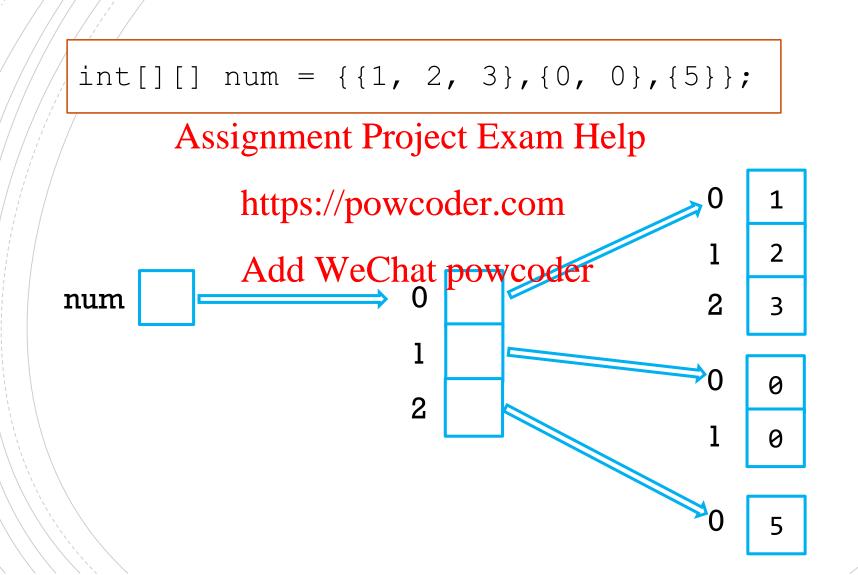
To populate the element of numbers we need to create 3 integer arrays and assign them to the elements of numbers one at a time.

2D ARRAYS – TWO EQUIVALENT ARRAYS

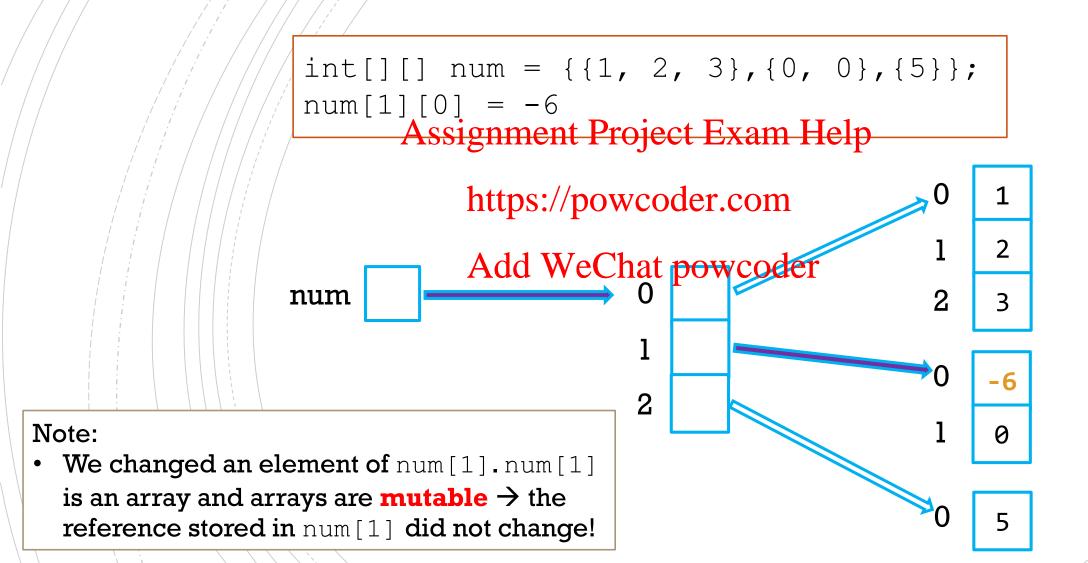
```
int[][] numbers = new int[3][];
int Assignment Project Exam Help
int[] second = new int[2];
https://powcoder.com
numbers[0] = first;
Add WeChat powcoder numbers[1] = second;
numbers[2] = new int[1];
numbers[2][0] = 5;
```

```
int[][] num = {{1, 2, 3},{0, 0},{5}};
```

2D ARRAYS



2D ARRAYS



NOTE ON EQUALITY

If you try to use Arrays.equals (array1, array2) on two arrays of arrays, it will not compare the elements of the inner arrays. https://powcoder.com

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If you want to compare the elements of the inner arrays you should use

Arrays.deepEquals(array1, array2)

MULTIDIMENSIONAL ARRAYS

You can create arrays with as many dimensions as you like.

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```
int[][][] matrhttps://powwoodercom[3][3];
String[][][][]AddrWeChatpowcodering[2][][][];
```

In practice, anything higher than 3D is rarely used.



Assignment Project Exam Help In the next video we will be talking about reference types and the Class Random.

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