Assignment Project Exam Help Add WeChat powcoder

Preliminaries

Assignment Project Exam Help

https://powcoder.com

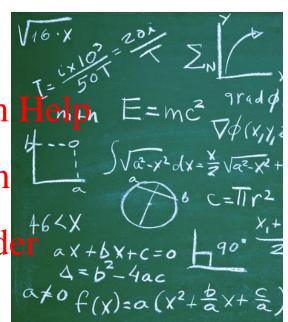
Add WeChat powcoder

Assignment Project Exam Help Whoshouldatake this class?

• This is a difficult, math- and programming-intensive class assignment Project Exam geared primarily towards graduate students powcoder.com

Add WeChat powcod

 Historically, much fewer undergraduates manage an A than graduate students



Assignment Project Exam Help

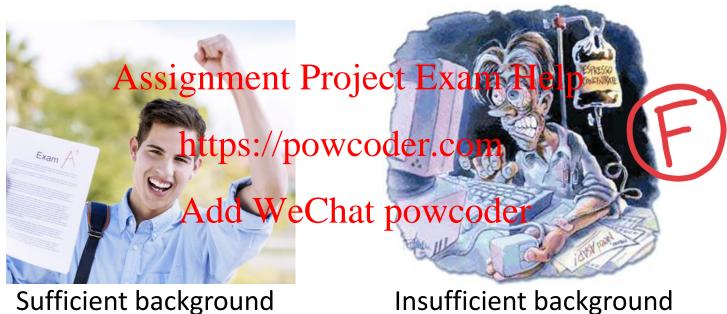
Course Prerequisites

- Linear algebra
- Multivariate Calculus, including partial derivatives
- Probability
 Assignment Project Exam Help
 Comfort with programming in Python

https://powcoder.com

- Fundamentals of Data Science (CS 365) is a great pre-requisite for this course Chat powcoder
 - serves as a preparation including, but not limited, to the courses CS460, CS506, CS542 and CS565
- Intro to Optimization (CAS CS 507)
 - is not a formal prerequisite, but is highly recommended before taking this class

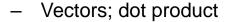
Assignment Project Exam Help Add WeChat powcoder



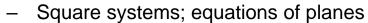
Assignment Project Exam Help

Course Prerequisites





Determinants: cross product
Matrices; inverse matrices Project Exam H

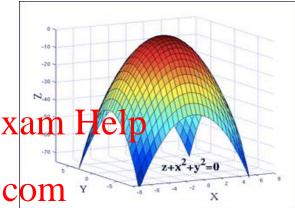


Parametric equations for lines and curves der.com

Max-min problems; least squares

Second derivative test; boundaries and infinity

- Level curves; partial Aprivatives tendent plane expressination
- Differentials; chain rule
- Gradient; directional derivative; tangent plane
- Lagrange multipliers
- Non-independent variables
- Double integrals
- Change of variables
- and other Calculus concepts such as convexity, etc.



Assignment Project Exam Help

Course Prerequisites

Linear algebra

Vectors and matrices
 Assignment Project Exam Help
 Basic Matrix Operations

• Determinants stormosy to a der. com

• Special Matrices Add WeChat powcoder



- Matrix rank
- Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors
- Matrix Calculus

Assignment Project Exam Help Course Drope Quicitor

Course Prerequisites

Probability

- Rules of probability, conditional plansmity Project Exam Help independence, Bayes rule https://powcoder.com/
- Random variables (expected value, variance, their powcoder powcoder properties); discrete and continuous variables, density functions, vector random variables, covariance, joint distributions
- Common distributions: Normal, Bernoulli, Binomial,
 Multinomial, Uniform, etc.

