CS 61A Spring 2017

Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs

Mock Final

INSTRUCTIONS

- You have 1 hour to complete the exam.
- \bullet The exam is closed book, closed notes, closed computer, closed calculator, except one 8.5" \times 11" cheat sheet of your own creation.
- Mark your answers on the exam itself. We will not grade answers written on scratch paper.

| Last name | |
|--|-------------------|
| Assignment Strict name | Project Exam Help |
| Student ID numbittps://p | owcoder.com |
| Instructional account desiration e | Chat powcoder |
| BearFacts email (_@berkeley.edu) | |
| TA | |
| Name of the person to your left | |
| Name of the person to your right | |
| All the work on this exam is my own. (please sign) | |

1. (10 points) On My Way to San Jose

For each of the expressions in the table below, write the output displayed by the interactive Python interpreter when the expression is evaluated. If an error occurs, write "Error". The first box has been filled in for you. Assume that the Link class has been defined. Assume that you have started python3 and executed the following: statements:

```
class City:
                                         class People:
   num = 0
                                           def __init__(self,place,name,first=0):
   def __init__(self, name, \
                                              self.place = place
                                              self.name = name
       pop, people=[]):
     self.name = name
                                              if not first:
     self.pop = pop
                                                self.friend=People(self.place, \
     self.people = list(people)
                                                    "Friend", 1)
     self.num += 1
                                              print(self.place.city)
                                              self.place.city.people.append(self)
 class Place(City):
   lnk = Link.empty
                                           def goto(self, place):
   def __init__(self, name, city=None):
                                              self.place = place
                                              print(self.name+" is at "+place.name)
     self.name = name
     self.city = city
     lnk = self.lnk
     whi Assignment Project Exam Help
     lnk = self
san_jose = City("Santieps"//powcoder.com
tech_museum = Place("Tech_Museum", psan_jose)
steve, bob = People(tech_museum, "Steve"), People(Place("Library", san_jose), "bob")
```

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Name: _______ 3

| len(Place.lnk) | <pre>san_jose.goto = People.goto san_jose.goto(tech_museum)</pre> |
|--|--|
| bob.goto(tech_museum) | <pre>san_jose.goto = steve.goto san_jose.goto(tech_museum)</pre> |
| <pre>print(bob.goto(san_jose))</pre> | <pre>berkeley = City("Berkeley", 2, \ [steve, bob]) City.num</pre> |
| <pre>Peopleinit(san_jose, \ san_jose, "Yali's") san_jose.name</pre> | <pre>berkeley.people[0] == \ san_jose.people[1]</pre> |
| san_jose.city = san_jose Peopleinit(san_jose Peopleinit(san_jose Peopleinit(san_jose Signment Projection san_jose.name | ectak xamakkatp.people] |
| 10444000//0007770 | 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 |

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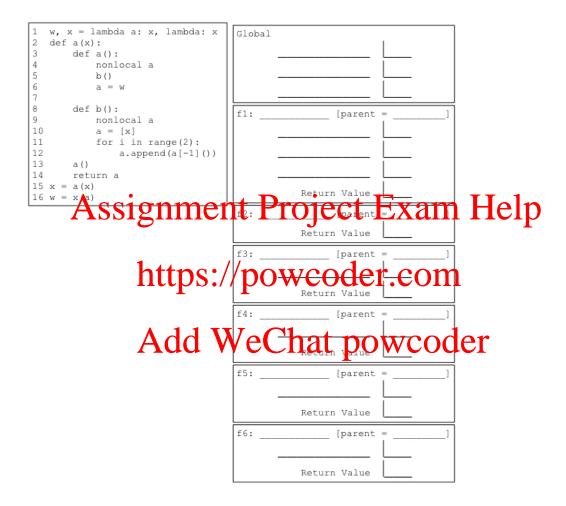
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2. (10 points) Aaaaaaaaaaaa

Fill in the environment diagram that results from executing the code below until the entire program is finished, an error occurs. You may not need to use all of the spaces or frames.

A complete answer will:

- Add all missing names and parent annotations to all frames.
- Add all missing values created or referenced during execution.
- Show the return value for each local frame.



| Nar | ne: _ | | | 5 |
|-----|-------|------------|--|-------------------|
| 3. | (10 j | | Scheme-ing Merge Given two sorted lists, lst1 and lst2, return a list that eder. Break ties in any way you wish. | sorts both in as- |
| | (dei | fine | (merge lst1 lst2) | |
| | ((| cond | (() |) |
| | | | (() |) |
| | | | (() |) |
| | | | (else (|)))) |
| | | | | |
| | clas | emp def | inTree: ty = () init(self, label, left=empty, right=empty): Als.self.left = left self.left = left self.right = right nary search legtandamentry, return the path in order to reach the entry from the | root in the form |
| | | pat] | hfinder(bst, entry): | |
| | | >>> | bintree Arthee WeinTreat powcoderee(5)) pathfinder(bst, 2) | |
| | | >>> [4, | pathfinder(bst, 2) 2] | |
| | | | <pre>pathfinder(bst, 1) 2, 1]</pre> | |
| | | " " " | ; | |
| | | | | |
| | | 011 | | |
| | | eii. | f: | |
| | | | | |
| | | eli: | f: | |
| | | | return | |

return _____

else:

5. (10 points) Homework Party: The SQL

You are a veteran at RuneSQL, a popular RPG (role-playing game) where you hone your skills to become the best player in the database! However, you are a little short on SUPER DUPER EPIC RARE 61A homework party hats. Other players (a.k.a. n00bs) are fortunately predictable. Through your many years of being a crafty RuneSQL economist, you have taken note of the trends in hat_prices. The following chart shows the price per unit (in millions of RuneSQL coins) and quantity for a batch offer of party hats at a certain time (in minutes).

| • . | | |
|-----|--------|-------|
| hat | _pric | es |
| Hau | _pr rc | · C L |

| time | price | quantity |
|------|-------|----------|
| 0 | 0.5 | 20 |
| 30 | .3 | 10 |
| 60 | 0.75 | 40 |
| 90 | 0.7 | 25 |
| 120 | 1.3 | 25 |
| 150 | 1.25 | 30 |
| 180 | 0.4 | 5 |
| 210 | 0.45 | 10 |

Theres a catch! You will have to wait 1 hour after buying a single batch of hate or noobs will get suspicious and market picks yill ching. With 1 EQL selects attend to the part of hate you can buy for 30 million coins, your current budget.

| Expected result: 0, 60, 210 70 WITH paths(path, preptime, pitts, money der.com |
|--|
| FROM hat Add WieChat powcoder |
| SELECT |
| FROM hat_prices, paths WHERE money >= 0 and time - prev_time > 30 |
|) SELECT; |