

Software Design and Construction 2

SOFT3202 / COMP9202

Advanced Testing
Techniques (1)

Dr. Basem Suleiman

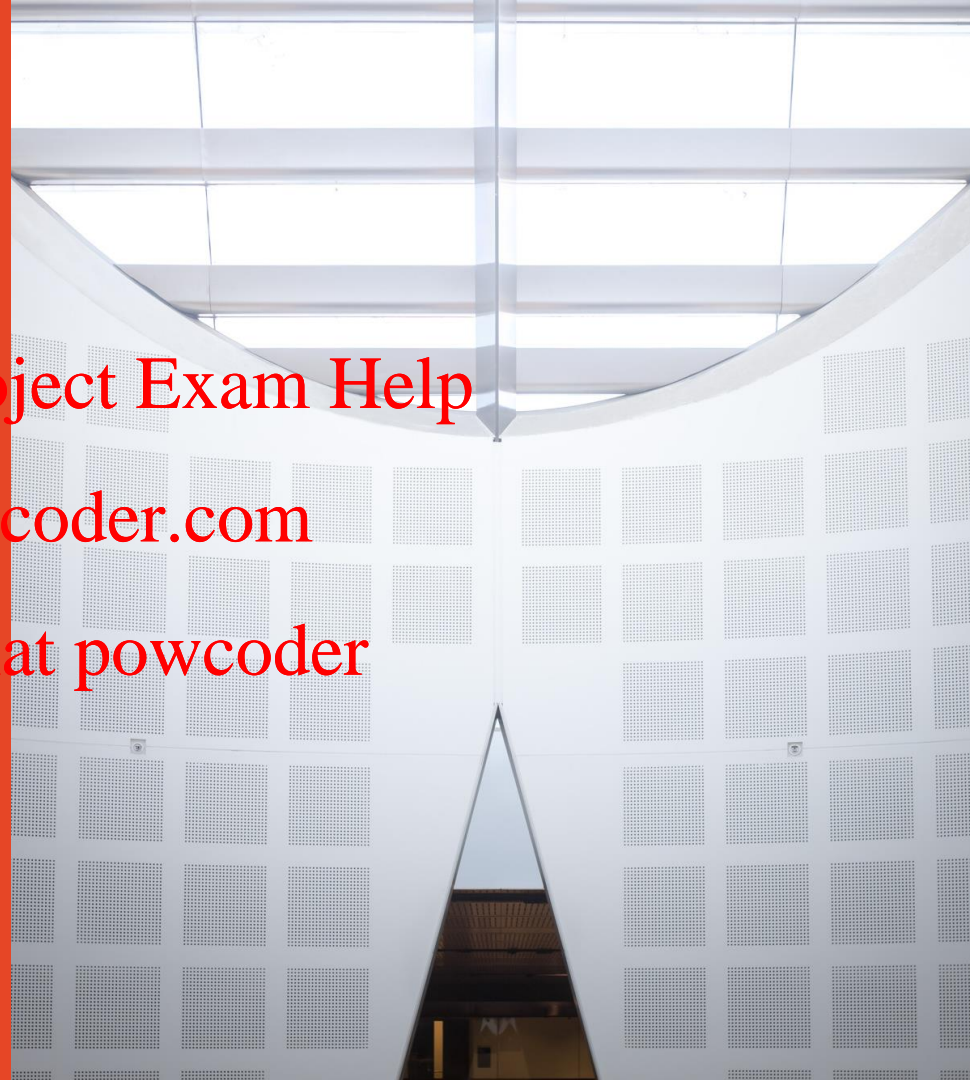
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Agenda

- Testing Types

- Integration Testing, Regression Testing

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- Advanced Testing Techniques

- Test doubles (Dummies, Fakes, Stubs, Spies, Mocks)
 - Contract Test

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- Testing Frameworks

- Mockito

Advanced Testing Types

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Integration testing, regression testing

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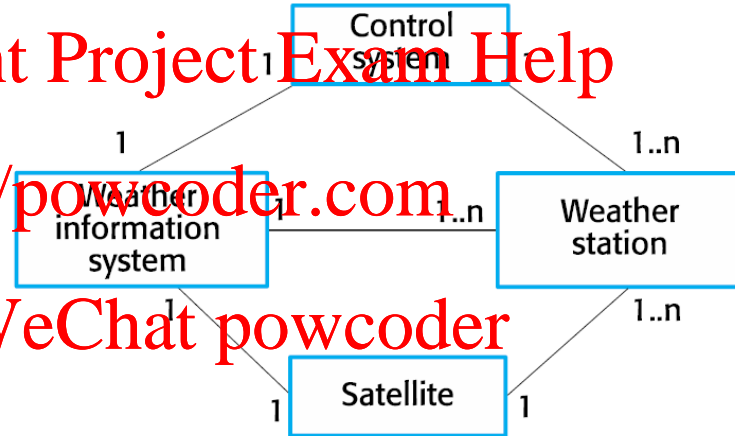
Software Components/Sub-systems

WeatherStation
identifier
reportWeather () reportStatus () powerSave (instruments) remoteControl (commands) reconfigure (commands) restart (instruments) shutdown (instruments)

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Integration Testing

- The process of verifying interactions/communications among software components behave according to its specifications

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- Independently developed (and tested) units may not behave correctly when they interact with each other

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- Activate corresponding components and run high-level tests

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- Incremental integration testing vs. “Big Bang” testing

Interaction Errors

- Parameter interfaces
 - Methods in objects have a parameter interface
- Procedural interfaces
 - Objects and reusable components
- Message passing interfaces
 - One component encapsulates a service from another component by passing a message to it
- Shared memory interfaces
 - Interfaces in which block of memory is shared between components (e.g., embedded systems)

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Your Testing Exposed Bugs

- What would you do when your testing reveal bugs/errors?