A review: http://cs229.stanford.edu/section/cs229-prob.pdf

Assignment Project Exam Help Course Prerequisites

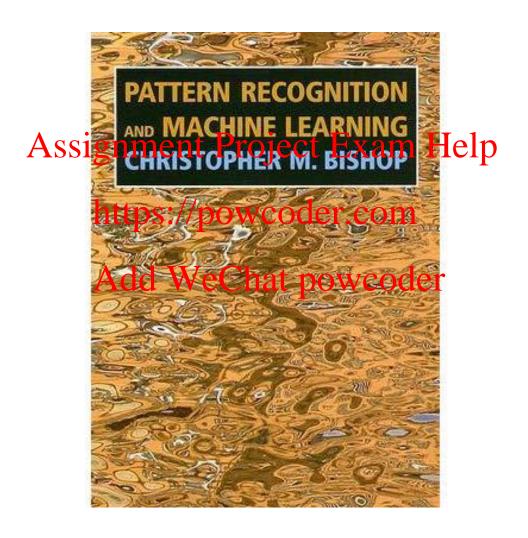
Assignment Project Exam Help
https://powcoder.com

Add WeChat powcoder NumPy

Assignment Project Exam Help "..but I really went to take this course!"

- If you lack any of these prerequisites, you SHOULD NOT take this class
- we cannot teach you the class material and also the prerequisite material powcoder.com
- we are not miracle workers! Add WeChat powcoder
- instead, please consider these alternative courses:
 - EC 414 Introduction to Machine Learning
 - CS 506 Computational Tools for Data
 - CS 504 Data Mechanics

Assignment Project Exam Help AdReachathewback



Assignment Project Exam Help Matrix Algebra Review

- Vectors and matrices
 - Basic Matrix Operations
 Assignment Project Exam Help
 Determinants, norms, trace

 - Special Matrices://powcoder.com
- Matrix inversedd WeChat powcoder
- Matrix rank
- Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors
- Matrix Calculus

Assignment Project Exam Help Matrix Algebra Review

- Vectors and matrices
 - Basic Matrix Operations
 Assignment Project Exam Help
 Determinants, norms, trace

 - Special Matrices://powcoder.com
- Matrix inver Add WeChat powcoder
- Matrix rank
- Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors
- Matrix Calculus

Assignment Project Exam Help Add WeChat Storoder

• A column vector $\mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times 1}$ where

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Assignment Project Exam Help} \\ \text{v} = \\ \text{https://powcoder.com} \\ \text{Add WeChat}^n \text{powcoder} \\ \bullet \text{ A row vector } \mathbf{v}^T \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times n} \text{ where} \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{v}^T = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 & v_2 & \dots & v_n \end{bmatrix}$$

T denotes the transpose operation

Assignment Project Exam Help Add WeChat Coder

We'll default to column vectors in this class

Assignment Project Exam Help
$$v = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v = \\ \vdots \\ v_n \end{bmatrix}$$
 https://powcoder.com v_n Add WeChat powcoder

Assignment Project Exam Help Add Wecharpowcoder

• A matrix $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ is an array of numbers with size m by n, i.e. m rows and n columns. Assignment Project Exam Help

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a_{11}}{a_{21}} & \frac{a_{12}}{a_{22}} & \frac{a_{13}}{a_{23}} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ \mathbf{Add \ WeChat \ powcoder} & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & a_{m3} & \dots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix}$$

• If m=n , we say that ${\bf A}$ is square.

Assignment Project Exam Help Basic Wlatrix Operations

Add WeChat powcoder

- What you should know:
 - Addition
 - Scaling Assignment Project Exam Help
 - Dot product
 - Multiplication
 - Transpose Add WeChat powcoder
 - Inverse / pseudoinverse
 - Determinant / trace

Assignment Project Exam Help

Add WeChat powcoder

Norm

$$||x||_2 = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}.$$

• More formally, a norm is any function $f: \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$ that satisfies upper legiect Exam Help

- https://powcoder.com Non-negativity: For all $x \in \mathbb{R}^n, f(x) \geq 0$
- Definiteness: fixed bawarder o.
- **Homogeneity:** For all $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$, f(tx) = |t|f(x)
- Triangle inequality: For all

$$x, y \in \mathbb{R}^n, f(x+y) \le f(x) + f(y)$$

Assignment Project Exam Help Wiatrix Operations Add WeChat powcoder

Example Norms

$$||x||_1 = \sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|$$
 $||x||_{\infty} = \max_i |x_i|$

• General
$$\ell_p$$
 norms: https://powcoder.com $\|x\|_p = \sum_{i=1}^{n} |x_i|^p$ Add WeChat powcoder.

