

at Northeastern University

Assignment Project Exam Help

Wireless Sensor Notworks (and The Internet of Things)
Add WeChat powcoder

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February 17, 2021



Contention Based Masn Protocols:

https://powcoder.com

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S-MAC: Sleep MAC

W. Ye, J. Heidemann, D. Estrin, , "Medium Access Control with Coordinated Adaptive Sleeping for Wireless Sensor Networks," IEEE/ACM Trans. on Networking, June 2004.

- Problem: "Idle Listening" consumes significant energy
- Solution: Periodic listen and sleep Assignment Project Exam Help



- > During sleeping, And We Ghat powcoder
- Reduce duty cycle to ~ 10% (Listen for 200ms and sleep for 2s)

Latency







Energy



S-MAC

- ➤ Each node goes into periodic sleep mode during which it switches the radio off and sets a timer to awake later
- When the timer expires it wakes up and listens to the Assignment Project Exam Help channel, to see if any other node wants to talk to it
 - https://powcoder.com
- The duration of the sleep and listen cycles are application dependent and they are set the same for all nodes
- Requires a periodic synchronization among nodes to take care of any type of clock drift

Periodic Sleep and Listen

- All nodes are free to choose their own listen/sleep schedules
- To reduce signification by Helighboring nodes are synchronized together https://powcoder.com
- > Preferably, the disternatthe same time and go to sleep at the same time



Synchronization

SYNC packets are exchanged periodically to maintain schedule synchronization

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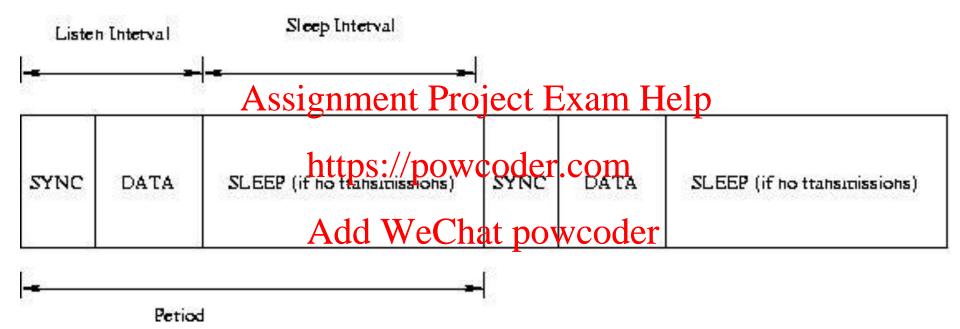
Sender Node ID Next Sleep Time

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- SYNCHRONIZATION PERIOD: Period for a node to send a SYNC packet
- Receivers will adjust their timer counters immediately after they receive the SYNC packet

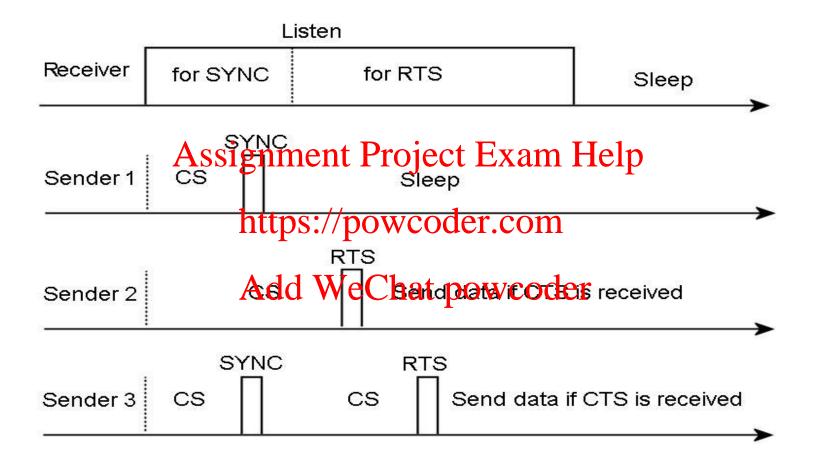


Periodic Listen and Sleep





Maintaining Synchronization





Choosing and Maintaining Schedules

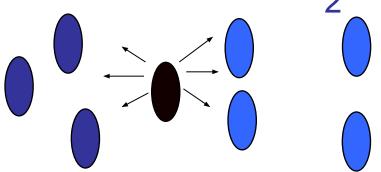
- Each node maintains a schedule table that stores schedules of all its known neighbors
- For initial schedule, do:
 - 1. A node fi Assistenmente Preject Examulately mount of time (at least the synchronization period)
 - 2. If it does not hattpssc/poweroderaconer node, it randomly chooses a schedule and broadcasts its schedule with a SYNC packet immediately WeChat powcoder
 - 3. This node is called a Synchronizer
 - 4. If a node receives a schedule from a neighbor before choosing its own schedule, it just follows this neighbor's schedule, i.e. becomes a Follower, waits for a random delay and broadcasts its schedule



Coordinated Sleeping

- ➤ In a large network, we cannot guarantee that all nodes follow the same schedule
- > The node on the border will follow both schedules
- When it broadcasts a packet, it here to do it twice, first for nodes on schedule 1 Schedule

Schedule Add We Chat powcoder





Collision Avoidance

S-MAC is based on contention, i.e., if multiple neighbors want to talk to a node at the same time, they will try to send when the node starts listening

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Similar to IEEE 802.11, i.e. use RTS/CTS mechanism to address the hidden terminal problem

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> Perform carrier sense before initiating a transmission



Collision Avoidance

- ➤ If a node fails to get the medium, it goes to sleep and wakes up when the receiver is free and listening again
- Broadcast packets are sent without using RTS/CTS
- Assignment Project Exam Help
 Unicast data packets follow the sequence of RTS/CTS/DATA/ACK
 between the sender and receiver
 https://powcoder.com
- Duration field in each transmitter packet indicates how long the remaining transmission will be so if a node receives a packet destined to another node, it knows how long it has to keep silent
- The node records this value in network allocation vector (NAV) and sets a timer for it



Collision Avoidance

- When a node has data to send, it first looks at NAV
- If this value is not zero, then medium is busy (virtual carrier senses) ignment Project Exam Help
- https://powcoder.com

 The medium is determined as free if both virtual and physical carrier Adds Wie Chateptwe code ium is free
- All immediate neighbors of both the sender and receiver should sleep after they hear RTS or CTS packet until the current transmission is over



Message Passing Feature

Long messages are broken down into smaller packets and sent continuously once the channel is acquired by RTS/CTS handshake

