

How Does PowerShell Help Practically Enhance My Pipeline Automation?

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About me.



- Lead Consultant @DevoTeam
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Agenda

- Existing architecture
- New architecture
- Implementation
- Conclusion





Existing architecture



Problem



1

Lack of visibility

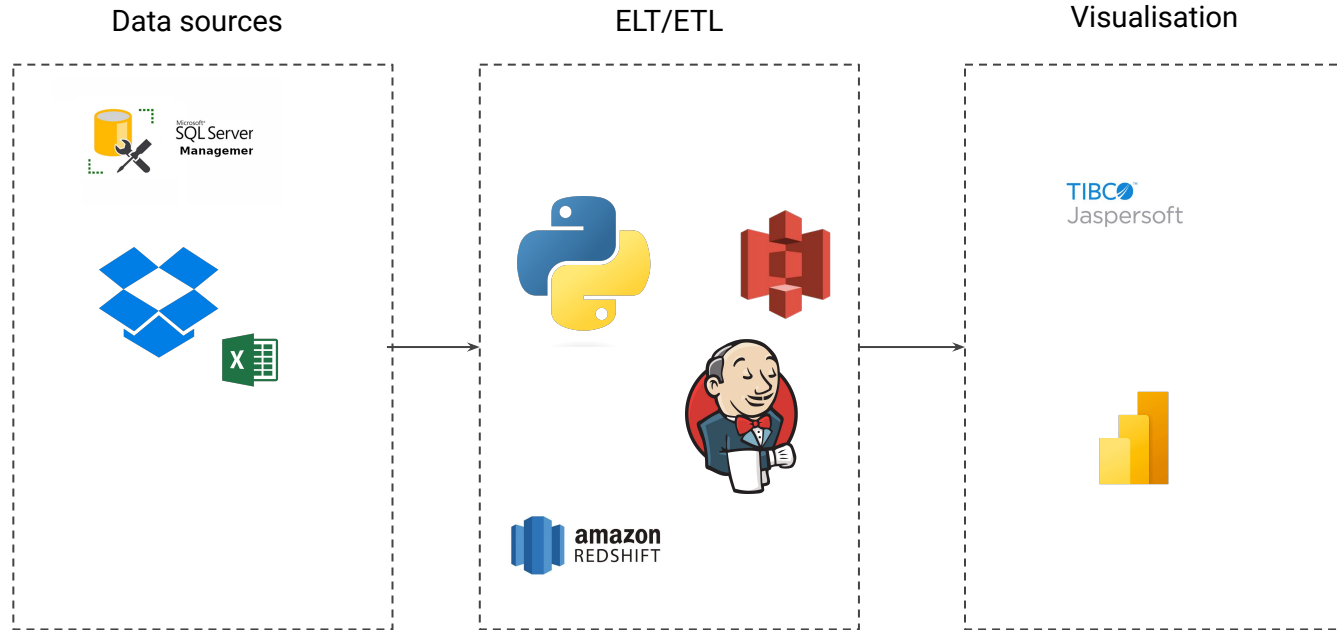
2

Unreliable reporting system

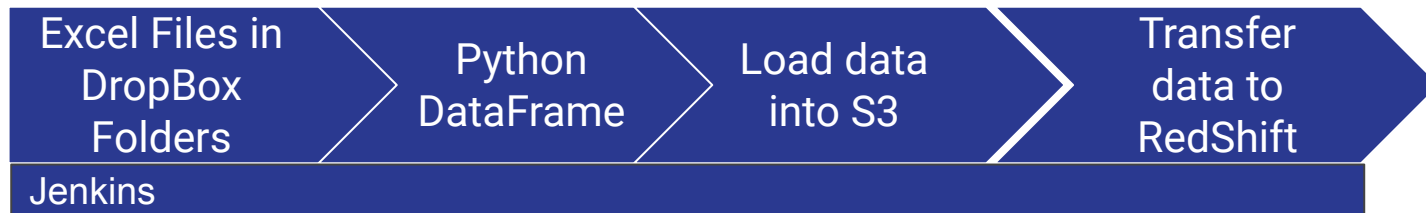
3

Inefficient manual works

Existing Architecture



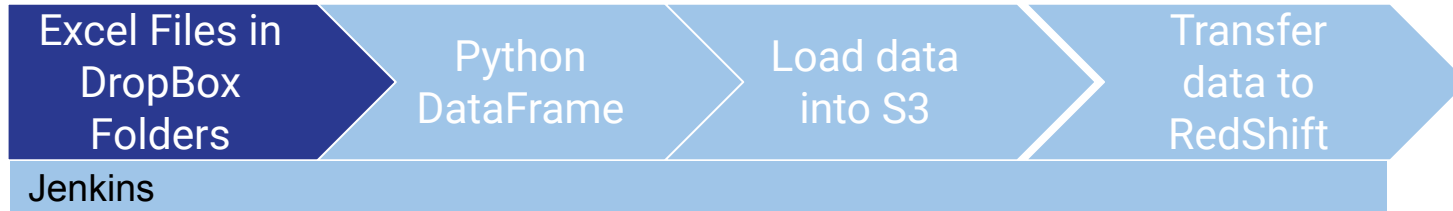
Existing Architecture