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- You fixed the discovered bugs, what should happen next?

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- You extended one class with additional functionality (new feature), what should happen next?

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Regression Testing

- Verifies that the software behaviour has not changed by incremental changes to the software
 - Bug fixes, code extension, code enhancements
- Modern software development processes are iterative/incremental
- Changes may be introduced which may affect the validity of previous tests
- Regression testing is to verify
 - Pre-tested functionality (and non-functional properties) still working as expected
 - No new bugs are introduced

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Regression Testing – Techniques

Type	Description
Retest All	Re-run all the test cases in a test suit
Test Selection	Re-run certain test cases based on the changes in the code
Test case prioritization	Re-run test cases in order of its priority; high, medium, low. Priority determined by how criticality and impact of test cases on the product
Hybrid	Re-run selected test cases based on its priority

. <http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.460.5875&rep=rep1&type=pdf>

Test-Driven Development Assignment Project Exam Help

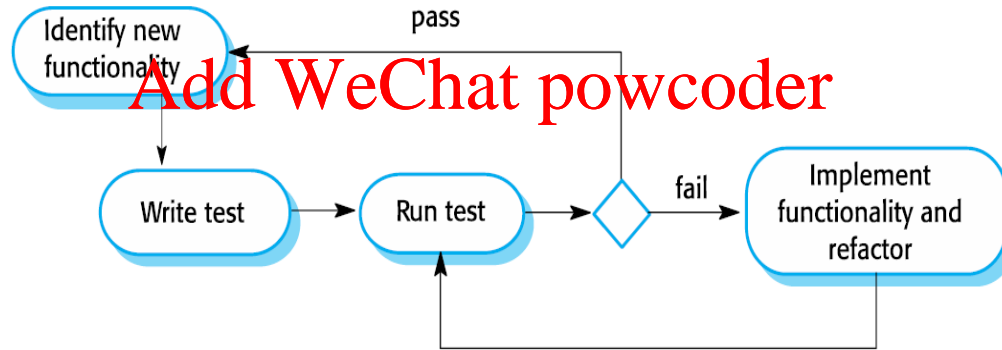
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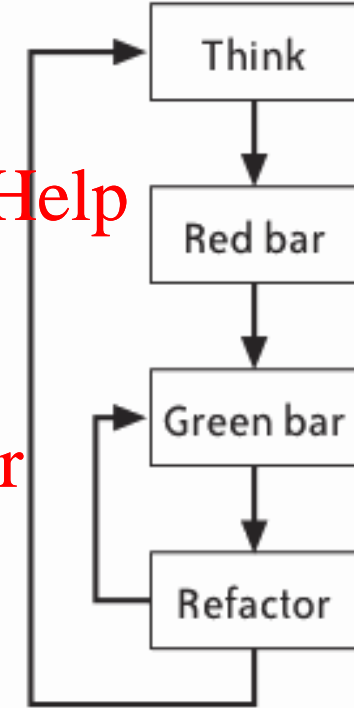
Test-driven Development

- A software development approach for developing the code incrementally along with a set of tests for that increment
 - Write tests before code
- All tests must pass before starting the next increment
- Introduced in the XP agile development method



TDD Cycle

- “A rapid cycle of testing, coding, and refactoring”
 - Kent Beck
- “Every few minutes, TDD provides proven code that has been tested, designed, and coded”
- **Red, Green, Refactor cycle**



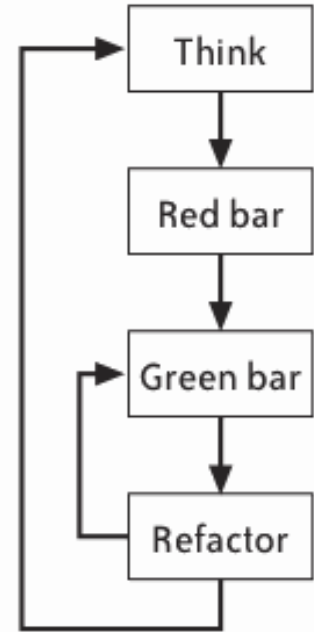
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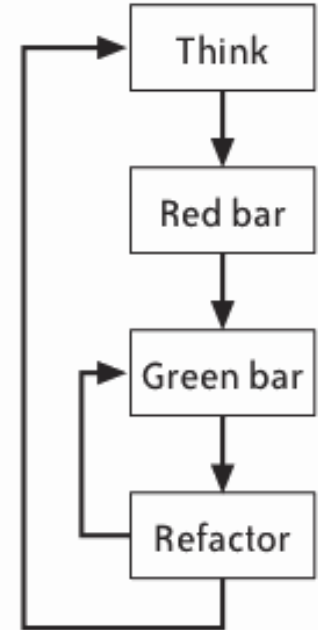
TDD Cycle – Think

