Software Design and
Construction 2
SOFT3202 / COMP9202
Software Testing Theory,
Project Exam Help

Dr. Basem Suleiman

Design of Test

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School of Information Technologies



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Agenda

Theory of Testing

- Design of Testssignment Project Exam Help

- Unit Testing

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Testable Code

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Revisit - Theory behind





Software Testing

- Software process to
 - Demonstrate that software meets its requirements (validation testing) ASSIGNMENT Project Exam Help
 - Find incorrect or undesired behavior caused by defects/bugs (defect testing)
 - E.g., System crashes trosie of portion with the contractions and data corruptions

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Part of software verification and validation (V&V) process

Testing Objectives - Discuss

"Program testing can be used to show the presence of bugs, but never Assignment Project Exam Help to show their absence" - Edsger W. Dijkstra

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Testing Objectives

"Program testing can be used to show the presence of bugs, but never to show their

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- Defect discovery
- Dealing with unknowns https://powcoder.com
- Incorrect or undesired behaviour missing requirement, system property
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- Verifying different system properties
 - Functional specification correctly implemented
 - Non-functional properties
 - security, performance, reliability, interoperability, and usability

Testing Objectives

 Objectives should be stated precisely and quantitatively to measure and control the test process

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- Testing completeness is never been feasible
 - So many test cases passible exhaustive testing is so expensive!
 - Risk-driven or risk management strategy to increase our confidence

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- How much testing is enough?
 - Select test cases sufficient for a specific purpose (test adequacy criteria)
 - Coverage criteria and graph theories used to analyse test effectiveness

Validation Testing vs. Defect Testing

Testing modelled as input test data and output test results Assignment Project ExameHelp Inputs causing anomalous behaviour Defect testing: find $\emph{\textbf{I}}_{\rm e}$ that cause anomalous behavior (defects/problettps://powcoder.com System Validation testing: find in Author that powcoder expected correct outcomes Outputs which reveal Output test results 0e the presence of defects

Who Does Testing?

- Developers test their own code
- Assignment Project Exam Help
 Developers in a team fest one another's code
- https://powcoder.com
 Many methodologies also have specialist role of tester

 - Can help by reducing ego
 Testers often have different bersondligt per worders
- Real users, doing real work

Testing takes creativity

- To develop an effective test, one must have:
 - Detailed understanding of the system
 - Application and solution domain provided Exam Help
 - Knowledge of the testing techniques
 - Skill to apply these techniques/powcoder.com
- Testing is done best by independent testers

 And Well nat powcoder
 - We often develop a certain mental attitude that the program should in a certain way when in fact it does not
 - Programmers often stick to the data set that makes the program work
 - A program often does not work when tried by somebody else

When is Testing happening?

Waterfall Software Development

Test whether system works according to Assignment Project Exam Help requirements

Agile Software Development

- Testing is at the heart of agile practices



Testing Terminology

- Fault: cause of a malfunction
- Failure: undesired effect nime system i fontion and Help
- Bug: result of coding exterpinguried by coples remmer
- Debugging: investigating/resolving software failure
- Defect: deviation from its requirements/specifications

Types of Errors in Software

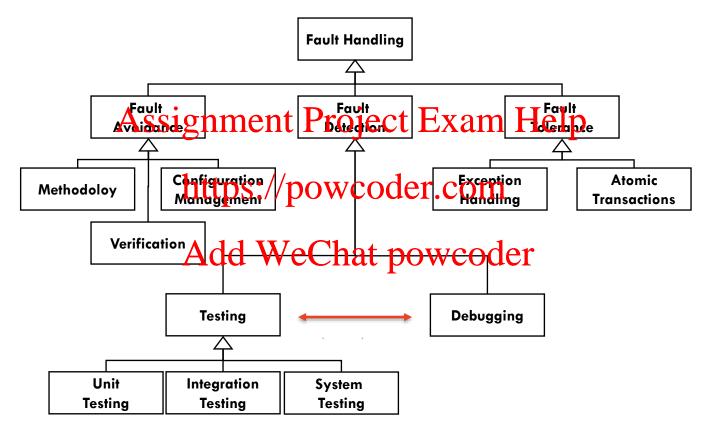
- Syntax error

 - Picked up by DE or at latest in build process
 Not by testing

 Picked up by DE or at latest in build process
 Exam Help
- Runtime error
 - Crash during executattps://powcoder.com
- Logic error
 - Does not crash, but Atold is Workfull the provides the state of the
- Timing Error
 - Does not deliver computational result on time

