CS 61A Fall 2018

Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs

FINAL

INSTRUCTIONS

- You have 3 hours to complete the exam.
- The exam is closed book, closed notes, closed computer, closed calculator, except three hand-written $8.5" \times 11"$ crib sheet of your own creation and the official CS 61A midterm 1, midterm 2, and final study guides.
- Mark your answers on the exam itself. We will not grade answers written on scratch paper.

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First name	
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Name of the person to your left	-
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All the work on this exam is my own.	
(please sign)	

POLICIES & CLARIFICATIONS

- If you need to use the restroom, bring your phone and exam to the front of the room.
- You may use built-in Python functions that do not require import, such as min, max, pow, len, abs, sum, next, iter, list, tuple, map, filter, zip, all, and any.
- You may not use example functions defined on your study guides unless a problem clearly states you can.
- For fill-in-the-blank coding problems, we will only grade work written in the provided blanks. You may only write one Python statement per blank line, and it must be indented to the level that the blank is indented.
- Unless otherwise specified, you are allowed to reference functions defined in previous parts of the same question.
- You may use the Tree, Link, and BTree classes defined on Page 2 (left column) of the Midterm 2 Study Guide.

1. (12 points) High Quality Air (At least one of these is out of Scope: OOP, WWPD, Lambda, Python Lists, Mutation)

For each of the expressions in the table below, write the output displayed by the interactive Python interpreter when the expression is evaluated. The output may have multiple lines. The first row is completed for you.

- If an error occurs, write **Error**, but include all output displayed before the error.
- To display a function value, write **FUNCTION**.
- To display an iterator value, write **ITERATOR**.
- If an expression would take forever to evaluate, write **FOREVER**.

The interactive interpreter displays the contents of the repr string of the value of a successfully evaluated expression, unless it is None.

Assume that you have started python3 and executed the code shown on the left first, then you evaluate each expression on the right in the order shown. Expressions evaluated by the interpreter have a cumulative effect.

	Expression	Output
	print(None)	None
from operator import sub		
from operator import sub	<pre>print(print(None), print)</pre>	
= (lowbdd :: lowbdo :: 0 * (:: ::))(11)		1
z = (lambda x: lambda y: 2 * (y-x)) (Pro	nect Exam He	aln
<pre>def breath(f, count=1):</pre>		
if count > 1:	7(4)	
print(count) ttng.//nous	coder com	
print(count) ttps://pow count += 1 https://pow return lambda x, y: r(x+1, y)	Couci.com	
return lambda x, y: f(x+1, y) ื		
class Day:	_4 1	
aqi = 10 Add Wech	artest Dr. W. GOCET	
<pre>definit(self, aqi=0):</pre>	P = = = = =	
if aqi > self.aqi:		
self.aqi = aqi		
self.n = []		
<pre>def mask(self, limit):</pre>		
def f(aqi):	[Day().aqi, m.aqi]	
if aqi > limit:		
self.n.append(aqi-limit)		
return self.mask(aqi)		
return f		
100dII I	[Week.aqi, t.aqi]	
class Week(Day):		
aqi = 50		
aq1 - 50		
+ D() U1-(100)		
m, t = Day(), Week(199)		
t.mask(200)(100)(150)(160)	t.n	
Day.aqi = 140		
t.aqi = 160		

Name:

2. (8 points) Diagram Horror (At least one of these is out of Scope: Python Lists, Mutation, Environment Diagram, Lambda)

```
def get(out):
    out.pop()
    out = scary(lambda movie: out)
    return lambda: [out]

def scary(movie):
    out.append(movie)
    return movie(5)[:1]

out = [6]
get([7, 8])()
```

Fill in the environment diagram that results from executing the code on the left until the entire program is finished, an error occurs, or all frames are filled. You may not need to use all of the spaces or frames. A complete answer will:

- Add all missing names and parent annotations to all local frames.
- Add all missing values created or referenced during execution.
- Show the return value for each local frame.
- Use box-and-pointer diagrams for lists and tuples.

Global	get
	scary func scary(movie) [parent=Global]
A	Assignment Project Exam Help
f1:	
	Return Value We Chat powcoder
f2:	
	Return Value
f3:	[parent=]
	Return Value
f4:	[parent=]
	Return Value

3. (16 points) Gainz

return True

Definition. A sequence is near increasing if each element beyond the second is larger than all elements preceding its previous element. That is, element i must be larger than elements i-2, i-3, i-4, etc.

