

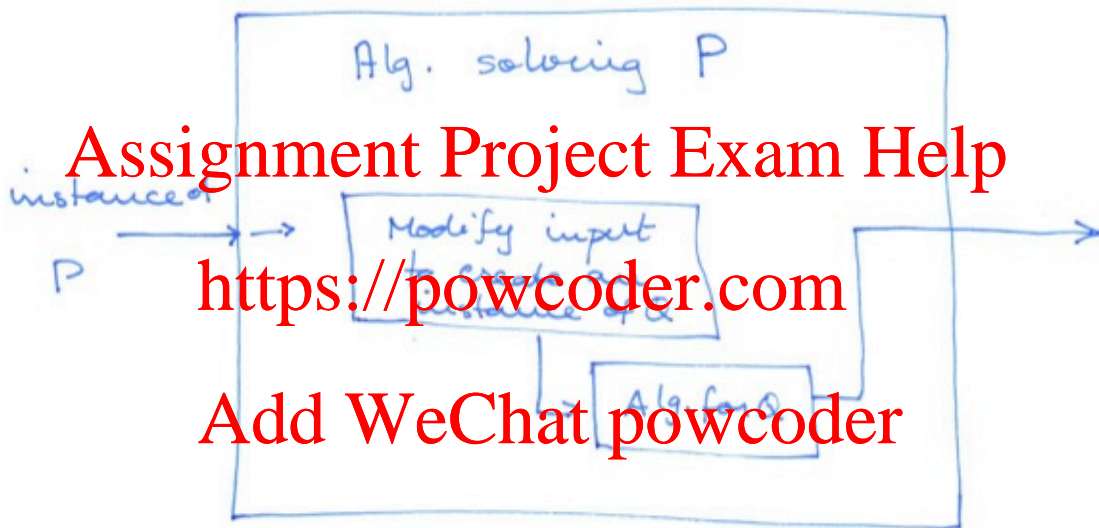
①

P reduces to Q

\equiv If I can solve Q I can solve P

$\equiv Q$ is "harder than" P [P not harder than Q]

$$P \leq Q$$



If P is undecidable then Q must be undecidable.

If Q is decidable then P is decidable.
When proving $P \leq Q$ I do not have to explain how to solve Q because it is a conditional statement.

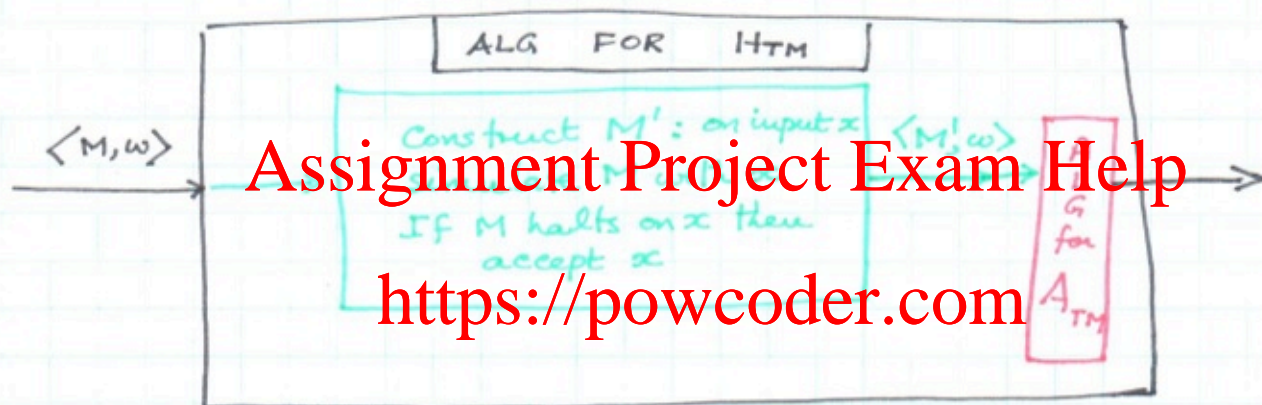
(2)

