

Computable Functions

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Turing Computability

- We learnt about Turing Machines

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- A function is Turing computable if there is a TM that can compute it

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- **The Turing thesis** (Faith): Every intuitively computable function is Turing computable

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Gödel's approach

- Recall that Gödel started with initial functions
- Zero function (z), successor (s), and projections (P_i^k) (changed notation from last time: z instead of 0, P instead of U).
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- We get more complex functions by two ways (rules): Composition and Primitive recursion
- The class of functions we build that way is called Primitive Recursive Functions (PRIM)

Composition (also called Substitution)

- We mentioned that we will be building PRIM inductively

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- Assume g, h are in PRIM .

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Suppose f is given by $f(x) = g(h(x))$.

Then, f is also in PRIM.

Or more generally:

If $g(\bar{y}), h_0(\bar{x}), \dots, h_l(\bar{x})$ are in PRIM, and f is given by

$$f(\bar{x}) = g(h_0(\bar{x}), \dots, h_l(\bar{x}))$$

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where $\bar{y} = (y_1, \dots, y_l), \bar{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_k)$

Then, f is also in PRIM

Example

- $g(y_1, y_2) = y_1 + 3y_2, h_1(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1x_2, h_2(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1x_3^5$

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$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = h_1(x_1, x_2, x_3) + 3h_2(x_1, x_2, x_3)$$

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Primitive Recursion

- Recall the Fibonacci sequence

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$$F(0) = 0, F(1) = 1$$

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and

$$F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2) \text{ for } n > 1$$

- PRIM contains functions built that way

Primitive Recursion

- In general, if g, h are in PRIM, and f is given by

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$$f(\bar{x}, 0) = h(\bar{x})$$

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and

$$f(\bar{x}, s(n)) = g(\bar{x}, n, f(\bar{x}, n))$$

Then, f is also in PRIM

Is the Fibonacci F in PRIM?

- At first glance, it may look like it isn't.

This is because the recursion depends on 2 former values

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- Yes, it is in PRIM. The proof needs some preparation

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Addition is in PRIM

- Addition is a binary function:

$$+: \mathbb{N}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

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- Sketch:

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$$+(x, 0) = x$$

$$+(x, s(n)) = s(+(x, n))$$

- Formally:

$$\begin{aligned}
 + (x, 0) &= P_1^1(x) \\
 + (x, s(n)) &= g(x, n, + (x, n))
 \end{aligned}$$

where $g(x, n, y) = P_3^3(x, n, s(y))$ which is in PRIM by the composition rule

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Vector-valued functions

- Recall that the point from PRIM is to reinforce the intuition behind computability

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- Intuitively, vector valued functions with computable components are computable

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- Example: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x^2, 3y)$

Can PRIM capture vector-valued functions?

- Yes, even though all functions in PRIM have \mathbb{N} as the co-domain

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- Vectors are captured through *pairing functions*
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- Those are computable bijections from $\mathbb{N}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$
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The Cantor pairing function

- Example of a pairing function:

