# COMP9021 Principles of Programming Term 1, 2024

## **Assignment 2**

Worth 13 marks and due Week 11 Monday @ 10am

### 1. General Matters

## 1.1 Aim

The purpose of this assignment is to design and implement a program that will:

- analyse the various characteristics of a maze, represented by a particular coding
  of its basic constituents into numbers, from the set {0,1,2,3} only, stored in a file
  whose contents is read, and
- either output those *characteristics*, or
- output some Latex code in a text file, from which a pictorial representation of the maze can be produced.
- · use object Exam Help

## 1.2 Marking https://powcoder.com

This assignment is worth 13 marks distributed approximately as follows:

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init() method	1.3
Incorrect input	0.78
Input does not represent a maze	0.52
analyse() method	7.8
gates	0.975
walls that are all connected	0.975
inaccessible inner points	0.975
accessible areas	0.975
accessible cul-de-sacs	1.95
entry-exit paths	1.95
display() method	3.9
Total	13.0

Your program will be tested against several inputs. For each test, the auto-marking script will let your program run for **30 seconds**. The outputs of your program should be **exactly** as indicated.

### 1.3 Due Date and Submission

Your program will be stored in a file named maze.py. The assignment can be submitted more than once. The last version just before the due date and time will be marked (unless you submit late in which case the last late version will be marked).

Assignment 2 is due Week 11 Monday 22 April 2024 @ 10:00am (Sydney time)

Note that **late** submission with **5% penalty per day** is allowed **up to 5 days** from the due date, that is, any late submission after **Week 11 Saturday 27 April 2024 @ 10:00am** will be discarded.

Make sure not to change the filename maze.py while submitting by clicking on [Mark] button in Ed. It is your responsibility to check that your submission did go through properly using **Submissions** link in Ed otherwise your mark will be **zero** for Assignment 2.

Please note that the testing is the remove the sample in the sample in the sample in the sample in the sample inputs.

2: for testing of part 1 and for submission" on the sample inputs.

Your submission will NO be the woode prom Assignment 1: No Dersubmission, for testing of part 2 ONLY" for marking. You can ONLY test part 2 of the assignment in "Assignment 2: NOT for submission, for testing of part 2 ONLY" on the sample inputs.

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Please also note that your submission for **BOTH PART 1 AND PART 2** will be downloaded from "**Assignment 2: for testing of part 1 and for submission**" for marking.

## 1.4 Reminder on Plagiarism Policy

You are permitted, indeed encouraged, to discuss ways to solve the assignment with other people. Such discussions must be in terms of **algorithms**, **not code**. But you **must implement the solution on your own**. Submissions are **scanned for similarities** that occur when students copy and modify other people's work or work very closely together on a single implementation. Severe penalties apply.

## 2. Description

The representation of the *maze* is based on a coding with the four digits 0, 1, 2 and 3 such that:

- 0 codes points that are connected to neither their right nor their below neighbours.
- 1 codes points that are connected to their right neighbours but not to their below ones:
- 2 codes points that are connected to their below neighbours but not to their right ones:
- 3 codes points that are connected to both their right and below neighbours:

A point that is connected to none of their left, right, above, and below neighbours represents a pillar:

Analysing the maze will allow you to also represent:

- cul-de-sacs: Assignment Project Exam Help certain kinds of perhs:

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## 3. Examples

#### 3.1 First example

The file named maze 1.txt has the following contents:

- 1 0 2 2 1 2 3 0
- 3 2 2 1 2 0 2 2
- 3 0 1 1 3 1 0 0
- 2 0 3 0 0 1 2 0
- 3 2 2 0 1 2 3 2
- 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0

## Here is a possible interaction ment Project Exam Help

## \$ python3

>>> from maze impohttps://powcoder.com

>>> maze = Maze('maze\_1.txt')

>>> maze.analyse()

The maze has 12 gates dd WeChat powcoder

The maze has 8 sets of walls that are all connected.

The maze has 2 inaccessible inner points.

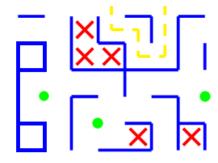
The maze has 4 accessible areas.

The maze has 3 sets of accessible cul-de-sacs that are all connected.

The maze has a unique entry-exit path with no intersection not to cul-de-sacs.

