### ECS 150 - GDB tutorial

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Assignment Project Exam Help
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https://powcoder.com

Add WeChat powcoder



### **GNU** project

- Started by Richard Stallman in 1983
- Free software, mass collaboration project in response to proprietary UNIX
  - Copyleft license: GNU GPL
  - User programs: text editor (Emacs), compiler (GCC toolchain), debugger (GDB), and various utilities (ls, grep, awk, make, etc.)
  - Kernel: GNU Hurd

### GDB

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- GNU DeBugger
- Supports many languages https://powcoder.com
  - Including C and C++
- Inspection of program auring execution hat powcoder
  - Execution flow
  - Data
- Helps finding errors like *segmentation fault*
- Read the fully-detailed manual: https://sourceware.org/gdb/current/onlinedocs/gdb/

### Compilation flags

• Canonical compilation command line:

```
$ gcc [cflags] -o <output> <input>
```

• Optimize for speed (-02)

```
$ gcc -Wall -Werror -02 -o myprogram main.c
```

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• Enable debugging support (-g)://powcoder.com

```
$ gcc -Wall -Werror -g myprogram main.c
```

- Not recommended to the working and the work of the w
  - No optimization option is equivalent to -00

### Makefile digression

- During development, very useful to be able to debug your program
- For production, probably better to disable the debug support and activate all possible optimization support
  - Reduce size of the executable (can easily be by 50%!)
  - Increase performance (can also be by 50%!)

### Makefile automatiArssignment Project Exam Help

```
ifeq ($(D),1)
CFLAGS += -g # Enable primitation
else
CFLAGS += -02 # Enable optimization
endif Add WeChat powcoder
```

#### **Building mode**

```
$ make D=1  # compile with debug support and no optimization
$ make  # compile with optimizations (production)
```

Probably want to use make clean when changing building mode

### Starting GDB

Start GDB, specify the program to debug

```
$ gdb
...
(gdb) file myprogram
Reading symbols from myprogram...done.
(gdb)
```

Or, start GDB with the iggrander the project to be made to the project to be a start GDB with the iggrander of the project to be a start GDB with the iggrander of the project to be a start GDB with the iggrander of the project to be a start GDB with the iggrander of the project to be a start GDB with the iggrander of the project to be a start GDB with the iggrander of the project to be a start GDB with the iggrander of the project to be a start GDB with the iggrander of the project to be a start GDB with the iggrander of the project to be a start GDB with the iggrander of the project to be a start GDB with the iggrander of the iggrander of

```
$ gdb myprogram
...
Reading symbols from myprograms://powcoder.com
(gdb)
```

# Add WeChat powcoder Running the program

• Without any argument:

```
(gdb) run
```

• With arguments:

```
(gdb) run argv1 argv2...
```

### Interactive help

- GDB offers an interactive shell
  - History management
  - Auto-complete (with TAB)

In order to discover what you can do, just ask:

```
(gdb) help
List of classes of commands aliases -- Aliases of AtSSIgnment Project Exam Help
breakpoints -- Making program stop at certain points

...

(gdb) help breakpoints

Making program stop at certain points.

List of commands:
awatch -- Set a watchpoint foldexperse Chat powcoder
break -- Set breakpoint at specified location
...

(gdb) help break
Set breakpoint at specified location.
break [PROBE_MODIFIER] [LOCATION] [thread THREADNUM] [if CONDITION]
...
```

### Possible scenarios

- 1. Program doesn't have bugs:
  - It will run fine until completion

```
$ ./myprogram
I worked, hurray!
```

- 2. Best-case scenario, regarding bugs:
  - · Segmentation Austrian Help

```
$ ./myprogram segmentation fault (core dumped) ./myprogram https://powcoder.com
```

- 3. Worst-case scenario:
  - Doesn't crash but wrangings we Chat powcoder

```
$ ./myprogram
I work��, ��rray!
```

- o Bugs that don't trigger any segmentation fault
- In this case, you'll probably have to spend more time...

