Assignment 2

Due date: 12:10, Thursday 1 November 2018, in lecture.

Late assignments will not be accepted without a valid medical certificate or other documentation of an emergency.

This assignment is worth either 25% (CSC 2501) or 33% (CSC 485) of your final grade.

- Fill out both sides of the assignment cover sheet, and staple together all answer sheets (in order) with the cover sheet (sparse side up) on the front. (Don't turn in a copy of this handout.)
- Please type year reports in no less than 12pt font; diagrams and tree structures may be drawn with software or neatly by hand.
- What you turnit the Se your work. Out of the problems in this assignment. If you need assistance, contact the instructor or TA for the assignment.
- Any clarification that is posted there, or discussed in class, so you should check the page regularly between now and the due date.

1. Using features in grammars [10 marks]

Grammar 1 handles NPs of various different types. Grammar 2 is much simpler and easier to read, but doesn't appropriately constrain the NPs generated.

```
Grammar 1
                                                 Grammar 2
Rules:
                                                 Rules:
S \rightarrow NPsg VPsg
                                                 S \rightarrow NP VP
S \rightarrow NPpl VPpl
                                                 VP \rightarrow V NP
                                                 PP \rightarrow P NP
VPsg \rightarrow Vsg NP
VPpl \rightarrow Vpl NP
                                                 NP \to N
PP \to P \; NP
                                                 NP \rightarrow Det N
                                                 NP \rightarrow Det N PP
NPsg \rightarrow NPRP
NPsgAssignment Project Exam Help
NPsg \rightarrow Det Nsg PP
                                                 Lexicon:
NPpl \rightarrow Det Npl
\underset{NP_{nl} \rightarrow N_{nl}}{\overset{NPpl \rightarrow Det}{https://powoder.com}} \stackrel{NPpl \rightarrow Det}{https://powoder.com}
                                                 Fido: NPRP
                                                 feed: V
NPpl \rightarrow Npl PP
                                                 feeds: V
NP \rightarrow NPsg
                 Add WeChat powcoder
NP \rightarrow NPpl
                                                 puppies: N
Lexicon:
                                                 with: P
Fido: NPRP
biscuits: Npl
feed: Vpl
feeds: Vsg
the: Det
dog: Nsg
puppies: Npl
with: P
```

A. (2 marks) Code up Grammar 1 in TRALE (using types for non-terminals), and show the parse tree for the following sentence according to that grammar:

Fido feeds the dog with biscuits.

Submit the grammar as the file onea.pl and the parse tree as onea.gralej. Your grammar should declare one type for each non-terminal listed in this grammar.

B. (7 marks) Code up Grammar 2 in TRALE, and augment it with features so as to restrict its language to that of Grammar 1. *You must use features. Do not add extra non-terminals.*

Submit this grammar as the file oneb.pl. Again, your grammar should declare one type for each non-terminal in this grammar, but you will need additional types to represent the values of the features that you introduce.

C. (1 mark) Show the parse tree for the sentence in part A above, this time using your augmented Grammar 2.

Submit this output as the file onec.gralej.

The TRALE system can be run with this command:

/h/u2/csc485h/fall/pub/trale/trale -fsg

(which you are welcome to alias). Do *not* copy the TRALE or SICStus Prolog systems to your directory; run these *in situ* in your shell. You may find that, in order to use the graphical user interface that comes with TRALE, you must remove the very small default virtual memory limit that comes with accounts on teach.cs. In tesh, you do this with the company Signment Project Exam Help

limit vmemoryuse unlimited

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2. Verb complements and gap features [20 marks]

Gap features enable us to assign the right grammatical functions to the arguments of a verb, which in turn guarantees that they will be assigned the right thematic roles. For example, in the grammar for the passive construction that we saw in class, we can associate the NP subject with the object position through a "gap" feature, so that, in the semantics, the subject NP can be interpreted as the Theme of the verb.

There are many more situations in which NPs are interpreted as if they occurred in positions in which they do not overtly occur than the passive. Consider the following sentences:

- i. The student tried to sleep.
- ii. The Assignment Project Exam Help
- iii. The student promised the teacher to sleep.
- iv. The student explicitly be reached the coder.com

For example, in (i), the student the Agent of tried, as we would piesume because it is the subject of tried; but interestingly in (i), the student is also the Agent of steep, even though it does not appear to be the subject of sleep.