Existing Architecture



Data collection is still manual



Existing Architecture



The code is inefficient



Existing Architecture



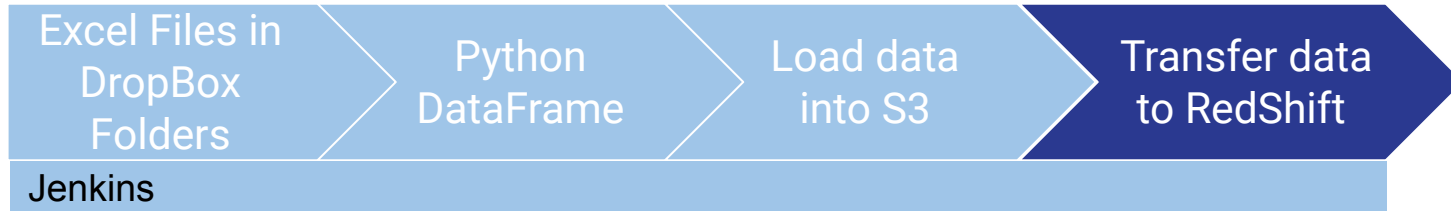
Join DataFrames
(Excel/Python DataFrames +
RedShift Tables)



Existing Architecture



Cross Platform

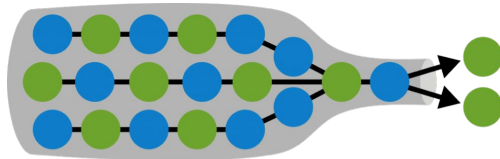


Existing Architecture

Code versioning is not well managed

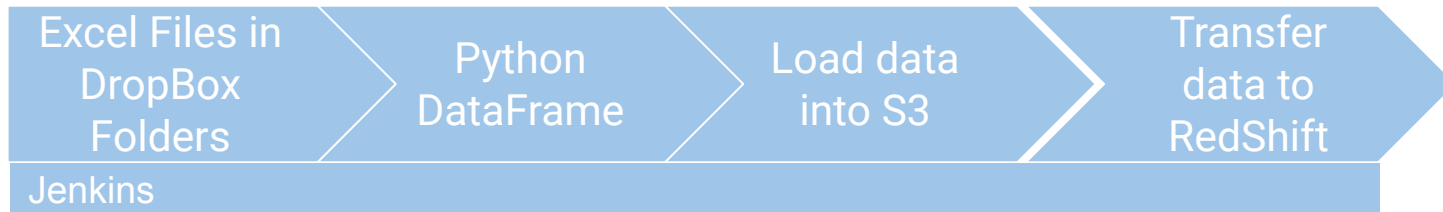


Existing Architecture



Limit the team capacity

People
working on
Exclusive VM

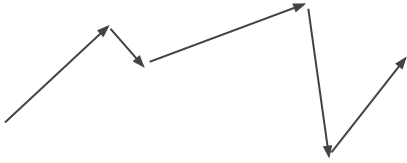




Why PowerShell and Azure DevOps?