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Fault Handling Techniques



Software Testing Classification

Functional Testing

- Unit testing
- Integration testing
- System testing
- Regression testing
- Interface testing
- User Acceptance Testing (UANTITADS a Con DION WEST OF COM
- Configuration, smoke, sanity, end-to-end testing

Non-Functional Testing Add WeChat powcoder

- Performance testing
- Load testing
- Security testing
- Stress testing
- Reliability testing
- Usability testing

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Testing Objectives

Testing Type	Objective
Alpha / Beta testing	Identify possible issues (bugs) before releasing the product to end users ASSIGNMENT Project Exam Help
Regression testing	Verify that a software behaviour has not changed by incremental changes to the software
Performance testing	Verify system's performance characteristics (e.g., speed)
Security testing	Verify confidentiality and integrity of the system and its data
Stress testing	Analyse the system's we have out in limits protocopy costible load
Interface testing	Verify behaviour of software interfaces of interacting components to ensure correct exchange of data and control information
Usability (HCl)	Evaluate how easy to learn and use the software by end users
Configuration	Verify the software behaviour under different user configurations

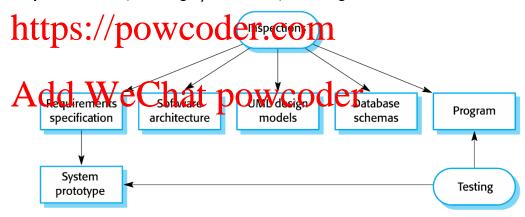
Software Testing Process

- Design, execute and manage test plans and activities
 - Select and Arepare suitable tesp cases (selection criterial Pelp
 Selection of suitable test techniques

 - Test plans execution and analysis (study and observe test output)
 - Root cause analysathosip bio book and com
 - Trade-off analysis (schedule, resources, test coverage or adequacy)
- Test effectiveness and African WeChat powcoder
 - Available resources, schedule, knowledge and skills of involved people
 - Software design and development practices ("Software testability")
 - Defensive programming: writing programs in such a way it facilitates validation and debugging using assertions

Static Verification

- Static Verification/testing
 - Static system Assign premer Problemst Exam Help
 - May be applied to requirements, design/models, configuration and test data
- Reviews
 - Walk through
 - Code inspection



Ian Sommerville. 2016. Software Engineering (10th ed.). Addison-Wesley, USA.

Software Validation and Assignment Project Exam

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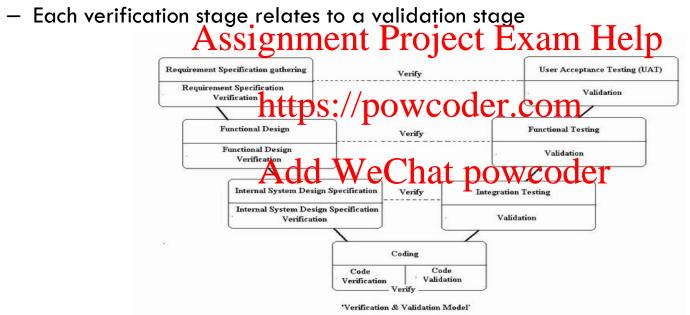
Software Verification and Validation

- Software testing is part of software Verification and Validation (V&V)
- The goal of V& Assignment Project Exam Help is "fit for purpose"
- Software Validation https://powcoder.com
 - Are we building the right product?
 - Ensures that the soft And Industries that t
- Software Verification
 - Are we building the product right?
 - Ensures that the software meets its stated functional and non-functional requirements

V-Model

https://www.buzzle.com/editorials/4-5-2005-68117.asp

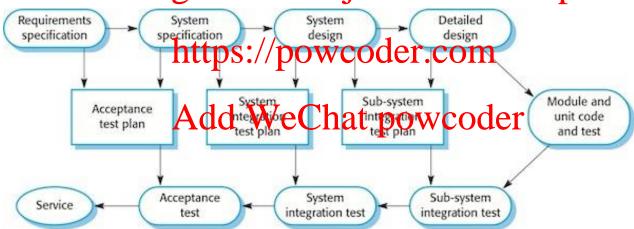
Link each phase of the SDLC with its associated testing phase



