

Last time: staging basics

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**Goal:** specialise with available data to improve future performance

**New constructs:** `'a code .< e > . ~e !.e`

**Example:** `pow`

**Improvements:** `unrolling loops`

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Power, staged

```
let rec pow x n =  
  if n = 0 then <1>.  
  else <x * (pow x (n - 1))>.
```

```
let pow_code n = <fun x → .~(pow.<x>.n) >.
```

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```
# pow_code 3;;
```

```
.<fun x → x * x * x * 1>.
```

```
# let pow3' = !.(pow_code 3);
```

```
val pow3' : int → int = <fun>
```

```
# pow3' 4;;
```

```
- : int = 64
```

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## The staging process, idealized

1. Write the program as usual:

```
val program : t_sta → t_dyn → t
```

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## The staging process, idealized

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2. Add staging annotations:

```
val staged_program : t_sta → t_dyn code → t code
```

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3. Compile using back:

```
val back : ('a code → 'b code) → ('a → 'b) code  
val code_generator : t_sta → (t_dyn → t)
```

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```

4. Construct static inputs:

```
val s : t_sta
```

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```

4. Construct static inputs:

```
val s : t_sta
```

5. Apply code generator to static inputs:

```
val specialized_code : (t_dyn → t) code
```



## The staging process, idealized

1. Write the program as usual:

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val program : t_sta → t_dyn → t
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3. Compile using back:

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val back : ('a code → 'b code) → ('a → 'b) code  
val code_generator : t_sta → (t_dyn → t)
```

4. Construct static inputs:

```
val s : t_sta
```

5. Apply code generator to static inputs:

```
val specialized_code : (t_dyn → t) code
```

6. Run specialized code to build a specialized function:

```
val specialized_function : t_dyn → t
```

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```
let dot
  : int → float array → float array → float
= fun n l r →
  let rec loop i =
    if i = n then 0.
    else l.(i) *. r.(i)
      +. loop (i + 1)
  in loop 0
```

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```
let dot'
  : int → float array code → float array code → float code
= fun n l r →
  let rec loop i =
    if i = n then .< 0. >.
    else .< ((.~l).(i) *. (.~r).(i))
              +. .~(loop (i + 1)) >.
  in loop 0
```

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```
#.< fun l r → .~(dot' 3.<l>..- : (float array → float array → float) code =  
.< fun l r →  
  (l.(0) *. r.(0)) +.  
    ((l.(1) *. r.(1)) +. ((l.(2) *. r.(2)) +. 0.))>.
```

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Inner product, eliding no-ops

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```
let dot : float array → float array code → float code =  
fun l r →  
  let n = Array.length l in  
  let rec loop i =  
    if i = n then 0.  
    else match l.(i) with  
      | 0.0 → loop (i + 1)  
      | 1.0 → .< (~r).(i) +. .~(loop (i + 1)) >.  
  in x → .< (x +. (~r).(i)) +. .(loop (i + 1)) >.  
in loop 0
```

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Inner product, eliding no-ops

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```
#.< fun r → .~(dot'' [| 1.0; 0.0; 3.5 |] .<r>) >;  
- : float array → float) code =  
.< fun r → r.(0) +. ((3.5 *. r.(2)) +. 0.)>.
```

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## Binding-time analysis

Classify **variables** into **dynamic** ('a code) / **static** ('a)

```
let dot '  
: int → float array code → float array code → float code
```

```
fun r l r →
```

dynamic: l, r

static: n

Classify **expressions** into static (no dynamic variables) / dynamic