- **Think** of a behavior you want your code to have (small increment; few lines of code)
- **Think** of a test (few lines of code) that will fail unless the behavior is present
- Pair programming helps
 - Driver and navigator



TDD Cycle – Red (Run the Test)

- Write the tests – only enough code for the current increment of behavior
 - Typically less than 5 lines of code
- Code for the class behavior and its public interface (encapsulation)
 - Tests use method and class names do not exist yet
- Run your entire suite of tests and enjoy the test failure
- Results in Red progress bar (testing tools)



https://www.jamesshore.com/Agile-Book/test_driven_development.html

TDD Cycle – Green (Write Code)

- Write the code; just enough to get the test to pass
 - Less than 5 lines
 - It's okay to hard code, you'll refactor

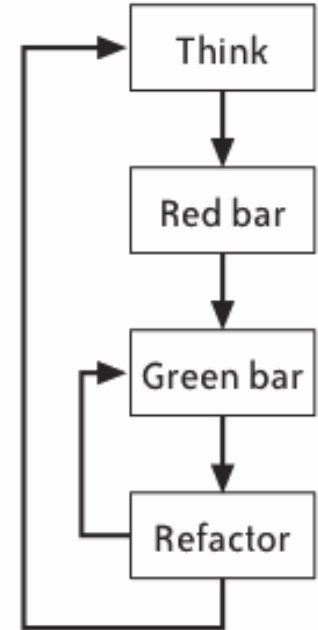
- Run your tests again, and enjoy the tests passing

- Results in Green progress bar (testing tools)

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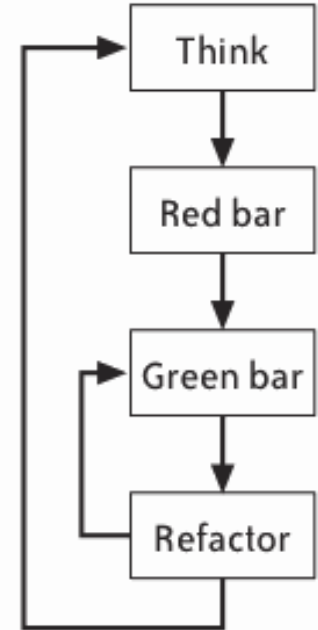
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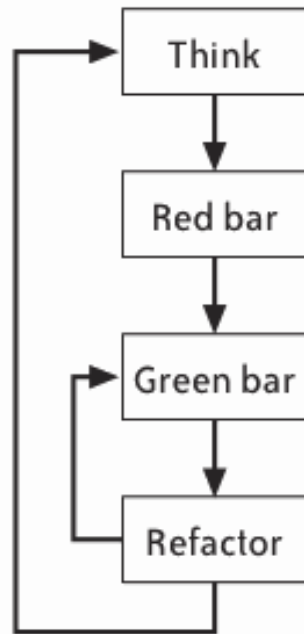
TDD Cycle – Refactor

- Review the code and look for possible improvements
 - Ask your navigator if they made any notes
- Series of very small refactorings
 - 1-2 minutes each, no longer than 5 minutes
- Run the tests after each refactoring
 - Should always be green (pass)
 - Test failed and no obvious answer, get back to good code
- Refactor many times, improve design
 - Refactoring isn't about changing behavior



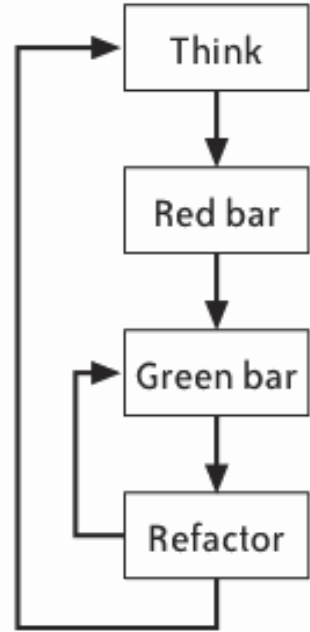
TDD Cycle – Repeat

- Repeat to add new behavior, start the cycle over again
- Tiny bit of well-tested, well-designed code will be incrementally created
- Typically, run through several cycles very quickly, then spend more time on refactoring
- Do not skip any step, especially refactoring, to speed up!