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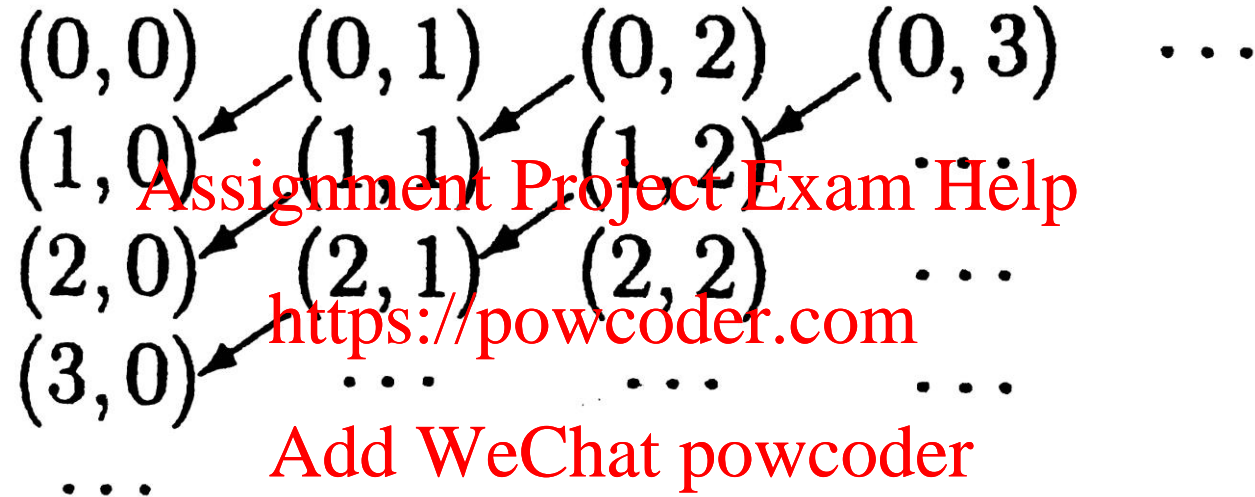
$$\pi(x, y) = \frac{1}{2}(x + y)(x + y + 1) + x$$

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- Note that this function is in PRIM

Dovetailing



- The Cantor pairing function maps $(0,0)$ to 0, $(0,1)$ to 1, $(1,0)$ to 2, $(0,2)$ to 3, $(1,1)$ to 4, ... and so on
- For proof, see Odifreddi's p. 27 (if you want to)

Inverting the Cantor pairing function

- Moreover, we have the following cool property:

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Given any natural number n , there exist a unique x and a unique y such that $\pi(x, y) = n$

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- This implies that we have functions π_1, π_2 such that $x = \pi_1(n)$ and $y = \pi_2(n)$ (they happen to be in PRIM as well)

Notation

- $\pi(x, y)$ is usually denoted by $\langle x, y \rangle$

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- We can use pairing iteratively to map from any dimension to a natural number, e.g.:

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$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \langle x, y \rangle, z \rangle \\ & \langle \langle \langle x, y \rangle, z \rangle, w \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Now we can look at the vector-valued function mentioned before
 $(x, y) \rightarrow (x^2, 3y)$ as $(x, y) \rightarrow \langle x^2, 3y \rangle$ which is in PRIM

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Fibonacci is in PRIM

- Now we can show that the Fibonacci is in PRIM

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- We show that $G(n) = \langle F(n), F(n+1) \rangle$ is in PRIM
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- Then, it follows that F is in PRIM because $F(n) = \pi_0(G(n))$
(composition of functions in PRIM)
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- $G(0) = \langle 0, 1 \rangle$
- $G(n) = \langle \pi_1(G(n-1)), (\pi_0(G(n-1)), \pi_1(G(n-1))) \rangle$

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Course-of-values recursion

- In general, PRIM contains functions obtained by recursion which depends on more than one previous values, i.e., when $f(x, s(n))$ is in terms of $f(x, n), f(x, n-1), f(x, n-2), \dots$

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- For proof, check Odifreddi's book Vol 1, Proposition I.7.1 (if you want to)

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Break

Questions?

What else is in PRIM?

- Constant function
 - Multiplication
 - Quotient
 - Exponential
 - Factorial
 - Predecessor
 - Max(finite tuple)
 - Min(finite tuple)
 - I would say: every natural number-theoretic function.
- Every function you can program using finite loops.

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Is PRIM enough?

- Does it contain all intuitively computable functions?

No
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- There are computable functions which are not in PRIM

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What is not in PRIM?

- The Sudan function
- Ackermann function
- Goodstein function

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- Those are computable functions

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- This means PRIM forgoes at least one intuitively computable fundamental process

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- Turns out the missing rule is *minimalization*

Minimalization

- Intuition:

Suppose you have a relation $R(x, y)$ on the natural numbers which is intuitively decidable.

