

## Correlation vs Causation

### Correlation

#### Definition

Statistical association between variables

#### Pearson Correlation

$$\rho = \text{Cov}(X, Y) / (\sigma_X \sigma_Y)$$

$$\rho = -1$$

Perfect negative

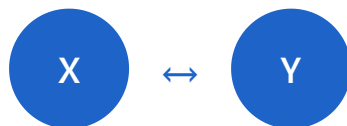
$$\rho = 0$$

No linear

$$\rho = 1$$

Perfect positive

Association only



### Causation

#### Definition

X directly influences Y

#### Causal Relationship

Requires:

- Temporal precedence
- Mechanism
- Control of confounders

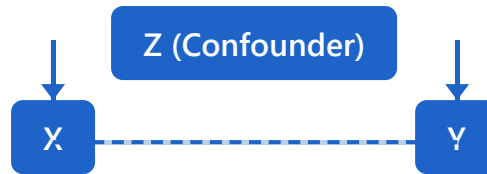
Direct influence



#### ⚠ Key Warning

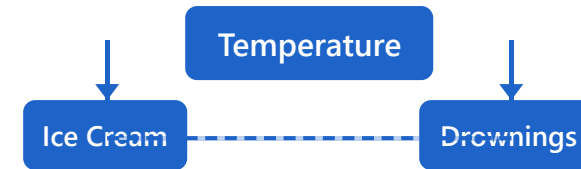
Correlation does NOT imply causation

### Confounding Variable



Z affects both X and Y,  
creating spurious correlation

### Classic Example



Correlated, but ice cream  
doesn't cause drownings

### Regression Limitation

Regression shows association, not necessarily causation