Add WeChat powcoder

Introduction to

Assignment Project Exam Help
Information Retrieval
https://powcoder.com

Add WeChat powcoder Lecture 18: Link analysis

Today's lected WeeChat powcoder

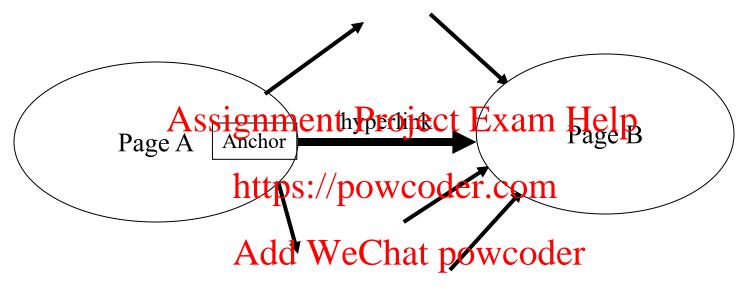
- Anchor text
- Link analysis for ranking
 - Pagerank and variants

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https://powcoder.com

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The Web as a work of the Web as a solution of



Assumption 1: A hyperlink between pages denotes author perceived relevance (quality signal)

Assumption 2: The text in the anchor of the hyperlink describes the target page (textual context)

Anchor Assignment Project Exam Help

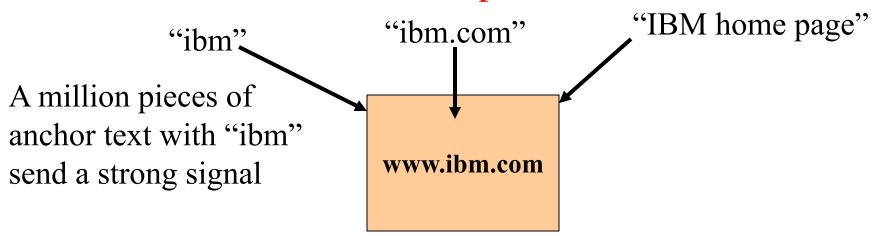
WWW Worm Add CBryah Theby 94 der

- For *ibm* how to distinguish between:

 - IBM's home page (mostly graphical)

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 IBM's copyright page (high term freq. for 'ibm')
 - Rival's spanhpage (arbitrarily brighterm freq.)

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Indexing and Wor Chetxplowcoder

 When indexing a document D, include anchor text from links pointing to D.

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Joe's computer hardware links

Sun
HP
IBM

Armonk, NY-baleet converter coder.com
giant IBM announced today

Add WeChat powers for the quarter

Big Blue today announced record profits for the quarter

Indexing and Wor Chetxptowcoder

- Can sometimes have unexpected side effects e.g., evil empire.
- Can score anchortext will weight depending on the authority of the authority of the psychologoge of the state of the sta
 - E.g., if we were to assume that content from cnn.com or yahoo.com is authoritative, then the anchor text from them

Anchor Textd WeChat powcoder

- Other applications
 - Weighting/filtering links in the graph Assignment Project Exam Help
 - Generating page descriptions from anchor https://powcoder.com text

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Citation And Wishat powcoder

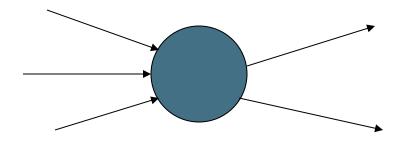
- Citation frequency
- Co-citation coupling frequency
 Assignment Project Exam Help
 Cocitations with a given author measures "impact"

 - Cocitation antapysispowcoder.com
- Bibliographicagouplingafrequency
 - Articles that co-cite the same articles are related
- Citation indexing
 - Who is this author cited by? (Garfield 1972)
- Pagerank preview: Pinsker and Narin '60s

Query-independent ordering

- First generation: using link counts as simple measures of popularity.

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 Two basic suggestions:
- - Undirected https://powcoder.com
 - Each page gets a score the number of in-links plus the number of out-links (3+2=5).
 - **Directed popularity:**
 - Score of a page = number of its in-links (3).