### Example #1

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

size_t foo_len (const char *s)
{
    return strlen(s);
}
    Assignment Project Exam Help
int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    char *a = NULL;
    printf ("size of a = %A\nd wechat powcoder
    return 0;
}
```

#### Execution

```
$ ./strlen-test
zsh: segmentation fault (core dumped) ./strlen-test
```

#### Run with GDB

• (After compiling the code with - q)

```
$ qdb ./strlen-test
(qdb) run
Starting program: /home/joel/tmp/test/strlen-test
Program received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
0x00007ffff7abc446 in strlen () from /usr/lib/libc.so.6
(qdb)
```

#### Backtrace

# • First thing to do when getting a segfault: Assignment Project Exam Help

```
# use just 'bt
(qdb) backtrace
#0 0x00007fffff7abc446 in strlen () from /usr/lib/libc.so.6
```

#### Investigate

- foo\_len() is supposed to receive a pointer
- Here it receives 0 (aka NULL)
- Looks like this NULL pointer probably gets dereferenced in strlen()...

#### Fix...

• Here, the problem is fairly obvious

#### And, celebrate!

```
$ ./strlen-test
size of a = 22
```

#### Better fix

Prevent the same bug from happening again

```
size_t foo_len (const char *s)
{
    assert(s && "String cannot be NULL here!");
    return strlen(s);
}
int main (int argc, Abssignment Project Exam Help
    char *a = NULL;
    printf ("size of a = https://powcoder.com
    return 0;
}
Add WeChat powcoder
```

```
$ ./strlen-test
strlen-test: strlen-test.c:8: foo_len:
   Assertion `s && "String cannot be NULL here!"' failed.
```

### Example #2

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
const static int len = 10;
int main(void)
{
   unsigned int i, Assignment Project Exam Help
   tab = malloc(len * sizeof(int));
https://powcoder.com
   for (i = len - 1; i >= 0; i--)
       tab[i] = i;
                      Add WeChat powcoder
   free(tab);
   return 0;
```

#### Execution

```
$ ./tablen-test
segmentation fault (core dumped) ./tablen-test
```

#### Run GDB

```
$ gdb ./tablen-test
(gdb) run
Starting program: /home/joel/tmp/test/tablen-test

Program received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
0x0000000000400535 in main () at tablen-test.c:14
14 tab[i] = i;
```

#### **Backtrace**

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```
(gdb) bt
#0 0x0000000000400535 in main () at tablen-test.c:14
```

• Except that here, it's nothing of here. wcoder.com

#### Inspect variables

## Add WeChat powcoder

• Display index i so that we know which index in the array was being accessed:

```
(gdb) print i
$1 = 4294967295
```

#### Fix...

- Problem is a case of overflow
  - An unsigned int type automatically wraps from 0 to 4294967295

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
const static int len = 10;
               Assignment Project Exam Help
int main(void)
   int *tab;
                     https://powcoder.com
   int i;
   tab = malloc(len * sizeof(int));
   for (i = len - 1; i > Add WeChat powcoder
      tab[i] = i:
   free(tab);
   return 0;
```

### Behavior bugs

- Behavioral bugs more complicated to find because program doesn't crash
- It's just that the output is wrong

#### Execution

Before: Tracking bugs is my passion
After: TRACKING BUGS IS MY PASSIOn

### Setting breakpoints

- Stop the program during the execution at a designated point
- Set as many breakpoints as necessary
- GDB will always stop the execution when reaching them

#### Breaking at exact location in code

```
(gdb) break string-testsignment Project Exam Help

(gdb) r

Starting program: /home/jhttps://powcoder.com

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Breakpoint 1, main () at Add tWteChat powcoder

str[i] = toupper(str[i]);
```