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- Sometimes we are interested in the following

Given a value for y , what is the smallest x such that $R(x, y)$ holds?

Adding Minimalization

- Suppose now we want to involve minimalization with what we have in PRIM

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- What could correspond to $R(x, y)$?

Ans: I would say $f(x) = y$ for some y in PRIM

- From which we could get the function

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$$g(y) = \min\{x: f(x) = y\}$$

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- Careful: What if the minimum does not exist?

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Resilience

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the capacity to recover quickly from difficulties

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Partial and Total functions

- We say a function $f: A \rightarrow B$ is *total* if for every $x \in A$, $f(x)$ is defined. Otherwise, we call it *partial*.

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- Note that PRIM functions are all total

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- But we want to use minimalization
- Resilience: We consider a bigger class of functions where they can be partial

Partial Recursive Functions

- This is the class of functions obtained by the rules of PRIM and minimalization

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- If $g(x, y)$ is partial recursive, then so is f given by:

$$f(x) = \min\{y: g(x, y) = 0\}$$

- To be precise, $\min\{y: g(x, y) = 0\}$ here stands for the value y_0 such that $g(x, y_0) = 0$ where for all $y < y_0$, $g(x, y)$ is defined and $g(x, y) \neq 0$.

Notation

- We write $f(x) \downarrow$ to mean that f is defined at x , and $f(x) \uparrow$ otherwise.

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- **Minimalization (μ –operator):**

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For $g(\bar{x}, y)$ partial recursive,

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$$y_0 = \mu y [g(\bar{x}, y) \neq 0] \text{ iff}$$

$$g(\bar{x}, y_0) = 0 \text{ and } (\forall y < y_0)[g(\bar{x}, y) \downarrow \neq 0].$$

Wrap up

Definition[Partial Recursive Functions]:

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1. The initial functions
2. Obtained from partial recursive functions by Composition
3. Obtained from partial recursive functions by Primitive Recursion
4. Obtained from partial recursive functions by minimalization (μ)

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- That was the inductive way to define it

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- Another way is: The class of Partial Recursive Function is the smallest class which contains the initial functions and is closed under Composition, Primitive Recursion, and minimalization
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- Or: It is the intersection of all classes which contain the initial functions and is closed under Composition, Primitive Recursion, and minimalization

Church's Thesis

- **Church's thesis:** A function is intuitively computable iff it is Partial Recursive

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Recursive Functions

- Those are the partial recursive functions which happen to be total (with full domain \mathbb{N}^k for some $k > 0$).

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- We also call them *computable* functions

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Remarks

- One can prove that: Every TM can be mimicked by a partial recursive function, and vice versa

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- **Church-Turing thesis (CT):** A function is intuitively computable iff it can be computed in any formal sense (Turing, Recursive, URM, λ -calculus, ...)

Computable and C.E. sets

- A set is computable if its indicator (characteristic) function is computable

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- A set is computably enumerable (c.e.) if it is empty or it is the range of a computable function.

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In other words, if not empty, then it looks like $\{f(0), f(1), f(2), \dots\}$ for some computable f (values may repeat).

Notice that this is literally enumerating (computably) the elements of the set.

Decidable and Listable (again)

- Listable = C.E.

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- Decidable = Computable

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We will stick to these as the original definitions

- Note that the definitions we gave are restricted to sets of natural numbers

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- However, there is no loss of generality. The concepts can be extended to any sets in a world that can be **coded** by natural numbers
- Integers, Rationals, Letters

Alphabets, Strings, and Languages

- An *alphabet* Σ is a finite, non-empty set of symbols

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- A *string* over Σ is a finite sequence (can be empty) of members of Σ

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- A set of strings over Σ is called a *language* over Σ

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Coding into Natural Numbers

- Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c, \dots, z\}$ (small English letters)

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- We can associate each letter with a natural number, say:

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 $a \leftrightarrow 0, b \leftrightarrow 1, c \leftrightarrow 2, \dots$

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- Suppose now we want to extend the association to finite strings.