Query protesting at powcoder

- First retrieve all pages meeting the text query (say venture capital).
- Order these by their link popularity (efther variant on the previous slide)://powcoder.com
- More nuanced—use link counts as a measure of Add WeChat powcoder static goodness (Lecture 7), combined with text match score

Spamming simple propularity

- Exercise: How do you spam each of the following heuristics so your page gets a high score?
- 1. Each page gets a static store Exame Humber of inlinks plus the humber of cout-links
- 2. Static score of a page = number of its in-links. Add WeChat powcoder

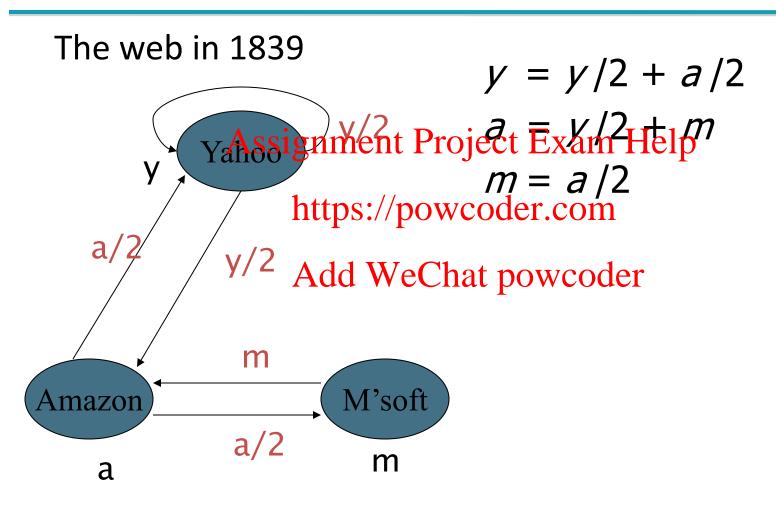
Ideas of Page Was kat powcoder

- Inlinks as votes
 - www.stanford.edu has 23,400 inlinks
 - www.joe-salygingenenat Pirtiject Exam Help
- Web pages are not equally "important" https://powcoder.com
 - <u>www.joe-schmoe.com</u> → p1
 - vs. www.stanford.del We Shat powcoder
- Are all inlinks equal?
 - Recursive question!

Pagerank sedo Winghat powcoder

- Imagine a browser doing a random walk on web pages:
 - Start at Assignmente Project Exam Help
 - At each step, go out of the current page along one of the links on that page, equiprobably
- "In the steady state each page has a long-term visit rate use this as the page's score.

Example Athersimple word Model



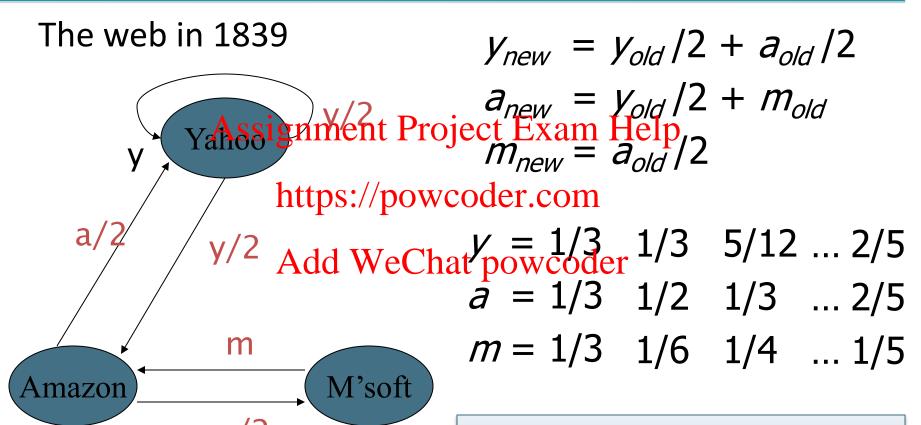
Solving the flow by wations

- 3 equations, 3 unknowns, no constants
 - No unique solution
 - All solutions ignivated Projecto Example of
- Additional constraint forces deniqueness
 - y+a+m = 1
 y = 2/5, a = 2/5, m = 1/5
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- Gaussian elimination method works for small examples, but we need a better method for large graphs

a

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Example Athersimple word Model



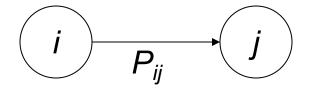
Matrix-based characterization of the computation is simpler and more useful for the general case.