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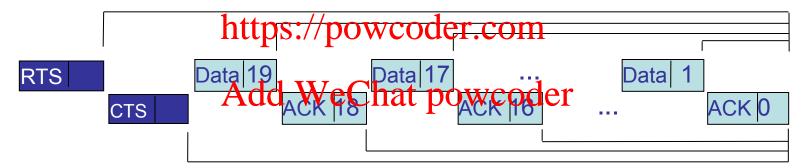
Increases the sleep time, but leads to fairness problems https://powcoder.com

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Msg Passing

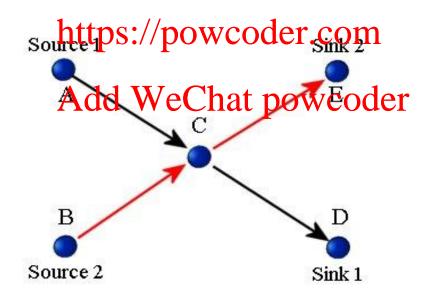
> S-MAC message passing Project Exam Help





S-MAC – Performance Evaluation

- Topology: Two-hop network with two sources and two sinks
- Sources periodically generate a sensing message which is divided into fragments
- Traffic load is changed by varying the inter-arrival period of the messages: (for inter-arrival period of 5s, message is generated every 5s by ASSISTIMENTE PERFECTE Example 100s)





S-MAC – Example

- In each test, there are 10 messages generated on each source node
- Each message grant of Paginett Exam bed fragment has 40 bytes (200 data packets to be passed from sources to sinks) powcoder.com

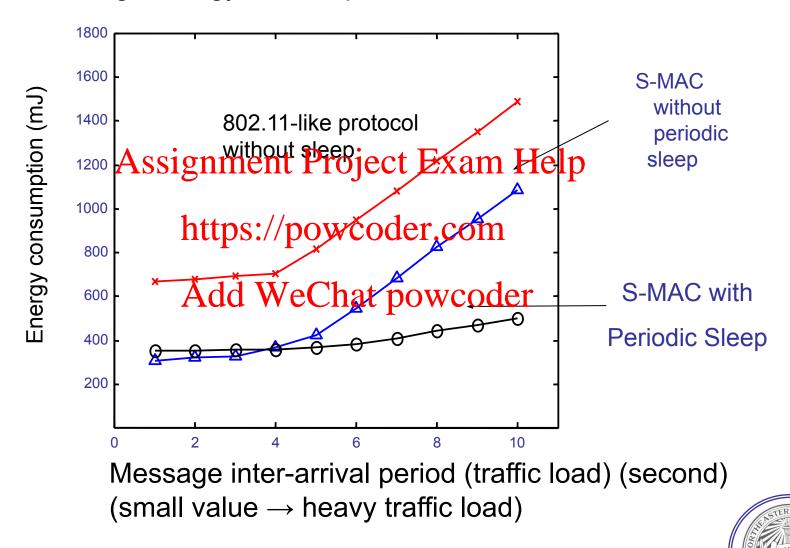
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The total energy consumption of each node is measured for sending this fixed amount of data



Experiments

Average energy consumption in the source nodes A&B



Experiments

- S-MAC consumes much less energy than 802.11-like protocol without sleeping
- At heavy load, idle listening rarely happens, energy savings from sleaping to the listening rarely happens, energy savings from sleaping to the listening rarely happens, energy savings from sleaping to the listening rarely happens, energy savings from sleaping to the listening rarely happens, energy savings from sleaping to the listening rarely happens, energy savings from sleaping to the listening rarely happens, energy savings from sleaping to the listening rarely happens, energy savings from sleaping to the listening rarely happens, energy savings from sleaping to the listening rarely happens, energy savings from sleaping to the listening rarely happens, energy savings from sleaping to the listening rarely happens are listening listeni
- At light load, periodic sleeping plays a key role Add WeChat powcoder



Let's think...

What are the pros and cons of S-MAC? How would you improve it?

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https://powcoder.com

Think-Pair-Share!



S-MAC - Conclusions

- A mainly static network is assumed
- Trades off latency for reduced energy consumption
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 Redundant data is still sent with increased
- Redundant data is still sent with increased latency
 https://powcoder.com
- > Increased colligion recta al we treateep schedules





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B-MAC

J. Polastre, J. Hill, D. Culler, "Versatile Low Power Media Access for WSNs", Proc. of ACM SenSys, Nov. 2004.

What is B-MAC?

- A configurable MAC protocol for WSNs
 Small core and core by Broight Example Pality
- An adaptive bidirectional interface for WSN applications https://powcoder.com
- > It's a traditional AMAC TO FORWARD FOR WORKS
 - Work reasonably well for a large set of traffic workloads (applications)
 - Create a flexible set of functionalities able to provide solutions to a set of goals



B-MAC Goals

Goals

- Low Power Operation
- Effective Collision Avoidance Assignment Project Exam Help
 Simple Implementation, Small Code and RAM
- https://powcoder.com Size
- Efficient Channel Utilization
 Reconfigurable by Network Protocols
- Tolerant to Changing RF/Networking Conditions
- Scalable to Large Numbers of Nodes



Classical vs. Minimalistic

> S-MAC

- A classical approach
- User pre-configures duty cycle
- Applications rely on S-MAC to adjust its operation as the environment evolves

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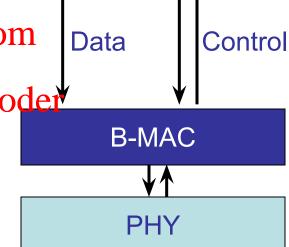
> B-MAC

- A minimalistic https://powcoder.com
- Small core of medium access functionalities
- RTS/CTS, ACKA, datc. Wre Chastopow agder layer functionalities (services)
- Uses Clear Channel Assessment (CCA) and packet backoffs for channel arbitration, link layer acknowledgments for reliability
- Uses Low Power Listening (LPL)
- More flexible and more tunable



B-MAC: Principles

- Reconfigurable parameters:
 - Backoff/Timeouts
 - Duty Cycle
 - Optional ACKs
- > Flexible coAssignment Project Exam Help
- Feedback to higher protocols
 - Model of operatitys://powcoder.com
 - Upward costs (e.g., link quality)
- > Minimal implemedtatWcChat powcoder
- Minimal state



