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Caesar cipher

- Replace each letter in the plaintext with a letter found at a fixed shift down the alphabet
- For example, swightneshift rofject Exam Help
 - D \rightarrow A
 - E → B

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Uryyb Jbeyq!

Vignère Cipher

- Use a different shift for each character position
- A key encodes the shift for each position
- Each character int the keywis the shift from A for the matching position
 Key "BEER" means that the first position is shifted by one, the
 - Key "BEER" means that the first position is shifted by one, the second and third by 4 and the fourth by 17
- The key repeats to cover the whole message

Vignère Cipher - example

F G L I I K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z A B JKLMN🗘 PQRSTUVWXYZABC BEERB EERBE Hello Worldsignment Project NOPQRSTUVWXYZABCDEFG K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z A B C D E F G H https://powcoder.comuvwxyzabcdefGHI M | M | N | O | P | Q | R | S | T | U | V | W | X | Y | Z | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | LPPQRSTUVWXYZABCDEFGHIJKLMNO Q | Q | R | S | T | U | V | W | X | Y | Z | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | O | P RRSTUVWXYZABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ TTUVWXYZABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS U U V W X Y Z A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T V V W X Y Z A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U W|W|X|Y|Z|A|B|C|D|E|F|G|H|I|J|K|L|M|N|O|P|Q|R|S|T|U|V XXYZABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW YYZABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX

ZZABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY



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How not to select a cipher?

- Kerckhoffs's principle
 - Don't use a secret scheme rely only on the secrecy of the key Assignment Project Exam Help
- Schneier's law https://powcoder.com
 - "Anyone, from the most clueless amateur to the best cryptographer, can create an algorithm that he himself can't break."
- The Dunning-Kruger effect

Proving Cipher Security

- A "formal definition"
- A cipher defined over (K, \mathcal{M}, C) is a pair of efficient functions (Assignment Project Exam Help

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(We usually write E. m.) instead of E. k.m.)
For some definition of efficient".

- Theoreticians use polynomial in the security parameter.
- We will think of it as fast enough to calculate

"Formal" definitions

• A cipher defined over $(\mathcal{K}, \mathcal{M}, \mathcal{C})$ is a pair of efficient functions (E, D)

E: KXXII rment Project Exam Help

(We usually write $E_k(m)$ instead of E(k,m)) https://powcoder.com



"Formal" definitions

• A cipher defined over $(\mathcal{K}, \mathcal{M}, \mathcal{C})$ is a pair of efficient functions (E, D)

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E: Kxxighment Project Exam Help (We usually write E_{\ell}(m) instead of E(k,m)) https://powcoder.com
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- Correctness:
 - $\forall m,k: D_k(E_k(m))=m$

Perfect Secrecy (Shannon 1945)

- An adversary that sees a ciphertext cannot learn anything about the plaintext.
 - All plaintexts Aaxei the racretp Potrapelity of xpandu tile lapsy given ciphertext
- Formally: https://powcoder.com

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\forall m_1, m_2, c: \Pr[E_k(m_1) = c] = \Pr[E_k(m_2) = c]
\text{WeChat powcoder}
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- Questions:
 - Can we achieve perfect secrecy?
 - Does it guarantee security?

One Time Pad (Vernam 1919)

- Domain: $\mathcal{M}=\{0,1\}^n$, $\mathcal{C}=\{0,1\}^n$, $\mathcal{K}=\{0,1\}^n$
- For a plaintext m and a key k, $E_k(m)=k\oplus m$
- For a ciphertext c and a key k, $D_k(c) = k \oplus c$
 - Are these efficieht?ps://powcoder.com

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- Correctness:
 - $D_k(E_k(m)) = D_k(k \oplus m) = k \oplus (k \oplus m) = (k \oplus k) \oplus m = 0 \oplus m = m$

Perfect secrecy of OTP

- Recall: $\forall m_1, m_2, c$: $\Pr[E_k(m_1) = c] = \Pr[E_k(m_2) = c]$
- For every ciphertext c and plaintext m, there is exactly one key $k=c\oplus m$ such that k
- Hence for all m and m $ebac^{-n}$
- Because the probability of $E_k(m)=c$ does not depend on m, the cipher has perfect secrecy

Limitations

- Long key
 - Any perfectly secure cipher must have long keys
- Malleable Assignment Project Exam Help
- Key cannot be used more than once
 - Class exercise: How would you break OTP if the key is used more than once Add WeChat powcoder

Perfect secrecy assumes a very weak attacker!!!

