COMP9318 (21T1) ASSIGNMENT 1

DUE ON 20:59 16 APR, 2021 (FRI)

Q1. (40 marks)

Consider the following base cuboid Sales with four tuples and the aggregate function SUM:

Location	Time	Item	Quantity
Sydney	2005	PS2	1400
Sydney	2006	PS2	1500
Sydney	2006	Wii	500
Melbourne	2005	XBox 360	1700

system has built-in support for the value ALL.

- (1) List the tuples in the complete data cube of R in a tabular form with 4 attributes,
- i.e., Location, Time, Item, SUM Quantity)?
 (2) Write down an equivalent SQL statement that compute Compute Computer result (i.e., the cube). You can *only* use standard SQL constructs, i.e., no **CUBE BY** clause.
- (3) Consider the following *ice-berg cube* query:

Draw the result of the query in a tabular form.

(4) Assume that we adopt a MOLAP architecture to store the full data cube of R, with the following mapping functions:

$$f_{Location}(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = \text{`Sydney'}, \\ 2 & \text{if } x = \text{`Melbourne'}, \\ 0 & \text{if } x = \mathbf{ALL}. \end{cases}$$
$$f_{Time}(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = 2005, \\ 2 & \text{if } x = 2006, \\ 0 & \text{if } x = \mathbf{ALL}. \end{cases}$$

$$f_{Item}(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = \text{'PS2'}, \\ 2 & \text{if } x = \text{'XBox 360'}, \\ 3 & \text{if } x = \text{'Wii'}, \\ 0 & \text{if } x = \mathbf{ALL}. \end{cases}$$

If we want to draw the MOLAP cube (i.e., sparse multi-dimensional array) in a tabular form of (ArrayIndex, Value), then which of the following function is feasible? Why? You also need to draw the MOLAP cube.

- $f(x) = 9 \cdot f_{Location}(x) + 3 \cdot f_{Time}(x) + f_{Item}(x)$
- $f(x) = 16 \cdot f_{Location}(x) + 4 \cdot f_{Time}(x) + f_{Item}(x)$

Consider the following training examples which are used to construct a decision tree to help predict whether a patient is likely to have a lung cancer.

	Patient ID	Gender	Smokes?	Chest pain?	Cough?	Lung Cancer
Assi	onm	<u>Femal</u> e	Dyes	CY's F	v ^Y 9 ^s n	1 Pp 1
1 7001	Signi	Male	Yes		Yes	Yes
	3	Male	No	No	No	Yes
	4	Female	No	Yes	Yes	No
	https	Malt	OW(ocer.	CM11	Yes
	61	Male	No	Yes	$\overline{\mathrm{Yes}}$	No

- (1) Use Gini index to construct a decision tree that predicts whether a patient is likely to have a lung canver. You need to show every step of the construction.

 (2) Translate your decision tree into decision called COCCI

Consider binary classification where the class attribute y takes two values: 0 or 1. Let the feature vector for a test instance to be a d-dimension column vector \mathbf{x} . A linear classifier with the model parameter \mathbf{w} (which is a d-dimension column vector) is the following function:

$$y = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{, if } \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x} > 0 \\ 0 & \text{, otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

We make additional simplifying assumptions: x is a binary vector (i.e., each dimension of \mathbf{x} take only two values: 0 or 1).

(1) Prove that if the feature vectors are d-dimension, then a Naïve Bayes classifier is a linear classifier in a d+1-dimension space. You need to explicitly write out the vector **w** that the Naïve Bayes classifier learns.

(2) It is obvious that the Logistic Regression classifier learned on the same training dataset as the Naïve Bayes is also a linear classifier in the same d + 1-dimension space. Let the parameter \mathbf{w} learned by the two classifiers be \mathbf{w}_{LR} and \mathbf{w}_{NB} , respectively. Briefly explain why learning \mathbf{w}_{NB} is much easier than learning \mathbf{w}_{LR} .

Hint 1.
$$\log \prod_i x_i = \sum_i \log x_i$$

Submission

Please write down your answers in a file named ass1.pdf. You must write down your name and student ID on the first page.

You can submit your file by give cs9318 ass1 ass1.pdf

Late Penalty. 0 mark if not submit on time (i.e., firm deadline).

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