Sessio	n	: Semester B 2020/2	1 Quiz 2
Time a	allowed	: 65 minutes	
Instructions		: Answers should be hand written and submitted as a pdf.	
Copy the following on the first page of your test answer sheet. "I pledge that the answers in this examination are my own and that I will not seek or obtain an unfair advantage un producing these answers. Specifically, X and He P			
1. 2.	I will not plagiarize (I will not communities examination; neither examination; and I will use only approx	copy without citation of or attempt will I give or attempt wed devices (e.g., calc	-
Name	,	SID	Signature

: Topics for Computer Graphics

Qn 1 (25 marks)

Course code & title

- a) If it is desired to simulate accelerate-then-decelerate motion using an empirical function, what is the form of the function and the angle range?
- b) α is the angle of a part in your object. You wish to change α from 40^o to 160^o in an accelerate-then-decelerate motion in 3 seconds. Write the corresponding *glutIdle* function. Use the empirical function in a) to simulate the motion.

Qn 2 (25 marks)

- a) Draw a green ground plane whose 4 corners are (-150, -150, 2), (150, -150, 2), (150, 150, 2) and (-150, 150, 2). The ground plane has equation Z = 2. Write the function *ground_plane* () which draws the plane.
- b) Draw a blue cube of length 10 sitting on the ground plane with center (0, 0, 7). Write the function *cube* () which draws the cube.
- c) Write OpenGL code to draw the ground plane, the cube and its shadow on the ground plane. The point light source is at (10, 20, 30). Also, show the derivation of the projection matrix.

Qn 3 (25 marks)

- a) In Qn 2, if the light source is changed to a lighting direction $(-1, 1, 2\sqrt{2})$, what should be the 4×4 projection matrix.
- b) Name the type of the projection in a) Project Exam Help
- c) List two limitations for the shadow generated in Qn 2.

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(**Qn 4** on the next page)

Qn 4 (25 marks)

An OpenGL scene has the following settings for shading calculations:

```
glEnable (GL_LIGHTING);

GLdouble V1 [] = {0.0, -1.0/sqrt(2), 1.0/sqrt(2), 0.0}

GLdouble V2 [] = {0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 1.0}

GLdouble V3 [] = {0.8, 0.8, 0.8, 1.0}

GLdouble V4 [] = {0.8, 0.8, 0.8, 1.0}

glLightfv (GL_LIGHT1, GL_POSITION, V1);

glEnable (GL_LIGHT1);

glLightfv (GL_LIGHT1, GL_AMBIENT, V2);

glLightfv (GL_LIGHT1, GL_DIFFUSE, V3);

glLightfv (GL_LIGHT1, GL_SPECULAR, V4);

gluLookAt (100, 100, 100, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0);

A plane Z = A has the following material characteristics:

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GLdouble V5 [] = {0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 1.0}

GLdouble V6 [] = {0.8, 0.8, 0.8, 1.0}

GLdouble V7 [] = {0.1, 0.4, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1}

GLdouble V7 [] = {0.1, 0.4, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1}

GLdouble V7 [] = {0.1, 0.4, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1}

GLdouble V7 [] = {0.1, 0.4, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1}
```

- a) Compute the result of back face detection at the point of the plane the camera is pointing at.
- b) Derive the intensity at the point of the plane the camera is pointing at.

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