TDD – Red, Green, Refactor

- Use Red, Green, Refactor cycle to implement TDD
- **Think** of a code behavior, then choose a small increment and then a test
- Write the test for the current increment code and run the entire suit of tests – should fail (**Red bar**)
- Write just enough code to get the test pass and run the tests again – should pass (**Green bar**)
- Review the code and look for improvements – small set of refactoring and run the tests after each (**Refactor**)



https://www.jamesshore.com/Agile-Book/test_driven_development.html

TDD – Example

- Java class to parse HTTP query string (name-value pair)
 - E.g., `http://example.com/page/to/page?title=Central+Park&where=US`
- Think
 - “class to separate name/value pairs into a `HashMap`” or “class to put one name/value pair into a `HashMap`”? Why?
 - Class `QueryString` won't return a `HashMap`, but a method (`valueFor(name)`) to access the name-value pairs. Shall you proceed with writing the test?
 - `Count()` method instead to return total number of name-value pairs (more suitable for one increment)
 -

https://www.jamesshore.com/Agile-Book/test_driven_development.html

TDD Example – Red Bar

```
public void testOneNameValuePair() {  
    QueryString qs = new QueryString("name=value");  
    assertEquals(1, qs.count());  
}
```

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```
public class QueryString {  
    public QueryString(String queryString) {}  
    public int count() { return 0; }  
}
```

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TDD Example – Green Bar & Refractor

```
public int count() { return 1; }
```

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Refractor

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Change the QueryString name to HttpQuery() – noted for next cycle

Another test to try

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TDD Example – Repeat

Thinking

- Remove the hard-coded line but not time yet to deal with multiple query string
- Testing an empty string would require coding the count() properly

```
public void testNameValuePairs() {  
    QueryString qs = new QueryString("");  
    assertEquals(0, qs.count());  
}
```

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Emerging thoughts (noted for later cycles)

- Test the case of a null argument to the QueryString constructor
- Deal with the tests duplication tests that needed refactoring

..

TDD Example – Green & Refactor

```
public class QueryString {  
    private String _query  
  
    public QueryString(string queryString) {  
        _query = queryString;  
    }  
  
    public int count() {  
        if ("".equals(_query)) return 0;  
        else return 1;  
    }  
}
```

Refactor (notes):

- Rename QuerySting
- testNull()
- Refactor duplicate tests

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TDD Example – testNull()

- Test the case when the query string is null
- Red Bar – think of the behavior when the value is null
- Through an exception (Null is illegal) – simple design

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```
public void testNull() {
```

```
    try {
```

```
        QueryString qs = new QueryString(null);
```

```
        fail("Should throw exception");
```

```
    }
```

```
    catch (NullPointerException e) {
```

```
        // expected
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

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```
public QueryString(String queryString) {
```

```
    if (queryString == null) throw new
```

```
    NullPointerException();
```

```
    _query = queryString;
```

```
}
```

TDD Example – valueFor()

- Implement valueFor() method to return the associated value give a name/value pair
- Emerging thoughts: test for a name doesn't exist (noted)

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```
public void testOneNameValuePair() {  
    QueryString qs = new  
    QueryString("name=value");  
    assertEquals(1, qs.count());  
    assertEquals("value",  
    qs.valueFor("name"));  
}
```

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```
public String valueFor(String name) {  
    String[] nameAndValue =  
    _query.split("=");  
    return nameAndValue[1];  
}
```

TDD Example – Repeat

- Code passed the tests, but it was incomplete
- Multiple name/value pairs ...
- Repeat ...

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TDD – Benefits

- Help developers to understand the requirements and write better code
- Simplify debugging
 - Easier to find and fix mistakes in small code chunks
- Reduce cost of regression testing
- Improved design and code quality
 - Research shows TDD substantially reduces the incidence of defects
- Reuse tests as the software grow, and use it as documentation

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Refactoring

- “*Refactoring* is the process of changing the design of your code without changing its behavior” – Kent Beck

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- Change the *how* not the *what*

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- Refactoring is reversible!

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- Analyze the design of existing code and improve it
- Code improvements can be identified with *code smells*

How to Refactor

- Refactor constantly in a series of small transformations
- Learn from in-depth catalog of refactoring
- Refactor intuitively through learning the mindset behind refactoring
- Learn how to refactor manually
 - Development frameworks/tools can help automating some refactoring
- Use continuous integration practices and automation tools
 - Version control system, build and test automation, IDEs

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Test Double

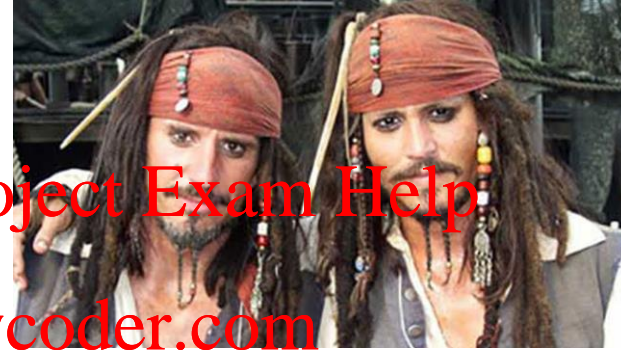
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Movie – “Stunt Double”



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<https://i.ytimg.com/vi/xm7kzxXHF38/maxresdefault.jpg>

<http://cdn.kickvick.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/07/celebrity-stunt-doubles.jpg>

<https://amp.businessinsider.com/images/525328ce6bb3f78e7afdcbb2-750-563.jpg>

Test Double

- “A **test double** is an object that can stand in for a real object in a **test**, similar to how a **stunt double** stands in for an actor in a movie” — Google Testing Blog

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- Includes stubs, mocks and fakes
 - Commonly referred to as “mocks”, but they have different uses!
- <https://powcoder.com>
- Why test double?
 - Dependency on components that cannot be used
 - Reduce complexity, test indecently