$$H_{TM} = \{ \langle M, w \rangle \mid M \text{ halts on } w \}$$

$$A_{TM} = \{ \langle M, w \rangle \mid M \text{ accepts } w \}$$

We showed H_{TM} is undecidable

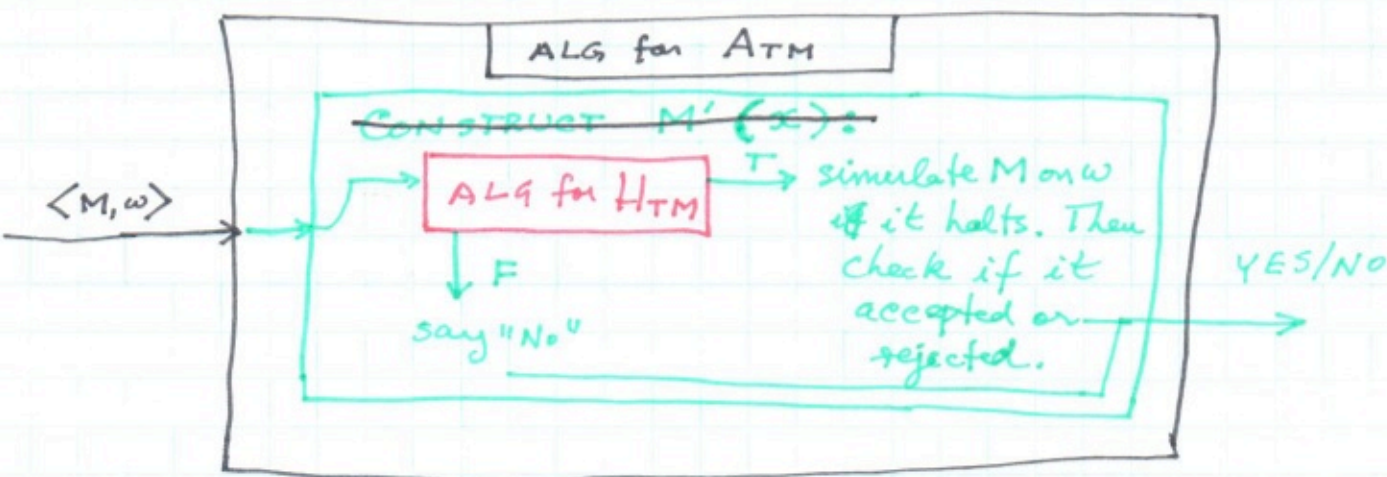
$$H_{TM} \leq A_{TM}$$



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We could have proved A_{TM} is undecidable directly.

