# Lab02 A Variant of the Fibonacci Sequence

## **Task**

Do you still remember the Fibonacci sequence of the midterm exam?

Now we expect you to calculate a variant of the Fibonacci sequence:

$$F(0) = F(1) = 1 \ F(N) = F(N-2) \ \% \ p + F(N-1) \ \% \ q \ (2 \leq N \leq 1024) \ p = 2^k \ (2 \leq k \leq 10), \ 10 \leq q \leq 1024$$

Note that p will be stored in x3100, q will be stored in x3101 and N will be stored in x3102. ASSIGNMENT Project Exam Help

Your job: store F(N) in x3103.

R0-R7 are set to zeroes at the top ship of the state of t

Here are some examples:

N	Add WeCh	at poweouc	F(N)
100	256	123	146
200	512	456	818
300	1024	789	1219

### Score

Correctness for 50% and the report for other 50%.

## **Submission**

Note that from this experiment, each experiment requires using assembly code.

Here are some notifications:

Your program should start with .ORIG x3000

- Your program should end with .END
- Your last instruction should be TRAP x25 (HALT)
- Capitalized keywords(also labels) are recommended (For example, use "ADD" instead of "add", use "NUMBER" instead of "number")
- Spaces after commas ( ADD R0, R0, #1 rather than ADD R0, R0, #1)
- Decimal constants start with #, hexadecimal with lowercase x
- Write comments when necessary

You may also refer to the textbook for more details of code style.

Your submission be structured as shown below.

## **Reports**

Your reports should conting the five Project Exam Help

- purpose
- principles (e.g. how to have been some with modulus) we coder.com
- procedure (e.g. bugs you encountered and how to solve them)
- results of your test
- answer to the question. How an work probable of the flucture in your program? (Just describe your idea briefly.)

## **Sth Interesting**

Here are some questions worth thinking:

You don't have to answer them in your report!

You can answer in your report, but that will bring you no more extra points but feedback from your TA.

Don't worry!

You may find that this fibonacci sequence has periodicity sometimes. For example, when (p,q) is (32, 16), (64, 32), or (32, 64).

- 1. Can you make a conclusion of the least positive period of these sequences.
- 2. Can your conclusion apply to all integer p that  $4 \le p \le 1024$ ? Prove that or give one counter example.