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NP

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No Problem!

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Definition 1

- $NP = \{L: L \text{ decidable by a polynomial time nondeterministic TM}\}$

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- $NP = \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{N}} NTIME(n^k)$
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- $NTIME(f(n)) =$
 $\{L: L \text{ is a language decidable by an } O(f(n)) \text{ nondeterministic TM}\}$
- $P \subseteq NP$

Running Time for nondeterministic TMs

- is the maximum number of steps the TM uses on any branch of its computation

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NP Definition 2

- Note that the definition is based on nondeterministic TMs

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- $NP = \{L: L \text{ has a polynomial time verifier}\}$

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- What is a verifier?

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Verifiers

- Given a language L , a TM V is called a verifier for L if
$$L = \{s: \text{for some string } c, V \text{ accepts } (s, c)\}$$

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- When we say polynomial time verifier, we mean in the length of s alone (this implicitly requires that the size of c is poly in s)

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- c is called a certificate or witness (extra information)

- Suppose a language L is verifiable by the machine V , then

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- If $x \in L$, then $\exists y V(x, y)$ accepts (there is a proof y that x is in L)
- If $x \notin L$, then $\forall y V(x, y)$ does not accept

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Intuition (Subset Sum problem)

- $L = \{S \subseteq \mathbb{Z} : S \text{ has a nonempty subset whose elements add up to } 0\}$
- Input: A finite set of integers
- Output: Yes/No
- Yes, if A has a nonempty subset of numbers that add up to 0
- No, otherwise

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Deciding L

- Given a finite set of integers $T = \{-7, -3, -2, 5, 8\}$, say.

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- A computer goes through all nonempty subsets of T , and adds up their elements

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- Going through the subsets takes exponential time in the size of the set
- Adding the elements in one of them takes polynomial time

Relation to nondeterministic TM

- Finding a subset could happen in polynomial time by luck (nondeterministic choice)

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- On the previous page we described a deterministic way

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Verifying for L

- Membership in L can be verified within polynomial time (a number of steps that follows a polynomial function in the size of the input set)

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- For $T = \{-7, -3, -2, 5, 8\}$ given before, there is $c = \{-3, -2, 5\}$

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c is a subset of T , and the elements of c add up to 0

- c witnesses/proves/verifies that T is in L

What is the verifier V in the previous example?

- V takes as input two finite sets of integers (or two inputs, each is a finite set of integers)

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1. V checks if the second input set is a subset of the first
2. V adds the elements in the second input and checks if the sum is 0

- 1 happens in polytime in the size of the first input
- 2 happens in polytime in the size of the first input?

A Famous Problem (factorization)

- Find the prime factors of a natural number (large one)

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- This requires trying many pairs of numbers

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- However, given a factorization, it can be verified just by multiplication

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- Note that this is different problem from deciding if a number is prime or not

More intuition

- Given an equation

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- Find a solution (NP)

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- Or given a solution and check it works (P)

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More and more

- Given a theorem

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- Prove it (NP)

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- OR given a proof and check it works (P)

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P = NP Assignment Project Exam Help **P = NP**

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P = NP ?

- If the solution to a problem can be verified in polynomial time, can it be found in polynomial time?

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- At least it gives hope, the hope that there is an efficient solution

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NP-completeness

- A language L is NP-complete if (two things):
 1. L is in the class NP
 2. Every language L' in NP is p-reducible to L
- NP-complete sets are the hardest

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If to prove $P=NP$

- This requires a proof that some NP-complete language is in P

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- In other words, take a problem which is known to be NP-complete, then show that there is a polynomial time solution for it

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- The majority of NP problems which seem to require exponential time are NP-complete

Wisdom from Sipser

- Sipser points out that some algorithms for NP-complete problems exhibit exponential complexity only in the worst-case scenario and that, in the average case, they can be more efficient than polynomial-time algorithms (even more than polytime)

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- Instead of spending all of your time looking for a fast algorithm, you can spend half your time looking for a fast algorithm and the other half of your time looking for a proof of NP-completeness.
- On the practical side, the phenomenon of NP-completeness may prevent wasting time searching for a nonexistent polynomial time algorithm

SAT (The Boolean satisfiability problem)

- Given a *Boolean formula*, find an *assignment* that satisfies it

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- Example of a Boolean formula: $(\neg P \& Q) \text{ OR } (P \& \neg Z)$

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- Example of a satisfying assignment (solution):

$P = \text{FALSE}, Q = \text{TRUE}, Z = \text{FALSE}$

- Sipser uses small letter for the variables, and 1,0 for True, False

SAT

- $SAT = \{\varphi: \varphi \text{ is a satisfiable Boolean formula}\}$

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- This is the first known NP-complete problem (language)

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- Proved by Stephen Cook here at U of T in 1971

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- Independently proved by Leonid Levin

- Cook-Levin theorem: SAT is NP-complete

Algorithms for SAT

- Only algorithms with exponential worst-case scenario

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Remarks

- We use only the connectives \neg , $\&$, OR, they are more than enough to express all logical formulas without quantifiers
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- In fact, \neg , $\&$ (or \neg , OR) are enough, but having $\&$, OR together makes life easier and easily mimicked by electrical circuits
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- Boolean formulas can take many shapes, but any Boolean formula is equivalent to a CNF (conjunctive normal form)

CNF

- $(x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee \neg x_3 \vee x_4) \wedge (x_3 \vee \neg x_5 \vee x_6) \wedge (\neg x_6)$

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3CNF

- Every clause has three literals

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- Example: $(x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee \neg x_3) \wedge (x_3 \vee \neg x_5 \vee x_6)$

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- Every Boolean formulas is *equisatisfiable* to a 3CNF one

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i.e., given a CNF formula, we can transform it to a 3CNF formulas such that the first formula is satisfiable iff the second is satisfiable.

3SAT

- $3SAT = \{\varphi : \varphi \text{ is a satisfiable 3CNF formula}\}$

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- 3SAT is also NP-complete

- The proof is a modification of the proof for SAT

Subset Sum (general)

- Inputs: an integer value (target) t , and a set of integers a_1, \dots, a_n
- Output: **YES** if there is a subset that adds up to t , **NO** otherwise
- $SUBSET-SUM = \{ \langle S, t \rangle : S = \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}, \text{ and for some } \{y_1, \dots, y_l\} \subseteq \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}, \sum_{i=1}^l y_i = t \}$
- $SUBSET-SUM$ is NP-complete

SUBSET-SUM is in NP

- Proof: See Sipser (easy)

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SUBSET-SUM is NP-complete

- We need to prove that all languages in NP are polynomial time reducible to *SUBSET-SUM*

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- How? We bring a language which we know is NP-complete, and show that it is p-reducible to *SUBSET-SUM*

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- Indeed, a possible proof shows that $3SAT \leq_p SUBSET-SUM$

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