

If  $G$  is a CFG

Is  $L(G) = \emptyset$ ?

This is decidable.

Is  $L(G) = \Sigma^*$ ?

This is UNDECIDABLE!

Given a TM  $M$  and a word  $w$   $\langle M, w \rangle$  we can effectively construct a PDA (or a grammar) which recognizes the COMPLEMENT of the set of valid computations of  $M$  on  $w$ .

Effectively construct: I can describe the PDA explicitly without knowing in advance whether  $M(w) \uparrow$ .

What is a valid computation?

It is a string which describes all the steps taken by  $M$  as it processes  $w$  until it halts.

$\text{VALCOMPS}(M, w) = \emptyset$  iff

$M$  does not halt on  $w$ .

What are valcomps?

(1) A configuration of a TM is a description of its state, the word on the tape and the head pos.

Suppose the tape contains  $a b b a a b$  the state is  $q$  and the head is on the third cell; we write this as

$a b q b a a b$

The name of the state is written to the left of the cell where the head is positioned

(2) We use a special symbol # assume  $\# \in Q \cup \Gamma$

This symbol separates consecutive configurations

e.g. suppose  $\delta(q, b) = (q', a, R)$

$a b q b a a b \rightarrow a b a q' a a b$

... #  $a b q b a a b$  #  $a b a q' a a b$  # ...

A PART of a valid comp.

The start configuration looks like

#  $q_0 a_1 \dots a_n \#$

$w = a_1 \dots a_n \in \Sigma^*$

A valid computation for  $\langle M, w \rangle$  is a sequence of configurations

#  $\alpha_0 \# \alpha_1 \# \alpha_2 \# \dots \# \alpha_n \#$  such that

(i)  $\alpha_0$  is a start configuration

(ii)  $\alpha_n$  is a halting configuration

(iii)  $\alpha_{n+1}$  follows from  $\alpha_n$  by the rules of the Turing machine.

$\text{VALCOMPS}(M, w)$

If  $M(w) \uparrow$  then  $\text{VALCOMPS}(M, w) = \emptyset$

Now I will describe a PDA

(in outline) to recognize

$\text{VALCOMPS}(M, w)$

If  $\text{VALCOMPS}(M, w) = \emptyset$  then

$\text{VALCOMPS}(M, w) = \Delta^*$

where  $\Delta = \Gamma \cup Q \cup \{\#\}$

We can describe this PDA

without knowing whether  $M$  halts on  $w$ .

If we can decide whether

$\text{VALCOMPS}(M, w) = \Delta^*$  we can

answer the non-Halting problem.

$\rightarrow H_M \leq_m \{\langle G \rangle \mid L(G) = \Sigma^*\}$

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5 conditions to be checked for membership in  $\text{VALCOMPS}(M, w) \ni z$

(a)  $z$  begins and ends with # and between each successive pair of #'s we must have a non-empty string over  $\Delta \setminus \{\#\}$   $z = \# \alpha_0 \# \alpha_1 \# \alpha_2 \# \dots \# \alpha_n \#$

(b) each  $\alpha_i$  must contain exactly one symbol from  $Q$

(c)  $\alpha_0$  must be a start config.

(d)  $\alpha_n$  must be a halt config

(e) For each  $i$  ( $H_i$ )  $\alpha_i \rightarrow \alpha_{i+1}$  according to the rules of  $M$ .

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