

MAST30001 Stochastic Modelling

Tutorial Sheet 8

- A CTMC $(X_t)_{t \geq 0}$ with state space $\mathcal{S} = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ has non-zero transition rates $q_{1,2} = 4$, $q_{2,1} = 1 = q_{2,4}$ and $q_{2,3} = 3$. Suppose that $\mathbb{P}(X_0 = 1) = 1$ (i.e. the chain starts in state 1), and let $T_1 = \inf\{t > 0 : X_t \neq X_0\}$ be the first jump time of $(X_t)_{t \geq 0}$, and $T_2 = \inf\{t > T_1 : X_t \neq X_{T_1}\}$ denote the time of the second jump.
 - Draw the transition diagram for the CTMC $(X_t)_{t \geq 0}$
 - Describe the communicating classes of $(X_t)_{t \geq 0}$
 - Find $h_{1,3}$, the probability of ever reaching state 3.
 - What is the distribution of T_1 ?
 - What is the distribution of X_{T_1} ?
 - Find $\mathbb{E}[T_2]$.
 - What is the distribution of X_{T_2} ?
 - Find $m_{1,\{3,4\}}$, which is the expected time until $(X_t)_{t \geq 0}$ reaches state 3 or 4.
 - Find the limiting proportion of time spent in each state.
- Let $\mu > 0$, and consider a CTMC with state space $\mathcal{S} = \mathbb{Z}_+$ whose non-zero transition rates are $q_{i,i+1} = \lambda$ and $q_{i+1,i} = (i+1)\mu$ for each $i \in \mathbb{Z}_+$.
 - Explain intuitively why this CTMC is positive recurrent.
 - Find the stationary distribution.
 - Find the limiting distribution, starting from initial distribution a .
 - Find the limiting proportion of time spent in each state.
- (CTMCs as limits of DTMCs) Let P be a stochastic matrix with i, j -th entry $p_{i,j}$, and such that $p_{i,i} = 0$ for all i . For $(\lambda_i)_{i \in \mathcal{S}}$ and for each integer $m > \sup_{i \in \mathcal{S}} \lambda_i$, define a DTMC $(Y_n^{(m)})_{n \in \mathbb{Z}_+}$ by

$$\mathbb{P}(Y_{n+1}^{(m)} = i | Y_n^{(m)} = i) = \left(1 - \frac{\lambda_i}{m}\right),$$

and for $i \neq j$

$$\mathbb{P}(Y_{n+1}^{(m)} = j | Y_n^{(m)} = i) = \frac{\lambda_i}{m} p_{ij}.$$

Define a continuous time process (not a CTMC though) by

$$X_t^{(m)} = Y_{\lfloor mt \rfloor}^{(m)},$$

where $\lfloor a \rfloor$ is the greatest integer not bigger than a .

- What does a typical trajectory of $X^{(m)}$ look like? At what times does it jump?
- Given $X_0^{(m)} = i$, what is the distribution of the random time

$$T^{(m)}(i) = \min\{t \geq 0 : X_t^{(m)} \neq i\}$$

- As $m \rightarrow \infty$, to what distribution does that of the previous item converge?
- It turns out that $X^{(m)}$ converges (in a certain sense) as $m \rightarrow \infty$ to a continuous time Markov chain. What are its transition rates?