In answering the three questions on the next page, assume the following:

- *Try* and *expect* have two thematic roles assignable: Agent and Theme. *Promise* has three: Agent, Theme and Beneficiary. *Sleep* has one: Experiencer; and *appear* has one: Theme.
- Every subject and object must be linked to at least one thematic role. (This is the mapping of thematic roles to grammatical functions that we saw in class.)
- Every grammatical function (e.g., subject, object) can be linked with at most one thematic role from the same verb. This does not mean that the NPs that bear those grammatical functions can only bear one thematic role, because NPs can bear more than one grammatical function.
- A complement clause (i.e., an embedded verb phrase or sentence) can be assigned the Theme thematic role from its verb. In other words, NPs are not the only constituents that can be assigned thematic roles.

A. (5 marks) For each of the sentences (ii)-(iv) above, for each thematic role assignable by either verb in the sentence, state which constituent receives that role. Submit your answer as the file twoa.txt.

Hint: The treatment of the NP the teacher is different in the last two sentences.

B. (14 marks) Devise a phrase structure grammar augmented with features for the above sentences. Be sure to give the necessary lexical entries for the four verbs, *tried*, *appeared*, *promised*, and *expected*, as well as *sleep*. Submit this grammar as the file twob.pl.

Use only features that are necessary to ensure the appropriate interpretation of NPs with respect to semantic roles.

To make the class's grammars a bit more uniform, we have given you a head start with the file teach.cs:/h/u2/csc485h/fall/pub/twosub.pl. You will have to add types and features to this po not remove types, and do not after the subtyping or feature declarations that already appearance.

C. (1 mark) Parse sentence (ii) above (*The student appeared to sleep*) in TRALE using your grammer and submit the resulting parse tree. There should be only one tree generated. This output should be submitted as the file two cogralej.

Implementation details e Chat powcoder

In order for the grader to be able to semi-automatically test your work, each file must have the exact name and format specified in the following subsections.

Some overall specifications for your files:

- The first line of each file must be a comment (with %) with your name, login ID, and student ID.
- Each grammar rule, lexical entry, or sentence must be separated by one or more blank lines in its appropriate file.
- You should organize and use comments to remark upon how your grammar and lexicon function, just as you would programming language code, to make it easily understandable.
- Unlike the standard convention for specifying context-free grammars, the TRALE system requires lexical entries to provide the grammatical description on the right-hand side and the word on the left-hand side, e.g., john ---> np. Do not capitalize non-terminals or proper names like *John*, as capitalized tokens are interpreted as variables by Prolog. TRALE also does not allow the use of the pipe (|) for disjunction on either side. Use a separate lexical entry for each word that you wish to assign a feature structure to.

• In your grammar source code files, the grammar rules should all come first, followed by the lexical entries, in alphabetical order of the words.

Test sentences

Name of the file: sentences.pl An example:

```
% Your name, login ID and student ID go here.
test_sent([nadia,won,an,elephant]).
test_sent([i,could,have,demanded,a,rutabaga]).
test_sent([autopoiesis,always,reminded,her,of],fails).
```

Note: Use this file to provide extra sentences not mentioned in this assignment handout that you may have tried during development. The sentences must be delimited by commas, and no words hold to printing the property tuposed 20141, give the post of the sentences are extra argument that tells us this.

0.0.1 Output pailst tees://powcoder.com

All your output parse trees should be directed to files with the extension .gralej. All of these files should have your name, ID, and student number as the first line. Do not add any lines to the output you generated the contracted in a capital of the contracted in the capital of the capita

0.1 What to submit

0.1.1 On paper

Staple together (no paper clips or folded corners, please) the following items in the following order:

- The project cover sheet (attached to the back of this handout).
- A written report describing the design of your grammars and lexica, and your approach (how you met the requirements stated above). Don't forget also to discuss the limitations of your grammars.
- A written report on your testing strategy—in particular, why you chose the sentences
 that you used for testing the grammar and lexicon. This should be no more than one
 page.
- Printouts of the .gralej files that you generate.
- Printouts of your grammar source code.

Note: You do *not* need to submit other code that you write, e.g., code for running your test sentences, calling the pretty-printer, etc.

0.1.2 Electronically

In addition to your paper submission, you must submit your grammars, parse trees and test sentences electronically. Submit all required files using the submit command on teach.cs:

```
% submit -c <course> -a A2 <filename-1>...<filename-n>
```

where <course> is either csc485h or csc2501h, and <filename-1> to <filename-n> are the n files you are submitting. Make sure every file you turn in contains a comment at the top that gives your name, your login ID on teach.cs, and your student ID number.

Grading scheme

We will test your grammars on the examples in this handout as well as on some held-out test sentences (i.e., sentences that you haven't seen).

Both gammars in a part B will be marked as to style ind commenting (1/2) simplicity of your feature geometry and type system (2/7), in addition to correctness (4/7). The grammar in 1A will be marked as to style (1 mark) and simplicity (1 mark).

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CSC 2501 / 485, Fall 2018: Assignment 2

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