COMPGV19: Tutorial 4

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Marta Betcke and Kiko Rul#lan

Exercise 2

Implement the Fletcher-Reeves method and the Polak-Ribiere method using the strong Wolfe conditions for the line search.

clear all, close all;

```
Rosenbrock function Project Exam Help
```

```
% For computation define as function of 1 vector variable F.f = @(x) (x)^{+} // 100 W C COM F.df = @(x) [2(x)^{+} x(1) + (x)^{+} x(1) + (x)^{+} x(2)];
F.d2f = @(x) [2 + 60*x(1)^2, 0; 0, 20];
% For visual introduction with the less than the power of the power o
 FV.dfx = @(x,y) 2*x + 20*x.^3;
 FV.dfy = @(x,y) 20*y;
FV.d2fxx = @(x,y) 2 + 60*x.^2;
FV.d2fxy = @(x,y) 0;
FV.d2fyx = @(x,y) 0;
FV.d2fyy = @(x,y) 20;
rosenbrock = FV.f;
 % Initialisation
alpha0 = 1;
 c1 = 1e-4;
 tol = 1e-12;
 maxIter = 500;
 % Points x0 = [1.2; 1.2], -[1.2,1.2]
 %=========
x0 = [-1; -1];
```

Conjugate gradient with backtracking

```
lsOptsCG BT.rho = 0.1;
```

```
lsOptsCG_BT.c1 = c1;
lsFun = @(x k, p k, alpha0) backtracking(F, x k, p k, alpha0,
lsOptsCG BT);
[xCG_FR_BT, fCG_FR_BT, nIterCG_FR_BT, infoCG_FR_BT] =
nonlinearConjugateGradient(F, lsFun, 'FR', alpha0, x0, tol, maxIter)
[xCG_PR_BT, fCG_PR_BT, nIterCG_PR_BT, infoCG_PR_BT] =
nonlinearConjugateGradient(F, lsFun, 'PR', alpha0, x0, tol, maxIter)
xCG FR BT =
   1.0e-13 *
   0.6125
    0.4365
fCG\_FR\_BT =
   2.2804e-26
<sup>n</sup>Assignment Project Exam Help
   467
https://powcoder.com
   alphas A[de double] chat powcoder betas: [1x467] double] betas:
xCG PR BT =
   1.0e-12 *
   0.4240
   -0.0199
fCG PR BT =
   1.8370e-25
nIterCG PR BT =
    93
infoCG_PR_BT =
```

```
xs: [2x94 double]
alphas: [1x94 double]
betas: [1x93 double]
```

Conjugate gradient with line search satisfying strong Wolfe condition

```
lsOptsCG LS.c1 = c1;
lsOptsCG_LS.c2 = 0.1;
lsFun = @(x k, p k, alpha0) lineSearch(F, x k, p k, alpha0,
lsOptsCG LS);
[xCG_FR_LS, fCG_FR_LS, nIterCG_FR_LS, infoCG_FR_LS] =
nonlinearConjugateGradient(F, lsFun, 'FR', alpha0, x0, tol, maxIter)
[xCG_PR_LS, fCG_PR_LS, nIterCG_PR_LS, infoCG_PR_LS] =
nonlinearConjugateGradient(F, lsFun, 'PR', alpha0, x0, tol, maxIter)
xCG FR LS =
 Assignment Project Exam Help
  -0.1387
  https://powcoder.com
fCG FR LS =
  4.3900e Add We Chat powcoder
nIterCG\_FR\_LS =
   23
infoCG FR LS =
       xs: [2x24 double]
   alphas: [1x24 double]
    betas: [1x23 double]
xCG PR LS =
  1.0e-13 *
  -0.7900
   0.2064
fCG PR LS =
```

```
1.0500e-26

nIterCG_PR_LS =

23

infoCG_PR_LS =

xs: [2x24 double]

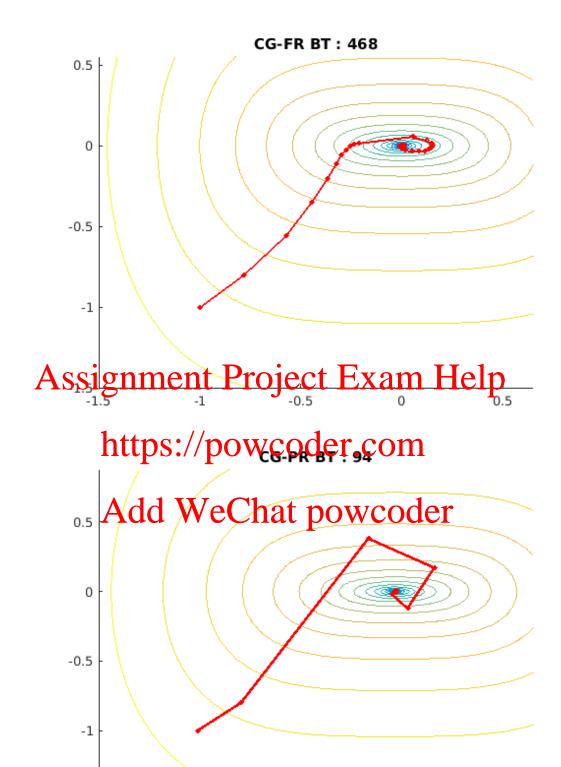
alphas: [1x24 double]

betas: [1x23 double]
```