(a) (3 pt) (All are in Scope: Python Lists, List Comprehensions, Recursion) Implement is_near, which takes

```
a sequence s and returns whether its elements form a near increasing sequence.
def is_near(s):
    """Return whether s is a near increasing sequence.
   >>> is_near([]) and is_near([1]) and is_near([1, 2]) and is_near(range(10))
   >>> is_near([4, 2]) and is_near((1, 4, 2, 5)) and is_near((1, 2, 4, 3))
   True
                                # 1 <= 3
   >>> is_near((3, 2, 1))
   False
   >>> is_near([1, 4, 2, 3, 5]) # 3 <= 4
   False
   >>> is_near([1, 4, 2, 5, 3]) # 3 <= 4
   False
   >>> is_near([1, 2, 4, 2, 5]) # 2 <= 2
           ssignment Project Exam Help
```

return all([______ > _____ for i in ______])

(b) (6 pt) (All are in Sopre Exceptions, Iterators, Recursion). Implement fast_near, which takes an iterable value and returns whether to be ments form their inclusing sequence fast_near must run in $\Theta(n)$ time and $\Theta(1)$ space (not including the input itself) for an iterable input with n elements. Assume that s has a finite number of elements. You may not call is_near.

def fast_near(s): fast_near(s): Add we hat powcoder relations whether the elements in iterative promunear increasing sequence.

```
>>> fast_near([2, 5, 3, 6, 6, 7, 7, 9, 8])
True
11 11 11
t, s = iter(s), None # Do not refer to s below this line.
try:
  largest, last = _____, _____,
except StopIteration:
  return ______
for x in t:
  if _____:
    return False
  largest, last = ______, _____, _____
```

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Alternative Definition. (Equivalent to the one on the previous page, but stated in a more useful way for the problem below.) A sequence is near increasing if each element but the last two is smaller than all elements following its subsequent element. That is, element i must be smaller than elements i + 2, i + 3, i + 4, etc.

(c) (6 pt)(All are in Scope: Lambda, Recursion) Implement near, which takes a non-negative integer n and returns the largest near increasing sequence of digits within n as an integer. The arguments smallest and d are part of the implementation; you must determine their purpose. You may <u>not</u> call is_near or fast_near. You may <u>not</u> use any values except integers and booleans (True and False) in your solution (no lists, strings, etc.).

etc.). def near(n, smallest=10, d=10): """Return the longest sequence of near-increasing digits in n. >>> near(123) 123 >>> near(153) 153 >>> near(1523) 153 >>> near(15123) 1123 >>> near(11111111) signment Project Exam Help 557 >>> near(14735476) >>> near(8123 attps://powcoder.com 1234567 11 11 11 Add WeChat powcoder no = near(n//10, smallest, d) if smallest > _____: yes = _______ return _____(yes, no)

(d) (1 pt) What is the largest possible integer that could ever be returned from the near function? Note: In general, integers in Python can be arbitrarily large.

4. (11 points) Tree Time

Definition. A runt node is a node in a tree whose label is smaller than all of the labels of its siblings. A sibling is another node that shares the same parent. A node with no siblings is a runt node.

(a) (7 pt) (All are in Scope: Tree Recursion, Tree Class, HOFs) Implement runts, which takes a Tree instance t in which every label is different and returns a list of the labels of all runt nodes in t, in any order. Also implement apply_to_nodes, which returns nothing and is part of the implementation. Do not mutate any tree. The Tree class is on the Midterm 2 Guide. def runts(t): """Return a list in any order of the labels of all runt nodes in t. >>> sorted(runts(Tree(9, [Tree(3), Tree(4, [Tree(5, [Tree(6)]), Tree(7)]), Tree(2)]))) [2, 5, 6, 9]result = [] def g(node): ssignment Project Exam Help apply_to_nodes(_____ https://powcoder.com def apply_to_nodes(f, t): """Apply a funAiodd to Where hat powcoder for b in t.branches:

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5. (9 points) Run, Program, Run (All are in Scope: Scheme Lists)

Implement runs, a Scheme procedure that takes a list of integers s and returns a list of non-empty lists of integers t. Together, the lists in t should contain all elements of s in order. The first element in each list in t must be less than the last element in the previous list, if there is one. The rest of the elements in each list in t must be greater than or equal to the previous element.

Also implement and use next-run in your solution, which takes a non-empty list of integers s and returns a pair of lists: the longest non-decreasing prefix of s and the rest of s. Use the provided pair data abstraction. Your implementation should be correct even if the pair implementation were to change.