Ciphertext indistinguishability

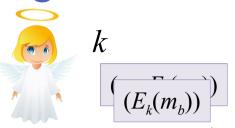
A desired property of ciphers

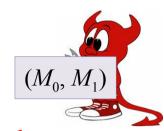
• A cipher is considered sective if hoad versary can distinguish identify one of two enessages based on their ciphertexts

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 Typically presented as a game between an adversary and a challenger.

Distinguishability Games





- Challenger chooses a random key
- Adversary gets getshtpse/access tolarcipher with that key
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 Challenger chooses one at random, encrypts it and sends back
- Challenger chooses one at random, encrypts it and sends back to adversary
- Adversary wins on a successful guess of the encrypted message

Adversarial models

- Known plaintext attack
 - The adversary learns some pairs of matching plaintexts and ciphertexts
 Assignment Project Exam Help
- Chosen plaintext attacks
 - The adversary chitencryph wone praintexts of her choosing
- Chosen ciphertextenttackhat powcoder
 - As CPA, but can also decrypt some ciphertexts
- Adaptive chosen ciphertext attack
 - AS CCA, but can base the choices on previous results

More attacks

- Side channel attacks
 - The adversary has information on the internal state of the implementationgnment Project Exam Help
- Fault injection attacks

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 The adversary can modify the internal state of the implementation Add WeChat powcoder
- Protocol attacks, RNG attacks, ...

The adversary is not bounded!!!

How to select a cipher?

- Use an established, well-researched encryption
 - E.g. AES, Salsa20
- Do not write signmin plemjentation Help
 - Remember the Dunning-Kruger effect? https://powcoder.com
 - Use OpenSSL, libgcrypt, NaCl, etc.

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Story time - CSS



- The DVD copy control association wanted to protect DVDs.
 - These are MGM, 20th Century Fox, Warner Bros etc.
 - They have a bit more resources than you, and likely more than your (future) employer gramment Project Exam Help
- 1996 release CSS https://powcoder.com
 Proprietary encryption algorithm
- Oct. 1999 DeCS And early Presuppolity videreverse engineering a DVD drive.
 - Uses a 40-bit key. Not entirely CCA's fault, but could be broken in 24 hours using 1999's tech. (A few seconds today.)
- Nov. 1999 Frank Stevenson releases three exploits
 - Reduce attack to 2²⁵. Can be broken in a few seconds.

Types of ciphers

- Stream ciphers
 - Produce a pseudo-random stream of bits
 - XOR stream of bits with plaintext message to produce ciphertext
- Block ciphers
 - Operate on fixed-size blocks of cader.com
 - SWEET32 attack ciphers with 64-bit blocks are not secure. Use AES (128-bit blocks).

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Block ciphers are better understood and are used more often

Substitution-Permutation Network

- An approach for designing block ciphers
- Consists of multiple rounds. Each round consists of two layers: Assignment Project Exam Help
 - Substitution boxes a bijective function of a small number of bits
 - Permutation boxAddfuwetChahatotracopleges bits from the input to the output

SP-Network

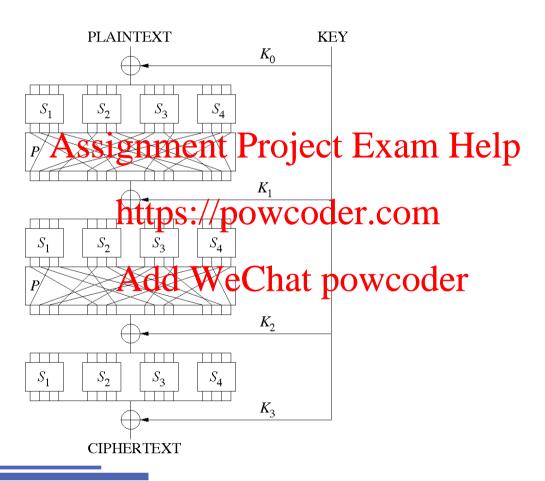
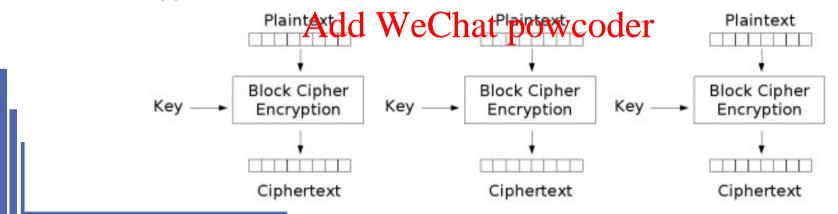


