

ECS 150 - Project 2

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UC Davis - 2020/2021

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Organization

Assignment

- Assignment released today
- Due in two weeks: Feb 12th
- Two parts
 - Queue API
 - User-level thread library

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Teamwork

Two options:

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1. Keep the same partner as P1

2. Change partner

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Goal #1: queue API

- Most pieces of software need typical data structure implementations
 - Lists, stacks, queues, hashtables, dictionaries, etc.
- In many languages, directly included in language itself
 - Python (`mylist = ["apple", "banana", "cherry"]`), Javascript, Perl, etc.
- In some other languages, usually need to develop them from scratch
 - Especially true in C and in system programming
 - Linux: linux/include/linux/list.h
 - Glibc: glibc/include/list.h
 - GCC: gcc/gcc/list.h
 - Need very robust containers:
 - Clear API,
 - No memory leaks,
 - Stable,
 - Flexible,
 - Etc.

For this project, implement a queue library which API is provided

Pointers

`void *`, a special kind of pointer

```
int queue_enqueue(queue_t queue, void *data);
int queue_dequeue(queue_t queue, void **data);

void myfunc(queue_t q)
{
    /* Various objects */
    short int a = 2;
    char *b = "P2 will teach me threads";
    struct {
        int stuff;
        char thing;
    } c = { 10, 'c' };
    int *d = malloc(10 * sizeof(int));

    /* Push in queue */
    queue_enqueue(q, &a);
    queue_enqueue(q, b);
    queue_enqueue(q, &c);
    queue_enqueue(q, d);

    /* Retrieve from queue */
    short int *e;
    char *f;
    queue_dequeue(q, (void**)&e);
    queue_dequeue(q, (void**)&f);
    ...
}
```

- `void*` is an **untyped** pointer
- Contains an address, but can't assume the type of the pointed content

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Pointers

Double pointers

- A double pointer is simply the address of a pointer.

Execution

2
3
4

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```
int a = 2;
int b = 4;

void change_ptr(int **ptr)
{
    *ptr = &b;
}

void change_val(int *ptr)
{
    *ptr = 5;
}

int main(void)
{
    int *c = &a;
    printf("%d\n", *c);
    change_val(c);
    printf("%d\n", *c);

    change_ptr(&c);
    printf("%d\n", *c);

    return 0;
}
```

Pointers

Variables vs pointers (1)

```
void swap(int x, int y)
{
    int tmp = x;
    x = y;
    y = tmp;
}
```

```
int a = 2, b = 4;
printf("%d, %d\n", a, b);
swap(a, b);
printf("%d, %d\n", a, b);
```

```
2, 4
2, 4
```

```
void swap(int *x, int *y)
{
    int tmp = *x;
    *x = *y;
    *y = tmp;
}
```

```
int a = 2, b = 4;
printf("%d, %d\n", a, b);
swap(&a, &b);
printf("%d, %d\n", a, b);
```

```
2, 4
4, 2
```

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Pointers

Variables vs pointers (2)

```
void swap(void *x, void *y)
{
    void *tmp = x;
    x = y;
    y = tmp;
}
```

```
int a = 2, b = 4;
int *c = &a, *d = &b;

printf("%d, %d\n", *c, *d);

swap(c, d);

printf("%d, %d\n", *c, *d);
```

```
2, 4
2, 4
```

```
void swap(void **x, void **y)
{
    void *tmp = *x;
    *x = *y;
    *y = tmp;
}
```

```
int a = 2, b = 4;
int *c = &a, *d = &b;

printf("%d, %d\n", *c, *d);

swap(&c, &d);