Link/Network Protocols



B-MAC Tiny OS Interface

- Interfaces for flexible control of B-MAC by higher layer services
- Allow services to toggle CCA and ACKs, set backoffs on a per message basis, and change the LPL mode for transmit and receive

```
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command result_t EnableCCA();
command result_t EnableCCA();
command result_t EnableAck();
https://project.com

interface MacBackoff {
    event wintl6_t initialBackoff(void* msg);
    Avert intwit enges note kerrowere

interface LowPowerListening {
    command result_t SetListeningMode(wint8_t mode);
    command wint8_t GetListeningMode();
    command result_t SetTransmitMode(wint8_t mode);
    command vint8_t GetTransmitMode();
    command result_t SetPreambleLength(wint16_t bytes);
    command vint16_t GetPreambleLength();
    command result_t SetCheckInterval(wint16_t ms);
    command vint16_t GetCheckInterval();
}
```



B-MAC Important Design Aspects

- Clear Channel Assessment (CCA)
- Low Power Listening (LPL) Assignment Project Exam Help
- Packet backoffshttps://powcoder.com
- > Link layer acknowledgments powcoder



Clear Channel Assessment (CCA)

- Effective collision avoidance
- Find out whether the channel is idle
 - If too pessimistic: waste bandwidth
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 If too optimistic: more collisions

https://powcoder.com

- Key points:
 - Ambient noise may charge significantly depending on the environment
 - Packet reception has fairly constant channel energy
 - What is noise? What is signal?
- Automatic gain control in software to estimate the noise floor



Noise Floor Estimation

- ➤ Take a number of received signal strength indicator (RSSI) samples when the channel is assumed to be free/idle
- RSSI samples are entered into a FIFO queue
- Median of the queue is added to an exponentially weighted moving average with Assignment Project Exam Help
 Median is used as a simple low pass filter to add robustness to the
- Median is used as a simple low pass filter to add robustness to the noise floor estimatettps://powcoder.com

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where a is assumed to be 0.06 and FIFO queue size of 10

Once a good estimate of the noise floor is established, a request to transmit a packet starts the process of monitoring the received signal from the radio



Single-Sample Thresholding vs Outlier Detection

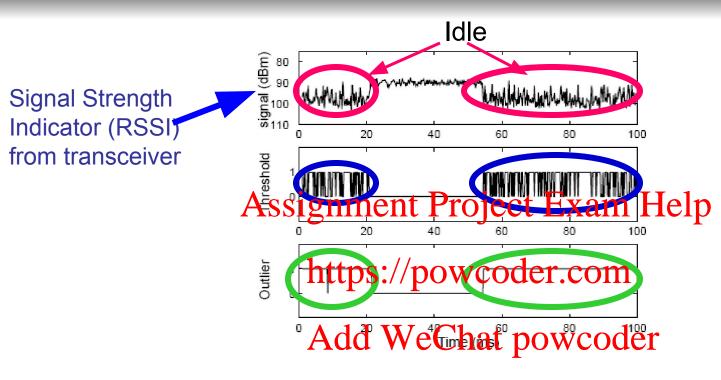
- Common approach: take single sample, compare to noise floor
 - Large number of false negatives → lower effective channel Project Exam Help
- B-MAC: search for outliers https://powcoder.com
 - https://powcoder.com

 If a sample has significantly lower energy than the noise floor during the sampling period, then the channel is clear

If 5 samples are taken and no outlier is found, the channel is busy



CCA vs. Threshold Techniques



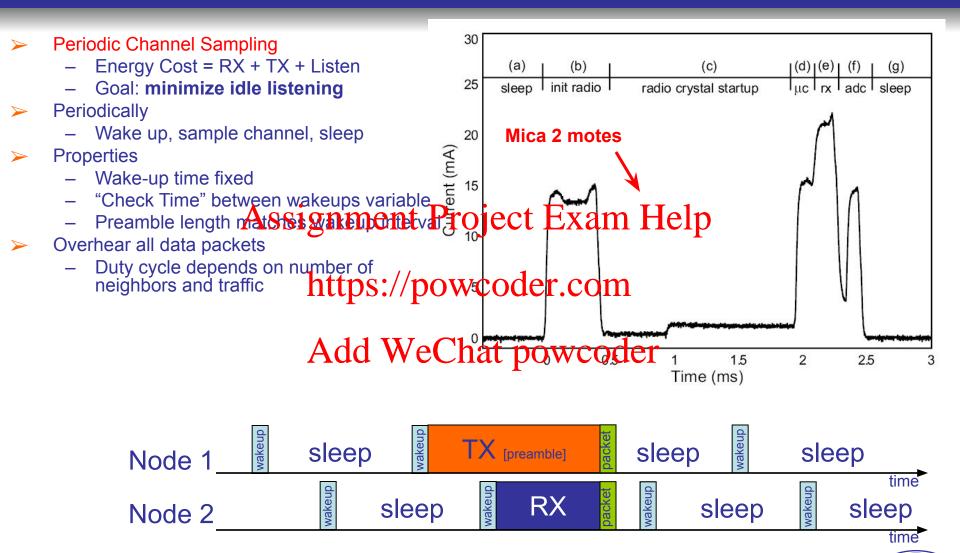
- A packet arrives between 22 and 54ms. The middle graph shows the output of a thresholding CCA algorithm (1: channel clear, 0: channel busy)
- Bottom shows the output of an outlier detection algorithm
- Threshold: waste channel utilization
- CCA: Fully utilize the channel since a valid packet could have no outlier significantly below the noise floor

Clear Channel Assessment - Recap

- Before transmission take samples of the channel
- If five samples are taken, and no outlier found => channel but sprigners are taken, and no outlier found =>
- https://powcoder.com
 Noise floor updated when the channel is known to be clear, i.e., just attedpate three perwise ider



Low Power Listening (LPL)



Low Power Listening (LPL) - 2

- Goal: Minimize "Listen Cost"
- > Principles
 - Node periodically wakes up, turns radio on and checks activity on the channel
 - If energy/activity on the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the province to the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the province to the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the province to the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the channel is detected, node powers up and stays awake first the channel is detected.
- Node goes back to sleep
 - If the complete https://powereder.com
 - After a timeout (if no packet received (a false positive))
- > Preamble length Hatthes hat apple to be length for the share app
 - No explicit synchronization required
- Noise floor estimation used to detect channel activity during LPL



Check Interval for Channel Activity

- To reliably receive data, the preamble length is matched to the interval that the channel is checked for activity
- If the channes is the Representation of the preamble must be at least 100 ms long for a node to wake up, detect activity on the channel, receive the preamble and then receive the massage hat powcoder
- Interval between LPL samples is maximized so that the time spent sampling the channel is minimized
 - Transmit mode ~~ Preamble length
 - Listening mode ~~ Check interval