```
if i = n then 0  
else l.(i) *. r.(i)
```

dynamic: l.(i) \*. r.(i)

static: i = n

Goal: reduce static expressions during code generation.

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Partially-static data structures

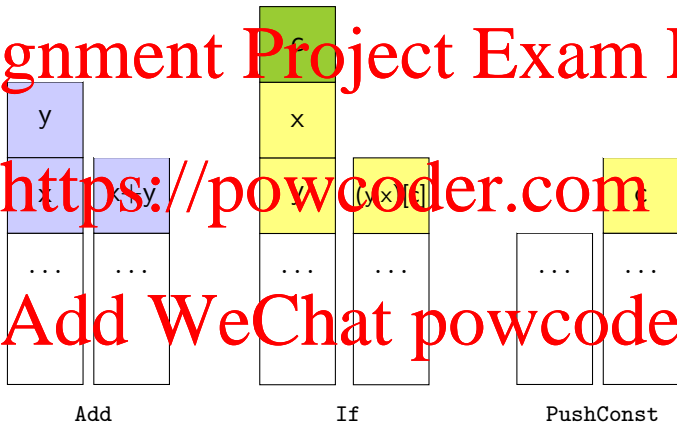
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```
type ('s, 't) t = 's → 't  
let add (x, (y, s)) = (x + y, s)
```

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```
type ('s, 't) t = ('s, 't) instrs  
let add = Add :: Stop
```

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## Recap: optimising stack machines

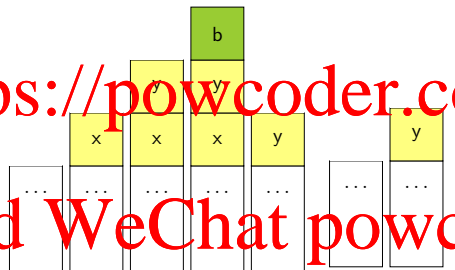
```
val (>>=) : 'a t → ('a → 'b t) → 'b t
```

```
val (⊗) : ('a → 'b) t → 'a t → 'b t
```

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```
PushConst x  
PushConst y  
PushConst true  
If
```

```
PushConst  
y
```

## Stack machines: basic interface

```
module type STACKM =  
sig  
  type ('s, 't) t  
  val nothing : ('s, 's) t  
  val ( $\otimes$ ) : ('r, 's) t  $\rightarrow$   
           ('s, 't) t  $\rightarrow$   
           ('r, 't) t  
  val add : (int * ((int * 's),  
                int * 's) t  
  val _if_ : (bool * ('a * ('a * 's))),  
            ('a * 's) t  
  val push_cons : 'a  $\rightarrow$  ('s  
                        'a * 's) t  
  val execute : ('s, 't) t  $\rightarrow$  's  $\rightarrow$  't  
end
```

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```
module StackM where
STACKM =
struct
  type ('s, 't) t = 's -> 't
  let nothing s = s
  let (x) : x s = x (f s)
  let add (x, (y, s)) = ((x + y, s))
  let _if_ (c, (x, (y, s))) = ((if c then x else y), s)
  let push_const v s = (v, s)
  let execute f s = f s
end
```

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## Optimising higher-order stack machines

Why are the higher-order machines hard to optimize?

```
let (⊗) f x s = x (f s)
let push_const v s = (v, s)
let add (x, (y, s)) = ((x + y, s))
```

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```
push_const 3 ⊗
push_const 4 ⊗
add
```

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## Optimising higher-order stack machines

Why are the higher-order machines hard to optimize?

```
let (⊗) f x s = x (f s)
let push_const v s = (v, s)
let add (x, (y, s)) = ((x + y, s))
```

Inlining push\_const, add

```
(fun s → (3, s)) ⊗
(fun s → (4, s)) ⊗
(fun (x, (y, s)) → ((x + y, s)))
```

## Optimising higher-order stack machines

Why are the higher-order machines hard to optimize?

```
let (⊗) : x s → x f s
let push_const v s = (v, s)
let add (x, (y, s)) = ((x + y, s))
```

Inlining ⊗:

```
(fun s →
  (fun (x, (y, s)) → ((x + y, s)))
  ((fun s → (fun s → (1, s))) ((fun s → (3, s)) s)))
```

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## Optimising higher-order stack machines

Why are the higher-order machines hard to optimize?

```
let (⊗) : x s = x ⊗ s
let push_const v s = (v, s)
let add (x, (y, s)) = ((x + y, s))
```