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Test Double – Types

Type	Description
Dummy	Pass object(s) that never actually used (to fill parameter list)
Stub	Test-specific object(s) that provide indirect inputs into SUT
Spy	Capture indirect output calls made by the SUT to another component for later verification
Fake	Objects to provide simpler implementation of a heavy component
Mock	Object(s) that verify indirect output of the tested code

Dummy Object

- Dummy, dummy parameter/value
- Pass object with no implementation (dummy) and never actually used
 - E.g., Fill in parameter lists
- SUT's methods to be called often take objects stored in instance variables
 - Those objects, or some of its attributes, will never be used in the testing
- Preparing the SUT into right state (conform to the signature of some methods need to be called)

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Dummy Object – Example

```
2 public void testInvoice_addLineItem_noECS() {
3     final int QUANTITY = 1;
4     Product product = new Product(getUniqueNumberAsString(), getUniqueNumber());
5     State state = new State("West Dakota", "WD");
6     City city = new City("Centerville", state);
7     Address address = new Address("123 Blake St.", city, "12345");
8     Customer customer = new Customer(getUniqueNumberAsString(), getUniqueNumberAsString(),
9                                     address);
10    Invoice inv = new Invoice(customer);
11    // Exercise
12    inv.addItemQuantity(product, QUANTITY);
13    // Verify
14    List lineItems = inv.getLineItems();
15    assertEquals("number of items", lineItems.size(), 1);
16    ListItem actual = (ListItem)lineItems.get(0);
17    ListItem expItem = new ListItem(inv, product, QUANTITY);
18    assertEquals("", expItem, actual);
19 }
```

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(Test) Stub

- A test-specific object that provides indirect inputs during tests
 - E.g., Object requires data from a database to answer a method call

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- Used to verify logic independently when it depends on inputs from other components

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- Verify indirect inputs of the SUT

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- It does not deal with indirect outputs of the system

(Test) Stub – Example

```
2 public void testDisplayCurrentTime_AtMidnight() throws Exception {  
3     // Fixture setup:  
4     //     Test Double configuration  
5     TimeProviderTestStub tpStub = new TimeProviderTestStub();  
6     tpStub.setHours(0);  
7     tpStub.setMinutes(0);  
8     // Instantiate SUT  
9     TimeDisplay sut = new TimeDisplay();  
10    //     Test Double installation  
11    sut.setTimeProvider(tpStub);  
12    // exercise sut  
13    String result = sut.getCurrentTimeAsHtmlFragment();  
14    // verify outcome  
15    String expectedTimeString = "<span class=\"tinyBoldText\">Midnight</span>";  
16    assertEquals("Midnight", expectedTimeString, result);  
17 }
```

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(Test) Spy

- Capture output calls made by the SUT to another component for later verification
 - Verify indirect outputs of the SUT
- Get enough visibility of the outputs generated by the SUT (observation point)
- E.g., email service that records no. of messages sent

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(Test) Spy

- Capture output calls made by the SUT to another component for later verification
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Fake (Object)

- Objects to provide simplified implementation of a heavy (real) component
 - E.g., in-memory implementation of repository using simple collection to store data

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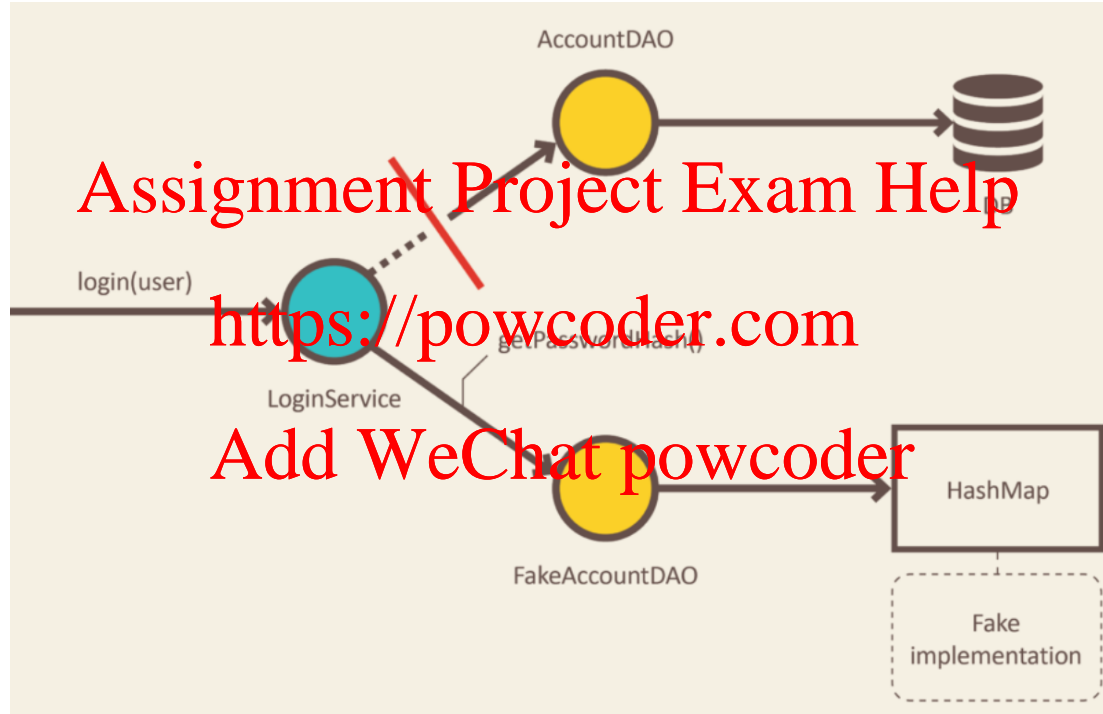
- SUT depends on other components that are unavailable or make testing complex or slow
 - Run tests faster