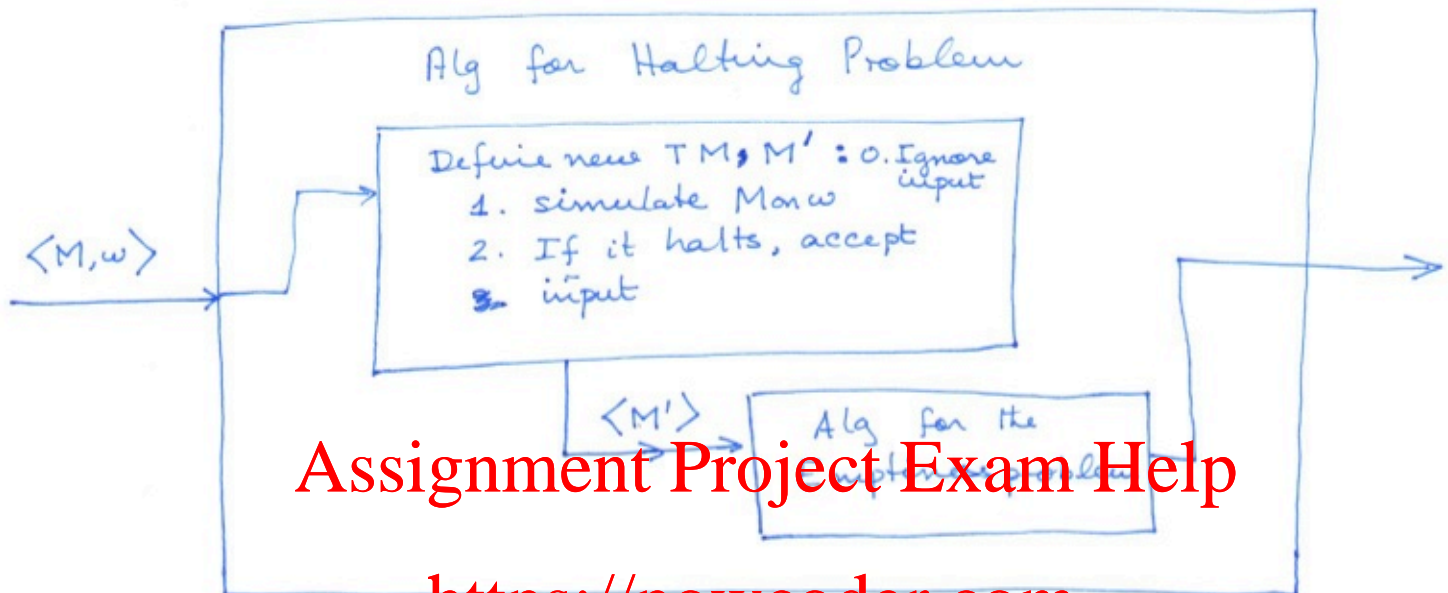
$$A_{TM} \leq H_{TM}$$



③

Halting Problem \leq Emptiness Problem

$$E_{TM} = \{ \langle M \rangle \mid L(M) = \emptyset \}$$



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$L(M') = \emptyset$ if $M(w) \nmid \uparrow$