Inlining ⊗

```
(fun s →
  (fun (x, (y, s)) → ((x + y, s)))
  ((fun s → (fun s → (1, s))) ((fun s → (3, s)) s))
  s))
```

Difficulty: **evaluating under lambda**

Stack machines: higher-order vs first-order vs staged

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```
type ('s, 't) t = 's → 't  
let add (x, (y, s)) = (x + y, s)
```

```
type ('s, 't) t = ('s, 't) inst  
let add = Add :: Stop
```

```
type ('s, 't) t = 's code → 't code  
let add p = let (x, (y, s)) = .p in (x + y, s)
```

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```
module type STACKM_staged =  
sig  
  include STACKM  
  val compile : ('s, 't) t → ('s → 't) code  
end
```

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## Staging the higher-order stack machine

```
module StackM_staged : STACKM_staged =  
struct  
  type ('s, 't) t = 's code -> 't code  
  let nothing s = s  
  let ( $\otimes$ ) f x s = x (f s)  
  let add p =  
    (< let (x, (y, s)) = .~p in  
      (x + y, s) >.)  
  let _if_ p =  
    (< let (c, (x, (y, s))) = .~p in  
      ((if c then x else y), s) >.)  
  let push_const v s =  
    (< let (w, s) = s in  
      (v, w, s) >.)  
  
  let compile f = (< fun s -> .~(f.<s>.) >.)  
  let execute f s = !.(compile f) s  
end
```

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## Staging the higher-order stack machine: output

```
# compile (push_const true ⊗ _if_);;  
- : ('a * ('a * 'b) → 'a * 'b) code =  
.< fun s_59 →
```

```
  let (c,(x,(y,s))) = (true, s) in  
  ((if c then x else y), s)>.
```

```
# compile (push_const 3 ⊗ push_const 4 ⊗  
          push_const false ⊗ _if_);;  
- : ('a → int * 'a) code =  
.< fun s →
```

```
  let (c,(x,(y,s))) = (false, (4, (3, s))) in  
  ((if c then x else y), s)>.
```

```
# compile (push_const 3 ⊗ push_const 4 ⊗  
          push_const false ⊗ _if_);;  
- : ('a → int * 'a) code =
```

```
.< fun s →  
  let (c,(x,(y,s))) = (false, (4, (3, s))) in  
  ((if c then x else y), s)>.
```

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```
type 'a sd =  
  | Sta : 'a          → 'a sd  
  | Dyn : 'a code → 'a sd
```

```
let unsd : 'a. 'a sd → 'a code =  
function
```

```
  Sta v → .<v>.
```

```
  | Dyn v → v
```

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```
type 'a stack =  
  Tail : 'a code → 'a stack  
  | :: : 'a sd * 'b stack → ('a * 'b) stack  
  
let rec unsd_stack : type s.s stack → s code =  
  function  
    Tail s → s  
  | c :: s → . (<~(unsd s), .~(unsd_stack s)) >.
```

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## Stack machine: binding-time analysis

```
type ('s, 't) t = 's → 't
let add (x, (y, s)) = (x + y, s)
```

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```
type ('s, 't) t = ('s, 't) instrs
let add = Add :: Stop
```

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```
type ('s, 't) t = 's code → 't code
let add p = .<let (x, (y, s)) = .~p in (x + y, s)>.
```

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```
type ('s, 't) t = 's stack → 't stack
let rec add : type s.(int * (int * s), int * s) t =
  function
    Sta x :: Sta y :: s → Sta (x + y) :: s
  | ...
```



## Stack machine: optimising add

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```
let extend :: 'a * 'b. ('a * 'b) stack → ('a * 'b) stack =  
function  
  Tail s → Dyn.<fst .~s> . :: Tail.<snd .~s> .  
| _ :: _ as s → s  
  
let rec add :: type s. (int * (int * s), int * s) t =  
function  
  Sta x :: Sta y :: s → Sta (x + y) :: s  
| x :: y :: s → Dyn.<~(unsd x) + .~(unsd y)> . :: s  
| Tail as s → add (extend s)  
| c :: (Tail _ as s) → add (c :: extend s)
```