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- Should not be used when want to control inputs to SUT or outputs of SUT

Fake (Object) – Example



Mock (Object)

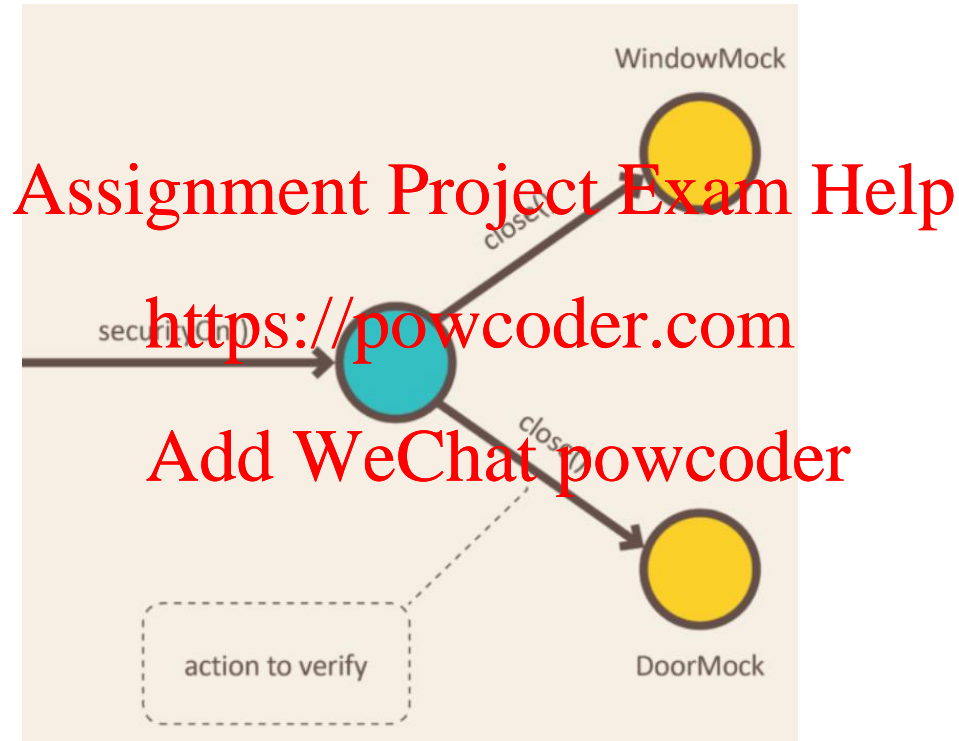
- Object(s) that verify indirect output of the SUT
 - E.g., function that calls email sending service, not to really send emails but to verify that email sending service was called
- Calling real implementation during testing is tedious, or the side effect is not the testing goal
- Unlike all doubles, mocks verify correctness against expectations

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Mock (Object) – Example



Mock (Object)

```
1
2 public class SecurityCentral {
3     private final Window window;
4     private final Door door;
5
6     public SecurityCentral(Window window, Door door) {
7         this.window = window;
8         this.door = door;
9     }
10
11     void securityOn() {
12         window.close();
13         door.close();
14     }
15 }
```