printf("%d, %d\n", *c, *d);
```

```
2, 4
4, 2
```

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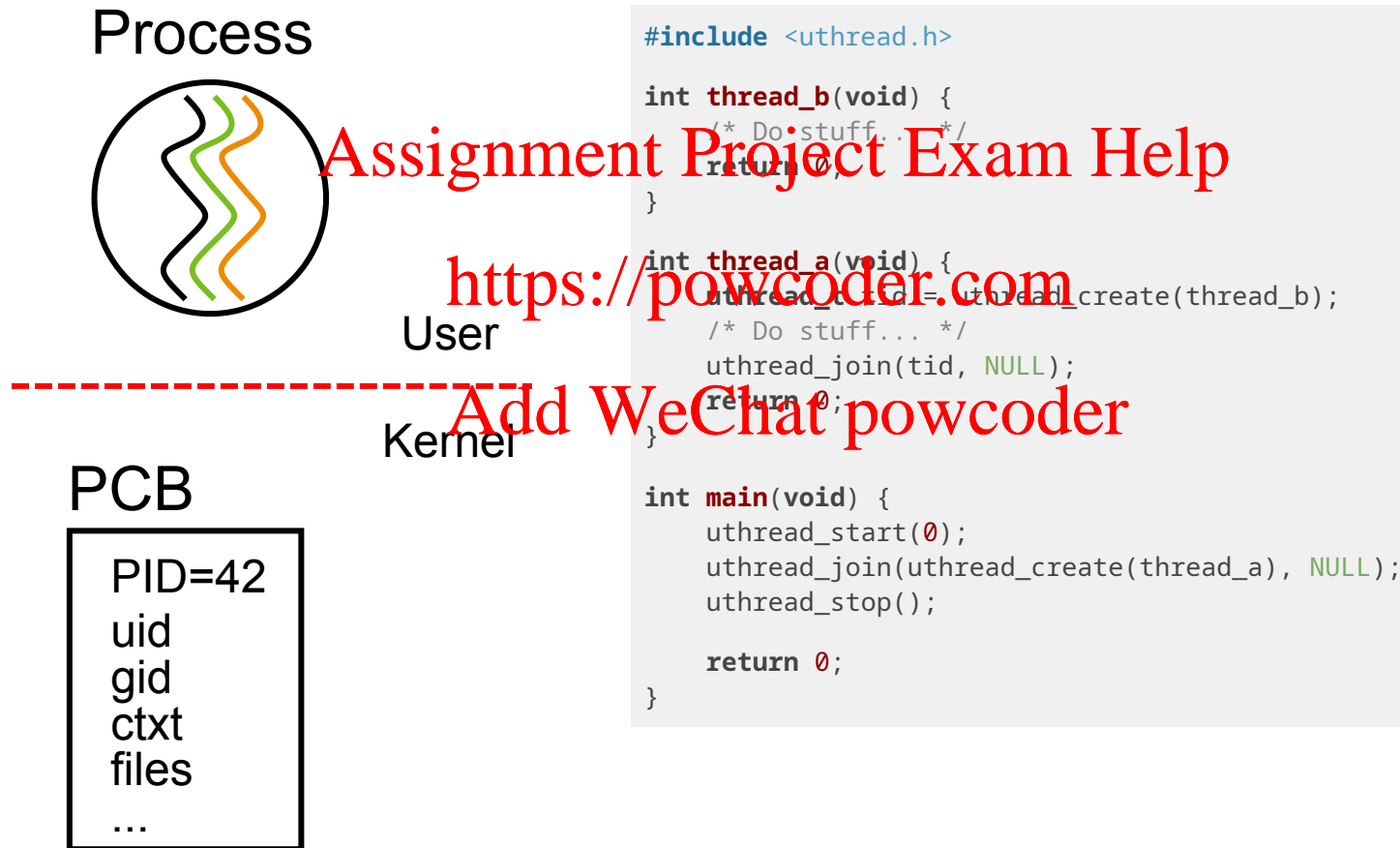
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Goal #2: pthread library

Write a thread library at user level.

- Kernel sees and schedules one process
- Inside the process, can schedule multiple threads of execution



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Queue implementation

Demystify `void *`

Step 1

If struggling with `void *` for your implementation

- Copy `queue.{c,h}` elsewhere
- Temporarily replace all `void *` with `int`
- Implement a queue of integer with the suggested API

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```
int queue_enqueue(queue_t queue, int data);  
int queue_dequeue(queue_t queue, int *data);  
int queue_delete(queue_t queue, int data);  
...
```

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Step 2

- Once your implementation is solid
- Replace `int` by `void *`
 - `:%s/int/void */g`
- Copy back into project 2

API vs implementation

Uthread library

- In directory `libuthread`
- API in headers
 - `private.h`, `queue.h`, `uthread.h`
- Implementation of API in C file
 - `context.c`, `preempt.c`, `queue.c`, `uthread.c`
- Local Makefile generates a static library that contains the compiled code
 - `libuthread.a`
 - At first, add only `queue.o`
 - Then, add the other objects

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API vs implementation

Applications

- In directory apps
- Applications written by "external" users using the API
- Access to library through its public API
 - `#include <queue.h>`
 - `#include <uthread.h>`
- No access to the library's internals
 - Otherwise implementation can never evolve without breaking compatibility with existing applications
 - Goal is that the applications should work with any implementation
 - **NEVER** include C files in the applications
- Makefile combines the library with the applications' code
 - `-L/path/to/libuthread -luthread`

