CS 161 Computer Security

Discussion 2

Memory Safety

Question 1 Software Vulnerabilities

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For the following code, assume an attacker can control the value of basket, n, and owner_name passed into search_basket.

The code includes several security vulnerabilities. **Circle** *three* **such vulnerabilities** in the code and **briefly explain** each of the three on the next page.

```
char name [64];
3
       char owner [64];
       int age;
   /* Searches through a BASKET of cats of length N (N should be less than 32) and
   * adopts all cats with age less than 12 (kittens). Adopted kittens have their
   adopted Signment Project Examies
  size_t search_basker(struct cat *basket, int n, char *owner_name) {
10
       struct cat kittens[32];
12
       size_t num_kittens = 0;
      if (n > 32) re urn - 1;
for (size_t i not ips; //+powcoder.com
if (basket[i].agp < 12) {
13
14
15
16
                /* Reassign the owner name. */
                strcpy\left(\begin{array}{l}basket[i].owner, owner\_name\right);
17
               /* Copy the kitten from the tisket. */
kitten tum of ten weeket nat powcoder
18
19
20
                /* Print helpful message. */
21
22
                printf("Adopting kitten: ");
23
                printf(basket[i].name);
               printf("\n");
24
25
26
27
       /* Adopt kittens. */
28
       adopt_kittens(kittens, num_kittens); // Implementation not shown.
29
       return num_kittens;
```

1. Explanation:

Solution: Line **14** has a fencepost error: the conditional test should be i < n rather than i <= n. The test at line **13** assures that **n** doesn't exceed 32, but if it's equal to 32, and if all of the cats in **basket** are kittens, then the assignment at line **19** will write past the end of **kittens**, representing a buffer overflow vulnerability.

2. Explanation:

Solution: At line **14** we are checking if $i \le n$. i is an unsigned int and n is a signed int, so during the comparison n is cast to an unsigned int. We can pass in a value such as n = -1 and this would be cast to 0xffffffff which allows the for loop to keep going and write past the buffer.

3. Explanation:

Solution: Ording Telept is Pallo steps which writes the controlled by the attacker, into the owner instance variable of the cat struct. There are no checks that the length of the destination buffer is greater than or equal to the source buffer owner name and therefore the buffer can be overflown.

Solution: Another possible solution is that on line **23** there is a printf call which prints the value stored in the name wise ce that the prints the value stored in the name with state of the could assign the cats names with string formats in them.

Some more minor issues concern the **name** strings in **basket** possibly not being correctly terminated with '\0' characters, which could lead to reading of memory outside of **basket** at line **23**.

Describe how an attacker could exploit these vulnerabilities to obtain a shell:

Solution: Each vulnerability could lead to code execution. An attacker could also use the fencepost or the bound-checking error to overwrite the rip and execute arbitrary code.

Hacked EvanBot is running code to violate students' privacy, and it's up to you to disable it before it's too late!

```
#include <stdio.h>

provid spy_on_students(void) {
    char buffer [16];
    fread(buffer, 1, 24, stdin);

#int main() {
    spy_on_students();
    return 0;
}
```

The shutdown code for Hacked EvanBot is located at address <code>Oxdeadbeef</code>, but there's just one problem—Bot has learned a new memory safety defense. Before returning from a function, it will check that its saved return address (rip) is not <code>Oxdeadbeef</code>, and throw an error if the rip is <code>Oxdeadbeef</code>.

Clarification during exam: Assume little-endian x86 for all questions.

Assume al Scing in the all to a tipe and buffer overflow defenses are disabled.

The address of buffer is 0xbffff110.

Q2.1 (3 points) In the next 3 subparts, you'll supply a malicious input to the fread call at line 5 that causes the program to execute instructions at 0xdeadbeef, without overwriting the rip with the value 0xdeadbeef.

The first part of your input should be a single assembly instruction. What is the instruction? x86 pseudocode or a brief description of what the instruction should do (5 words max) is fine.

Solution: jmp *0xdeadbeef

You can't overwrite the rip with <code>0xdeadbeef</code>, but you can still overwrite the rip to point at arbitrary instructions located somewhere else. The idea here is to overwrite the rip to execute instructions in the buffer, and write a single jump instruction that starts executing code at <code>0xdeadbeef</code>.

Grading: most likely all or nothing, with some leniency as long as you mention something about jumping to address <code>Oxdeadbeef</code>. We will consider alternate solutions, though.

Q2.2 (3 points) The second part of your input should be some garbage bytes. How many garbage bytes do you need to write?

¹In practice, x86 instructions are variable-length.

\bigcirc (G) 0	O(H) 4	O(I) 8	(J) 12	(K) 16	(L) —
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Solution: After the 8-byte instruction from the previous part, we need another 8 bytes to fill buffer, and then another 4 bytes to overwrite the sfp, for a total of 12 garbage bytes.

Q2.3 (3 points) What are the last 4 bytes of your input? Write your answer in Project 1 Python syntax, e.g. \x12\x34\x56\x78.

Solution: $\x10\xf1\xff\xbf$

This is the address of the jump instruction at the beginning of buffer. (The address may be slightly different on randomized versions of this exam.)

Partial credit for writing the address backwards.

Q2.4 (3 paints) Syligardon your tplant in the conting instruction at the dad beef?

- (G) Immediately when the program starts
- O(H) When https://powcoder.com
- (I) When the spy_on_students function returns
- O (J) When the class first in Cethat powcoder
- (K) ----
- (L) ---

Solution: The exploit overwrites the rip of spy_on_students, so when the spy_on_students function returns, the program will jump to the overwritten rip and start executing arbitrary instructions.