Assignment Project Exam Help Wlatrix Operations

Add WeChat powcoder

- Inner product (dot product) of vectors
 - Multiply corresponding entries of two vectors and add up the result
 - x·y is also |x||y|Cos (the angle between x and y)

 https://powcoder.com

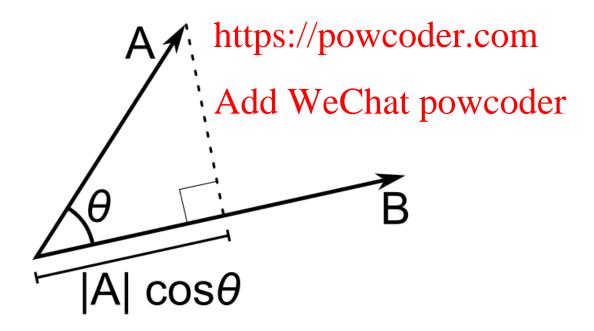
$$\mathbf{x}^{T}\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} x_{1} & \dots & x_{n} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{y}_{n} \\ \vdots \\ \mathbf{y}_{n} \end{bmatrix} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}y_{i} \quad \text{(scalar)}$$

10/2/17

19

Assignment Project Exam Help Viatrix Operations Add WeChat powcoder

- Inner product (dot product) of vectors
 - If B is a unit vector, then A·B gives the length of A which lies in the direction of Bam Help



Assignment Project Exam Help Wlatrix Operations

Add WeChat powcoder

The product of two matrices

Matrix multiplication is associative: (AB)C = A(BC).

Matrix multiplication is distributive: A(B+C) = AB + AC.

Assignment Project Exam Help Matrix multiplication is, in general, not commutative; that is, it can be the case that $AB \neq BA$. (For example, if $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ and $B \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times q}$, the matrix product BA does not even exist if m and the short power coder.com

Add WeChat powcoder

Assignment Project Exam Help Wiatrix Operations Add WeChat powcoder

Powers

- By convention, we can refer to the matrix product
 AA as AAsangh AAAt Broject Exam Help
- Obviously only square matrices can be multiplied that way

Add WeChat powcoder

Assignment Project Exam Help Wlatrix Operations

Add WeChat powcoder

• Transpose – flip matrix, so row 1 becomes column 1

• A useful identity:

$$(ABC)^T = C^T B^T A^T$$

Assignment Project Exam Help Wlatrix Operations

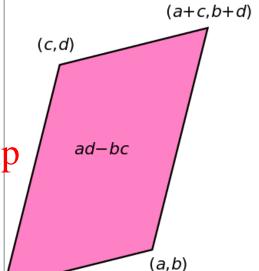
• Determinand WeChat powcoder

- $-\det(\mathbf{A})$ returns a scalar
- Represents area (or volume) of the parallelegram described by Help the vectors in the rows of the https://powcoder.com



- Properties: $\det(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}) = \det(\mathbf{B}\mathbf{A})$ $\det(\mathbf{A}^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{A})}$ $\det(\mathbf{A}^{T}) = \det(\mathbf{A})$

$$det(\mathbf{A}) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \mathbf{A} \text{ is singular}$$



Assignment Project Exam Help Wlatrix Operations Add WeChat powcoder

Trace

$$tr(\mathbf{A}) = sum \text{ of diagonal elements}$$

$$tr(\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}) \mathbf{\overline{Assign}} \mathbf{\overline{e}nt} \text{ Project Exam Help}$$

- Invariant to https://optwocsflormetions, so it's used sometimes in proofs. (Rarely in this class though.)
 Add WeChat powcoder
- Properties:

$$tr(\mathbf{AB}) = tr(\mathbf{BA})$$

 $tr(\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}) = tr(\mathbf{A}) + tr(\mathbf{B})$

Assignment Project Exam Help Wlatrix Operations

Add WeChat powcoder

Vector Norms

$$||x||_1 = \sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|$$
 $||x||_{\infty} = \max_i |x_i|$

$$||x||_2 = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\text{https://powcoder.com}^n}{\|x\|_p}} |x_i|^p$$

