CS314 Fall 2018 Assignment 2

1 Finite State Automaton (FSA)

- (a) Specify a DFA using a transition diagram and a formal FSA specification <S, s, F, T> (see lecture 2) that recognizes the following language: "All strings of 0's and 1's that, when interpreted as a binary number, are divisible by 4. In other words, value(binary number) modulo 4 = 0."
- (b) Specify a DFA using a transition diagram and a formal FSA specification <S, s, F, T> (see lecture 2) that recognizes the following language:

 A "All strings of 0's and 1's that when interpreted as a binary lumber, its value modulo 4 = 1.

2 Contextpre/pervegeter.com

Are the following languages context-free or not? If yes, specify a context-free grammar in BNF notation that generates the language. If not, give an informal argument of Wechat powcoder

- (a) { $a^mb^nc^o \mid \mathbf{m}>\mathbf{n}\geq 0,\, \mathbf{o}>0\}$, with alphabet $\Sigma=\{\mathbf{a},\, \mathbf{b},\, \mathbf{c}\}$
- (b) { $a^n b^{3n} \mid n \ge 0$ }, with alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$
- (c) { $ww^R \mid w \in \Sigma^*$ and w^R is w in reverse }, with alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$
- (d) { $a^n b^n c^n d^m \mid n \ge 0, m \ge 0$ }, with alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b, c, d\}$
- (e) { w | w has no more than 3 symbols}, with alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

3 Derivation, Parse Tree, Ambiguity, Precedence & Associativity

A language that is a subset of the language of propositional logic may be defined as follows:

$$<$$
start $>$::= $<$ expr $>$ $<$ expr $>$:: = $<$ expr $>$ \lor $<$ expr $>$ \mid $<$ expr $>$ \land $<$ expr $>$ \mid $<$ expr $>$ \rightarrow $<$ expr $>$ \mid $<$ const $>$ \mid $<$ var $>$ $<$ const $>$:: = true \mid false $<$ var $>$:: = a \mid b \mid c \mid . . . \mid z

- (a) Give a leftmost and a rightmost derivation for the sentence $a \lor false \land b \rightarrow false$.
- (b) Give the corresponding parse trees for the derivations.

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 (c) Give the corresponding abstract yntax tree (ASI).
- (d) Show that the above grammar is ambiguous.
- (e) Give an unantiguous grammar for the same language that enforces the following precedence and associativity:
 - A saide Wee end aind proved offer by V, and then -
 - \wedge and \vee are left associative, and \rightarrow is right associative
- (f) Give the parse tree and AST for your new, unambiguous grammar for the sentence
 - $a \lor true \land b \rightarrow false \lor true$.
- 4 Extra-credit Problem Fix the grammar for dangling if-then-else statement (10% more points)

Recall the simple statement grammar we discussed in class:

The above grammar will cause ambiguity for parsing the following compound separate Project Exam Help if x=0 then if y=0 then z:=1 else z:=2

Is it possible to change the grammar without changing the language to parse the above statement unambiguously? If not, please give an informal argument the Spleas provide Con Country Colla hat you are not supposed to add new terminals (tokens), i.e., delimiters, as it will change the language.

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