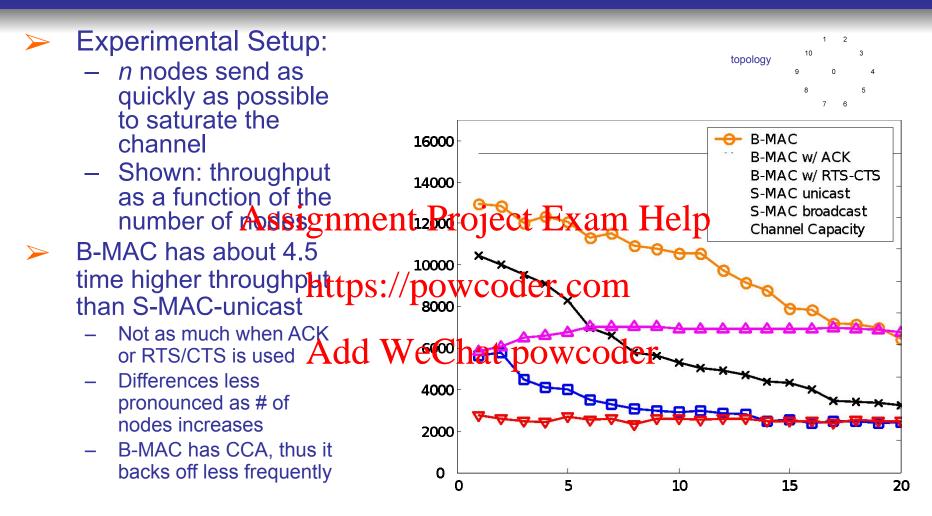


LPL Check Interval

- Sampling rate (traffic pattern) defines optimal check interval
- Check interval
 - Too small significant as the second of the
 - Too large: energy wasted on transmissions (long preambles)
- In general, it is does the character preambles than to check more often!

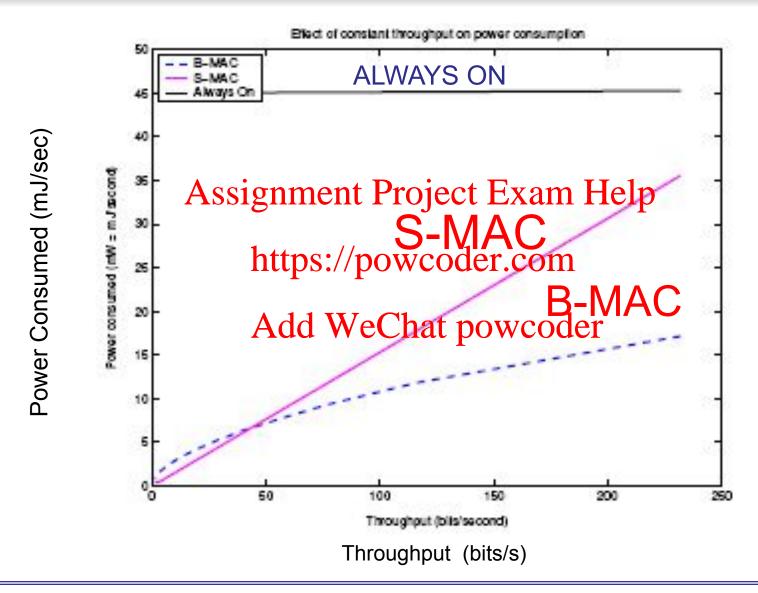


S-MAC and B-MAC: Comparison





Throughput vs Power Consumption

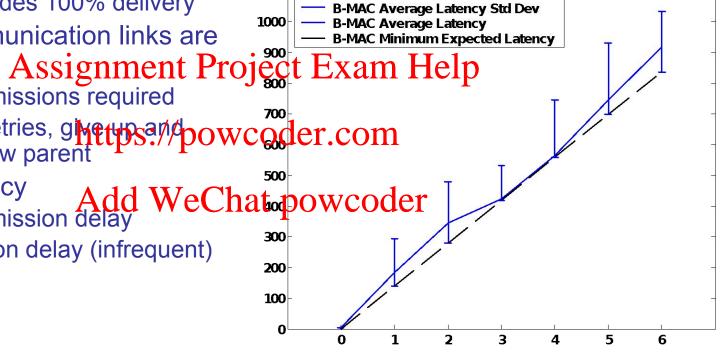


Tradeoffs: Latency vs Reliability

1100

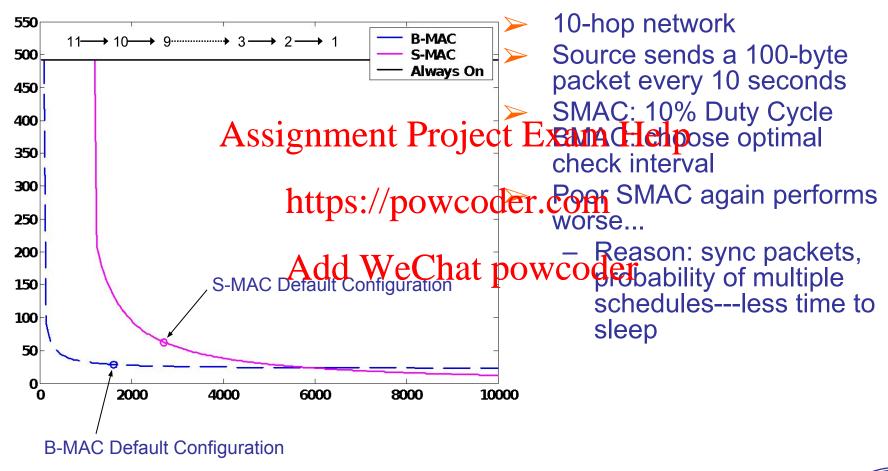


- 98.5% of all packets delivered
- Some nodes 100% delivery
- ...but communication links are volatile
 - Retransmissions required
 - After **5** retries, give type pick a new parent wcoder.com
- **Actual latency**
 - Retransmission delay
 - Contention delay (infrequent)

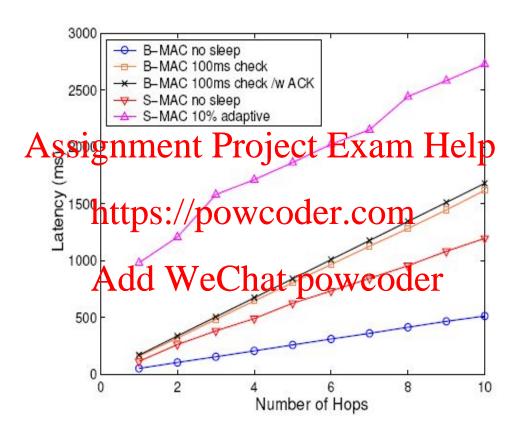




Tradeoffs: Latency for Energy



Latency





Let's think...