 Matrix norms: Norms can also be defined for matrices, such as

$$||A||_F = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n A_{ij}^2} = \sqrt{\operatorname{tr}(A^T A)}.$$

Assignment Project Exam Help ASpecial Matrices

• Symmetric matrix

 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 7 \\ 5 & 7 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

- Assignment Project Exam Help Skew-symmetric matrix $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{A} \\ \mathbf{F} & \mathbf{A} \\ \mathbf{F} & \mathbf{A} \end{bmatrix}$

https://powcoder.com $\mathbf{A}^T = -\mathbf{A}$ Add WeChat powcoder

Identity matrix I

$$egin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 1 & 0 \ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Diagonal matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Assignment Project Exam Help Matrix Algebra Review

- Vectors and matrices
 - Basic Matrix Operations
 Assignment Project Exam Help

 Determinants, norms, trace

 - Special Matrices://powcoder.com
- Matrix inversedd WeChat powcoder
- Matrix rank
- Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors
- Matrix Calculate

Assignment Project Exam Help

Add WeChat powcoder

• Given a matrix A, its inverse A^{-1} is a matrix such that $AA^{-1} = A^{-1}A = I$

- Inverse does not always exist. If A-1 exists, A is invertible or non-singular. Otherwise, it's singular.
- Useful identities, for matrices that are invertible:

$$(\mathbf{A}^{-1})^{-1} = \mathbf{A}$$
$$(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B})^{-1} = \mathbf{B}^{-1}\mathbf{A}^{-1}$$
$$\mathbf{A}^{-T} \triangleq (\mathbf{A}^{T})^{-1} = (\mathbf{A}^{-1})^{T}$$

Assignment Project Exam Help Wildtrix Operations Add WeChat powcoder

Pseudoinverse

- Say you have the matrix equation AX=B, where A and B are known, and you want to solve for X
- You could season are the giver sex and Helmultiply by it: $A^{-1}AX=A^{-1}B \rightarrow X=A^{-1}B$ https://powcoder.com – Python command would be np.linalg.inv(A)*B
- But calculating the Workington forwarge enatrices often brings problems with computer floating-point resolution (because it involves working with very small and very large numbers together).
- Or, your matrix might not even have an inverse.

Assignment Project Exam Help Wlatrix Operations Add WeChat powcoder

Pseudoinverse

- Fortunately, there are workarounds to solve AX=B in these situations. And python can do them!
- Instead of the ingent inverse, directly lask python to solve for X in AX=B, by typing np.linalg.solve(A, B)

 https://powcoder.com
 Python will try several appropriate numerical methods
- Python will try several appropriate numerical methods (including the pseudoinyarse if the inverse doesn't exist)
- Python will return the value of X which solves the equation
 - If there is no exact solution, it will return the closest one
 - If there are many solutions, it will return the smallest one

Assignment Project Exam Help Wlatrix Operations Add WeChat powcoder

Python example:

$$AX = B$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & A \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ https://powcoder.com \end{bmatrix}$$

```
>> import flumpy as paycoder
>> x = np.linalg.solve(A,B)
x =
1.0000
-0.5000
```

Assignment Project Exam Help Matrix Algebra Review

- Vectors and matrices
 - Basic Matrix Operations
 Assignment Project Exam Help

 Determinants, norms, trace

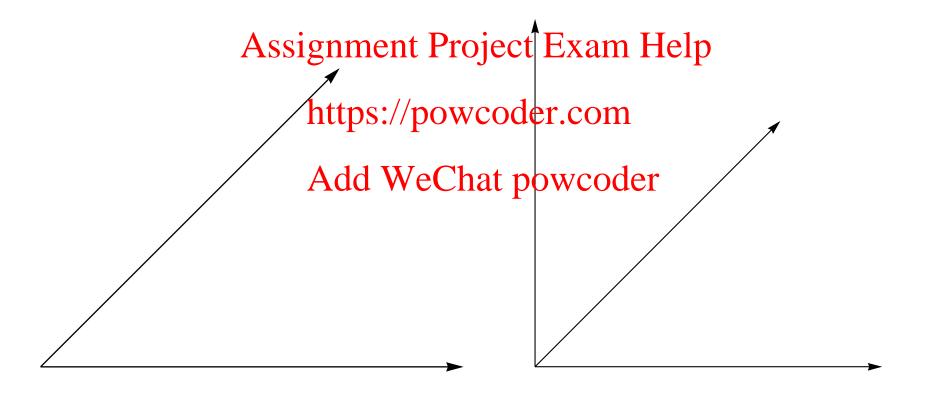
 - Special Matrices://powcoder.com
- Matrix inverAdd WeChat powcoder
- Matrix rank
- Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors
- Matrix Calculate

