

MAST30001 Stochastic Modelling

Tutorial Sheet 7

1. Let $(N_t)_{t \geq 0}$ be a Poisson process with rate λ and let $0 < T_1 < T_2 < \dots$ be the times of “arrivals” or jumps of $(N_t)_{t \geq 0}$. Compute:

- (a) $\mathbb{P}(N_3 \leq 2, N_1 = 1)$,
- (b) $\mathbb{P}(N_3 \leq 2, N_1 \leq 1)$,
- (c) $\mathbb{P}(N_2 = 2, N_1 = 2, N_{1/2} = 0)$,
- (d) $\mathbb{P}(N_7 - N_3 = 2 | N_5 - N_2 = 2)$,
- (e) the (joint) distribution function of (T_1, T_2) ,
- (f) the joint density of (T_1, T_2) ,
- (g) the distribution of $T_1 | \{T_2 = t_2\}$.

2. Yeast microbes from the air outside of a culture float by according to a Poisson process with rate 2 per minute. Each microbe that floats by joins the population of the culture with probability p and with probability $1 - p$ the microbe doesn't join the culture, and this choice is made independent from the times of arrival and choice to join of all other microbes.

- (a) Find the probability that exactly four outside microbes float by in the first 3 minutes.
- (b) Find the probability that exactly four outside microbes join the culture in the first 3 minutes.
- (c) Given that 7 outside microbes have floated by the culture in first 3 minutes, what is the probability that at least two of the seven join the culture?
- (d) Given that 7 outside microbes have floated by the culture in first 3 minutes, what is the probability that exactly 3 float by in the first 1 minute?
- (e) What is the probability that in the first 3 minutes, exactly four microbes join the culture and 3 float by that don't join the culture?

Assume now that a second strain of yeast microbes independently float by the culture according to a Poisson process with rate 1, and each microbe joins the culture with probability q , analogous to the previous process.

- (f) What is the probability that exactly four yeast microbes (from either strain) float by in the first 3 minutes?
- (g) What is the probability that exactly four yeast microbes (from either strain) join the culture in the first 3 minutes?

3. Let $U_{(1)}, \dots, U_{(n)}$ be order statistics of independent variables, uniform on the interval $(0, 1)$. For $0 < x < y < 1$ find:

- (a) $\mathbb{P}(U_{(1)} > x, U_{(n)} < y)$,
- (b) $\mathbb{P}(U_{(1)} < x, U_{(n)} < y)$,
- (c) $\mathbb{P}(U_{(k)} < x, U_{(k+1)} > y)$.