Can you compare S-MAC vs B-MAC?

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https://powcoder.com

Thinky Paipo Share!



Comparison of S-MAC and B-MAC

	S-MAC	B-MAC
Collision avoidance	CSMA/CA	CSMA
ACK	Yes	Optional
Message passing Assign	ment Proj <mark>es</mark> t Exam F	Ielp No
Listen period	Pre-defined ps://powcoder.com	Pre-defined
Listen interval	Long	Very short
Schedule AC synchronization	d WeChat powcoder Required	Not required
Packet transmission	Short preamble	Long preamble
Code size	6.3KB	4.4KB (LPL & ACK)





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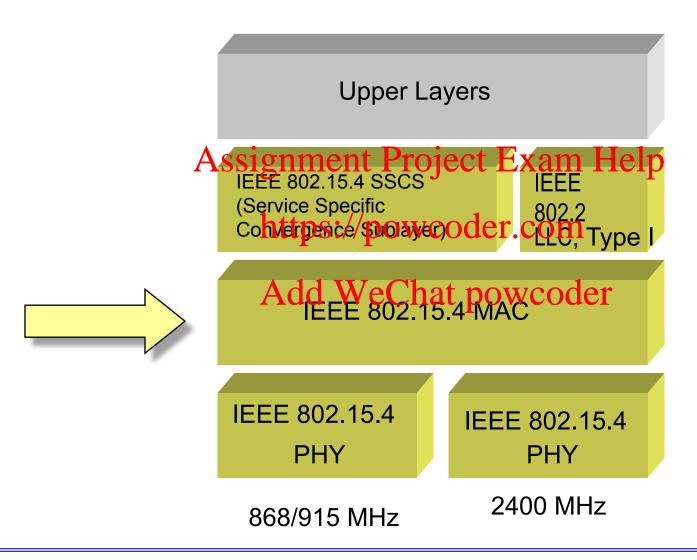


Content

- Overview
- > Topologies
- Superframe structure
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 Frame formatting
- > Data service https://powcoder.com
- > Management service Chat powcoder
- Interframe spacing
- CSMA procedure



802.15.4 Architecture





What IEEE 802.15.4 Aims at

- Extremely low cost
- Ease of installation
- Reliable data transfer Project Exam Help
- ➤ Short range operation https://powcoder.com
- > Reasonable battery life Powcoder



MAC Overview

- Star and peer-to-peer topologies
- Association
- CSMA-CA channel access mechanism
 Assignment Project Exam Help.
 Packet validation and message rejection
- > Optional qual httpts://pdimedelocom/GTS)
- Guaranteed packet delivery wooder
- Facilitates low-power operation
- > Security



IEEE 802.15.4 Device Classes

- > Full function device (FFD)
 - Any topology
 - Capable to be a PAN coordinator
 - Talks to Assignmente Project Exam Help
- Implements complete protocol set https://powcoder.com
 Reduced function device (RFD)
- - Limited to starddplole@hat poolydediene in a peer-to-peer network.
 - Cannot become a PAN coordinator
 - Very simple implementation
 - Reduced protocol set



IEEE 802.15.4 Definitions

- Network Device: An RFD or FFD implementation containing an IEEE 802.15.4 medium access control and physical interface to the wireless medium. Assignment Project Exam Help
- Coordinator: https://powcoder.com/network device functionality that provides coordination and other services to the die Weerkat powcoder
- > PAN Coordinator: A coordinator that is the principal controller of the PAN. A network has exactly one PAN coordinator.



Low-Power Operation



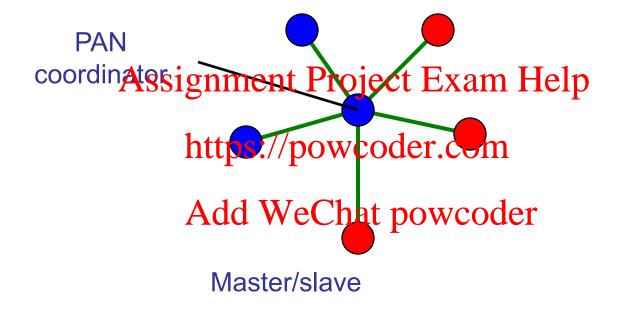


- Beacon order and superframe order
- Coordinator battery life extension
- > Indirect datai gramenti Broject Exam Help
- Devices may represented by forwextended period over multiple beacons
- multiple beacons
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 Allows control of receiver state by higher layers