>>> maze.display()

The effect of executing maze.display() is to produce a file named maze\_1.tex that can be given as argument to pdflatex to produce a file named maze 1.pdf that views as follows:



## 3.2 Second example

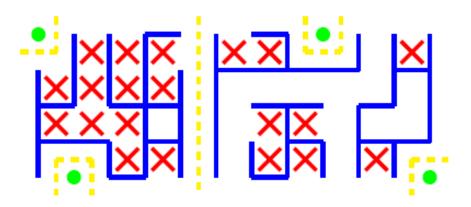
The file named maze 2.txt has the following contents:

022302120222 222223111032 301322130302 312322232330 001000100000

Here is a possible interaction:

```
$ python3
...
>>> from maze import *
>>> maze = Maze('maze_2.txt')
>>> maze.analyse()
The maze has 20 gates.
The maze has 4 sets of walls that are all connected.
The maze has 4 inaccessible inner prints
The maze has 13 accessible areas.
The maze has 11 sets of accessible cul-de-sacs that are all connected.
The maze has 5 entry-exit paths with no intersections not to cul-de-sacs.
>>> maze.display()
```

The effect of executing maze display() is to produce a file named maze\_2.tex that can be given as argument to pdflatex the produce of the party of the produce of the party of the produce of the party of the party



## 3.3 Third example

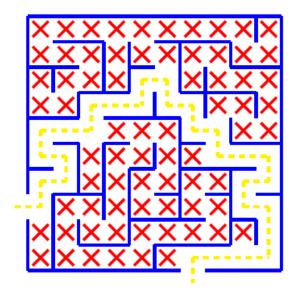
The file named labyrinth.txt has the following contents:

Here is a possible interaction:

\$ python3

```
>>> from maze import *
>>> maze = Maze('labyrinth.txt')
>>> maze.analys(s1gnment Project Exam Help
The maze has 2 gates.
The maze has 2 sets of walls that are all connected.
The maze has no inpressible inproport Coder. Com
The maze has a unique accessible area.
The maze has 8 sets of accessible cul-de-sacs that are all connected.
The maze has a unique entropy with a interpretation of the place-sacs.
>>> maze.display()
```

The effect of executing maze.display() is to produce a file named labyrinth.tex that can be given as argument to pdflatex to produce a file named labyrinth.pdf that views as follows:



## 4. Detailed description

### 4.1 Input

The input is expected to consist of  $y_{dim}$  lines of  $x_{dim}$  members of  $\{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ , where  $x_{dim}$  and  $y_{dim}$  are at least equal to 2 and at most equal to 31 and 41, respectively, with possibly lines consisting of spaces only that will be ignored and with possibly spaces anywhere on the lines with digits. If n is the x-th digit of the y-th line with digits, with  $0 \le x < x_{dim}$  and  $0 \le y < y_{dim}$  then

- n is to be associated with a point situated x x 0.5 cm to the right and y x 0.5 cm below an origin,
- n is to be connected to the point 0.5 cm to its right just in case n = 1 or n = 3, and
- n is to be connected to the point 0.5 cm below itself just in case n = 2 or n = 3.

The last digit on every line with digits cannot be equal to 1 or 3, and the digits on the last line with digits cannot be equal to 2 or 3, which ensures that the input encodes a maze, that is, a grid of width  $(x_{dim} - 1) \times 0.5$  cm and of height  $(y_{dim} - 1) \times 0.5$  cm (hence of maximum width **15 cm** and of maximum height **20 cm**), with possibly gaps on the sides and inside.

A point not connected to any of its neighbours is thought of as a **pillar**; a point connected to at least one of its neighbours is thought of as **part of a wall**.