Diagram by Wikipedia

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Modes of Operation - ECB

- The block cipher mode of operation specifies how to handle messages longer than a single block.
- Electronic & Ele
 - Divide message into blocks https://powcoder.com
 - Encrypt each block



ECB is bad

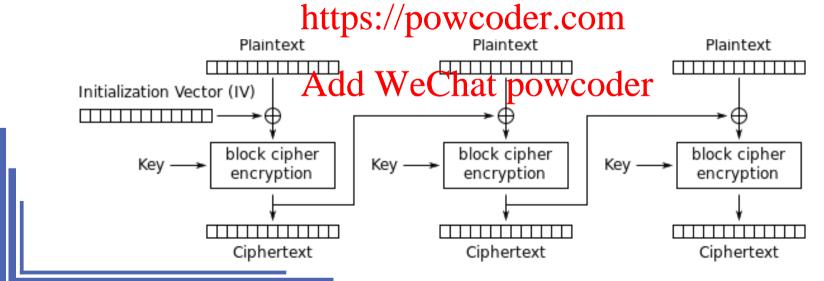
Identical plaintexts encrypted to identical ciphertexts





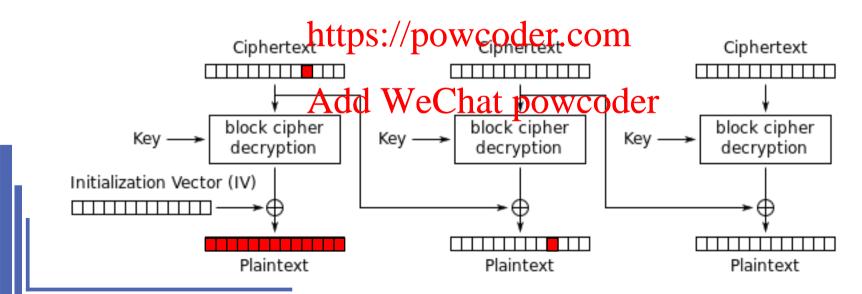
Modes of operation - CBC

- Cipher Block Chaining
 - Before encryption XOR each plaintext block with the previous ciphertext block
 - Use a random stignment etojavt ferranti Holpck
 - IV does not need to remain secret



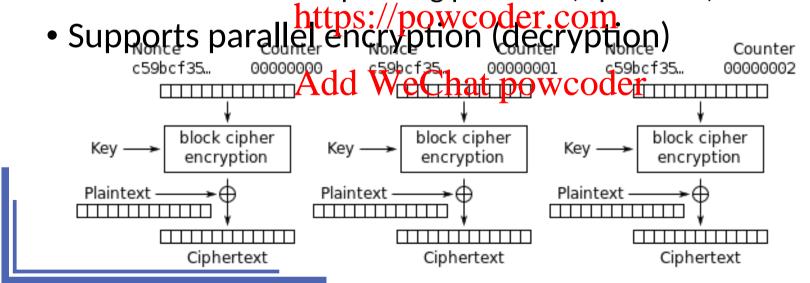
CBC Drawbacks

- Encryption (decryption) is sequential
- Limited ciphertext error propagation
 - Exploited in the Brojectky 13 att Help



Modes of operation - CTR

- Turns a block cipher into a stream cipher
 - Generate a sequence of "counter" blocks
 - Typically, a random nonce combined with a sequence number
 - Encrypt each soigntare hackroject Exam Help
 - XOR with the corresponding plaintext (ciphertext) block



CTR - Drawbacks

- Malleable a change in the ciphertext results causes a similar change in the plaintext
- Sensitive to repeated to rep

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Modes of operation - Summary

- ECB not secure. Do not use unless you know what you are doing.
 - Remember Ahes Dunningt KPugee eff Estam Help
- CBC most commonly used. https://powcoder.com
 CTR better performance but more sensitive
- Add WeChat powcoder
- No authentication
- No message integrity