What are the hooks?

- Assess the situation (devops, survey)
- Pilot test
- Deployment



Why?



~~Copycat~~

Best Practice

NOT necessary the best, but
the **best suitable** solution

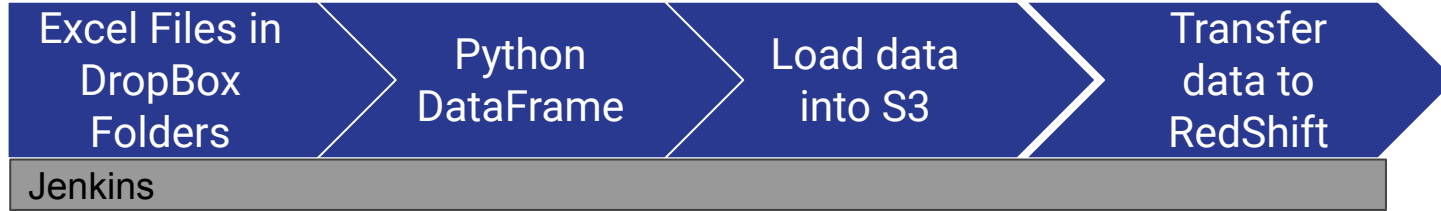


Focus on Business Value

Align architecture strategy
with business needs

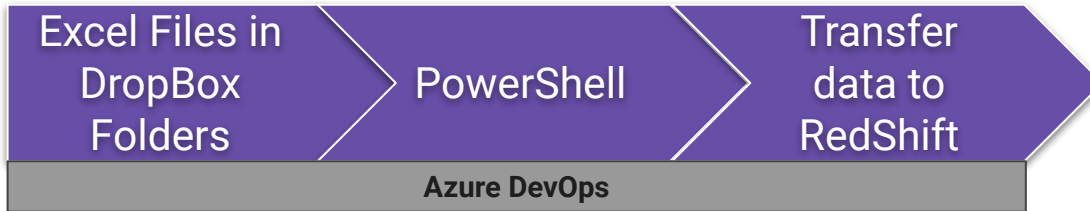
- M&A
 - Visibility
 - Operate up to speed
 - Scale up
 - Version Control
 - Cross Platform Management