Assignment Project Exam Help Lineareindependence

- Suppose we have a set of vectors $v_1, ..., v_n$
- If we can express \mathbf{v}_1 as a linear combination of the other vectors \mathbf{v}_1 as a linear combination of the other vectors.
 - The direction v_1 can be expressed as a combination of the directions v_4 . Where v_4 is v_4 is v_4 . Where v_4 is v_4 is v_4 .
- If no vector is linearly dependent on the rest of the set, the set is linearly *independent*.
 - Common case: a set of vectors $\mathbf{v_1}, \dots, \mathbf{v_n}$ is always linearly independent if each vector is perpendicular to every other vector (and non-zero)

Assignment Project Exam Help Lineareindependence

Linearly independent set Not linearly independent



Assignment Project Exam Help Add Weenatipoweder

Column/row rank

```
\operatorname{col-rank}(\mathbf{A}) = \text{ the maximum number of linearly independent column vectors of } \mathbf{A} \operatorname{row-rank}(\mathbf{A}) = \text{ the maximum number of linearly independent row vectors of } \mathbf{A}
```

Column rank always equals row rank
 Add WeChat powcoder

Matrix rank

$$rank(\mathbf{A}) \triangleq col-rank(\mathbf{A}) = row-rank(\mathbf{A})$$

Assignment Project Exam Help

Add Westrix rank

- For transformation matrices, the rank tells you the dimensions of the output
- E.g. if rank of A is 1, then the transformation Assignment Project Exam Help

https://powcoder.com maps points onto a line.

Add WeChat powcoder

• Here's a matrix with rank 1:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x+y \\ 2x+2y \end{bmatrix} - \text{All points get mapped to the line y=2x}$$

Assignment Project Exam Help Add Weatrix rank

- If an m x m matrix is rank m, we say it's "full rank"
 - Maps an $m \times 1$ vector uniquely to another $m \times 1$ vector
 - An inverse matrix can be found am Help
- If rank < m, we say it's "singular"
 <p>https://powcoder.com
 — At least one dimension is getting collapsed. No way to
 - At least one dimension is getting collapsed. No way to look at the result and tell type the imput was
 - Inverse does not exist
- Inverse also doesn't exist for non-square matrices

Assignment Project Exam Help Matrix Algebra Review

- Vectors and matrices
 - Basic Matrix Operations
 Assignment Project Exam Help

 Determinants, norms, trace

 - Special Matrices://powcoder.com
- Matrix inverAdd WeChat powcoder
- Matrix rank
- Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors(SVD)
- Matrix Calculus

Assignment Project Exam Help Eigenvectorand Eigenvalue

 An eigenvector x of a linear transformation A is a non-zero vector that, Assignment Project Exam Help when A is applied to it, does not change direction. https://powcoder.com

Add WeChat powcoder

$$Ax = \lambda x, \quad x \neq 0.$$

Assignment Project Exam Help Eigenvectorand Eigenvalue

- An eigenvector **x** of a linear transformation *A* is a non-zero vector that, Assignment Project Exam Help when *A* is applied to it, does not change direction. https://powcoder.com
- Applying A to the Weigenvector of the eigenvector by the scalar value λ, called an eigenvalue.

$$Ax = \lambda x, \quad x \neq 0.$$

Assignment Project Exam Help Properties of eigenvalues

• The trace of a A is equal to the sum of its eigenvalues:

$$\operatorname{tr} A = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_{i}.$$
 Assignment Project Exam Help