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```
let rec _if_
: type s a.(bool * (a * (a * s)), a * s) t =
function
| Sta true :: x :: y :: s → x :: s
| Sta false :: x :: y :: s → y :: s
| Dyn c :: x :: y :: s →
  Dyn.< if .~c then .~(unsd y) else .~(unsd x) >. :: s
| (Tail _ as s) → _if_ (extend s)
| c :: (Tail _ as s) → _if_ (c :: extend s)
| c :: x :: (Tail _ as s) →
  _if_ (c :: x :: extend s)
```

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Stack machine: top-level compilation

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```
val compile : ('s, 't) t → ('s → 't) code
```

```
let compile1 =  
  .< fun s → .~(unscr_stack (f (Tail.<s>.) ) ) >.
```

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## Stack machine: flexible optimisation

```
# compile add;;
```

```
- : (int * (int * 'a) → int * 'a) code =  
.< fun s → (fst s + fst (snd s), snd (snd s))>.
```

```
# compile _if_;;
```

```
- : (bool * ('a * ('a * 'b)) → 'a * 'b) code =
```

```
.< fun s →  
  ((if fst s  
    then fst (snd (snd s))  
    else fst (snd s)),  
   (snd (snd (snd s))))>.
```

```
# compile (push_const true ⊗ _if_);;
```

```
- : ('a * ('a * 'b) → 'a * 'b) code =
```

```
.< fun s → (fst s, snd (snd s))>.
```

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## Stack machine: flexible optimisation

```
# compile (push_const false ⊗ _if_);;  
- : ('_a → int * '_a) code =  
.< fun s → (fst (snd s), snd (snd s))>.
```

```
# compile (push_const 3 ⊗ push_const 4 ⊗  
           push_const false ⊗ _if_);;  
- : ('_a → int * '_a) code =  
.< fun s → (3, s)>.
```

```
# compile (push_const 3 ⊗ push_const 4 ⊗  
           add ⊗ push_const 2 ⊗  
           push_const false ⊗ _if_);;  
- : ('_a → int * '_a) code =  
.< fun s → (7, s)>.
```

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Staging generic programming  
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```
val gshow : 'a data → ('a → string) code
```

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```
gshow q (list (int * bool)) [(1, true); (2, false)]
```

**Type representations are static**      **Values are dynamic.**

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We've used type representations to traverse values.

Now we'll use type representations to generate code.

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Goal: generate code that contains no typeable or data values.

Desired code for gshow

```
val gshow : 'a data → ('a → string) code
```

```
type tree =
```

```
    Empty : tree
```

```
  | Branch : branch → tree
```

```
and branch = tree * int * tree
```

```
let rec show_tree = function
```

```
    Empty → "Empty"
```

```
  | Branch b → "(Branch " ^ show_branch b ^ ")"
```

```
and show_branch (l, v, r) =
```

```
    show_tree l ^ ", " ^ show_int v ^ ", " ^ show_tree r
```

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# Generic programming

## Type equality

```
type 'a typeable
```

```
val int : int typeable
```

```
val (==) :
```

```
'a typeable → 'b typeable → ('a,'b) eq option
```

## Traversals

```
type 'a data
```

```
and 'u genericQ =
```

```
{ q: 't. 't data → 't → 'u }
```

```
val int : int data
```

```
val gmapQ : 'u genericQ → 'u list genericQ
```

## Generic functions

```
val gshow : string genericQ
```

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# Generic programming, staged

## Type equality

```
type 'a typeable
```

```
val int : int typeable
```

```
val (==) :
```

```
'a typeable → 'b typeable → ('a,'b) eq option
```

## Traversals

```
type 'a data
```

```
and 'u genericQ =
```

```
{ q: 't. 't data → 't code → 'u code }
```

```
val int : int data
```

```
val gmapQ : 'u genericQ → 'u list genericQ
```