V-Model

Link each phase of the SDLC with its associated testing phase

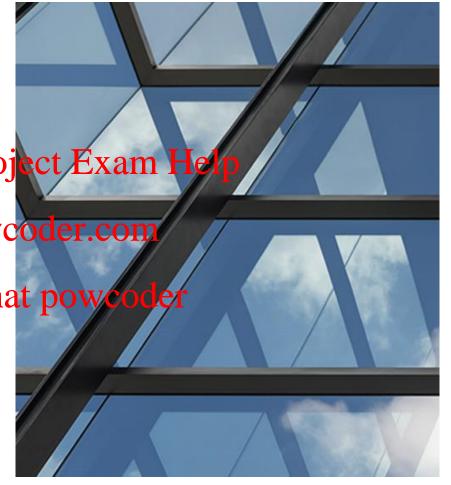
Each verification stage relates to a validation stage Assignment Project Exam Help



Test Cases Can Disambiguate the Requirements

- A requirement expressed in English may not capture all the details
- But we can write test cases for the various situations
 - the expected output is the expected output
 - E.g. write a test case with entire including say what sufficient is expected







Choosing Test Cases — Techniques

- Partition testing (equivalence partitioning)

 - Identify groups of inputs that have common characteristics
 From within each of these groups, choose tests
- Guideline-based testilhttps://powcoder.com
 - Use testing guidelines based on previous experience of the kinds of errors Add WeChat powcoder often made

Equivalence Partitioning

Different groups with common characteristics

- E.g., positive numbers, negative numbers in put Equivalence Partitions ASSIGNMENT Project Exam Help

Program behave in a comparable way for all members of a group https://powcoder.com

Choose test cases from eachlef the activities powcoder.

- Boundary cases
 - Select elements from the edges of the equivalence class
 - Developers tend to select normal/typical cases

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Possible Inputs

Possible Outputs

Choosing Test Cases – Exercise

- For the following class method, apply equivalence partitioning to define appropriate test cases ment Project Exam Help

Choosing Test Cases — Sample Solution

- Equivalent classes for the 'month' parameter
 - 31-days months, 30-days months, and 28-or-29-days monthelp
 non-positive and positive integers larger than 28-or-29-days monthelp
- Equivalence classes tottos: yepoporonom.com
 - Leap years and no-leap years
 - negative integers Add WeChat powcoder
- Select valid value for each equivalence class
 - E.g., February, June, July, 1901 and 1904
- Combine values to test for interaction (method depends on both parameters)

Six equivalence classes

Choosing Test Cases – Sample Solution

Equivalence classes and selected valid inputs for testing the getNumDaysInMonth() method

Equivalence Class Assignment Pr	Value for month input	Value for year Input
Months with 31 days, non-leap years https://pov	7 (July) VCOder com	1901
Months with 31 days, leap years	7 (July)	1904
Months with 30 days, non-leapyets WeC	natupowcoder	1901
Months with 30 days, leap year	6 (June)	1904
Months with 28 or 29 days, non-leap year	2 February	1901
Months with 28 or 29 days, leap year	2 February	1904

Choosing Test Cases – Sample Solution

Additional boundary cases identified for the getNumOfDaysInMonth() method

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Equivalence Class	Value for month Input	Value for year Input
Leap years divisible by 400 https://pov	vspder.com	2000
Non-leap years divisible by 100 Add WeCl	2 (February)	1900
Non-positive invalid month	o poweoder	1291
Positive invalid months	13	1315

Unit Testing

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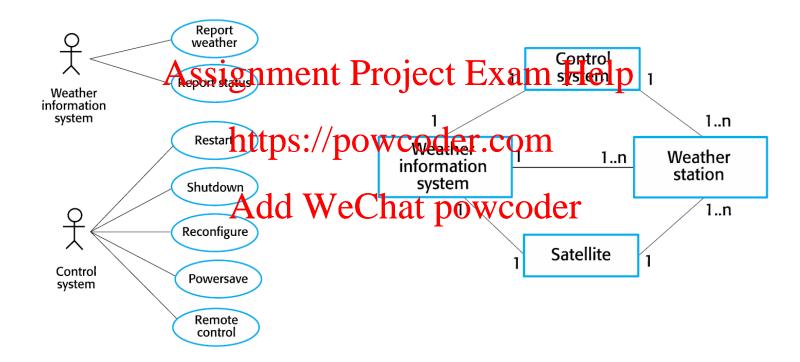
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Part 2 Add WeChar