$L(M') \neq \emptyset (= \Sigma^*)$ if $M(w) \mid \uparrow$

Halting problem is undecidable

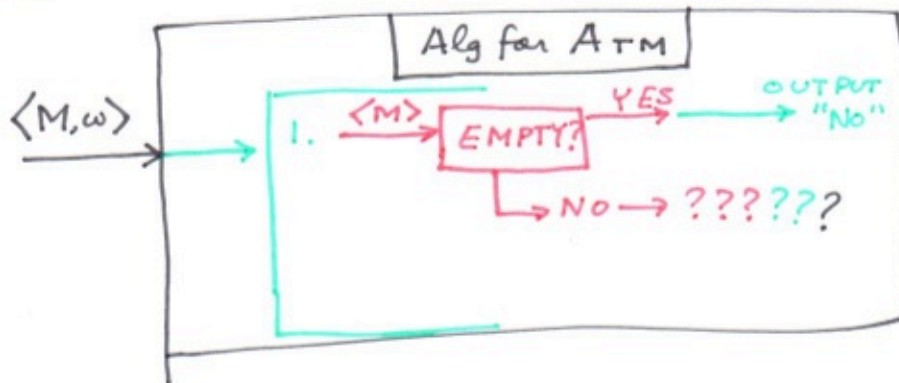
Hence Emptiness problem is undecidable

$$\text{EMPTY}_{\text{TM}} = \{ \langle M \rangle \mid L(M) = \emptyset \}$$

④

$$A_{\text{TM}} \leq \text{EMPTY}_{\text{TM}}$$

First TRY

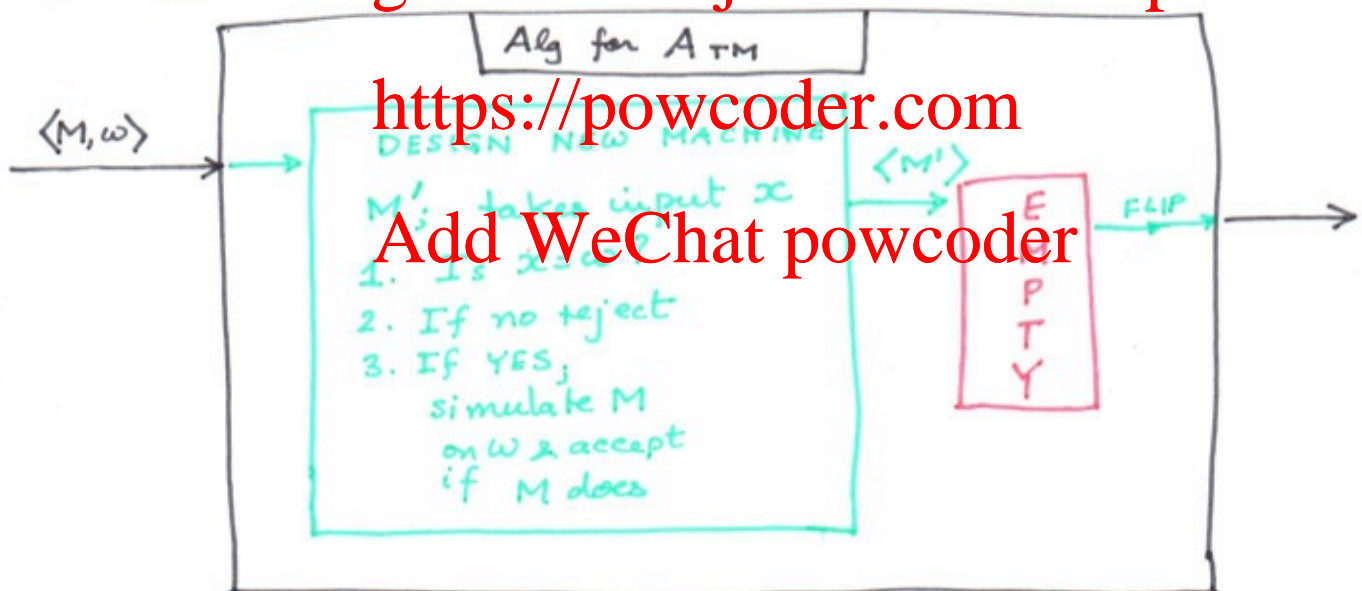


2nd TRY

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If M accept w $L(M) = \{w\}$

If M does not accept w
then $L(M') = \emptyset$

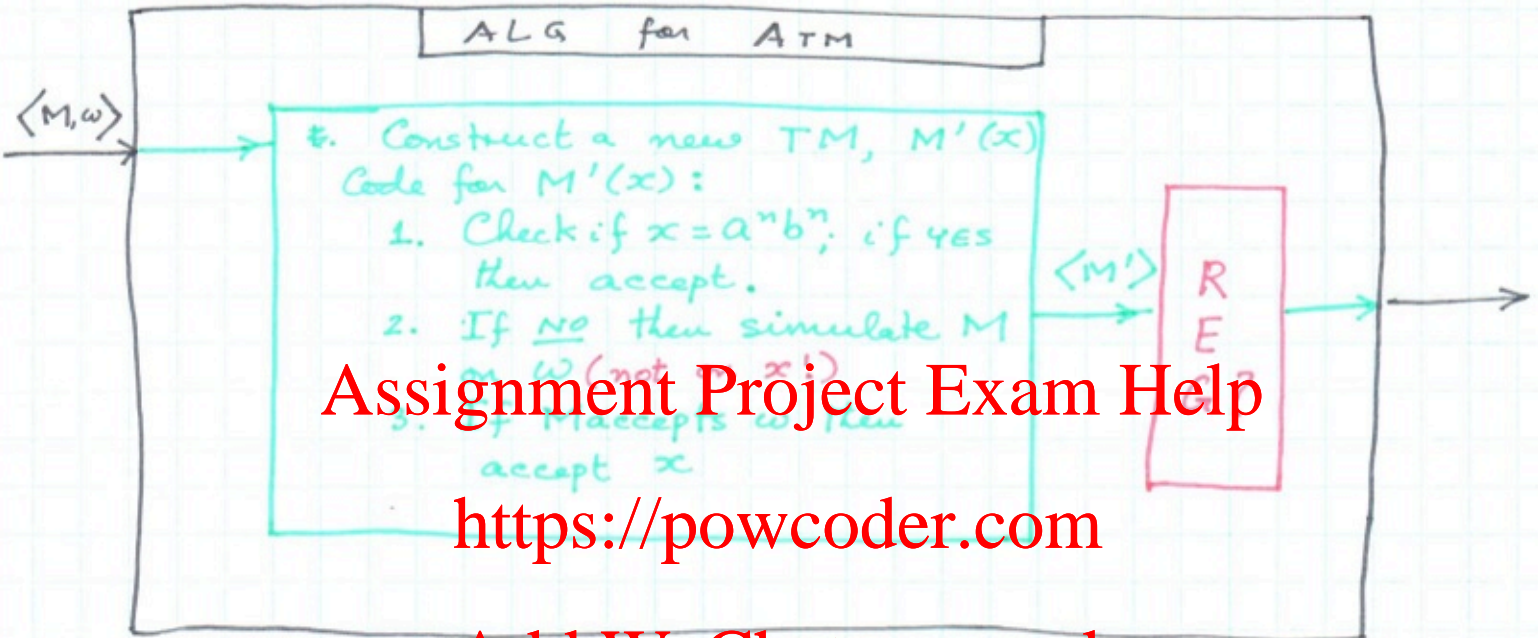
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Is $L(M)$ a regular language?

