

MATH3411 INFORMATION, CODES & CIPHERS

Test 1, Session 2 2011, SOLUTIONS

Version A

Multiple choice: c,b,c,d,a

True/False: T, F, F, T, T

1. (c):
2. (b): third block has 3 ones and the 20th bit is in that block.
3. (c): The syndrome is 010.
4. (d):

5. (a) create a tree on $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} = (0.125)_2$.

6. (a) **True.** $w = d = 7 = 2 \times 3 + 1$ so three can be corrected.

(b) **False:** Sphere packing bound implies $|C| \leq \frac{2^n}{1 + n + \frac{1}{2}n(n-1)}$ for 2-error correcting and $n = 8$, $k = 3$ does not satisfy this inequality.

(c) **False:** $1010 = c_3 + c_3 = c_4 + c_1$. Alternatively, the Kraft-McMillan constant for this code is $\frac{9}{8}$, so by the Kraft-McMillan theorem no UD code with the parameters of this code exists.

(d) **True:** $K = \frac{1}{3} + 4 \times \frac{1}{9} + 2 \times \frac{1}{27} < 1$.

(e) **True:** $M\mathbf{p} = \mathbf{p}$ and sum of entries of \mathbf{p} is 1.

7. (a) In order the codewords are 00, 10, 010, 110, 111, 0110, 0111.

(b) Average length is $\frac{51}{20}$.

Version B

Multiple Choice: d, d, b, c, d

True/False: F, T, T, F, T

1. **(d):**
2. **(d):** last block has 3 ones and the 35th bit is in that block
3. **(b):** Sphere packing bound implies $|C| = 2^k \leq \frac{2^n}{1 + n + \frac{1}{2}n(n-1)}$ for 2-error correcting. The right-hand side of this inequality is $\frac{2^7}{29} \approx 4.4$, so $k \leq 2$.
4. **(c):** Since that codeword has weight 7, $w = d = 7 = 2 \times 3 + 1$ so three can be corrected.
5. **(d):** The Kraft-Macmillan constant is clearly greater than 1 in the first two cases and for $r = 4$ we get $3 \times \frac{1}{4} + 4 \times \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{64} > 1$, but for $r = 5$, $K = 3 \times \frac{1}{5} + 4 \times \frac{1}{25} + \frac{1}{125} < 1$.
6. (a) **False:** second check equation is not satisfied.
(b) **True:** multiply out the matrix and vector.
(c) **True:** it's an I-code (draw a tree)
(d) **False:** $c_5 = 101$ either by the tree or $\frac{1}{4} + 3 \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} = (0.101)_2$.
(e) **True:** $M\mathbf{p} = \mathbf{p}$ and sum of entries of \mathbf{p} is 1.
7. (a) In order the codewords are 01, 11, 000, 001, 101, 1000, 1001
(b) Average length is $\frac{52}{20} = \frac{13}{5}$.