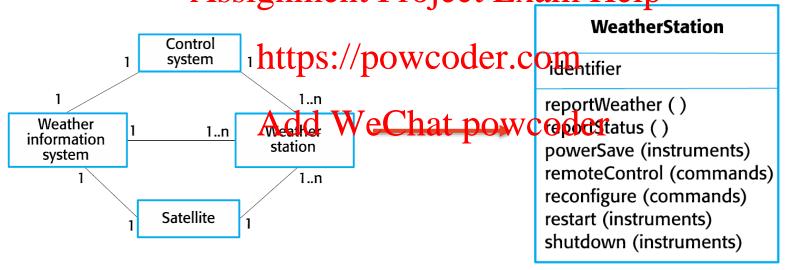
Unit Testing – Case Study



Unit Testing – Case Study

Exercise:

In groups, define various unit tests for the Weather Station object Assignment Project Exam Help



Unit Testing – Techniques

- Attributes
 - identifier: check if it has been set up properly ASSIGNMENT Project Exam Help
- _ Methods
 - Perform its function attypes: plowcoder.com
 - Input and output of each method
 - Not always possible to test in isolation, test sequence is necessary
 - Testing shutdown(instruments) require executing restart(instruments)
- Use system specification and other documentation
 - Requirements, system design artefacts (use case description, sequence diagrams, state diagram, etc.)

Unit Testing – State Sequences

Many others...

Controlled Testing states of WeatherStation using Operation remoteControl() state model - Identify sequences signment Project reportStatus() Shutdown Running Testing be tested transmission done Define event sequences to force the sow confined recommendate test complete collection transitions done Transmitting **Examples:** - Shutdown → Running → Shutdowe Chat powcoder Collecting reportWeather() weather summary complete Summarizing Configuration \rightarrow Running \rightarrow Testing \rightarrow Transmitting \rightarrow Running

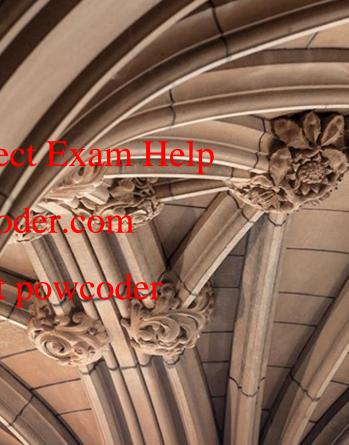
JUnit

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Part 2





Junit – Annotations and Test Fixtures

- Four fixture annotations; class-level and method-level
- Time of execution is important to use it properly

JUnit 4*	Assignment Project Exam Help Description
@Before	Executed before each test. To prepare the test environment (e.g., read input data, initialize the class) ps://powcoder.com
@After	Executed after each test. To cleanup the test environment (e.g., delete temporary data, restore decots) where the material was a second test. To cleanup the test environment (e.g., delete temporary data, restore decots) where the material was a second test.
@BeforeClass	Executed once, before the start of all tests. To perform time intensive activities, e.g., to connect to a database
@AfterClass	Executed once, after all tests have been finished. To perform clean-up activities, e.g., to disconnect from a database. Need to be defined as static to work with Junit

^{*}See Junit 5 annotations and compare them https://junit.org/junit5/docs/current/user-guide/#writing-tests-annotations