Star Topology



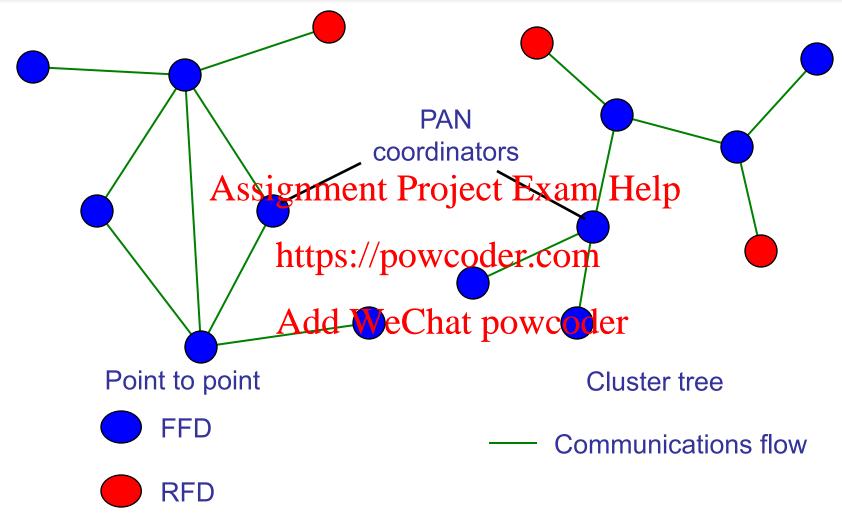




Communications flow

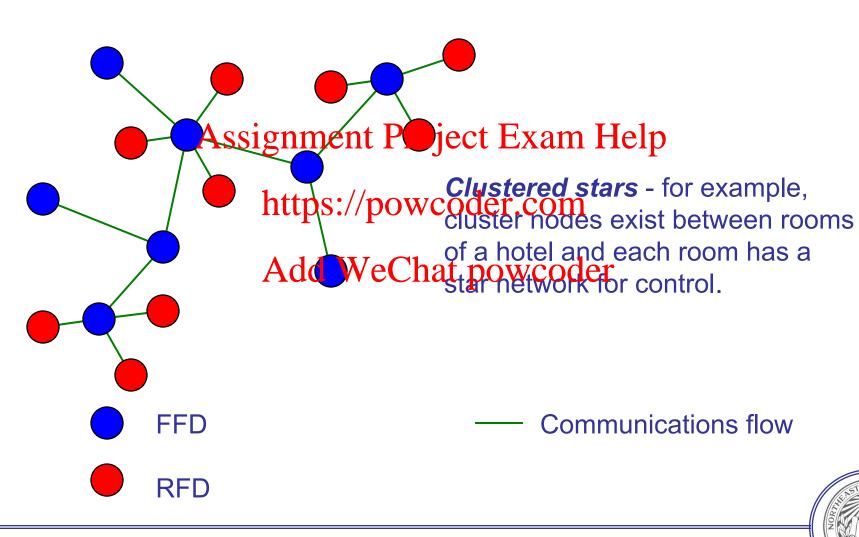


Peer-Peer Topology



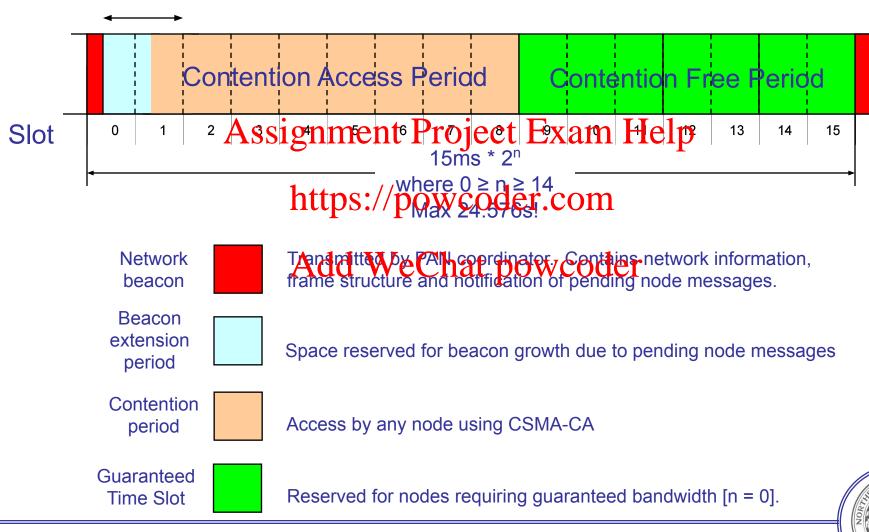


Combined Topology



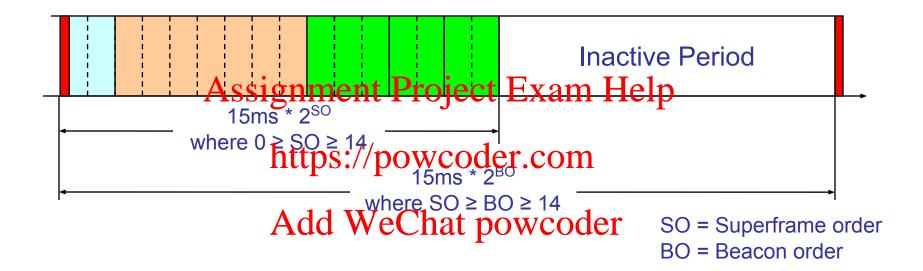
Optional Frame Structure

Battery life extension



Optional Frame Structure





Superframe may have optional inactive period (duty cycle)

General MAC Frame Format

Octets:2	1	0/2	0/2/8	0/2	0/2/8	variable	2
Frame control	Sequence number A	Destination PAN Self@flaim	Destination enderings Address	Source PAN CoentileX ing fields	Source	Frame payload	Frame check sequence
https://powcoder.com							MAC footer

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l									
	Bits: 0-2	3	4	5	6	7-9	10-11	12-13	14-15
	Frame type	Sequrity enabled	Frame pending	Ack. Req.	Intra PAN	Reserved	Dest. addressing mode	Reserved	Source addressing mode

Frame control field



Beacon Frame Format

Octets:2	1	4 or 10		2	variable	variable	variable)	2
Frame control	Beacon sequence number	Source addr	ess Sup	erframe Prior j	GTS ecteldEx	Pending address Ambs H	Beacon pay		Frame check sequence
MAC header https://powcede						AC payload	ı		MAC footer
			11ps.//p		OGCI.				
	Add WeChat powcoder								_
Bits: 0-3 4-7 8-				•	12	13	14	15	5
	Beacon	Superframe	Final CAP	Batte	ery life	Reserved	PAN	Assoc	iation
	order	order	slot	exte	ension	Reserved	coordinator	perr	nit



MAC Command Frame

Octets:2	1	4 to 20	1	variable	2
Frame control	Data sequence numbers		Command type Project	Command payload Exam Help	Frame check sequence
MAC header https://p			owcode	MAC payload	MAC footer

> Command Fragge Type Rat powcoder

- Association request
- Association response
- Disassociation notification
- Data request
- PAN ID conflict notification

- Orphan Notification
- Beacon request
- Coordinator realignment
- GTS request



Data Frame Format

Octets:2	1	4 to 20	variable	2
Frame control	Data sequence	Address information ment Proj	Data payload ect Exam Help	Frame check sequence
	MAC head		MAC Payload	MAC footer

Acknowledgement-Frame Format

Octets:2	1	2
Frame	Data	Frame
control	sequence	check
Control	number	sequence
MAC	MAC	
WACT	footer	



Data Service

- Data transfer to neighboring devices
 - AcknowledgeigenmentkindjedetExam Help
 - Direct or indirect
 - Using GTS sehtites://powcoder.com
- Maximum data length (MSDU) aMaxMACFrameSize (102 bytes)



