FIT2094-FIT3171 Databases

Session 12 Tutorial Activities

DB Connectivity, Web Technology

FIT Database Teaching Team

Complete session 12 activities in week 6 listed below

12.1 DB Connectivity using PHP

12.2 Frameworks and Security Consideration

12.3 Web Modification Exercise

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FIT2094-FIT3171 2021 Summer B

FIT2094-FIT3171 Databases

Author: FIT Database Teaching Team

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12.1 DB Connectivity using PHP

Now that you are familiar with designing, creating and managing tables we will look at the manner in which such data can be accessed. To date you have been using SQL Developer, clearly, in practice, your users will not have access to/use this item of software. Access to your created tables by normal users will be via an application or web front end.

For this tutorial, we are going to develop a basic web front end. To do this we are going to make use of PHP (recursive acronym for PHP: Hypertext Preprocessor) one of the most widely used programming languages, especially for web development. Please note that this is a very basic introduction so that you become aware of the possibilities. PHP is a full OO language with a wide range of features. Development under PHP is commercially carried out via PHP Frameworks.

PHP enables the mixing of PHP code (marked between <?php and ?>) and standard HTML code within a single file. When accessed via the web server the PHP code is handled via the PHP processor on the web server and replaced with appropriate output. For this unit we are not expecting you to become PHP experts, this is simply an exercise to increase your awareness of how a database can be accessed via the web. If you wish to delve further into PHP immediately there are a large number of good tutorials available on the web. A good starting point is https://www.w3schools.com/php/

The steps in using PHP to access table date are:

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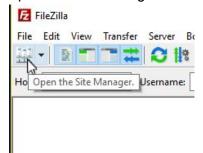
- define a SQL query string
- parse the SQL query against the database
- execute the statement of th
- free the resources being used and close the connection.

You have been given an account of the entire that the transfer of the entire that the transfer of the entire trans be accessed in two ways:

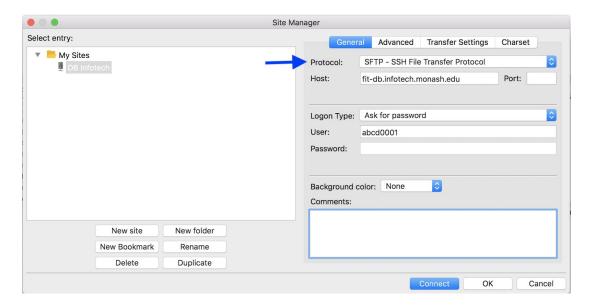
- via the web by using a URL of the form: http://fit-db.infotech.monash.edu/~yourauthcateusername/ or
- via SFTP for transferring files to the server.

Note that this server can only be accessed within the Monash network or via Monash VPN.

To create a connection to the server open an SFTP client such as FileZilla. With FileZilla select Open the Site Manager:



and pick SFTP as access type (Protocol) and enter the server name (Host):



Before selecting "Connect", click on the NewSite under My Sites on the left and give your connection an appropriate name (here DB Infotech). Also please ensure you use the "Logon Type" "Ask for password" so that FileZilla will prompt you for your password at each connection and not remember it. Use your Monash username and password and click "Connect".

After clicking on "Connect" your connection will open and Fie Zilla will show your local files on the left and the server (remote) files on the right. Navigate using the right until you are located in your public_html folder. Documents placed in this folder will be published via the web server running on http://fit-db.infotech.monash.edu/.

To create the PHP files we will need you should make use of a text editor such as Atom or Notepad++ (MS Windows) or Brackets

The first PHP script we will display the data from the database. The file should be called login_uni_student.php and have the form:

Now we wish to create the actual PHP script which will access and display the student data in the student table of the UNIVERSITY database that you used in previous sessions' tutorials.