Test Fixture – Exercise

 Examine the code snippet (line 11-54) and write down the output that will be produced after executing the code.

```
private ManagedResource myManagedResource;
11 // All required imports ommated for simplicity of Project 33 Enrivate statil Expensive Managed Resource public class TestFixtures Example Significant Project 34 Example Significant Project 35 Enrivate Statil Expensive Managed Resource;
      static class ExpensiveManagedResource implements Closeable
                                                                                         private void println(String string) {
14
        @Override
                                                                                            System.out.println(string);
        public void close() throws IOException {}
15
      static class ManagedResource implements poseable powcoder.
16
17
        @Override
                                                                                          public void setUp() {
18
        public void close() throws IOException {}
                                                                                            this.println("@Before setUp");
19
20
                                                                                            this.myManagedResource = new ManagedResource();
                                              Add WeChat po
      @BeforeClass
21
      public static void setUpClass()
22
        System.out.println("@BeforeClass setUpClass");
23
                                                                                          public void tearDown() throws IOException {
        myExpensiveManagedResource = new ExpensiveManagedResource();
24
                                                                                            this.println("@After tearDown");
                                                                                    46
25
                                                                                   47
                                                                                            this.myManagedResource.close();
26
      @AfterClass
                                                                                            this.myManagedResource = null;
                                                                                   48
27
      public static void tearDownClass() throws IOException {
                                                                                   49
28
        System.out.println("@AfterClass tearDownClass");
                                                                                    50
                                                                                          @Test
29
        mvExpensiveManagedResource.close():
                                                                                          public void test1() {
                                                                                   51
30
        myExpensiveManagedResource = null;
                                                                                            this.println("@Test test1()");
                                                                                   52
31
                                                                                   53
                                                                                   54 }
```

Test Fixture – Exercise

 Examine the code snippet (line 11-54) and write down the output that will be produced after executing the code.

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- @BeforeClass setUpClass
- @Before setUp

@Test test1()

- https://powcoder.com
- @After tearDown
- @AfterClass tearDownClasdd WeChat powcoder

Junit - Test Execution Order

```
1 import org.junit.Test;
                                  2 import org.junit.runners.MethodSorters;
                 Assignment Project Exam Help
Exercise:
                                       @Test
Examine the test code and tps://powcodericomintln("first");
identify the execution order of
the included test methods Add WeChatipowcoders
                                          $ystem.out.println("second");
                                 13
                                       @Test
                                 14
                                 15
                                       public void testC() {
                                          System.out.println("third");
                                 16
                                 18 }
```

Junit - Test Execution Order

- Junit assumes that all test methods can be executed in an arbitrary order
- Good test code Absident the pending to the last code and the last
- You can control it but it might leading test problems (poor test practices)
- By default, Junit 4.1 luses a deterministic order (MethodSorters)

 Java 7 (and older) return a more of less random order (MethodSorters)
- @FixMethodOrder to change test execution order (not recommended practice)
 - @FixMethodOrder(MethodSorters.JVM)
 - @FixMethodOrder(MethodSorters.NAME ASCENDING)

https://junit.org/junit4/ https://junit.org/junit4/javadoc/4.12/org/junit/FixMethodOrder.html

Junit - Parameterized Test

- A class that contains a test method and that test method is executed with different parameters provided Assignment Project Exam Help
- Marked with @RunWith(Parameterized.class) annotation https://powcoder.com
- The test class must contain a static method annotated with @Parameters
 - This method generated with the collection is used as a parameter for the test method

Parameterized Test Example

 Write a unit test that consider different parameters for the following class method compute(int)

```
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public static int compute(int n) {

    https://powcoder.com

    if (n <= 1) {
        result = n;

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    result = compute(n - 2);

    }

return result;

}
```

Junit - Parameterized Test Example

```
7 import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
 8 import org.junit.runners.Parameterized;
 9 import org.junit.runners.Parameterized.Parameter;
10 import org.junit.runners.Parameterized.Parameters;
11
12 @RunWith(Parameterized.class)
13 public class Signment Project Exam Help
      @Parameters
      public static Collection<Object[]> data() {
15
         16
17
18
19
20
      @Parameter // fast data Wie Ohis dafault powcoder
21
22
23
24
      @Parameter(1)
      public /* NOT private */ int fExpected;
25
26
27
      @Test
      public void test() {
28
          assertEquals(fExpected, Fibonacci.compute(fInput));
30
31 }
```

Junit - Verifying Exceptions

- Verifying that code behaves as expected in exceptional situations (exceptions) is important
 Assignment Project Exam Help
- The @Test annotation has an optional parameter "expected" that takes as values subclasses of Thittps://powcoder.com

```
new ArrayList<Object>(Agett) Well to the IndexOutOfBoundException

1
2     @Test(expected = IndexOutOfBoundsException.class)
    public void empty() {
        new ArrayList<Object>().get(0);
     }
```

Junit - Verify Tests Timeout Behaviour

- To automatically fail tests that 'runaway' or take too long
- Timeout parametessignment Project Exam Help
 - Cause test method to fail if the test runs longer than the specified timeout
 - Test method runs in sattpase/thpowcoder.com
 - Optionally specify timeout in milliseconds in @Test

```
1 @Test demedie Chat powcoder
2 public void testWithTimeout() {
3 ....
4 }
```