We talk about the Solid three throughour that if the  $0.5 \times 0.5$  cm below the origin with  $0 \le x < x dim - 1$  and  $0 \le y < y dim - 1$ 

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## 4.2 Output

Consider executing from the Python plant the statement from the statement maze = Maze(some\_filename). In case some\_filename does not exist in the working directory, then Python will raise a FileNotFoundError exception, that does not need to be caught. Assume that some\_filename does exist (in the working directory). If the input is incorrect in that it does not contain only digits in {0, 1, 2, 3} besides spaces, or in that it contains either too few or too many nonblank lines, or in that some nonblank lines contain too many or too few digits, or in that two of its nonblank lines do not contain the same number of digits, then the effect of executing maze = Maze(some\_filename) should be to generate a MazeError exception that reads:

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
maze.MazeError: Incorrect input.
```

If the previous conditions hold but the further conditions spelled out above for the input to qualify as a maze (that is, the condition on the last digit on every line with digits and the condition on the digits on the last line) do not hold, then the effect of executing maze = Maze(some\_filename) should be to generate a MazeError exception that reads:

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
maze.MazeError: Input does not represent a maze.
```

If the input is correct and represents a maze, then executing maze = Maze(some\_filename) followed by maze.display() should have the effect of outputting a first line that reads one of:

The maze has no gate. The maze has a single gate. The maze has N gates.

with N an appropriate integer at least equal to 2, a second line that reads one of

The maze has no wall.

The maze has walls that are all connected.

The maze has N sets of walls that are all connected.

with N an appropriate integer at least equal to 2, a third line that reads one of

The maze has no inaccessible inner point. The maze has a unique inaccessible inner point. The maze has N inaccessible inner points.

with N an appropriate integer at least equal to 2, a fourth line that reads one of

The maze has a unique accessible area.

The maze has a unique accessible area.

The maze has N accenitepeas/powcoder.com

with N an appropriate integer at least equal to 2, a fifth line that reads one of

The maze has no accessible cul-de-sacs that are all connected.

The maze has N. sets of accessible cul-de-sacs that are all connected.

with N an appropriate integer at least equal to 2, and a sixth line that reads one of

The maze has no entry-exit path with no intersection not to cul-de-sacs. The maze has a unique entry-exit path with no intersection not to cul-de-sacs. The maze has N entry-exit paths with no intersections not to cul-de-sacs.

with N an appropriate integer at least equal to 2.

- A gate is any pair of consecutive points on one of the four sides of the maze that are not connected.
- An inaccessible inner point is an inner point that cannot be reached from any gate.
- An accessible area is a maximal set of inner points that can all be accessed from the same gate (sothe number of accessible inner points is at most equal to the number of gates).
- A set of accessible cul-de-sacs that are all connected is a maximal set *S* of connected inner points that can all be accessed from the same gate *g* and such that for all points *p* in *S*, if *p* has been accessed from *g* for the first time, then either *p* is in a dead end or moving on without ever gettingback leads into a dead end.
- An entry-exit path with no intersections not to cul-de-sacs is a maximal set *S* of connected inner points that go from a gate to another (necessarily different) gate and such that for all points *p* in *S*, there is only one way to move on from *p* without getting back and without entering a cul-de-sac.

Pay attention to the expected format, including spaces.

If the input is correct and represents a maze, then executing maze = Maze(some\_filename) followed by maze.display() should have the effect of producing a file named some\_filename.tex that can be given as argument to pdflatex to generate a file named some\_filename.pdf. The provided examples will show you what some\_filename.tex should contain the contain

- Walls are drawn in blue. There is a command for every longest segment that is part of a wall.
  Horizontal segments are drawn starting with the topmost leftmost segment and finishing with
  the bottommost rightmost segment and finishing with the bottommost rightmost segment.
- Pillars are drawn aş green circles.
- Inner points in accessione cul-de-sacs are drawn aspect crosses. Oder
- The paths with no intersection not to cul-de-sacs are drawn as dashed yellow lines. There is a command for every longest segment on such a path. Horizontal segments are drawn starting with the topmost leftmost segment and finishing with the bottommost rightmost segment, with thosesegments that end at a gate sticking out by 0.25 cm. Then vertical segments are drawn starting with the topmost leftmost segment and finishing with the bottommost rightmost segment, with those segments that end at a gate sticking out by 0.25 cm.

Pay attention to the expected format, including spaces and blank lines. Lines that start with % are comments; there are 4 such lines, that must be present even when there is no item to be displayed of the kind described by the comment. The output of your program redirected to a file will be compared with the expected output saved in a file (of a different name of course) using the diff command. For your program to pass the associated test, diff should silently exit, which requires that the contents of both files be absolutely identical, character for character, including spaces and blank lines. Check your program on the provided examples using the associated .tex files, renaming them as they have the names of the files expected to be generated by your program.