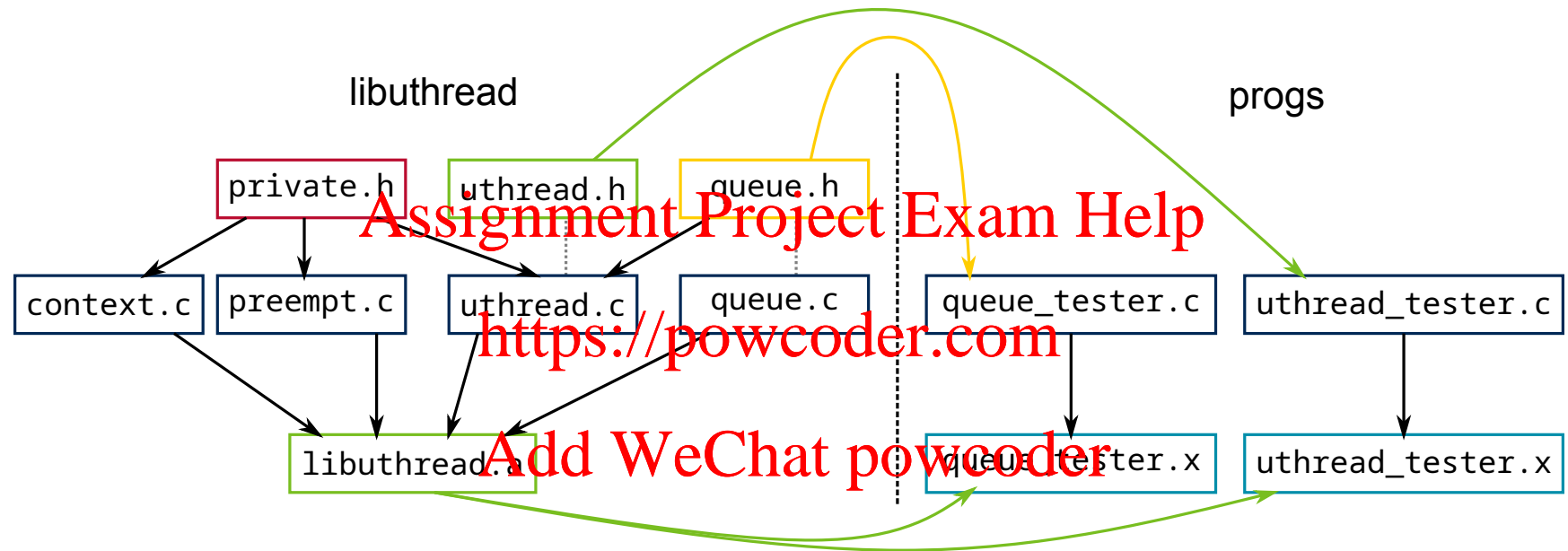
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API vs implementation

Illustrated summary



Testing the queue

Test the API

Correctness

- Verify that the implementation actually respects the API
 - E.g., enqueue item, then dequeue it and verify it's the same
- Build various scenarios, from very simple to complex

Error management

- Explore *all* the possible mistakes a user could do and check the implementation behaves according to the specs
 - E.g., try to enqueue a null item, see if function returns proper error code

Overall

- Should come up with 10 to 20 *different* unit tests
 - Ideally get to 100% coverage
- Look at `/home/cs150jp/public/p2/queue_tester_example.c` to get an idea

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Testing the queue

Debug

Printing

1. Add static helper function in queue.c (eg, `queue_print()`), call it from the other functions.
2. **Temporarily** add helper function in public API, call it from the applications. Remove entirely when done debugging.

GDB

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- Breakpoints, step-by-step execution

- `make D=1`

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```
## Debug flag
ifneq ($(D),1)
CFLAGS    += -O2
else
CFLAGS    += -g
endif
```

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join() mechanism

Simple example

```
int thread1(void)
{
    printf("thread1\n");
    return 5;
}

int main(void)
{
    int ret;
    pthread_t tid;

    pthread_start(0);

    tid = pthread_create(&thread1);
    pthread_join(tid, &ret);
    printf("thread1 returned %d\n", ret);

    pthread_stop();

    return 0;
}
```

```
$ ./a.out
thread1
thread1 returned 5
$
```

1. main runs until join

- Creates thread1 which is added to the ready queue
- Gets blocked in join

2. thread1 runs entirely

- Next available thread in ready queue
- Context switch from main
- Exits with return value 5

3. main() runs until the end

- When thread1 died, unblocked main
- Retrieved return value
- Main is added back to the ready queue and scheduled
- Resume previous execution

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join() mechanism

Complex example

```
uthread_t tid[2];

int thread2(void)
{
    int ret;
    printf("thread2\n");
    uthread_join(tid[0], &ret);
    printf("thread1 returned %d\n", ret);
    return 2;
}

int thread1(void)
{
    tid[1] = uthread_create(thread2);
    printf("thread1\n");
    return 1;
}

int main(void)
{
    int ret;

    uthread_start(0);
    tid[0] = uthread_create(thread1);
    uthread_yield();
    uthread_join(tid[1], &ret);
    printf("thread2 returned %d\n", ret);
    uthread_stop();

    return 0;
}
```

- main cannot be joined
- For other threads, the parent/child relationship is not relevant
- The uthread library doesn't care about the return values, just provides the transmission mechanism

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