Junit - Rules

- A way to add or redefine the behaviour of each test method in a test class
 - E.g., specify the exception message you expect during the execution of test code ASSIGNMENT Project Exam Help
- Annotate fields with the @Rule

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Junit already implements some useful base rules

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Junit - Rules

Rule	Description
TemporaryFolder	Creates files and folders that are deleted when the test finishes
ErrorCollector	ssignment Project Exam Help Lets execution of test to continue after first problem is found
ExpectedException	Allanstip sest/perification of expensed exception types and messages
Timeout	Applied the Value time quipo whitest the thods in a class
ExternalResources	Base class for rules that setup an external resource before a test (a file, socket, database connection)
RuleChain	Allows ordering of TestRules

See full list and code examples of Junit rules https://github.com/junit-team/junit4/wiki/Rules

Junit - Timeout Rule

- Applies the same timeout rule to all test methods in a class including @Before and

1 import org.junit.Rule;
2 import org.junit.Test;

@After

log += "ran1"; 15 TimeUnit.SECONDS.sleep(100); // sleep for 100 seconds 16 17 18 19 @Test public void testBlockForever() throws Exception { 20 21 log += "ran2": 22 latch.await(); // will block 23 24 }

Junit - ErrorCollector Rule Example

Allows execution of a test to continue after the first problem is found

```
public static trassgrament Project Exam Help

@Rule

public final ErrorCollector collector = new ErrorCollector();

https://powcoder.com

@Test

public void example() {

collector.addErrArchew Wordbla("firstotwiczowcherwrong"));

collector.addError(new Throwable("sedond thing went wrong"));

}

10 }
```

Junit - ExpectedException Rule

- How to test a message value in the exception or the state of a domain object after the exception has been thrown?

- Expected exception message

expected exception message https://powcoder.com

Junit - Examples of other Rules

- Check Junit documentation for more examples on rules implementation ASSIGNMENT Project Exam Help
- Make sure you use them for the right situation the goal is to write good tests (not Test Smell)

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Writing Testable Code

- Testable code: code that can be easily tested and maintained
- What makes code hard to test (untestable). Help
 - Design/code smells

 - Bad coding practices WeChat p
 - Others?



http://www.codeops.tech/blog/linkedin/what-causes-design-smells/

- Adhere to known design principles (e.g., SOLID)
 - Single responsibility
 - Small pieces of functionality that are easier to test in isolation
 - Open-close Assignment Project Exam Help
 - All existing tests should work even with un-extended implementation
 - Liskov Substitution https://powcoder.com
 - Mocked object substituted for real part without changing unexpected behavior
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 - Interface Segregation
 - Reduce complexity of SUT
 - Dependency Inversion
 - Inject mock implementation of a dependency instead of real implementation

For more details See revision slides on Canvas

- Adhere to known design principles (GRASP)
 - Creator
 - Information Axpeignment Project Exam Help
 - High Cohesion
 - Low Coupling https://powcoder.com
 - Controller

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For more details See revision slides on Canvas

- Adhere to API design principles
 - Keep It Simple Stupid (KISS)
 - You Aren't Ganssighth Entl Project Exam Help
 - Don't Repeat Yourself
 - Occam's Razor

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For more details See revision slides on Canvas

- Adhere to other OO design principles
 - Information hiding
 - Encapsulation Assignment Project Exam Help
 - Documentation

 - Naming convention
 Parameters selection
 https://powcoder.com
 - Others ...

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- For more details See revision slides on Canvas

Testable Code - Industry/Expert Guide

- Google's guide for 'Writing Testable Code'
 - Guide for Google's Software Engineers

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- Understanding different types of flaws, fixing it, concrete code examples before and after https://powcoder.com
 - Constructor does real work
 - Digging into collabolative Chat powcoder
 - Brittle global state & Singletons
 - Class does too much

http://misko.hevery.com/attachments/Guide-Writing%20Testable%20Code.pdf http://misko.hevery.com/code-reviewers-guide/

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Next Lecture/Tutorial...

W3 Tutorial: More on unit Testing +

W3 quiz

W3 Lecture: Advanced Testing

Techniques

Testing Assignment A1 release