Gödel Numbering

- More precisely, we want a computable way (algorithm), by which, given any string, we find a number (unique), and if given the number, we can recover the string

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- Gödel suggested the following idea:

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$a \leftrightarrow 2, b \leftrightarrow 3, c \leftrightarrow 5, \dots, h \leftrightarrow 19, \dots, l \leftrightarrow 37, \dots, o \leftrightarrow 47, \dots$

$hello \leftrightarrow 2^{19} 3^{11} 5^{37} 7^{37} 11^{47}$

More Numbering

hello

youssef

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Can be coded as $2^{gn(hello)}3^{gn(youssef)}$ where gn means the Gödel number of the string

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- Like this, we can associate each Program (TM) with a number!
- Every partial computable function is associated with a number
- Every c.e. set has a number (How do you think it is obtained?)

Remarks

- The Gödel number of the empty sequence (empty program) is set to be 1

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- gn and its inverse gn^{-1} are both in PRIM

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- We let P_e denote the e^{th} Turing program, and φ_e the corresponding partial computable function (in one variable)
- More precisely, P_e is the program with Gödel number e

The Universal TM

- There exists a TM U which if given input (e, x) it runs the e th TM with input x .

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- Follows from CT

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Solved Problems

- Prove that: The union of two computable sets is also computable.

Proof:

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Let A, B be two computable sets. Let I_A, I_B be their indicator functions respectively. Since A, B are computable. Then, by definition, their indicator functions are computable.

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Note that

$$I_{A \cup B}(x) = \max\{I_A(x), I_B(x)\}$$

\max is in PRIM, and so is computable. (You could also say computable by CT)

It follows that $I_{A \cup B}$ is computable by composition.

Prove that: If A is computable, then it is c.e. (decidable \gg listable)

Proof1:

I_A is computable (given).

Recall: a set is c.e. if it is empty or the range of a computable function.

If A is empty, then it is c.e. (implication holds by definition).

Assume $A \neq \emptyset$. We want to find a computable function f such that $range(f) = A$.

Since A is non-empty, there must be some $a \in A$. Fix such an a .

Let f be the function defined as follows

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } I_A(x) = 1 \\ a & \text{if } I_A(x) = 0 \end{cases}$$

Proof2:

We describe a program that enumerates A which by CT can be mimicked by a Turing machine.

```
i = 0
c = 0
While i==0:
    if  $I_A(c) = 1$ : #this runs a sub-program
        print(c)
        c = c+1
```

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Prove that: A is computable iff A is c.e. and \bar{A} is also c.e.

Proof:

>>: If A is computable, then \bar{A} is also computable (why?)

Since every computable is c.e. (we have just proved it), both A and \bar{A} are c.e.

<<: We describe a program to compute $I_A(x)$ for every $x \in \mathbb{N}$.

From the given, we can computably enumerate both A, \bar{A} .

Enumerate both in parallel.

x must show up in one of them. If it shows up in A , then $I_A(x) = 1$. Otherwise, $I_A(x) = 0$.

The Halting Set

Let $K = \{x: \varphi_x(x) \downarrow\}$

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- Show that K is c.e. (Think)

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- Show that K is NOT computable

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- Assume towards a contradiction that K is computable.
- Consider the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \text{undefined} & \text{if } x \in K \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

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This f is partial computable because it can be mimicked by a TM:

1. we can computably decide if x is in K or not.
2. If x is in K , go in an infinite loop
3. If x is not in K , output 0

- But then, f must have a Gödel number, say e . I.e. $f = \varphi_e$
- If $e \in K$, then $\varphi_e(e) = f(e) \uparrow$ i.e. not $e \in K$ (contradiction)
- If not $e \in K$, then $\varphi_e(e) = f(e) = 0$ i.e. $e \in K$ (contradiction)

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We showed in Proof 1 that a non-empty computable set is the range of a computable function.

Show that an infinite computable set is the range of a 1:1 computable function.

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