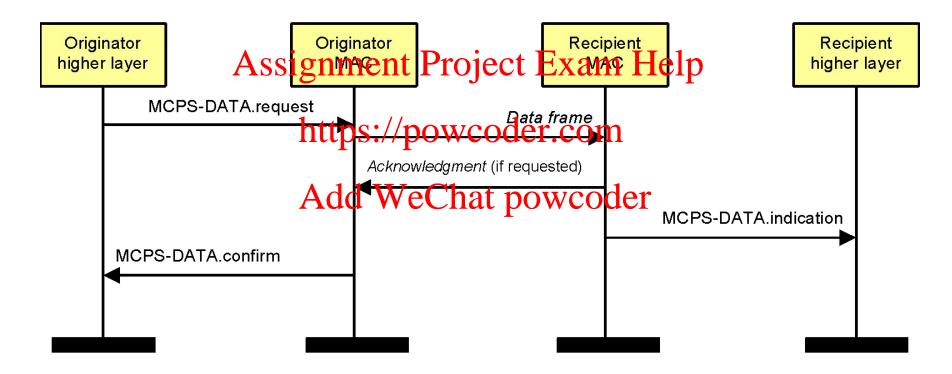
MAC Data Primitives

Primitive A	skiequesut	Predefiringxa	The Callon	Response
MCPS-DATA	Restmed/p	okeadeaco	mRequired	
MCPS-PURGE	Optional Win	Chathan 166 RFD	oder	



Data Transfer

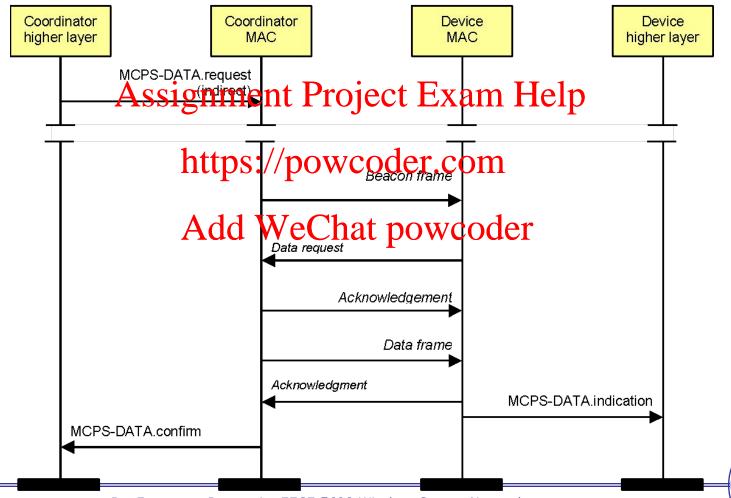
Message Sequence Diagram





Indirect Data Transfer Message Sequence Diagram





Management Service

- Association / disassociation
- ➤ GTS allocation Assignment Project Exam Help
- Message pending
- Node notification https://powcoder.com
- > Network scarAndIdgWsealthat powcoder
- Network synchronization/search

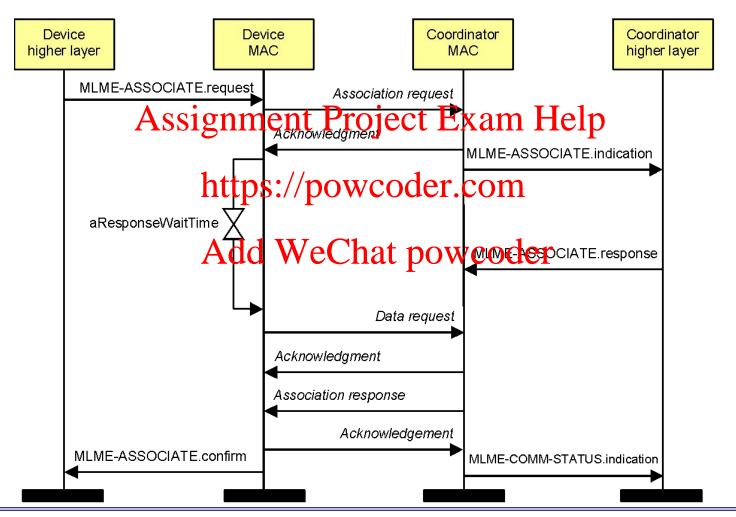


MAC Management Primitives

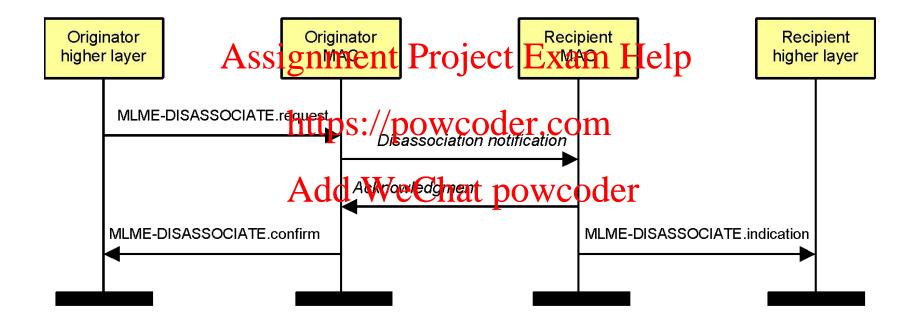
Primitive	Request	Confirm	Indication	Response
MLME-GET	Required	Required		
MLME-SET	Required	Required		
MLME-ASSOCIATE ASS	on Removed t	Profequired Ex	Optiona for FS	Optional for RFD
MLME-DISASSOCIATE	Required	Required	Required	
MLME-GTS	Optional for RFD	Optional for RFD	Optional for RFD	
MLME-BEACON-NOTIFY	nttps.//pt	WCOCCT.	Required	
MLME-POLL	Required -	Required	1	
MLME-COMM-STATUS	Add We	onat pow	COREQUIRED	
MLME-ORPHAN			Optional for RFD	Optional for RFD
MLME-SCAN	Required	Required		
MLME-START	Optional for RFD	Optional for RFD		
MLME-RX-ENABLE	Required	Required		
MLME-SYNC	Required			
MLME-SYNC-LOSS			Required	
MLME-RESET	Required	Required		