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```
1
2 public class SecurityCentralTest {
3     Window windowMock = mock(Window.class);
4     Door doorMock = mock(Door.class);
5
6     @Test
7     public void enabling_security_locks_windows_and_doors() {
8         SecurityCentral securityCentral = new SecurityCentral(windowMock, doorMock);
9         securityCentral.securityOn();
10        verify(doorMock).close();
11        verify(windowMock).close();
12    }
13 }
```

Test Doubles

- Understand the differences carefully and use the one that serve the verification type and purpose and how it should be run

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- Don't be fooled by the mocking frameworks terminology – focus on the verification purpose

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- Read Fowler's Mocks aren't Stubs [Add WeChat powcoder](#)

- Check [xUnit Test Patterns](#) for more advanced details

Contract Test

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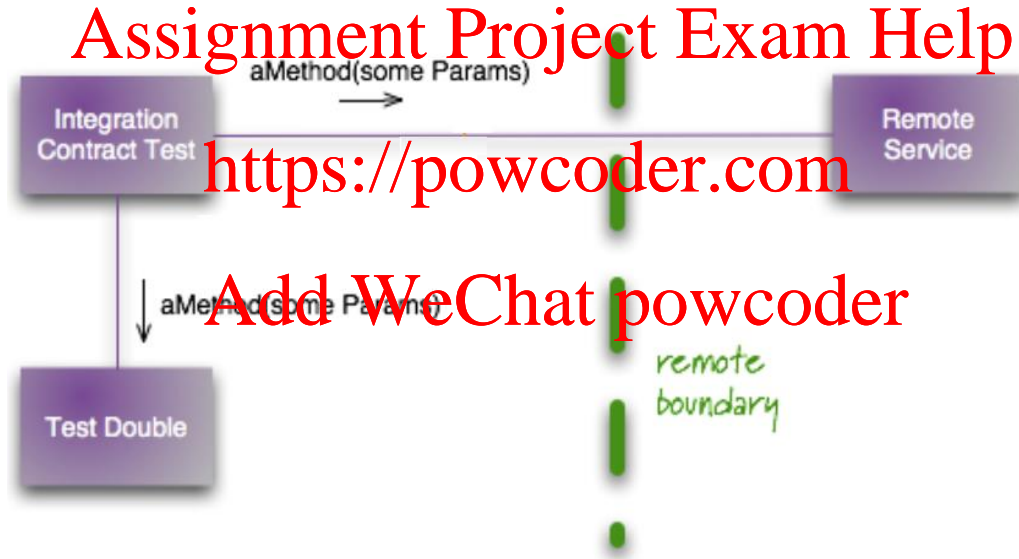
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Test Double – External Services

- Test double to interact with external/remote service
 - How accurate/reliable is a test double?



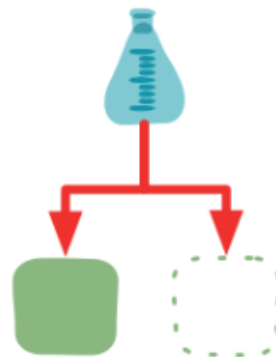
Contract Test

- The process of running periodic tests against real components to check the validity of test doubles results
- How?
 - Run your own test against the double
 - Periodically run separate contract tests (real tests to call the real service)
 - Compare the results
 - Check the test double in case of results inconsistency/failures
 - Also, consider service contract changes

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Integrated (Broad) Tests



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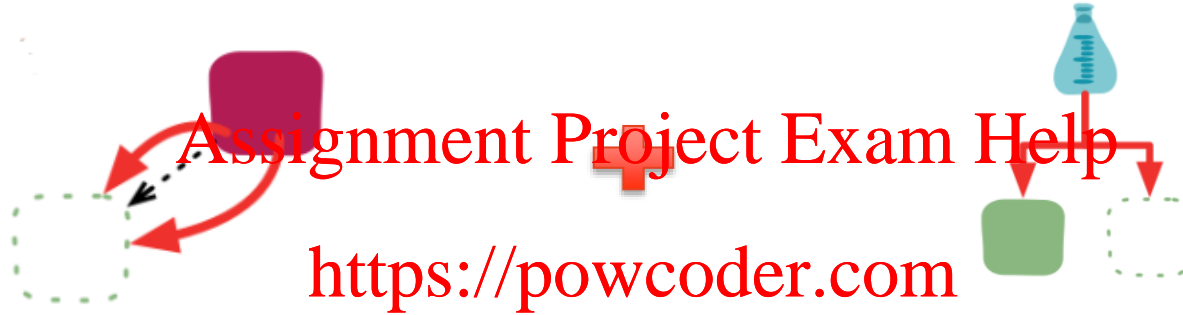
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*“Broad tests done with many modules active” – **integrated** testing*

Read more for further discussion - <https://martinfowler.com/bliki/IntegrationTest.html>

Collaborative (Narrow) Tests



“Narrow tests of interaction with individual test doubles” – **Collaboration Tests**

*“supported by **Contract Tests** to ensure the faithfulness of the double”* – **Contract Tests**

Read more for further discussion - <https://martinfowler.com/bliki/IntegrationTest.html>

Integration Testing Frameworks

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Mockito



Mocking Frameworks

- Mockito
- JMock
- EasyMock
- Mountebank
- Others ...

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<http://www.mbtest.org/>

<http://jmock.org/>

<http://easymock.org/>

Mockito

- An open source testing (test spy) framework for Java
 - It has a type called 'spy' which is partial mock¹
- Verify interactions after executing tests (what you want)
 - Not expect-run-verify (look for irrelevant interactions)
 - Interaction among objects/components not unit testing
- Allows to specify order of verification (not all interactions)

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<https://github.com/mockito/mockito/wiki/FAQ>

Mockito – Constructs

Mockito Features	Description
mock(), @Mock or Mockito.mock()	Different ways to create a mock
<u>Answer</u> or <u>MockSettings</u>	Interfaces to specify how a mock should behave (optional)
when()	Specify the mock to return a value when a method is called
Spy() or @Spy	Caution: creates a (partial mock) for a given object
@InjectMocks	Automatically inject mocks/spies annotated with @Mock() or @Spy()
verify()	Check methods were called with given arguments

Note: call MockitoAnnotations.initMocks(testClass) (usually in a @Before method) to get the annotations to work. Alternatively, use MockitoJUnit4Runner as a JUnit runner

<http://static.javadoc.io/org.mockito/mockito-core/2.24.0/org/mockito/Mockito.html>

Mockito Example

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```
1
2 public class GradesService {
3     private final Gradebook gradebook;
4
5     public GradesService(Gradebook gradebook) {
6         this.gradebook = gradebook;
7     }
8
9     Double averageGrades(Student student) {
10         return average(gradebook.gradesFor(student));
11     }
12 }

1
2 public class GradesServiceTest {
3     private Student student;
4     private Gradebook gradebook;
5
6     @Before
7     public void setUp() throws Exception {
8         gradebook = mock(Gradebook.class);
9         student = new Student();
10    }
11
12    @Test
13    public void calculatesAverageGradesForStudent() {
14        when(gradebook.gradesFor(student)).thenReturn(grades(8, 6, 10)); //stubbing gradebook
15        double averageGrades = new GradesService(gradebook).averageGrades(student);
16        assertThat(averageGrades).isEqualTo(8.0);
17    }
18 }
```