Old



People
working on
Exclusive VM

New

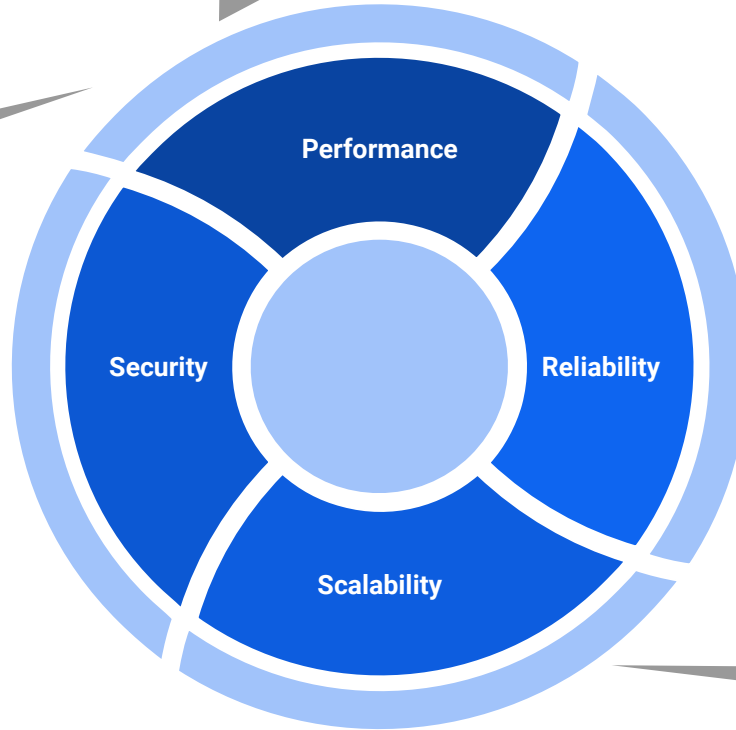


Cloud

Outcome

The code is inefficient

Code versioning is not well managed



Data collection is still manual

Cross Platform

Limit team capacity

Outcome



1

Enhance the visibility of business performance fast

2

Reliability

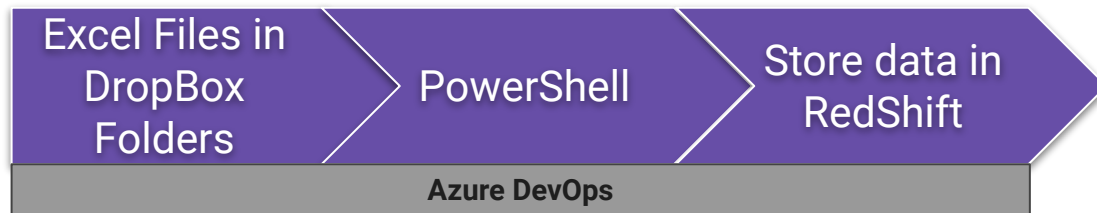
3

Scalability

New Architecture



@dfinke





Implementation

How?



Azure DevOps



Azure
Boards

Plan, track, and discuss work across teams, deliver value to your users faster.



Azure
Repos

Unlimited cloud-hosted private Git repos. Collaborative pull requests, advanced file management, and more.



Azure
Pipelines

CI/CD that works with any language, platform, and cloud. Connect to GitHub or any Git provider and deploy continuously to any cloud.



Azure
Test Plans

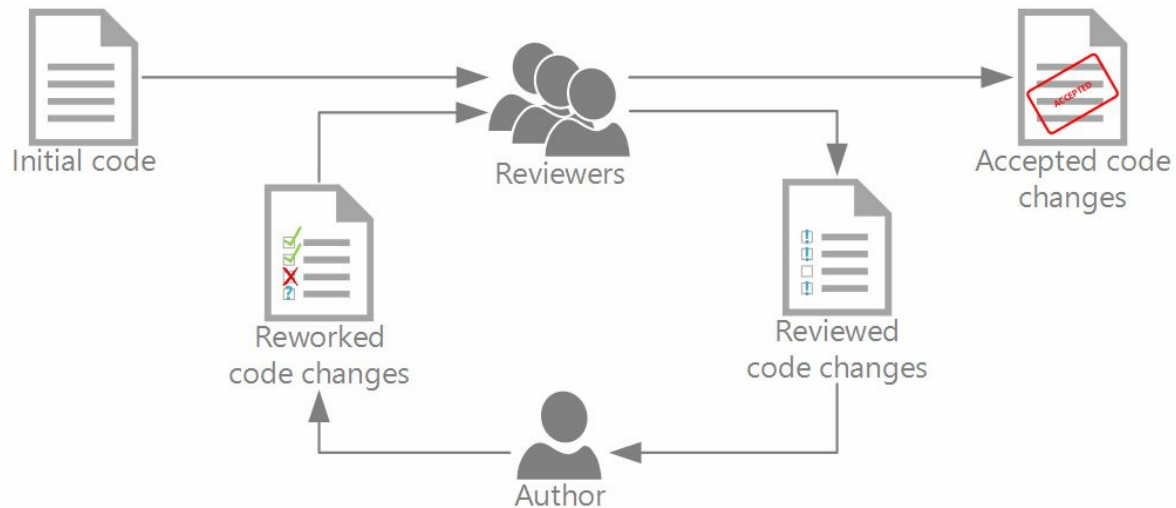
The test management and exploratory testing toolkit that lets you ship with confidence.



Azure
Artifacts

Create, host, and share packages. Easily add artifacts to CI/CD pipelines.

How?