Association Message Sequence Diagram





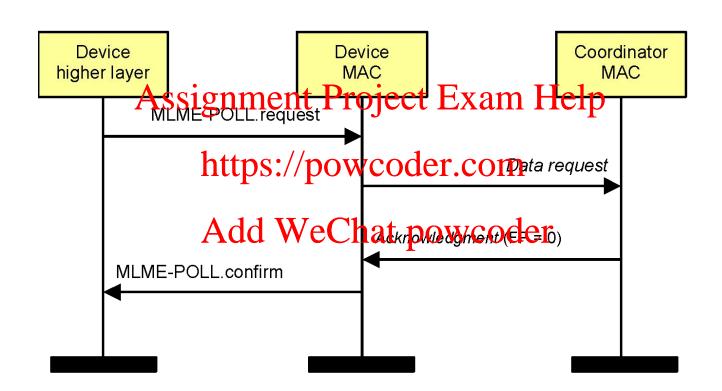
Disassociation Message Sequence Diagram





Data Polling Message Sequence Chart



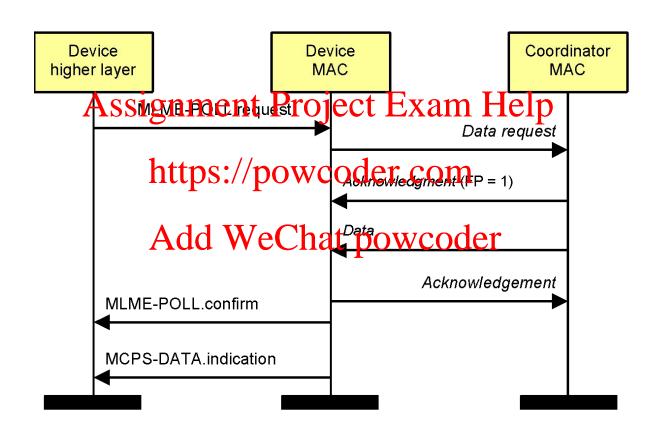


No data pending at the coordinator



Data Polling Message Sequence Chart

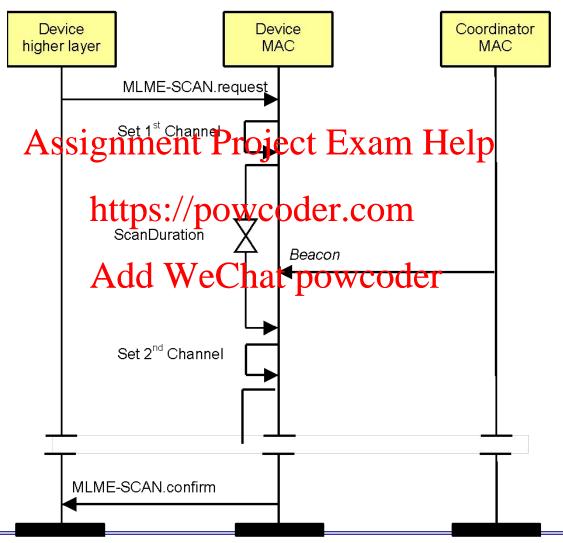




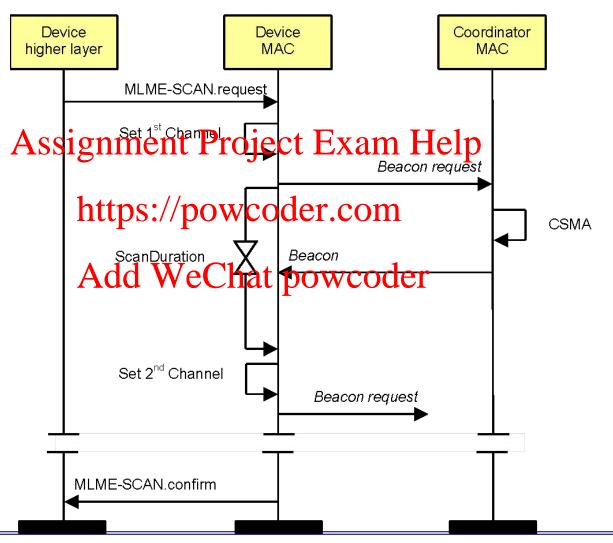
Data pending at the coordinator



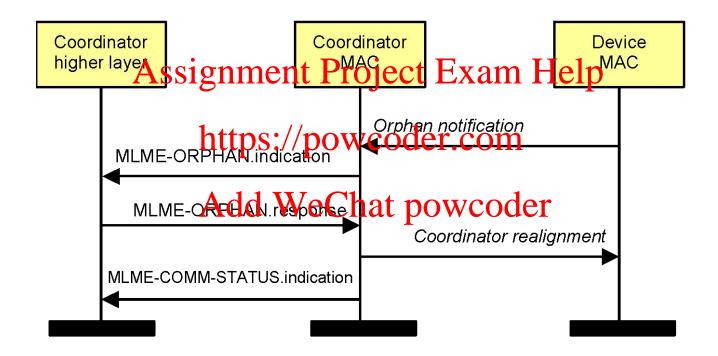
Passive Scan



Active Scan

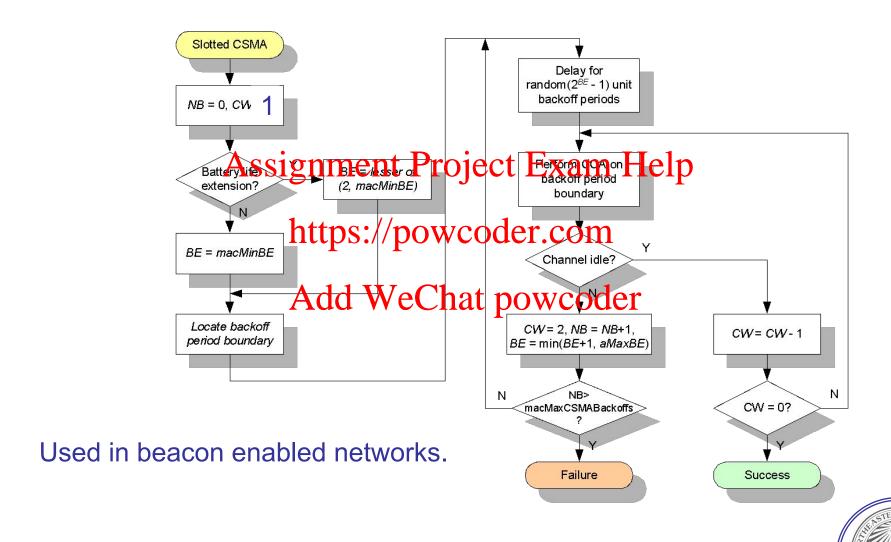


Orphaning Message Sequence Diagram





Slotted CSMA Procedure



Un-slotted CSMA Procedure