UNDECIDABLE!

REG?

$A_{TM} \leq REG$



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$L(M') = \Sigma^*$ if M accepts w

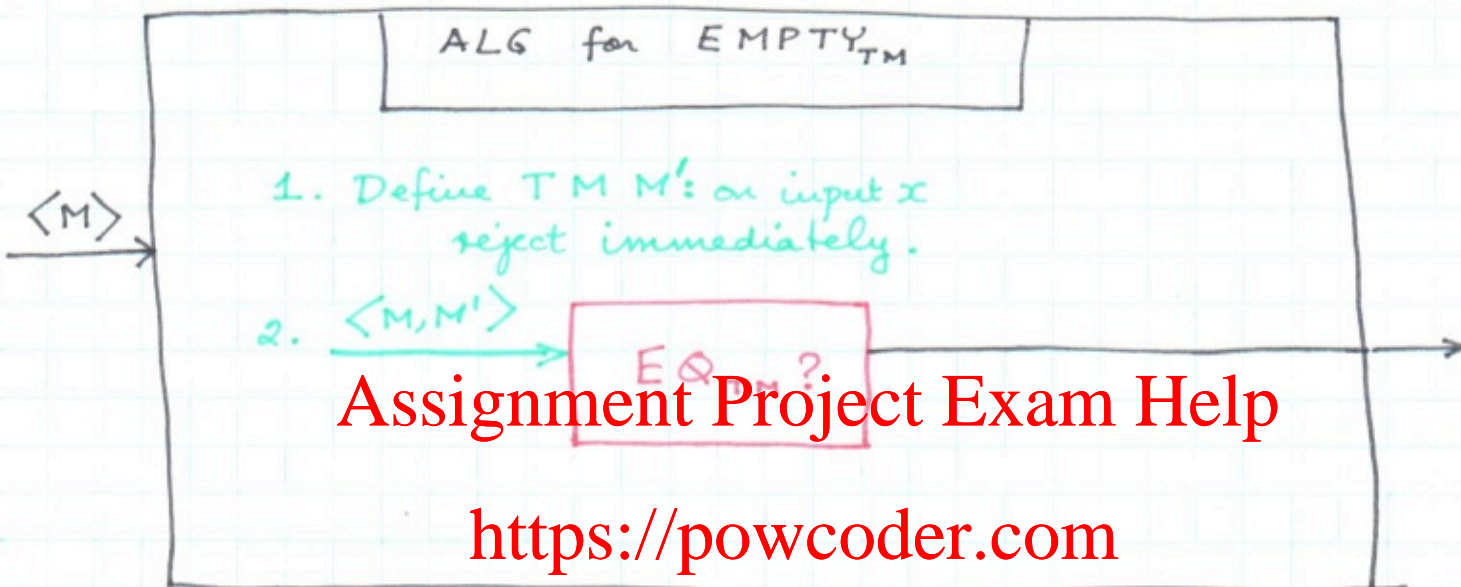
$L(M') = \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0\}$ if M does not accept w

