## 3D Hierarchical Modelling

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## Intended Learning Outcomes

- Understand the need of hierarchical structuring for building articulated 3D objects
- Able to compute the relative contained temps form between component parts
- Able to represent an articulated 50 object as a hierarchical structure weing OpenGL powcoder

#### Problem:

 Given a large number of graphics models which form parts of a whole object, it is cumbersome to animate each part by individual pampanes an Help

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# Example: Animate a car moving at a speed of 20 miles and in direction (2, 3, 4)

```
main ()

{
    float s = 20.0; /* speed */
    float d[3] = {2.0, 3.4.6} igneent Project Exam Help

    draw_chassis (s, d);
    https://powerticlet.cleftiont wheel wheel

    draw_right_front_wheel (s, d);
    draw_left_front_wheel (s, d);
    draw_right_rear_wheel (s, d);
    draw_left_rear_wheel (s, d);
    Tree with directed edge
```

Bad Programming - Redundancy: the 4 draw wheel functions can be replaced by one function

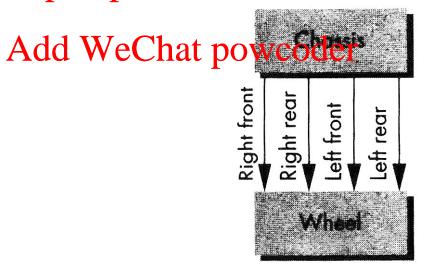
#### Introduction of hierarchical structures

- Use relative transformation to link the movements of different parts
- Use a singlentum ctronjet or Farmitiele (single) part
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## Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG)

- DAG is a graph with directed arc but no cycle
- It is a tree but additional allows more than Assignment Project Exam Help one arc from one node to another node

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### Revised program

```
main ()
                                                                   Let the initial coordinate
                                                                   system be the centroid
   float s = 20.0;
                                                                   of the car
   float d[3] = \{2.0, 3.0, 4.0\};
   float w = 2.0, I = 4.0; Assignment Project Exam Help
   draw chass (s, d);
   glTranslatef ( w/2 , l/2, 0 ), https://populer.com
   draw_wheel (s, d);
   glTranslatef ( -w,
   draw wheel (s, d);
                    -1, 0); // position the left rear wheel
   glTranslatef ( 0,
   draw_wheel (s, d);
   glTranslatef (w, 0, 0); // position the right rear wheel
   draw_wheel (s, d);
                                                                                   W
```

We can make it more systematic by formally introducing coordinate system change, which we do below

## Moving a Robot Arm – a 3 level hierarchy

Parts: base B (cylinder),

lower arm La (rectangular box)

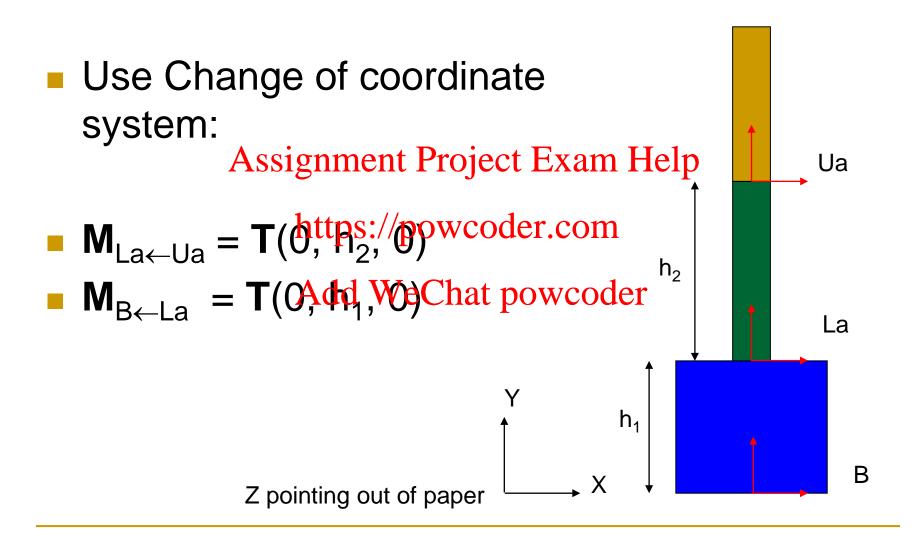
Arm has 3 degree of freedom:

B rotate about Y by https://powcoder.com

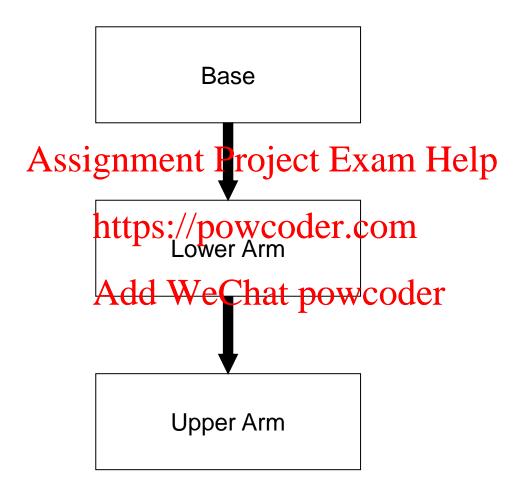
La rotate about Z by Add WcChat powcoder

Ua rotate about Z by Add WcChat powcoder

#### Relative Coordinate Transformations



#### DAG



## Write a program to ...

Rotate the robot arm about its base by θ, then about its lower arm by φ, then about its upper arm by ψ

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- when rotating the whole arm, everything should move; but when rotating the 18 wer arm, only it and the upper arm should move; when rotating the upper arm, only the upper arm should move.
- Solve this using a hierarchy concept

## Program

```
robot_arm()
       glRotatef (theta, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0); // \mathbf{R}_{v}(\theta) rotate the whole robot arm
        // each point of whole robot arm will be pre-multiplied by \mathbf{R}_{\nu}(\theta)
       base ();
                       Assignment Project Exam Help
       glTranslatef (0.0, h_1, 0.0); // \mathbf{M}_{B \leftarrow La} changes lower arm coord. sy. to base coord. sy.
       glRotatef (phi, 0.0, 0.https://powooder.commrm
       // each point of lower arm with the control tiplied by \mathbf{R}_z(0, h_1, 0) \mathbf{R}_z(\phi)
        lower arm():
       glTranslatef (0.0, h_2, 0.0); // \mathbf{M}_{La\leftarrow Ua} changes upper arm coord. sy. to lower arm coord. sy.
       glRotatef (psi, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
       // each point of upper arm will be pre-multiplied by \mathbf{R}_{v}(\theta)\mathbf{T}(0,h_{1},0)\mathbf{R}_{z}(\phi)\mathbf{T}(0,h_{2},0)\mathbf{R}_{z}(\psi)
       upper_arm();
```

## Moving a Robot

- Need to organize the hierarchy better
- Solution: use glPushMatrix and glPopMatrix to store and retrieve intermediate composite relative transformations Assignment Project Exam Help



## Program

```
Robot()
     glPushMatrix ();
     torso;
     glTranslate ...
     glRotate ...
                    Assignment Project Exam Help
     head ();
                           // go back to the node of the torso
     glPopMatrix ();
      glPushMatrix();
                            https://powcoder.com
     glTranslate ...
                           // similar technique used here as that
                           "Wed in example 2 Chat powcoder
     glRotate ...
     left_upper_arm ();
     glTranslate ...
     glRotate ...
     left_lower_arm ();
     glPopMatrix ();
                           // go back to the node of the torso
      glPushMatrix();
     glTranslate ...
     glRotate ...
     right_upper_arm ();
```

#### References

- Our exposition follows:
  - E. Angel, Interactive Computer Graphics: A Top-down Approach Asing Open Project (2009) ech. 10.1-10.4
- Ch. 11 of text provides an alterative reference. https://powcoder.com