16

Markov chain eChat powcoder

- A Markov chain consists of n states, plus an $n \times n$ transition probability matrix **P**.
- At each step, we are in exactly one of the states.
- For $1 \le i,j \le n$, blues matrix endler. Potells us the probability of j being the next state, given we are currently in state i.



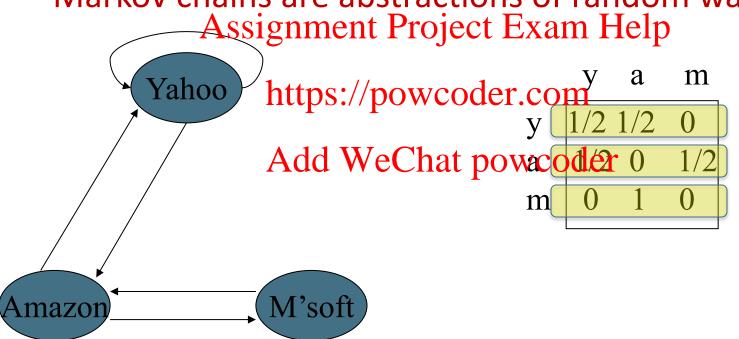


Markov chain eChat powcoder

• Clearly, for all i, $\sum_{ij} P_{ij} = 1$.

$$\sum_{j=1}^{n} P_{ij} = 1.$$

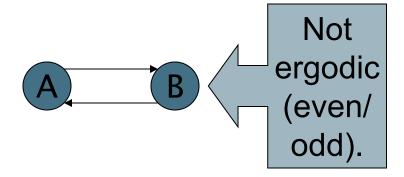
Markov chains are abstractions of random walks.



Ergodic Mark Wo Chatajons coder

- A Markov chain is <u>ergodic</u> if
 - you have a path from any state to any other
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 For any start state, after a finite transient time T₀,
 - For any start state, after a finite transient time T₀, the probability of points or leaves that a fixed time T>T₀ is nonzero. We Chat powcoder



Ergodic Wark Wo Chatajons coder

- For any ergodic Markov chain, there is a unique longiterm visitirate for each state.
 - Steady-state probability distribution.
- Over a long time period, we visit each state in proportion to this rate.
- It doesn't matter where we start.

Probability de to powcoder

- A probability (row) vector $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, ... x_n)$ tells us where the walk is at any point.
- E.g., (000...1...000) means we're in state i.

1 i https://powcoder.com

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More generally, the vector $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, \dots x_n)$ means the walk is in state i with probability x_i .

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i = 1.$$

Change in Adrobability weetor

- If the probability vector is $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, ... x_n)$ at this step, what is it at the next step?

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- Recall that row *i* of the transition prob. https://powcoder.com
 Matrix P tells us where we go next from state *i*.
- So from x, our next state is distributed as xP.

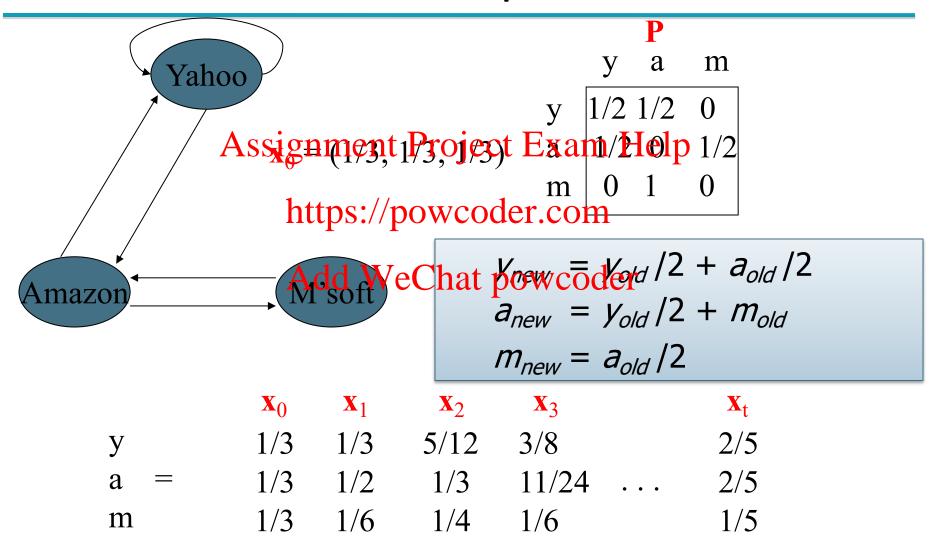
How do weded in putter this vector?