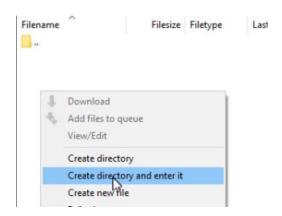
The following code contains all the required material to carry out a select of the student table and display the results in an HTML table">HTML table. You should look through the code and understand the details of what has been coded:

```
<html>
 <head>
   <title>Student List</title>
 </head>
 <body>
   <h1>Student list UNIVERSITY database</h1>
   <?php
     // Set up the Oracle connection string
     $dbInstance = "(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)
     (HOST=fitugdb-db.access.move.monash.edu) (PORT=1521))
     (CONNECT DATA=(SID=FITUGDB)))";
     // Connect to the database - Open Oracle connection
     $conn = oci connect($ POST["username"], $ POST["password"], $dbInstance);
     if (!$conn) {
       $e = oci error();
       print "Error connecting to the database:<br>" ;
       print $e['message'] ;
       exit;
   ?>
   <!-- create HTML table header to display output -->
   Assignment Project Exam Help
       <b>Name</b>
       <b>Date of Birth</b>
       <th width=2https://powcoder.com
     <?php
     //SQL query stated WeChat powcoder squery = "SELECTED WeChat powcoder"
               studid,
              rtrim(studfname)
               | | ' '
               | | rtrim(studlname) AS sname,
               to char(studdob, 'dd-Mon-yyyy') AS sbdate,
               studemail
               FROM
                  uni.student
               ORDER BY
               studid";
     //Parse statement
     $stmt = oci parse($conn, $query);
     if (!$stmt) {
       $e = oci error($conn);
       print "Error on parse of statement:<br>" ;
       print $e['message'] ;
       exit;
     }
     // oci define by name maps SQL Columns in a queryto PHP variable names
     // MUST be done before executing, Oracle names must be in UPPER case
     oci define by name($stmt, "STUDID", $studid);
     oci define by name($stmt, "SNAME", $stuname);
     oci define by name ($stmt, "SBDATE", $stubdate);
```

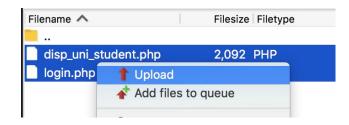
```
oci define by name ($stmt, "STUDEMAIL", $stuemail);
    // Execute the STATEMENT
    $r = oci execute($stmt);
    if (!$r) {
      $e = oci error($stmt);
      print "Error execute of statement:<br>" ;
      print $e['message'] ;
      exit;
    // Fetch the results of the query
    while (oci fetch($stmt)) {
      print("
      $studid
        $stuname
       $stubdate
        $stuemail
      ");
    // Close table
    print ("");
    // shAssignment Project Exam Help
    print "Rows found:" . $no rows . "";
    // Free resounds psci powcoder com oci_free_statement psci.; powcoder com
    // Close the Oracle connection
    oci close($conn);
               Add WeChat powcoder
 </body>
</html>
```

After you have checked through this code, copy and paste the code into a new text document called **disp_uni_student.php** saved in the same location as your login_uni_student.php file.

We now wish to transfer both of these files to the remote server into a folder below public_html called uni. Right-click in your remote public_html folder and create a **uni** folder (select "Create directory and enter it" in Filezilla):



Finally, locate your login_uni_student.php and disp_uni_student.php files in your local site file browser and transfer them to your remote site uni folder via upload:



Well done, you are now ready to examine your work. Go to the URL: http://fit-db.infotech.monash.edu/~yourauthcateusername/uni/login_uni_student.php (replace yourauthcateusername with your actual username), and you should see something like:

$\leftarrow \ \rightarrow$	C	▲ Not Secure	fit-db.infotech.monas	sh.edu/ ~authcat	/uni/login_u	ıni_student.php	0
Login	to y	our Oracle	Account				
User Nam			\supset				
Password: Submit	:	A ~ ~ : .		Desi	4 '	D	. TT.
		ASS1	gnment	Proj	ect .	Exar	n He

Insert your Oracle username and password then click submit and it will redirect you to disp_uni_student.php and you should see something like:



Student list UNIVERSITY database Add WeChat powcoder

			TO CITOR DO III
Student ID	Name	Date of Birth	Email
12489379	Gilberto Bwy	30-Aug-1992	Gilberto.Bwy@student.monash.edu
12511467	Francyne Rigney	18-Jan-1992	Francyne.Rigney@student.monash.edu
12609485	Cassondra Sedcole	07-Aug-1990	Cassondra.Sedcole@student.monash.edu
12802225	Friedrick Geist	02-Mar-1997	Friedrick.Geist@student.monash.edu
12842838	Herminia Mendus	25-Apr-1996	Herminia.Mendus@student.monash.edu
13028303	Herculie Mendus	02-Aug-1998	Herculie.Mendus@student.monash.edu
13119134	Shandra Lindblom	20-Apr-2000	Shandra.Lindblom@student.monash.edu
13390148	Brier Kilgour	21-Feb-1995	Brier.Kilgour@student.monash.edu
13413109	Myriam Stirley	07-May-1994	Myriam.Stirley@student.monash.edu
13453333	Pierrette Moynihan	10-Jan-1993	Pierrette.Moynihan@student.monash.edu
13742778	Warden Eyden	31-Aug-1999	Warden.Eyden@student.monash.edu
13880303	Shadow Lamberton	24-Jul-1996	Shadow.Lamberton@student.monash.edu
14374036	Claudette Serman	21-May-1998	Claudette.Serman@student.monash.edu
14615430	Siffre Dibdale	06-May-1992	Siffre.Dibdale@student.monash.edu
14635701	Cord Yard	02-Jul-1990	Cord.Yard@student.monash.edu
14676780	Niki Sperrett	08-Jul-1993	Niki.Sperrett@student.monash.edu
14900897	Casper Rottger	01-Apr-1994	Casper.Rottger@student.monash.edu
14996864	Odele Toby	19-Feb-1996	Odele.Toby2@student.monash.edu
15067408	Eada Royds	14-Dec-1991	Eada.Royds@student.monash.edu
15127454	Lizabeth Stubbings	02-Jan-1995	Lizabeth.Stubbings@student.monash.edu
15543217	Averell Corp	11-Dec-1996	Averell.Corp@student.monash.edu
15875842	Marci Blabber	25-Aug-1990	Marci.Blabber@student.monash.edu
16476616	Mattheus Kardos	05-Jun-1993	Mattheus.Kardos@student.monash.edu
16929043	Billie Friedank	27-Mar-1997	Billie.Friedank@student.monash.edu
17013887	Harv Wethered	22_In1_1003	Hary Wethered@student manach edu