Python

```
def extract_df():
    global dft

    parent_path = r'C:\Users\username\box'
    area_list = ['Nordics', 'Southern Europe', 'Western Europe']
    country_list = ['Denmark', 'Netherlands', 'Spain']

    df=pandas.DataFrame([])

    for area in next(os.walk(parent_path))[1]:
        #print(area)
        if area in area_list:
            area_path = os.path.join(parent_path,area)
            #print(area)
            #print(area_path)
            for country in next(os.walk(area_path))[1]:
                if country in country_list:
                    country_path = os.path.join(parent_path, area, country)
                    #print(country_path)
                    for company in next(os.walk(country_path))[1]:
                        if company.endswith('_KPI'):
                            company = re.sub('_KPI', '', company)
                            company_path= os.path.join(parent_path, area, country,company)
                            year = str(datetime.date.today().year)
                            try:
                                box_path = os.path.join(parent_path, area, country,company+'_KPI',year,'fpa_final.xlsx')
                                print (box_path)

                                # Check whether the specified path exists or not
                                isExist = os.path.exists('./data')

                                if not isExist:

                                    # Create a new directory because it does not exist
                                    | os.makedirs('./data')

                                convert_xlsx_to_csv(box_path, 'Input', bucket_copy)
```


Python

```
for country in next(os.walk(area_path))[1]:
    if country in country_list:
        country_path = os.path.join(parent_path, country)
        #print(country_path)
        for company in next(os.walk(country_path)):
            if company.endswith('_KPI'):
                company = re.sub('_KPI', '', company)
                company_path = os.path.join(parent_path, company)
                year = str(datetime.date.today().year)
                try:
                    box_path = os.path.join(company_path, year)
                    print(box_path)
```

PowerShell

```
$parentPath = 'C:\Users\username\box'
$Arealist = @('Nordics', 'Southern Europe', 'Western Europe')
$CountryList = @('Denmark', 'Netherlands', 'Spain')

$alldata = Get-Childitem -Path $parentPath -Recurse -File -Filter 'fpa_final.xlsx' | Where-Object{
    (($_ .FullName -split '\\')[2] -in $Arealist) -and
    (($_ .FullName -split '\\')[3] -in $CountryList) -and
    (($_ .FullName -split '\\')[4] -match 'KPI')
} | ForEach-Object {
    try {
        Import-Excel -Path $_.FullName -WorksheetName *
    } catch {
        Write-Warning "Failed to import $($_.FullName): $($_.Exception.Message)"
    }
}
```

Python

```
try:
    dft = parse_fpa_ods_input_sheet(bucket_copy)
    # Add company
    dft['company'] = ' ' + company
    dft.rename(columns={
        'year': 'year',
        'week': 'week',
        'organization': 'organization',
        'company': 'company',
        'Pallets': 'storage_pallets',
        'Pallets.1': 'in_flow_pallet',
        'Net Weight': 'in_flow_weight_net',
        'Gross Weight': 'in_flow_weight_gross',
        'Trip': 'in_flow_trip',
        'Pallets.2': 'out_flow_pallet',
        'Net Weight.1': 'out_flow_weight_net',
        'Gross Weight.1': 'out_weight_gross',
        'Trip.1': 'out_flow_trip'

    }, inplace = True)
    #df.append(dft)

    df =pandas.concat([df,dft], ignore_index=True)

    #change name to be mapped with site table:
    df['company'].replace(to_replace={
        'Amsterdam': 'Netherlands'
        , 'Barcelona': 'Spain'
        , 'Copenhagen': 'Denmark'
    }, inplace= True)

    df['company'].str.replace('[#,&,?]', '')

    print(df['company'].unique())
```

