

Discussion Session on Functional Dependency

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Q1

Consider the following FDs for relation R(A, B, C, D, E).

A→C

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C→B

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B→D

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D→E

List all the keys for R (make sure they are minimal, i.e. not a superset of some other key).

Q1 Solution

$$A^+ = A$$

$$= AC \quad [A \rightarrow C]$$

$$= ABC \quad [C \rightarrow B]$$

$$= ABCD \quad [B \rightarrow D]$$

$$= ABCDE \quad [D \rightarrow E]$$

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A \rightarrow C

C \rightarrow B

B \rightarrow D

D \rightarrow E

$$\text{closure}(A) = \{A, C, B, D, E\}$$

Q1 Solution (Cont.)

$\text{closure}(A) = \{A, C, B, D, E\}$

$\text{closure}(C) = \{C, B, D, E\}$

$\text{closure}(B) = \{B, D, E\}$

$\text{closure}(D) = \{D, E\}$

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A \rightarrow C
C \rightarrow B
B \rightarrow D
D \rightarrow E

A is a candidate key for the given relation R

Q2

Consider the following FDs for relation $R(A, B, C, D, E)$.

$A \rightarrow C$

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$B \rightarrow D$

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$AB \rightarrow E$

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List all the keys for R (make sure they are minimal, i.e. not a superset of some other key).

Q2 Solution (Cont.)

$\text{closure}(A) = \{A, C\}$

$\text{closure}(B) = \{B, D\}$

$\text{closure}(AB) = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$

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AB is a candidate key for the given relation R

A \rightarrow C

B \rightarrow D

AB \rightarrow E

Q3

Consider the following FDs for relation R(A, B, C, D, E).

A→C

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B→AD

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AB→E

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List all the keys for R (make sure they are minimal, i.e. not a superset of some other key).

Q3 Solution (Cont.)

$\text{closure}(A) = \{A, C\}$

$\text{closure}(B) = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$

$\text{closure}(AB) = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$

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B is a candidate key for the given relation R

A \rightarrow C
B \rightarrow AD
AB \rightarrow E

Q4

Consider the following sets of FDs for relation $R(A, B, C, D, E, F)$.

FD1 = $\{A \rightarrow C, AC \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow AD, E \rightarrow F\}$

FD2 = $\{A \rightarrow CD, E \rightarrow AF\}$.

Are these two set of FDs equivalent?

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FD Equivalence

Two sets of functional dependencies $F1$ and $F2$ are equivalent if:

1. Every functional dependency in $F2$ can be inferred from the functional dependency in $F1$ ($F1$ covers $F2$)
2. Every functional dependency in $F1$ can be inferred from the functional dependency in $F2$ ($F2$ covers $F1$)

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Step 1: F1 covers F2

$$A^+ = A$$

$$= AC \quad [A \rightarrow C]$$

$$= ACD \quad [AC \rightarrow D]$$

$$CD \subseteq ACD$$

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F1

A \rightarrow C

AC \rightarrow D

E \rightarrow AD

E \rightarrow F

F2

A \rightarrow CD

E \rightarrow AF

Step 1: F1 covers F2

$$E^+ = E$$

$$= ADE \quad [E \rightarrow AD]$$

$$= ADEF \quad [E \rightarrow F]$$

$$= ACDEF \quad [A \rightarrow C]$$

$$AF \subseteq ACDEF$$

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F1

A \rightarrow C

AC \rightarrow D

E \rightarrow AD

E \rightarrow F

F2

A \rightarrow CD

E \rightarrow AF

Step 2: F2 covers F1

$$A^+ = A$$

$$= ACD \quad [A \rightarrow CD]$$

$$C \subseteq ACD$$

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F2

$A \rightarrow CD$

$E \rightarrow AF$

F1

$A \rightarrow C$

$AC \rightarrow D$

$E \rightarrow AD$

$E \rightarrow F$

Step 2: F2 covers F1

$$AC^+ = AC$$

$$= ACD \quad [A \rightarrow CD]$$

$$D \subseteq ACD$$

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F2

$A \rightarrow CD$

$E \rightarrow AF$

F1

$A \rightarrow C$

$AC \rightarrow D$

$E \rightarrow AD$

$E \rightarrow F$

Step 2: F2 covers F1

$$E^+ = E$$

$$= AEF \quad [E \rightarrow AF]$$

$$= ACDEF \quad [A \rightarrow CD]$$

$$AD \subseteq ACDEF$$

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F2

A \rightarrow CD

E \rightarrow AF

F1

A \rightarrow C

AC \rightarrow D

E \rightarrow AD

E \rightarrow F

Step 2: F2 covers F1

$$E^+ = E$$

$$= AEF \quad [E \rightarrow AF]$$

$$= ACDEF \quad [A \rightarrow CD]$$

$$F \subseteq ACDEF$$

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F2
A \rightarrow CD
E \rightarrow AF

F1
A \rightarrow C
AC \rightarrow D
E \rightarrow AD
E \rightarrow F

F1 and F2 are equivalent.

Q5

Consider the following set F1 of FDs for relation R(A, B, C).

$F1 = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C\}$

Now, compute the closure for set F1.

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Q5 Solution

The closure set of a set $F1$ of Functional Dependencies (FDs) is the set of all FDs implied by $F1$. This closure set is denoted by $F1^+$.

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$F1^+ = \{A \rightarrow A, B \rightarrow B, C \rightarrow C, AB \rightarrow AB, AC \rightarrow AC, BC \rightarrow BC, ABC \rightarrow ABC,$
(all from reflexivity), $A \rightarrow B$ (given), $B \rightarrow C$ (given), and $A \rightarrow C$
(transitivity), and $A \rightarrow BC$ (union)}
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