Visualisation

```
Assignment Project Exam Help
n = 300;
x =
linspace \{\min(\inf \circ CG_{FR_BT.xs(1,:)}) - \emptyset.5, \max(\inf \circ CG_{FR_BT.xs(1,:)}) + 0.5, n\}
         nttps://powcoder.com
linspace(min(infoCG_FR_BT.xs(2,:))-0.5,max(infoCG_FR_BT.xs(2,:))+0.5,n
[X,Y] = meAgadx, WeChat powcoder
Z = rosenbrock(X,Y);
% Iterate plot
visualizeConvergence(infoCG_FR_BT,X,Y,log(Z),'final'); title(['CG-FR
BT : ' num2str(size(infoCG FR BT.xs,2))])
saveas(gcf, '../figs/02_01_CG-FR-BT', 'png');
% Backtracking - PR
n = 300;
linspace(min(infoCG PR BT.xs(1,:))-0.5, max(infoCG PR BT.xs(1,:))+0.5, n
+1);
y =
linspace(min(infoCG_PR_BT.xs(2,:))-0.5, max(infoCG_PR_BT.xs(2,:))+0.5, n
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = FV.f(X,Y);
% Iterate plot
visualizeConvergence(infoCG_PR_BT,X,Y,log(Z),'final'); title(['CG-PR
BT : ' num2str(size(infoCG PR BT.xs,2))])
saveas(gcf, '../figs/02_02_CG-PR-BT', 'png');
% Line search satisfying strong Wolfe condition - FR
n = 300;
```

```
x =
  linspace(min(infoCG FR LS.xs(1,:))-0.5, max(infoCG FR LS.xs(1,:))+0.5, n
+1);
y =
  linspace(min(infoCG_FR_LS.xs(2,:))-0.5,max(infoCG_FR_LS.xs(2,:))+0.5,n
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x,y);
Z = FV.f(X,Y);
% Iterate plot
visualizeConvergence(infoCG FR LS,X,Y,log(Z),'final'); title(['CG-FR
 LS: ' num2str(size(infoCG_FR_LS.xs,2))])
saveas(gcf, '../figs/02_03_CG-FR-LS', 'png');
% Line search satisfying strong Wolfe condition - PR
n = 300;
x =
  linspace(min(infoCG PR LS.xs(1,:))-0.5, max(infoCG PR LS.xs(1,:))+0.5, n
+1);
  linspace(min(infoCG_PR_LS.xs(2,:))-0.5, max(infoCG_PR_LS.xs(2,:))+0.5, n
+1);
z Assignment Project Exam Help
% Iterate plot
visualizeConvergence(infoCG_PR_LS,X,Y,log(Z),'final'); title(['CG-PR
  LS: ' num2str(size(infoCG PR LS.xs,2))])
saveas (gcf) [[DSgs/DAWRDCEIngCOM
% Step length plot
semilogy(iAction Land power of the land power of
figure;
semilogy(infoCG_PR_BT.alphas, '-om', 'LineWidth', 2, 'MarkerSize', 2);
semilogy(infoCG_FR_LS.alphas, '-ob', 'LineWidth', 2, 'MarkerSize', 2);
semilogy(infoCG_PR_LS.alphas, '-og', 'LineWidth', 2, 'MarkerSize', 2);
saveas(qcf, '../fiqs/02 05 Steplength', 'png');
grid on;
title('alpha k');
legend('CG-FR BT', 'CG-PR BT', 'CG-FR LS', 'CG-PR LS');
```