- Let $\mathbf{a} = (a_1, \dots a_n)$ denote the row vector of steadystate probabilities.
- If our current position is described by a, then the next step is distributed ascaller.com
- But a is the steady state, so a=aP. Add WeChat powcoder
- Solving this matrix equation gives us a.
 - So a is the (left) eigenvector for P.
 - (Corresponds to the "principal" eigenvector of P with the largest eigenvalue.)
 - Transition probability matrices always have largest eigenvalue 1.

One way ofte on putting aler

- Recall, regardless of where we start, we eventually reach the steady state a.
- Start with any distribution (\$4 \ \times \ \ \times \ \
- After one stephtyes repatix epatix epatix
- after two steps at xp2 then xp3 and so on.
- "Eventually" means for "large" k, $\mathbf{xP}^k = \mathbf{a}$.
- Algorithm: multiply x by increasing powers of P until the product looks stable.

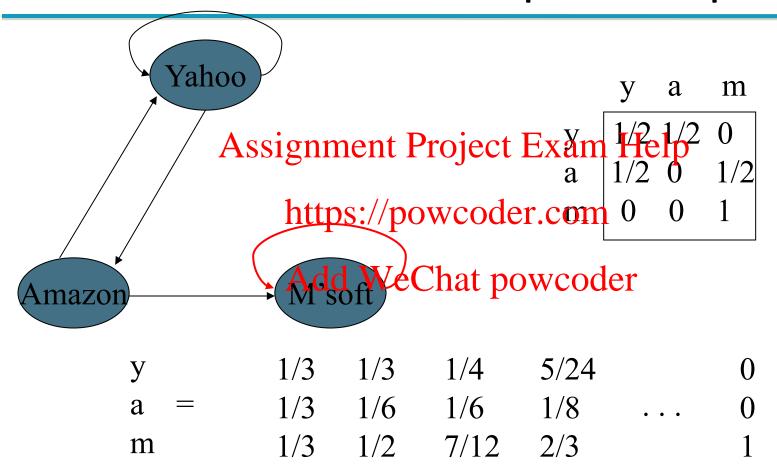
Power Iteration Exampleer



Spider traped WeChat powcoder

- A group of pages is a spider trap if there are no links from within the group to outside the group
 - Random Assignmenta Project Exam Help
- Spider traps viplete the conditions needed for the random walk theorem
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Microsoft Add Confless Payspilder trap

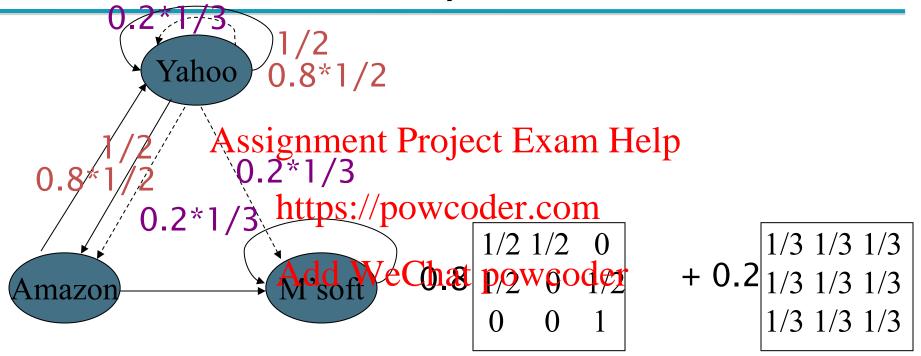


Random teleproftst powcoder

- The Google solution for spider traps
- At each time step, the random surfer has two options: Assignment Project Exam Help
 - With probability ps: for lowedid to the probability ps: for lowed to the ps: for lowed to the
 - With probability 1-β, jump to some page uniformly at random