• The determinant of A is equal to the product of its eigenvalues https://powcoder.com

Add WeChatipowcoder

- The rank of A is equal to the number of non-zero eigenvalues of A.
- The eigenvalues of a diagonal matrix D = diag(d1, . . .
 dn) are just the diagonal entries d1, . . . dn

Assignment Project Exam Help ADiagonalization

Eigenvalue equation:

Assignment Project Exam Help
$$A = VDV^{-1}$$
https://poweeder.com

https://powcoder.com

— Where D is a diagonal matrix of the eigenvalues

Add WeChat powcoder $\begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 \\ \vdots \\ \lambda_n \end{pmatrix}$

Assignment Project Exam Help Adiagonalization

Eigenvalue equation:

$$\begin{array}{c} AV \equiv VD \\ \text{Assignment Project Exam Help} \\ A \equiv VDV^{-1} \\ \text{https://powcoder.com} \end{array}$$

• Assuming all λ_i 's are unique: Add WeChat powcoder

$$A = VDV^T$$

 Remember that the inverse of an orthogonal matrix is just its transpose and the eigenvectors are orthogonal

Assignment Project Exam Help Symmetricomatrices

Properties:

- For a symmetric matrix A, all the eigenvalues are Assignment Project Exam Help
- The eigenvettors of ware or the mormal.

Add WeChat powcoder

$$A = VDV^T$$

Assignment Project Exam Help Symmetric matrices

• Therefore:

$$x^TAx$$
 Assignibent Project By am $\sum_{i=1}^n |\mathbf{p}_i y_i^2|$

 $- \ \, \text{where} \ \, y = V^T x$

• So, if we wanted to find the vector x that:

$$\max_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} x^T A x$$
 subject to $||x||_2^2 = 1$

Assignment Project Exam Help Symmetric matrices

• Therefore:

$$x^TAx$$
 Assignible of Project By an $\sum_{i=1}^n |\mathbf{p}_i y_i^2|$

 $- \ \, \text{where} \ \, y = V^T x$

• So, if we wanted to find the vector x that:

$$\max_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} x^T A x$$
 subject to $||x||_2^2 = 1$

 Is the same as finding the eigenvector that corresponds to the largest eigenvalue.

Assignment Project Exam Help Matrix Algebra Review

- Vectors and matrices
 - Basic Matrix Operations
 Assignment Project Exam Help

 Determinants, norms, trace

 - Special Matrices://powcoder.com
- Matrix inverAdd WeChat powcoder
- Matrix rank
- Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors(SVD)
- Matrix Calculus

Assignment Project Exam Help Matrix Galculus - The Gradient

• Let a function $f: \mathbb{R}^{m \times n} \to \mathbb{R}$ take as input a matrix A of size $m \times n$ and returns a real value. • Then the gradient of f:

```
https://powcoder.com
\nabla_A f(A) \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n} =
```

- Every entry in the matrix is: $(\nabla_A f(A))_{ij} = \frac{\partial f(A)}{\partial A_{ij}}$.
- the size of ∇_{A} f(A) is always the same as the size of A. So if A is just a vector x:

https://powcoder.com

Add WeChappowcoder
$$\nabla_x f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x_1} \\ \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x_2} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x_n} \end{bmatrix}$$

Assignment Project Exam Help

Add WeEna poweeder

Example:

For $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$, let $f(x) = b^T x$ for some known vector $b \in \mathbb{R}^n$ Assignment Project Exam Help

https://powcoder.com
$$f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 & b_2 & \dots & b_n \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$
Add WeChat powcoder
$$\frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x_k} = ?$$

• Find:

$$\nabla_x f(x) = ?$$

Assignment Project Exam Help Add WeEna bowcoder

Example:

For $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$, let $f(x) = b^T x$ for some known vector $b \in \mathbb{R}^n$ Assignment Project Exam Help

$$\frac{\text{Add WeChat powcoder}}{\partial f(x)} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_k} \sum_{i=1}^{n} b_i x_i = b_k.$$

• From this we can conclude that: $\nabla_x b^T x = b$.

