The Australian National University School of Computing

Ássignment 3

S2 2022

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Lecturer of the respective content: Pascal Bercher

Foundations of Computation

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Due: Friday, 21 October, 2022, 23:55 AEST

Mode: Individual submissions only

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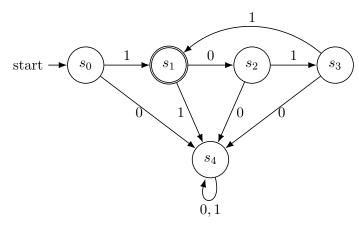
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Consider the below DFA D:



Also consider the language

$$\mathcal{L} = \{ (101)^n 1 \mid n \ge 0 \}.$$

- Prove that $L(D) = \mathcal{L}$ as follows:
 - i) Clearly state your two proof obligations with necessary quantifiers
 - ii) Prove both obligations

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Give a right linear grammar G that generates the language \mathcal{L} .

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Question 2

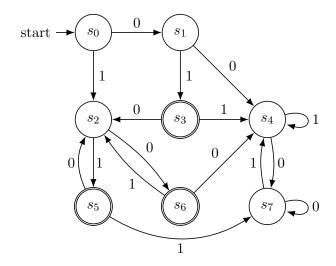
[10 + 10 Credits]

Consider the below AFAAA WeChat start -0

Convert A into a DFA using the subset construction algorithm from lectures. You do not need to compute the entire table, only reachable subsets. Do not perform the minimization afterwards.

You do not need to draw the DFA if all the relevant information is clear in the table. To be clear: You must provide the table. (Also drawing it in a graph makes it easier for us, but it's not required.)

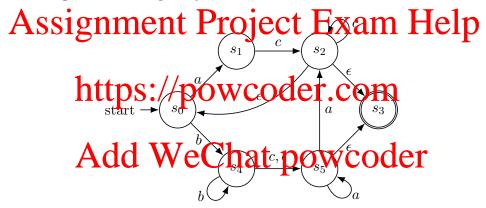
Consider the below DFA B:



Identify any equivalent states in B using the minimisation algorithm from lectures. Show your working and clearly state both why the algorithm terminates, and which states, if any, are equivalent. You do not need to draw the minimal DFA.

Question 3 ϵ -NFA to NFA [10 Credits]

Convert the following ε -NFA to an NFA using the algorithm presented in the lectures. Ensure you carefully follow the algorithm and explicitly state the ϵ -closure of each state.



Question 4 Regular Expressions [5 + 5 Credits]

Consider our alphabet to be $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$.

- a) Give a regular expression that generates all strings in Σ^* that contain exactly one c, and after that c the substring ab does not appear.
- b) Are the regular expressions $R_1 = (a|b)c^*(ac)^* | \epsilon$ and $R_2 = (b|\epsilon)(a|c)^*$ equivalent? (Being equivalent means that they genrate the same language.) Clearly state your answer and:
 - If they are equivalent, write down the language in formal set notation and provide five words of different length that are part of this language.generated.
 - If they are not equivalent, give a word w that is generated by only one regular expression and briefly explain how it is generated, and why it can't be generated by the other.

Question 5 CFGs and PDAs [5 + 10 + 5 Credits]

Consider the below grammar H with $\Sigma = \{f, (,), +, .\}$ which models function application similar to Haskell. (Note: type checking is not considered.)

- a) Demonstrate that H is ambiguous. Your example must use both non-terminals E and O.
- b) Modify H so that function application is left-associative and the operators bind most tightly; parentheses in the language should be respected. Your resulting grammar H' must be unambiguous and must still be context-free.
- c) Using your grammar H', give a parse tree for the string f f . f f and briefly argue why this is the only parse tree for that string. We expect one or two paragraphs (i.e., maybe around 100 words). Note that this is just an estimate; our goal is simply that you convince us that that you understand why there can't be another way to parse the given string.

You should ensure your parse tree follows the conditions in b).

Question 6 Determinism in PDAs [15 Credits]

We have seen in lectures that non-deterministic PDAs are strictly more powerful than deterministic PDAs. We have also seen that any CFG can be converted into an NPDA (but not all CFG's can be converted to DPDAs).

In this question you must examine the differences between DPDAs and NPDAs, and the languages each can recognise. As an example you must consider the language L(H) that is generated by the grammar H from Question G and G are the recognised by H and the recognise H in your response you should:

- outline the general differences between the power of the control of the control
- argue why NPDAs are strictly more powerful (what about their definition makes them more powerful), and
- discuss features or productes with at (pown color deterministic or non-deterministic

You may try to design a DPDA that recognises L(H), but you should not provide your attempt. Instead you should explain either how one could work, or why we cannot build one.

Respond to the prompts above in no more than 400 words (fewer is fine so long as you clearly answer the points above). Your response should be a clear and logical written piece; avoid dot points or formal definitions/proofs unless appropriate. **This question must be typed and submitted to Turnitin.** You will score zero if that's not done.

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