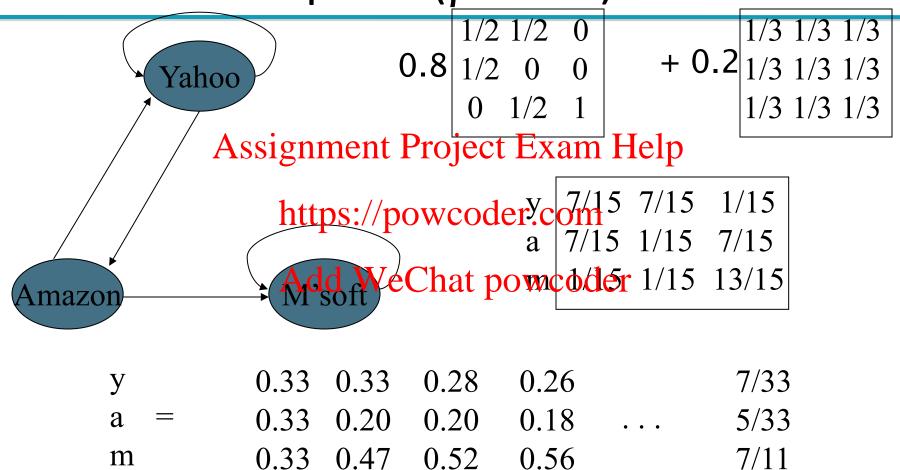
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 - Common values for β are in the range 0.8 to 0.9
- Surfer will teleport out of spider trap within a few time steps

Random teleports (power 198)



y 7/15 7/15 1/15 a 7/15 1/15 7/15 m 1/15 1/15 13/15

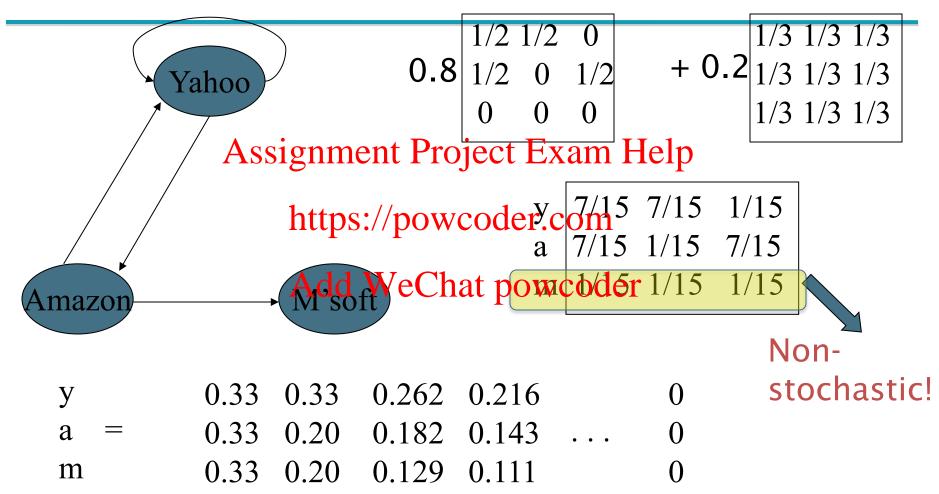
Random teleports (power 198)



Dead endsdd WeChat powcoder

- Pages with no outlinks are "dead ends" for the random surfer
 - Nowhere to isometh Preject Exam Help
- Especially common for Web & arch Engines
 - URLs that have not yet been crawled Add WeChat powcoder

Microsoft Add Complets Pavdetad end



Dealing with Weald emoboder

- Teleport
 - Follow random teleport links with probability 1.0 from dead-enassignment Project Exam Help
 - Adjust matrix accordingly https://powcoder.com
- (Suggested by & dodgle) Change and Color pagate
 - Preprocess the graph to eliminate dead-ends
 - Might require multiple passes
 - Compute page rank on reduced graph
 - Approximate values for deadends by propagating values from reduced graph

Q: Why approximate values and why errors are insignificant?

Pagerank summany powcoder

- Preprocessing:
 - Given graph of links, build matrix P.
 - From it easignment Project Exam Help
 - **a** is the principle eigen vector of a matrix $\tilde{\mathbf{P}}$ $\frac{\mathbf{https://powcoder.com}}{\mathbf{P} = (1 \beta)\mathbf{P} + \beta\mathbf{T}}, \quad \mathbf{T}_{i,j} = \frac{1}{n}$
 - The entry a_i is a chumber between 0 and 1: the page rank of page i.
- Query processing:
 - Retrieve pages meeting query.
 - Rank them by their pagerank.
 - Order is query-independent.