## Generic functions

```
val gshow : string genericQ
```

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# Assignment Project Exam Help

```
let ( * ) a b = {  
  ...  
  gmapQ = fun { q } (x, y) → [q a x; q b y];  
}
```

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```
let ( * ) a b = {  
  ...
```

```
  gmapQ = fun { q } p →  
    .<let (f, y) = .p in .(q a .<x>), f(c b .<y> b)>.  
}
```

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# Assignment Project Exam Help

```
let rec gshow : string * genericQ =
  { q =
    fun data v ->
      "(" ^ data.constructor v
        ^ string.concat "-" ((gmapQ gshow) q data v)
        ^ ")" }
```

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Difficulty: **recursion**

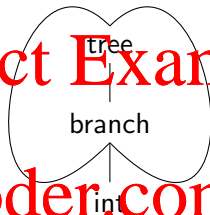
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Cyclic static structures

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tree

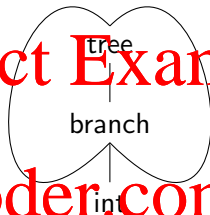


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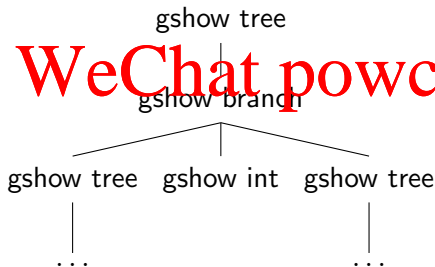
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tree



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## Memoization

```
let rec fib = function
```

```
  0 → 0
```

```
  1 → 1
```

```
  | n → fib (n - 1) + fib (n - 2)
```

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## Memoization

```
let rec fib = function
```

```
0 -> 0
```

```
1 -> 1
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```
| n -> fib (n - 1) + fib (n - 2)
```

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## Memoization

```
let rec fib = function
```

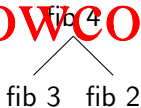
```
  0 → 0
```

```
  1 → 1
```

```
  | n → fib (n - 1) + fib (n - 2)
```

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## Memoization

```
let rec fib = function
```

```
0 -> 0
```

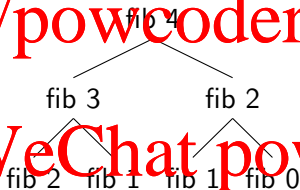
```
1 -> 1
```

```
| n -> fib (n - 1) + fib (n - 2)
```

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## Memoization

```
let rec fib = function
```

```
0 -> 0
```

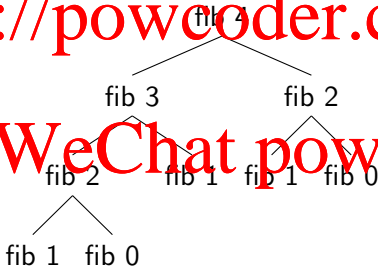
```
1 -> 1
```

```
| n -> fib (n - 1) + fib (n - 2)
```

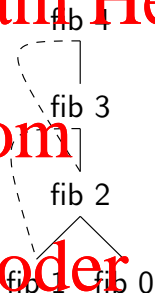
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```
let table = ref []  
let rec fib n =  
  try List.assoc n !table  
  with Not_found →  
    let r = fib_aux n in  
    table := (n, r) :: !table;  
    r  
and fib_aux = function  
  0 → 0  
| 1 → 1  
| n → fib (n - 1) + fib (n - 2)
```



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## Memoization, factored

```
val memoize : (('a → 'b) → ('a → 'b)) → 'a → 'b
```

```
let memoize f n =  
  let table = ref [] in  
  let rec f' n =  
    try List.assoc n !table  
    with Not_found →  
      let r = f f' n in  
      table := (n, r) :: !table  
      r  
  in f' n
```

```
let open_fib fib = function  
  0 → 0  
| 1 → 1  
| n → fib (n - 1) + fib (n - 2)  
  
let fib = memoize open_fib
```

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## Typed maps

```
type t
val empty : t
val add : t → 'a data → ('a → string) code → t
val lookup : t → 'a data → ('a → string) code option
```