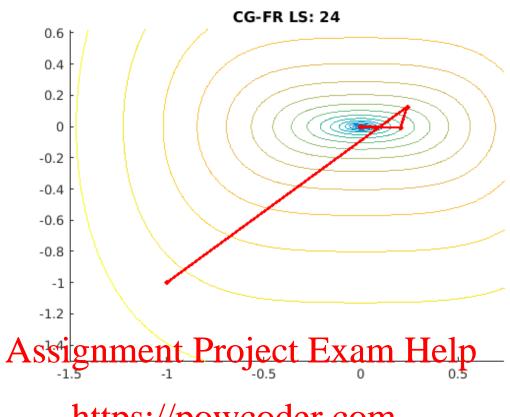
-0.5

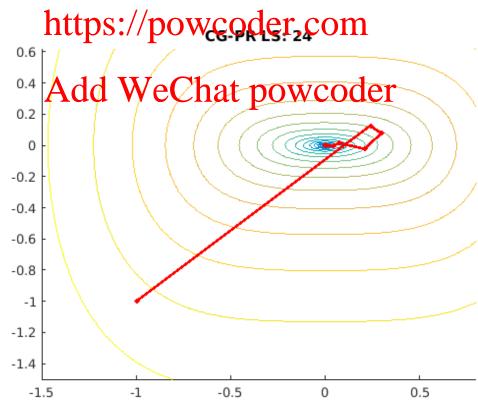
0.5

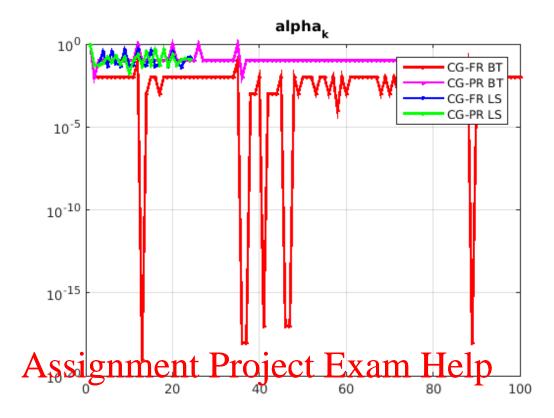
0

-1

-1.5 -1.5







https://powcoder.com

nonlinearNonjugateGradient.m Add WeChat powcoder

Framework for nonlinear conjugate gradient methods.

```
function [xMin, fMin, nIter, info] = nonlinearConjugateGradient(F, ls,
type, alpha0, x0, tol, maxIter)
% NONLINEARCONJUGATEGRADIENT Wrapper function executing conjugate
gradient with Fletcher Reeves algorithm
% [xMin, fMin, nIter, info] = nonlinearConjugateGradient(F, ls,
 'type', alpha0, x0, tol, maxIter)
% INPUTS
% F: structure with fields
% - f: function handler
  - df: gradient handler
  - d2f: Hessian handler
% ls: handle to linear search function
% type: beta update type {'FR', 'PR', 'PR+'}
% alpha0: initial step length
% rho: in (0,1) backtraking step length reduction factor
% c1: constant in sufficient decrease condition f(x_k + alpha_k*p_k) >
f k + c1*alpha k*(df k')*p k)
     Typically chosen small, (default 1e-4).
% x0: initial iterate
```

```
% tol: stopping condition on relative error norm tolerance
       norm(x Prev - x k)/norm(x k) < tol;
% maxIter: maximum number of iterations
% OUTPUTS
% xMin, fMin: minimum and value of f at the minimum
% nIter: number of iterations
% info: structure with information about the iteration
  - xs: iterate history
   - alphas: step lengths history
% Copyright (C) 2017 Kiko Rullan, Marta M. Betcke
% Parameters
% Stopping condition {'step', 'grad'}
stopType = 'grad';
% Initialization
nIter = 0;
normError = 1;
x k = x0;
df_{\mathbf{A}}k = F_{\mathbf{A}}df(x_{\mathbf{A}}k);
Assignment Project Exam Help
info.xs = x_0;
info.alphas = alpha0;
info.betas = [];
stopCond https://powcoder.com
% Loop until convergence or maximum number of iterations
while (~stopCond && nIter <= maxIter)</pre>
    % Call Ain Geal Central Town Come in step length alpha k = ls(x_k, p_k, alpha);
    % Update x_k and df_k
    x k 1 = x k;
    x_k = x_k + alpha_k*p_k;
    df k 1 = df k;
    df_k = F.df(x_k);
    % Compute descent direction
    switch upper(type)
      case 'FR'
        beta_k = (df_k'*df_k)/(df_k_1'*df_k_1);
      case 'PR'
        beta_k = (df_k'*(df_k - df_k_1))/(df_k_1'*df_k_1);
        % Safe quard in case p k is not a descent direction
        if df_k'*(-df_k + beta_k*p_k) >= 0
          % Take FR update
         beta_k = (df_k'*df_k)/(df_k_1'*df_k_1);
      case 'PR+' % requires modified strong Wolfe conditions
        beta_k = max((df_k'*(df_k - df_k_1))/(df_k_1'*df_k_1), 0);
      case 'FR-PR'
        beta_k_FR = (df_k'*df_k)/(df_k_1'*df_k_1); % >= 0
```

```
beta_k = (df_k'*(df_k - df_k_1))/(df_k_1'*df_k_1); %PR if |
beta k | <= beta k FR
       if beta_k > beta_k_FR
        beta k = beta k FR;
       elseif beta_k < -beta_k_FR</pre>
         beta k = -beta k FR;
       end
   end
   p_k = -df_k + beta_k*p_k;
   % Store iteration info
   info.xs = [info.xs x_k];
   info.alphas = [info.alphas alpha k];
   info.betas = [info.betas beta k];
   % Increment iterations
   nIter = nIter + 1;
   switch stopType
     case 'step'
       % Compute relative step length
    ssignment Project Exam Help
     case 'grad'
       stopCond = (norm(df_k, 'inf') < tol*(1 + abs(F.f(x_k))));
   end
        https://powcoder.com
end
% Assign output values
xMin = x_k;
fmin = F.fAdd WeChat powcoder
```

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