12.2 Frameworks and Security Consideration

Nowadays, the use of frameworks is quite popular to develop entire interfaces and web applications (e.g. a Customer-Relationship Management / CRM app, using a database backend).

- 1. Name some other popular web frameworks that can utilise Oracle as a database back-end.
- 2. A common programming technique used in many frameworks (including Oracle) is Object-Relational Mapping (ORM). Briefly describe what it means.

SQL Injection is a very common vulnerability when it comes to building web frontends (e.g. in PHP) for databases. To understand how serious the issue is, let's assume you have a website which lets you enter a first name as a search query:



The website then uses your search string (e.g. "Peter") and places it in a SQL SELECT statement so that it can show you results, using the following SQL query. (Your search string is highlighted).

SELECT * FROM users WHERE first_name = 'Peter';

Aside from above salignment of the company of the c

- 1. Discuss what SQL Injection means. In the example above, how can a malicious user craft a special search strict in Section with the complete of the control of the contro
- 2. How can you, as a Database Developer, prevent these from happening to your own database apps? Add Wellar powcoder

12.3 FIT2094 Web Modification Exercise

Download session12_phpfiles.zip from Moodle. The zip file contains two files: login_uni_scheduled_class.php, and disp_uni_scheduled_class.php. These php files aim to display all lectures scheduled in semester 1 2020, when the unit detail is clicked, the information of the unit's lecturer will be displayed in a pop up window. The expected output is something like:

Scheduled Lecture S1 2020 - UNIVERSITY database

UNIT	DAY	TIME	DURATION
FIT1045 Algorithms and programming fundamentals in python	Mon	09:00	2 hours
FIT1050 Web fundamentals	Tue	11:00	2 hours
FIT2094 Databases	Mon	09:00	2 hours
FIT3157 Advanced web design	Wed	09:00	2 hours
FIT3176 Advanced database design	Thu	11:00	2 hours
FIT5145 Introduction to data science	Wed	13:00	1 hour
FIT5196 Data wrangling	Fri	11:00	1 hour
FIT9132 Introduction to databases	Fri	09:00	1 hour
FIT9136 Algorithms and programming foundations in Python	Tue	11:00	1 hour
FIT9137 Introduction to computer architecture and networks	Mon	09:00	1 hour

Rows found:10

and when the unit name is clicked the pop up window appears like:

Scheduled Lecture S1 2020	fit-db.infotech.monash.edu says Lecturer Name: Sandro Wethered		
UNIT			OK.
FIT1045 Algorithms and programming fundamentals in p			ок
FIT1050 Web fundamentals	rue	11:00	Z nours
FIT2094 Databases	Mon	09:00	2 hours
FIT3157 Advanced web design	Wed	09:00	2 hours
FIT3176 Advanced database design	Thu	11:00	2 hours
FIT5145 Introduction to data science	Wed	13:00	1 hour
FIT5196 Data wrangling	Fri	11:00	1 hour
FIT9132 Introduction to databases	Fri	09:00	1 hour
FIT9136 Algorithms and programming foundations in Pytho	n Tue	11:00	1 hour
FIT9137 Introduction to computer architecture and networks	Mon	09:00	1 hour

Rows found:10

You should look through the code and understand the details of what has been coded, then complete the \$query part with an SQL select statement. Check if your web page works and displays correct data by uploading the files onto fit-db.infotech.monash.edu server.

12.4 SETAssignment Project Exam Help

Spend the rest of the time of this tutorial to fill up the SETU and continue working on your Assignment 2. $\frac{\text{https://powcoder.com}}{\text{https://powcoder.com}}$

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