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## Typed maps

```
type t
val empty : t
val add : t → 'a data → ('a → string) code → t
val lookup : t → 'a data → ('a → string) code option
```

```
type t =
  Nil : t
  | Cons : 'a data * ('a → string) code * t → t
```

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## Typed maps

```
type t
val empty : t
val add : t → 'a data → ('a → string) code → t
val lookup : t → 'a data → ('a → string) code option
```

```
type t =
  Nil : t
  | Cons : 'a data → ('a → string) code → t → t
```

```
let empty = Nil
let add t d x = Cons (d, x, t)
```

```
let rec lookup :
  type 'a → 'a data → ('a → string) code option =
  fun t l → match t with
    Nil → None
  | Cons (r, d, rest) →
    match l.typeable == r.typeable with
      Some Refl → Some d
    | None → lookup rest l
```

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Generating recursive definitions

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## Mutually-recursive definitions

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```
let rec evenp x =  
  x = 0 || oddp (pred x)  
and oddp x =  
  not (evenp x)
```

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Difficulty: building up arbitrary-size `let rec ... and ... and ....`

`n`-ary operators are difficult to abstract

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## Recursion via mutable state

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```
let evenp = ref (fun _ → assert false)  
let oddp  = ref (fun _ → assert false)
```

```
evenp := fun x → x = 0 || !oddp (pred x)  
oddp  := fun x → not (!evenp x)
```

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What if `evenp` and `oddp` generated in different parts of the code?

Plan: use `let`-insertion to interleave bindings and assignments.

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Let insertion

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```
val let_locus : (unit → 'w code) → 'w code  
val genlet : 'a code → 'a code
```

.< 1  
.(let\_locus (fun () →  
.<2 + .~(genlet .<3 + 4 >) >)) >.

1 +  
let x = 3 + 4 in  
2 + x

Let rec insertion

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```
val letrec : (('a → 'b) code → ('a → 'b) code) → ('a → 'b) code
```

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```
let letrec k =  
  let r = genlet (<ref (fun _ -> assert false) >) in  
  let _ = genlet (<~r := ~(k.< ! .~r >) >) in  
  .< ! .~r >
```

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## Generating code for gshow

```
val memofix : (string genericQ → string genericQ) →  
              string genericQ
```

```
let memofix h =  
{ q = fun t →  
  let tbl = ref empty in  
  let rec result d x = match lookup !tbl d with  
    Some f → .<~f .~x >.  
  | None →  
    let g = letrec (fun self ->  
      tbl := add !tbl d self;  
      .< fun y -> .~(h result .<y>) >)  
    in .< .~g .~x >.
```

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## Generating code for gshow

```
val memofix : (string genericQ → string genericQ) →  
              string genericQ → string genericQ
```

```
let gshow_gen : string genericQ → string genericQ =  
  fun gshow →  
    { q = fun data v →  
          .< "(" ^ .~(data.constructor v)  
            ^ String.concat " " .~((gmapQ gshow).q  
              data v)  
            ^ ")" ^> }
```

```
let gshow = memofix gshow_gen
```

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## Generated code for gshow

```
let show_tree = ref (fun _ → assert false) in
let show_branch = ref (fun _ → assert false) in
let show_int = ref (fun _ → assert false) in
let _ = show_int :=
  fun i →
    "(" ^ string_of_int i ^ String.concat " " [] ^ ")" in
let _ = show_branch :=
  fun b →
    "(" ^ "(" ^ "(" ^
      ((String.concat " "
        (let (l,v,r) = b in
          [!show_tree l; !show_int v; !show_tree r]))
        ^ ")") in
let _ = show_tree :=
  (fun t →
    "(" ^ "(" ^ (match t with Empty → "Empty"
                    | Branch _ → "Branch") ^
      ((String.concat " "
        (match t with
          | Empty → []
          | Branch b → [!show_branch b])) ^ ")") in
    !show_tree
```

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Next time: reagents

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