The reality WeChat powcoder

- Pagerank is used in google, but is hardly the full story of ranking
 - Many sophisizamenta Runie at Exam Help
 - Some address specific query glasses m
 - Machine learned ranking (Lecture 15) heavily used
- Pagerank still very useful for things like crawl policy

Pagerank Ads Swess a poly Walriants

- How realistic is the random surfer model?
 - (Does it matter?)
 - What if we sign entheroject Exam Help
 - Surfer behaviortsharply skewed towards short paths
 - Search engines, bookmarks & directories make jumps nonrandom. Add WeChat powcoder
- Biased Surfer Models
 - Weight edge traversal probabilities based on match with topic/query (non-uniform edge selection)
 - Bias jumps to pages on topic (e.g., based on personal bookmarks & categories of interest)

Topic Specified Pagerantwooder

- Goal pagerank values that depend on query topic
- Conceptually, we use a random surfer who teleports, with say 10% probability, Using the following rule; //powcoder.com

only randomly teleport to a subset of pages

- Selects a topic (say, one of the 16 top level ODP categories) based on a query & user-specific distribution over the categories
- Teleport to a page uniformly at random within the chosen topic
- Sounds hard to implement: can't compute PageRank at query time!

Topic Specifie Pageraphwcoder

- **Offline**:Compute pagerank for *individual* topics
 - Query independent as before
 - Each page haismultiple page on Excaras Holpe for each ODP category, with teleportation only to that category
- Online: Query bure xpelasafedanto (distribution of weights over) tapics WeChat powcoder
 Generate a dynamic pagerank score for each page – weighted sum of topic
 - specific pageranks

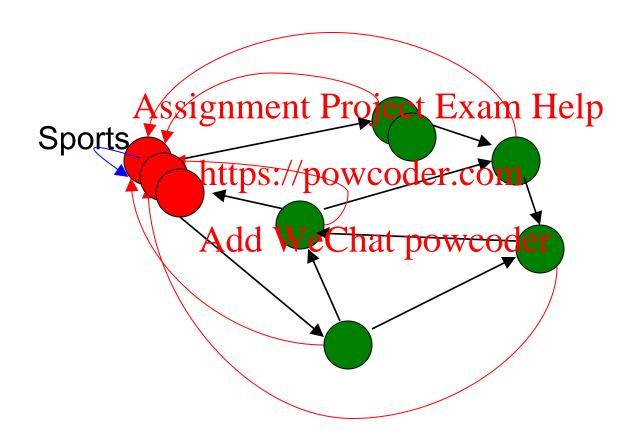
Influencing Page Rank ("Personalization")

- Input:
 - Web graph W Assignment Project Exam Help
 - Influence vector v over pages of a topic

v: (page → https://powcoder.com)

- Output: Add WeChat powcoder
 - Rank vector \mathbf{r} : (page \rightarrow page importance wrt \mathbf{v})
- $\mathbf{r} = PR(W, \mathbf{v})$

Non-uniforth Weleportation



Teleport with 10% probability to a Sports page

Interpretation of Compositer Score

Given a set of personalization vectors {v_i}

$$PR(W, \sum_{j} [w_{j} \cdot \mathbf{v}_{j}]) = \sum_{j} [w_{j} \cdot PR(W, \mathbf{v}_{j})]$$

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Given a user's preferences over topics, express as a combination of the what is it westers der

Assignment Project Exam Help [Jeh & Widom, PageRank as a Linear System [Jeh & Widom, KDD 2003] Add WeChat powcoder [Optional]

- Preference vectors u → specifies the random teleport probability distribution
 - A column A seign mental Project of Fire # 4 Per tices in G)
 - sum up to 1.9 https://powcoder.com
- Personalized pagerank vector v → steady-state distribution over the vertices in Goder
 - Also a column vector of n dimensions
- v is determined by u via a linear system

$$\mathbf{v} = (1 - \beta)\mathbf{P}^{\top}\mathbf{v} + \beta\mathbf{u}$$

Linearity of Page Raphwooder

• For two preference vectors $\mathbf{u_1}$ and $\mathbf{u_2}$, let $\mathbf{v_1}$ and $\mathbf{v_2}$ be the corresponding personalized page rank vectors, then we can prove that Project Exam Help