⑥

$$L(M_1) = L(M_2) ?$$

$$EQ_{TM} = \{ \langle M_1, M_2 \rangle \mid L(M_1) = L(M_2) \}$$

$$EMPTY_{TM} \leq EQ_{TM}$$



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EXERCISES

1. $L(M) = L(M')$ where M' always halts
2. $L(M)$ is context-free
3. $|L(M)| < \infty$
4. $L(M) = \Sigma^*$

Sharper notion of reduction

MAPPING REDUCTION

Suppose $L_1, L_2 \subseteq \Sigma^*$

$$L_1 \leq_m L_2$$

if there is a TOTAL COMPUTABLE function

$$f: \Sigma^* \rightarrow \Sigma^*$$

such that $\forall w \in \Sigma^*$

$w \in L_1$ iff $f(w) \in L_2$

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Note: $L_1 \leq_m L_2$ implies $\overline{L_1} \leq_m \overline{L_2}$

implies $\overline{L_1} \leq_m \overline{L_2}$

(2) \leq_m has a DIRECTION

it is not the same as \supseteq_m

$L_1 \leq_m L_2$ does NOT mean

$$L_2 \leq_m L_1$$

1. If $P \leq_m Q$ & P is undecidable then Q is undecidable
2. If $P \leq_m Q$ & Q is decidable then P is decidable
3. If $P \leq_m Q$ & Q is CE then P is CE
4. If $P \leq_m Q$ & P is not CE then Q cannot be CE
5. If $P \leq_m Q$ & P is not coCE then Q cannot be coCE

H_{TM}, A_{TM} are both CE but not coCE.

The reductions we gave were mapping reductions.

$\overline{A_{TM}}$ is co ^{CE} ~~RE~~ but not CE.

$$A_{TM} \leqslant EMPTY_{TM}$$

BUT

~~$$A_{TM} \leqslant_m EMPTY_{TM}$$~~

if there were then

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$$A_{TM} \leqslant_m EMPTY_{TM}$$

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But $\overline{A_{TM}}$ is not C.E.
& $\overline{EMPTY_{TM}}$ is C.E.

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Thm EQ_{TM} is not CE nor co CE

PROOF (1) We show $\overline{A_{TM}} \leq_m \overline{EQ_{TM}}$

Thus $\overline{EQ_{TM}}$ is not CE so
 EQ_{TM} is not co CE.

(2) We show $A_{TM} \leq_m \overline{EQ_{TM}}$

Thus $\overline{EQ_{TM}}$ is not co CE

so EQ_{TM} is not CE.

Now for the reduction:

(1) same as $A_{TM} \leq_m EQ_{TM}$

Input $\langle M, w \rangle$

Construct M_1 which ignores input & accept

(b) $M_2(x)$: ignore input; run $M(\frac{w}{x})$ &
if it accepts, accept x .

$$L(M_1) = \Sigma^* \quad L(M_2) = \begin{cases} \Sigma^* & \text{if } M \text{ accepts } w \\ \emptyset & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$L(M_1) = L(M_2) \Leftrightarrow M \text{ accepts } w$$

(2) Input $\langle M, w \rangle$

M_1 : ignore input & reject

M_2 : just as above

$$L(M_1) = \emptyset \text{ so } L(M_1) = L(M_2) \Leftrightarrow A \text{ does not accept } w$$

(10)

$$|L(M)| = \infty$$

How HARD IS THIS?

Claim: $INF = \{ \langle M \rangle \mid L(M) \text{ is infinite} \}$

is not even CE

$$\overline{H_{TM}} \leq_m INF$$

Given $\langle M, w \rangle$ we define a TM

M' with input x

M' works as follows.

1. Simulate M on w for $|x|$ steps.
(a) if M halts before the end of the simulation reject x
2. Accept x .

(This is OK because we are doing a controlled simulation)

If M does not halt on w then

$L(M')$ is infinite else finite so

$$\langle M, w \rangle \in \overline{H_{TM}} \iff \langle M' \rangle \in INF$$