#### Breaking at a particular function

# Breaking only if condition is satisfied Project Exam Help

### Dealing with breakpoints

- Set at least one breakpoint before running the program
  - Otherwise the program will run until completion
- Once the program stops and the gdb shell is available, a few options:
  - 1. Continue the execution until hitting the same or another breakpoint

```
(gdb) continue # or just 'c'
```

2. Execute only Ans significant de Project k Exiam Help

```
(gdb) step # or just 's'
https://powcoder.com
Careful, step enters function calls
```

3. Jump over function calls WeChat powcoder

```
(gdb) next # or just 'n'
```

Tip: typing <enter> in the interactive GDB shell repeats the last command

### Printing variables

• Inspect the value of all your variables with command print

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#### **Default**

• By default, prints variables or print prints their type

By default, prints variables or print prints and what it prints

### Printing data structures

```
struct entry {
   int     key;
   char   *name;
} obj = {
    .key = 2,
    .name = "toto",
};
struct entry *e = &obj Assignment Project Exam Help
```

• With print, you can access the pointer and the object it's pointing to:

```
(gdb) print e
    https://powcoder.com
$1 = (struct entry *) 0x7ffffffd640
(gdb) print &obj
$2 = (struct entry *) 0x7ffffffd640 WeChat powcoder
(gdb) p *e
$3 = {key = 2, name = 0x400734 "toto"}
(gdb) p e->key
$4 = 2
(gdb) p obj.name
$5 = 0x400734 "toto"
```

### Misc

### Setting watchpoint

- Breakpoints are for interrupting the execution flow at a specific location
- Watchpoints are for interrupting the program when a variable is modified

```
(gdb) c
(ontinuing.
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Hardware watchpoint 2: i

https://powcoder.com

Old value = 0

New value = 1

0x0000000000000400612 in mai Add Wechat powcoder

12 for (i = 0; i < strlen(str) - 1; i++)
```

### Misc

### Other useful commands

- finish
  - Runs until the current function is finished
- until
  - When executed in a loop, continues the execution until the loop ends
- info breakpoints

• Shows informations about all declared breakpoints am Help

```
Num Type Disp Enb Address What

1 breakpoint https://powwooder.com at string-test.c:8
breakpoint already hit 1 time

2 hw watchpoint keep y i
breakpoint already hit 2 times We Chat powcoder
```

- delete
  - Deletes a breakpoint

## Valgrind

### Example

## Valgrind

#### Run

```
$ valgrind --leak-check=full ./valgrind_example
==31134== Invalid write of size 4
==31134==
            at 0x108668: f (in /home/joel/work/ecs150/slides/tuto qdb/code/valgrind example)
            by 0x108679: main (in /home/joel/work/ecs150/slides/tuto gdb/code/valgrind example)
==31134==
==31134== Address 0x51f0068 is 0 bytes after a block of size 40 alloc'd
==31134==
           at 0x4C2CEDF: malloc (vg replace malloc.c:299)
==31134==
           by 0x10865B: f (in /home/joel/work/ecs150/slides/tuto gdb/code/valgrind example)
==31134==
           by 0x108679: main (in /home/joel/work/ecs150/slides/tuto gdb/code/valgrind example)
==31134==
==31134==
                         Assignment Project Exam Help
==31134== HEAP SUMMARY:
==31134==
         total heap usage: 1 allocs, 0 frees, 40 bytes allocated
==31134==
==31134==
by 0x10865B: f (in /home/joel-work/ecs+50/slides/tuto qdb/code/valgrind example)
==31134==
           by 0x108679: main (in /home/joel/work/ecs150/slides/tuto gdb/code/valgrind example)
==31134==
==31134==
           AK SUMMARY: Add WeChat powcoder definitely lost: 40 bytes in 1 blocks
==31134== LEAK SUMMARY:
==31134==
==31134==
           indirectly lost: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
==31134==
            possibly lost: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
==31134==
            still reachable: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
==31134==
                suppressed: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
==31134==
==31134== For counts of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -v
==31134== ERROR SUMMARY: 2 errors from 2 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)
```