Assignment 1 - OpenMP

- Use OpenMP to parallelize the deqn code
 - The overall objective is to achieve good speedup by inserting OpenMP directives in the degn code
 - Spaces in a mattile project of the sequential version of a program to the execution time of the parallel version https://prowcoder.com
- You also need to
 - Add WeChat powcoder benchmark the runtime of each relevant loop and the runtime of the whole parallel program against the number of threads
 - benchmark the overhead of OpenMP

Assignment 1 - OpenMP

Write a report

- Explain in detail what you did with the sequential code
- benchmark the runtime of each relevant loop and the runtingsignment legicale Example Quainst the number of threads; present the runtimes in graph or table; analyze the resultshttps://powcoder.com
- Discuss the iterative the political pour program
- Analyze the overhead of OpenMP
- Presentation skills, spelling, punctuation and grammar
- Up to four A4 pages

Submission

 Put all the codes and the report (pdf file) in a zip package and submit the zip package through Tabula

- Deadline: 12 noon, Feb 9th, 2021 Assignment Project Exam Help

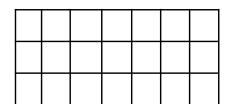
https://powcoder.com

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deqn

- Model the transfer of heat through a material
- Expressed as a partial differential equation, where u is the temperature, which is the function over coordinates x and Project Exam Help

- Use the numbricat methody 6 state the equation, i.e, obtain the values of *u* at coordinates (x, y) and at time points t
 - Discretize the space and the time



Discretize the space



Discretize the time

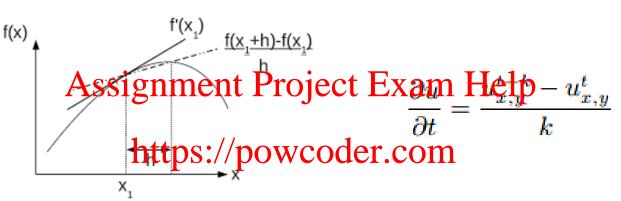
deqn

- Model the transfer of heat through a material
- Expressed as a partial differential equation,
 where u is the temperature, x and y are coordinates

- Use the numbricat methody of the equation, i.e, obtain the values of *u* at the coordinates (x, y) and at the time point t
 - Discretize the space and the time
 - Convert partial differential equation to linear equation

Convert partial differential equation to linear equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \alpha \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}\right) = 0$$



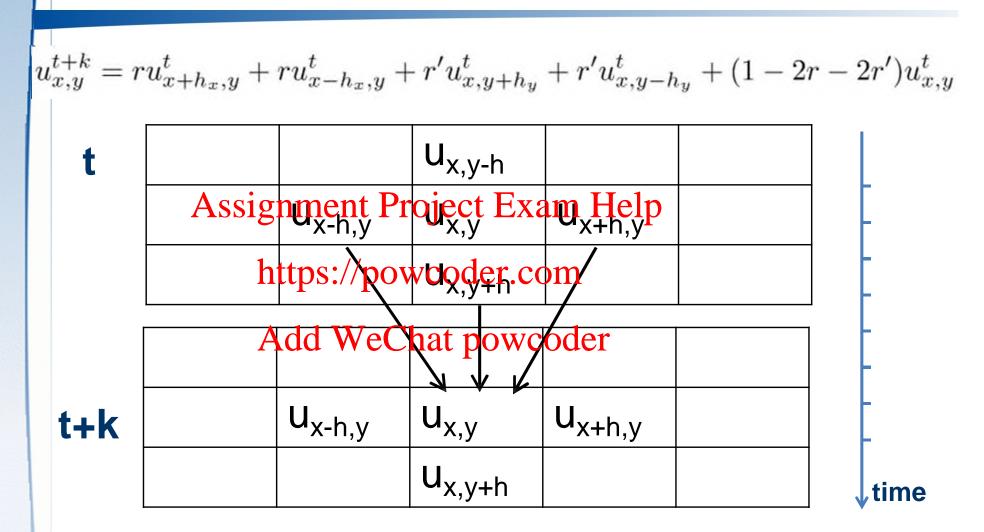
$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{u_{x+h,y}^t - 2u_{x,y}^t + u_{x-h,y}^t}{h^2} \qquad \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \frac{u_{x,y+h}^t - 2u_{x,y}^t + u_{x,y-h}^t}{h^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \alpha \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}\right) = 0$$



$$u_{x,y}^{t+k} = ru_{x+h_x,y}^t + ru_{x-h_x,y}^t + r'u_{x,y+h_y}^t + r'u_{x,y-h_y}^t + (1 - 2r - 2r')u_{x,y}^t$$

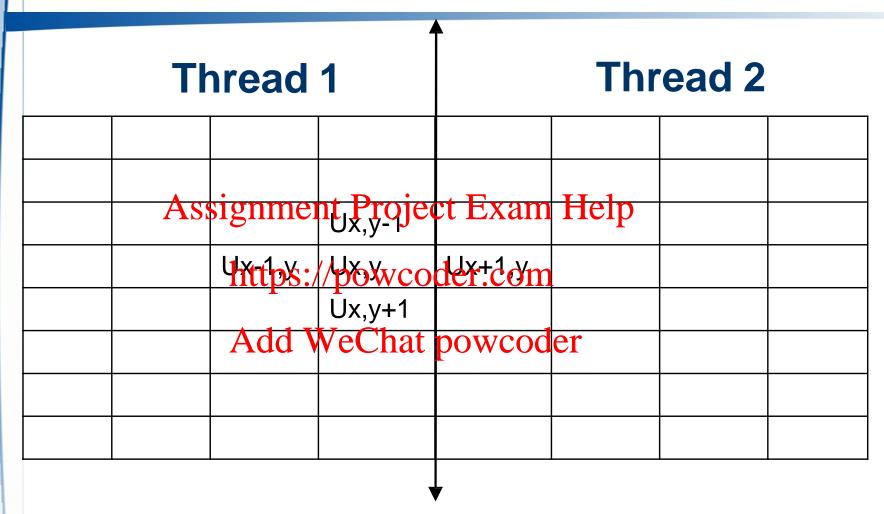
Data Dependency



Given the initial temperature of the material, we can calculate the temperature of the material at any time point and space location

Question: How to parallelize the computation?

Parallelism



- Each thread calculates the temperature at any time and at its local space in parallel
- Thread communication