Python

```
dft.rename(columns={
    'year': 'year',
    'week': 'week',
    'organization': 'organization',
    'company': 'company',
    'Pallets': 'storage_pallets',
    'Pallets.1': 'in_flow_pallet',
    'Net Weight': 'in_flow_weight_net',
    'Gross Weight': 'in_flow_weight_gross',
    'Trip': 'in_flow_trip',
    'Pallets.2': 'out_flow_pallet',
    'Net Weight.1': 'out_flow_weight_net',
    'Gross Weight.1': 'out_weight_gross',
    'Trip.1': 'out_flow_trip'

}, inplace = True)
```

```
#change name to be mapped with site table:
df['company'].replace(to_replace={
    'Amsterdam': 'Netherlands'
    , 'Barcelona': 'Spain'
    , 'Copenhagen': 'Denmark'
}, inplace= True)

df['company'].str.replace('[#,&,@,?]', '')
```

```
try:
    dft = parse_fpa_ods_input_sheet(bucket_copy)
    # Add company
    dft['company'] = ' ' + company
    dft.rename(columns={
        'year': 'year',
        'week': 'week',
        'organization': 'organization',
        'company': 'company',
        'Pallets': 'storage_pallets',
        'Pallets.1': 'in_flow_pallet',
        'Net Weight': 'in_flow_weight_net',
        'Gross Weight': 'in_flow_weight_gross',
        'Trip': 'in_flow_trip',
        'Pallets.2': 'out_flow_pallet',
        'Net Weight.1': 'out_flow_weight_net',
        'Gross Weight.1': 'out_weight_gross',
        'Trip.1': 'out_flow_trip'

    }, inplace = True)

    #df.append(dft)

    df =pandas.concat([df,dft], ignore_index=True)

    #change name to be mapped with site table:
    df['company'].replace(to_replace={
        'Amsterdam': 'Netherlands'
        , 'Barcelona': 'Spain'
        , 'Copenhagen': 'Denmark'
    }, inplace= True)

    df['company'].str.replace('[#,&,@,?]', '')

    print(df['company'].unique())
```


Python

```
except:
    df = pandas.DataFrame(columns=['Year',
    'Week',
    'organization',
    'company',
    'storage_pallets',
    'in_flow_pallet',
    'in_flow_weight_net',
    'in_flow_weight_gross',
    'in_flow_trip',
    'out_flow_pallet',
    'out_flow_weight_net',
    'out_flow_weight_gross',
    'out_flow_trip'
    ], inplace = True)

except:
    print('non exist')

return df
```

PowerShell

```
function Replace-Value {  
    param(  
        $ValueName,  
        $Value  
    )  
  
    switch ($ValueName) {  
        'Company' {  
            $Value -replace 'Amsterdam','Netherlands' -replace 'Barcelona','Spain'  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
$formatdata = $alldata.sheet1 | ForEach-Object {  
    [PSCustomObject]@{  
        'Year' = $_.year  
        'Week' = $_.week  
        'organization' = $_.organization  
        'company' = Replace-Value -ValueName Company -Value $_.company  
        'storage_pallets' = $_.Pallets  
        'in_flow_pallet' = $_.Pallets.1  
        'in_flow_weight_net' = $_.Net  
        'in_flow_weight_gross' = $_.Gross  
        'in_flow_trip' = $_.Trip  
        'out_flow_pallet' = $_.Pallets.2  
        'out_flow_weight_net' = $_.Net Weight.1  
        'out_flow_weight_gross' = $_.Gross  
        'out_flow_trip' = $_.Trip.1  
    }  
}
```

PowerShell

```
function Replace-Value {  
    param(  
        $ValueName,  
        $Value  
    )  
  
    switch ($ValueName) {  
        'Company' {  
            $Value -replace 'Amsterdam','Netherlands' -replace 'Barcelona', 'Spain'  
        }  
        .  
    }  
}
```

Python

```
parent_path = r'C:\Users\username\box'
area_list = ['Nordics', 'Southern Europe', 'Western Europe']
country_list = ['Denmark', 'Norway', 'Spain']

file_list = []

for root, dirs, files in os.walk(parent_path):
    for file in files:
        if file == 'fpa_final.xlsx' and root.split('\\')[2] in area_list and root.split('\\')[3] in country_list and root.split('\\')[4].endswith('_KPI'):
            file_list.append(os.path.join(root, file))

for file_path in file_list:
    print(file_path)
```



Conclusion

Limitation & Potential Enhancement



- Use DropBox API
 - Power Automate
- Integrate further with Azure DevOps
- Unit Testing

Summary



- Assess the situation to have better solution, not always the best technology is suitable, and rather make use of the current technology
- Frameworks assessment
- PowerShell can provide **intuitive** way of managing the workflow and quick learning



Thank You

Appreciate your feedback