(if (null? s)	
(let ((p (r ASS1	gnment Project Exam Help
<pre>(define (first p) ((define (rest p) (p) ;; Return a pair co</pre>	-
;; (4 5)	-run '(4 5 1 3 2)))
(if (or	
 (pair)
(begin	
(define	e p (next-run (cdr s)))
(pair _))))

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6.	(9)	points)) Generation	\mathbf{Z}
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(a) (4 pt) (All are in Scope: Generators, Linked List Class) Implement rev, a generator function that takes a Link instance and yields the elements of that linked list in reverse order. The Link class appears on Page 2 of the Midterm 2 Study Guide.

yield _____

(b) (2 pt) (At least one of these is out of Scope: Scheme Lists, Scheme Streams) Using the provided add procedure, define not-three, an infinite stream of all positive integers that are not evenly divisible by 3. The not-three stream is increasing and begins with 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13.

```
(define (add k s) (cons-stream (+ k (car s)) (add k (cdr-stream s)))
```

$({\tt define\ not-three}\ - Add-WeChat-powcoder})$

(c) (3 pt) (All are in Scope: Scheme Macros) Implement infix, a Scheme macro that evaluates infix expressions. An infix expression is either a number or a three-element list containing an infix expression, a procedure, and another infix expression. The value of a compound infix expression is the value of its second element applied to the values of its first and third elements. Note: The last line begins with a quasiquote. If you cross out the quasiquote and solve the problem without using quasiquote or unquote, you can receive up to 2 out of 3 points (not recommended).

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7. (10 points) SQL of Course (At least one of these is out of Scope: SQL, SQL Aggregation)

The courses table describes the course name, start time hour (h) and minute (m), and length in minutes (len) for different lectures. For example, 61A starts at 13:00 and lasts 50 minutes. The locations table describes the course name and location (loc) of these courses. Assume that each course name appears exactly once in each table. Write your SQL statements so that they would still be correct if the table contents changed.

EATE TABLE courses A SELECT "1" AS course					
SELECT "1" AS course	AS		CR	EATE TABLE location	a AS
			n IINTON	SELECT "1" AS name,	
ELECT "2"	, 13 , 3		UNIUN		"Dwinelle"
ELECT "8"	, 12 , 3		UNION	SELECT "10" ,	HITT OD H
ELECT "10"	, 12 , 3		UNION	•	"Wheeler"
ELECT "50AC"	, 13 , 3		UNION		"Wheeler";
ELECT "61A"	, 13 , 0	, 50;			-
(a) (2 pt) Select a	one-column tal	ble that contains the	he course names	of all courses that star	rt <u>before</u> 13:30.
SELECT course FRO	OM courses WH	HERE			
61A					
8 10					
(b) (4 pt) Select of	to compared	lewith one power	ricerior that c	xtanne lelie, a	well as the short
length in minute	es of My lectur	e held in that loca	tion.	Aum Hon	-
SELECT loc,	http:	G. //2011	and ar	0010	
	пир	s://pow	coder.	COIII	
FROM	-	-			
	Add	l WeCh	at now	zcoder	
			at pov		
	_				
Dwinelle 80					
VLSB 80	⊣				
	⊣				
VLSB 80 Wheeler 45		11 1 1	1 11	1.	1.41
VLSB 80 Wheeler 45 (c) (4 pt) Select a t	three-column ta			arlier course, a later cou	
VLSB 80 Wheeler 45 (c) (4 pt) Select a tof time in minur	three-column ta	e end time of the	earlier course ar	nd the start time of the	e later course. Or
VLSB 80 Wheeler 45 (c) (4 pt) Select a tof time in minur	three-column ta	e end time of the	earlier course ar		e later course. Or
VLSB 80 Wheeler 45 (c) (4 pt) Select a tof time in minument include pairs of	three-column ta	e end time of the c the lectures do not	earlier course and towerlap in time	nd the start time of the	e later course. Or
VLSB 80 Wheeler 45 (c) (4 pt) Select a tof time in minur	three-column ta	e end time of the c the lectures do not	earlier course and towerlap in time	nd the start time of the	e later course. Or
VLSB 80 Wheeler 45 (c) (4 pt) Select a tof time in minument include pairs of	three-column ta	e end time of the c the lectures do not	earlier course and towerlap in time	nd the start time of the	e later course. Or
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VLSB 80 Wheeler 45 (c) (4 pt) Select a tof time in minument include pairs of	three-column ta	e end time of the countries do not	earlier course ar t overlap in time	nd the start time of the	e later course. Or ninutes in an hou
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8. (0 points) Draw! (Optional) Draw a picture of some function or procedure.

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