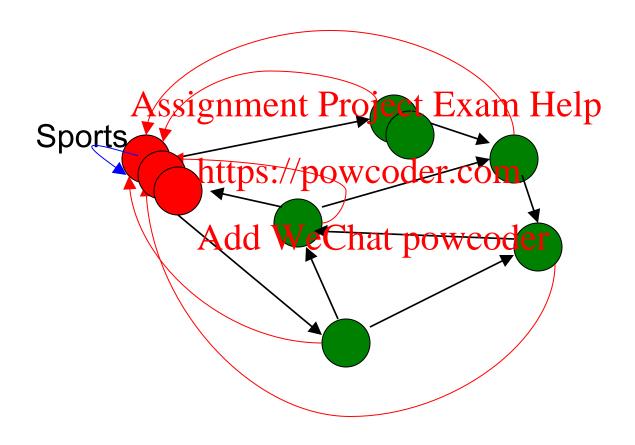
$$\lambda \mathbf{v}_1 + (1 - \lambda)\mathbf{v}_2 = (1 \frac{\beta}{\hbar t} \frac{\beta}{\hbar} \frac{\beta}{\hbar} \frac{\beta}{\hbar u} \frac{\partial u_1}{\partial u_2} + \beta (\lambda \mathbf{u}_1 + (1 - \lambda)\mathbf{u}_2)$$

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Implication:

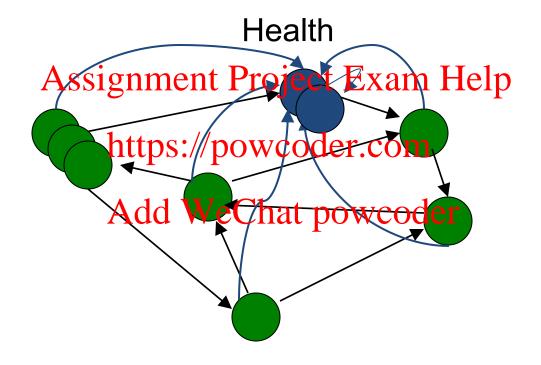
 Personalized pagerank vectors induced by a linear combination of preference vectors can be computed as the same linear combination of corresponding personalized pagerank vectors.

Interpretation We Chat powcoder



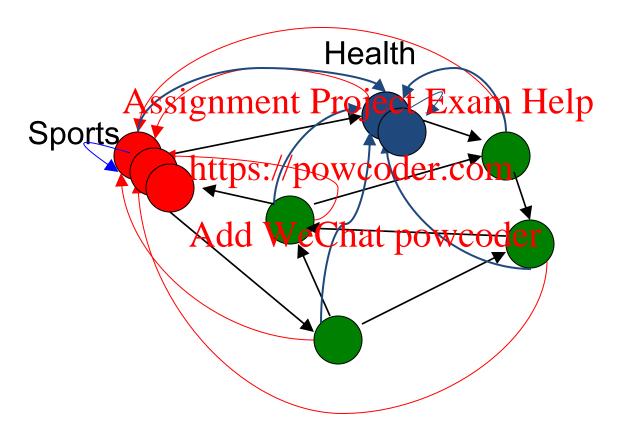
10% Sports teleportation

Interpretation We Chat powcoder



10% Health teleportation

Interpretation We Chat powcoder



 $pr = (0.9 PR_{sports} + 0.1 PR_{health})$ gives you: 9% sports teleportation, 1% health teleportation

Resources Add WeChat powcoder

- IIR Chap 21
- http://www2004.org/proceedings/docs/1p309.pdf
 Assignment Project Exem Help
- Assignment Project Exam Help
 http://www2004.org/proceedings/docs/1p595.pdf
- http://www2dotspeirgpew69999999999/refereed/p270/ kamvar-270-xhtml/index.html/wcoder
- http://www2003.org/cdrom/papers/refereed/p641/ xhtml/p641-mccurley.html
- Glen Jeh and Jennifer Widom: sScaling Personalized Web Search. KDD 2003.