Properties

- $\nabla_{\mathbf{A}} f(x) + q(x) = \nabla_{\mathbf{F}} f(x) + \nabla_{\mathbf{F}} f(x) = \nabla_{\mathbf{A}} f(x) + \nabla_{\mathbf{A}} f(x) = \nabla_{$
- For $t \in \mathbb{R}$, $\nabla_x (t f(x)) = t \nabla_x f(x)$.

Add WeChat powcoder

10/2/17

53

Assignment Project Exam Help

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial x_1} \\ \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial x_n} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial y_m}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial y_m}{\partial x_n} \end{pmatrix}$$

• The Hessian matrix with respect to x, written $\nabla_x^2 f(x)$ or simply as H is the n × n matrix of partial derivatives

$$\nabla_{x}^{2} f(x) \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{1}^{2}} & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{1} \partial x_{2}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{1} \partial x_{n}} \\ \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{2} \partial x_{1}} & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{2}^{2}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{1} \partial x_{n}} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{n} \partial x_{1}} & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{n} \partial x_{2}} & \cdots & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{2}^{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

10/2/17 55

• Each entry can be written as: $\nabla_x^2 f(x))_{ij} = \frac{\partial^2 f(x)}{\partial x_i \partial x_j}$

Assignment Project Exam Help

• Exercise: Why is the Hessian always https://powcoder.com symmetric?

Add WeChat powcoder

Each entry can be written as:

$$\nabla_x^2 f(x))_{ij} = \frac{\partial^2 f(x)}{\partial x_i \partial x_j}$$

• The Hessiansian and Proportion Textric, Hoecause

 This is known as Schwarz's theorem: The order of partial derivatives don't matter as long as the second derivative exists and is continuous.

• Note that the hessian is not the gradient of whole gradient of a vector (this is not defined). It is actually the gradient of every entry of the gradient of the weetor.

$$\nabla_{x}^{2} f(x) \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{1}^{2}} & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{1} \partial x_{2}} & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{1} \partial x_{2}} & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{2} \partial x_{n}} \\ \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{2} \partial x_{1}} & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{2}^{2}} & \dots & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{2} \partial x_{n}} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{n} \partial x_{1}} & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{n} \partial x_{2}} & \dots & \frac{\partial^{2} f(x)}{\partial x_{n}^{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

• Eg, the first column is the gradient of $\frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x_1}$

Assignment Project Exam Help

https://powcoder.com

$$\nabla_x^2 f(x) \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 f(x)}{\partial x_1^2} \\ \frac{\partial^2 f(x)}{\partial x_2 \partial x_1} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial^2 f(x)}{\partial x_n \partial x_1} \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} \frac{\partial^2 f(x)}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\ \frac{\partial^2 f(x)}{\partial x_2^2} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial^2 f(x)}{\partial x_n \partial x_2} \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

Assignment Project Exam Help

Commonevector derivatives

Scalar derivative			Vector derivative		
f(x)	Assign	$ \frac{dx}{dx} $ Pro	ojegt(Ex)am	Help	$\frac{\mathrm{d}f}{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{x}}$
bx	/	U	$\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{B}$	/	В
bx	ightarrow	ia weci	$\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{b}$	\rightarrow	b
x^2	\rightarrow	2x	$\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{x}$	\rightarrow	$2\mathbf{x}$
bx^2	\rightarrow	2bx	$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{B} \mathbf{x}$	\rightarrow	$2\mathbf{B}\mathbf{x}$

Assignment Project Exam Help Assignment Project Exam Help Add Wedharpowcogeday

Due in 1 week: 9/15 11:59pm GMT -5 (Boston Time)
 Assignment Project Exam Help

Diagnostic homework covering topics covered in preregs

Add WeChat powcoder

 Additional examples in lab this week (Group A for in-person lab rotations)

Assignment Project Exam Help Add Weenat powers

Supervised Learning I: Regression:

regression, linear hypothesis, SSD cost; gradient Assignment Project Exam Help descent; normal equations; maximum https://powcoder.com

Add WeChat powcoder

Reading: Bishop 1.2-1.2.4,3.1-3.1.1