Mockito – Method Call

- Use Mockito.when() and thenReturn() to specify a behavior when a method is called
- Example of methods supported in Mockito

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Method	Purpose
thenReturn(valueToBeReturned)	Return a given value
thenThrow(Throwable toBeThrown)	Throws given exception
Then(Answer answer)	User created code to answer

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Mockito – ‘When’ Example

```
1 |
2 when(mock.someMethod()).thenReturn(10);
3
4 //you can use flexible argument matchers, e.g:
5 when(mock.someMethod(anyString())).thenReturn(10);
6
7 //setting exception to be thrown:
8 when(mock.someMethod("some arg")).thenThrow(new RuntimeException());
9
10 //you can set different behavior for consecutive method calls.
11 //Last stubbing (e.g: thenReturn("foo")) determines the behavior of further consecutive calls.
12 when(mock.someMethod("some arg"))
13     .thenThrow(new RuntimeException())
14     .thenReturn("foo");
15
16 //Alternative, shorter version for consecutive stubbing:
17 when(mock.someMethod("some arg"))
18     .thenReturn("one", "two");
19 //is the same as:
20 when(mock.someMethod("some arg"))
21     .thenReturn("one")
22     .thenReturn("two");
23
24 //shorter version for consecutive method calls throwing exceptions:
25 when(mock.someMethod("some arg"))
26     .thenThrow(new RuntimeException(), new NullPointerException());
--
```

<http://static.javadoc.io/org.mockito/mockito-core/2.24.0/org/mockito/Mockito.html#when-T->

Mockito – Verifying Behavior

- `Mockito.verify (T mockTobeVerified, verificationMode mode)`
 - Verifies certain behavior happened at least once (default) – e.g., a method is called once
 - Different verification modes are available

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Verification Mode	Description
<code>Times(int wantedNoCalls)</code>	Called exactly n times, default = 1
<code>atMost(int maxNoOfCalls)</code>	Called at most n times
<code>atLeast(int minNoOfCalls)</code>	Called at least n times
<code>never()</code>	Never called
<code>Timeout (int milliseconds)</code>	Interacted in a specified time range

Mockito – Verifying Behavior Example

```
1 |  
2 verify(mock, times(5)).someMethod("was called five times");  
3  
4 verify(mock, atLeast(2)).someMethod("was called at least two times");  
5  
6 //you can use flexible argument matchers, e.g:  
7 verify(mock, atLeastOnce()).someMethod(anyString());  
8
```

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- Default mode is times (1) which can be omitted
- Argument passed are compared using equals() method

Mockito – Verifying Order of Calls

- InOrder (mocks) allows verifying mocks in order
 - `verify(mock)`: verifies interactions happened once in order
 - `verify(mock, VerificationMode mode)`: verifies interactions in order

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```
1
2 InOrder inOrder = inOrder(firstMock, secondMock);
3
4 inOrder.verify(firstMock).add("was called first");
5 inOrder.verify(secondMock).add("was called second");
```

```
1
2 InOrder inOrder = inOrder(firstMock, secondMock);
3
4 inOrder.verify(firstMock, times(2)).someMethod("was called first two times");
5 inOrder.verify(secondMock, atLeastOnce()).someMethod("was called second at least once");
```

<http://static.javadoc.io/org.mockito/mockito-core/2.24.0/org/mockito/InOrder.html>

Writing Good Tests

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Writing Good Tests

- Reliable
 - Free of bugs, defects or errors
- Fast
 - Should not be counterproductive, will be run very frequently
- Keep it compact and readable
 - Lots of refactoring
 - Follow recommended coding practices (e.g. naming conventions, documentation)
- Cover wide range to show positive cases and errorneous code paths

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<https://github.com/mockito/mockito/wiki/How-to-write-good-tests>

Writing Good Tests

- Do not mock everything
 - It's anti-pattern
- Understand mocking framework's capabilities
 - Mock syntax vs. actual purpose of mocking
 - Read Fowler's Mocks aren't Stubs
- Do not mock type you do not own
 - Third-party library or API – owner change the signature and behavior of the API
 - Contract test ?
- Do not mock value objects
 - Instantiating an object is too painful – not a valid reason
 - Can be a sign that the code needs some serious refactoring or use builders for the value objects (some tools such as Lombok can help)

<https://github.com/mockito/mockito/wiki/How-to-write-good-tests>

Next Lecture/Tutorial

W4 Lecture: Advanced Testing
Techniques 2

W4 Tutorial + quiz

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