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终端的应用

1.命令行 vs 图形化界面 运行中出现问题

Vscode 作为 code 的命令突然失效 检查了许多次 添加系统变量中的路径也没办法使用 折腾了半天(最后猜想可能是 vscode 的安装路径有问题 但安装过程太过繁琐)仍未解决 最后采用折中的办法 在 powershell 中设置了**临时路径**

```
PS D:\rust\hello_world\hello_cargo> Set-Alias -Name code -Value "D:\Microsof t VS Code\code.exe"
PS D:\rust\hello_world\hello_cargo> code
```

在先前 rust 的学习中就发现终端的应用能够大大减轻工作量 但是对于终端的作用还是不太明确 真心觉得图形化窗口太复杂了··· 想重装系统

```
[13412:0210/102908.392:ERROR:ssl_client_socket_impl.cc(879)] handshake faile d; returned -1, SSL error code 1, net_error -101 [13412:0210/102908.437:ERROR:ssl_client_socket_impl.cc(879)] handshake faile d; returned -1, SSL error code 1, net_error -101 [13412:0210/102908.637:ERROR:ssl_client_socket_impl.cc(879)] handshake faile d; returned -1, SSL error code 1, net_error -101 [13412:0210/103138.209:ERROR:ssl_client_socket_impl.cc(879)] handshake faile d; returned -1, SSL error code 1, net_error -101 [13412:0210/103138.422:ERROR:ssl_client_socket_impl.cc(879)] handshake faile d; returned -1, SSL error code 1, net_error -101
```

设置临时路径之后又多次出现 SSL 握手失败的问题 未解决 不过影响不太 项目能够正常运行

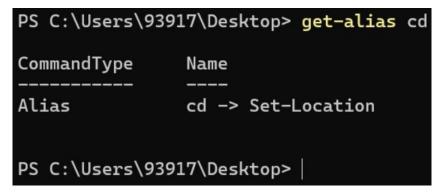
2.命令行窗口的学习

终端—对操作系统发号指令 首先 我很疑惑 **为什么 windows 有两个命令窗口** 一个 cmd 一个 powershell Windows has two command-line shells: the Command shell and PowerShell. Each shell is a software program that provides direct communication between you and the operating system or application, providing an environment to automate IT operations.

The Command shell was the first shell built into Windows to automate routine tasks, like user account management or nightly backups, with batch (.bat) files. With Windows Script Host, you could run more sophisticated scripts in the Command shell. For more information, see cscript or wscript. You can perform operations more efficiently by using scripts than you can by using the user interface. Scripts accept all commands that are available at the command line.

PowerShell was designed to extend the capabilities of the Command shell to run PowerShell commands called cmdlets. Cmdlets are similar to Windows Commands but provide a more extensible scripting language. You can run both Windows Commands and PowerShell cmdlets in PowerShell, but the Command shell can only run Windows Commands and not PowerShell cmdlets.

总结来看 cmd 是最古早的命令行(DOS 遗留下来的产物) powershell 则是拓展包 有一套自己的语言系统 powershell 的语言和 cmd 的语音都可以使用 是一个完整的脚本语言运行环境



Alias 别名 比如 cd 和 Set-Location 二者底层逻辑完全不一样 简单的 windows 命令 vs cmdlet.net 包可以用 get-alias 命令来查看别名关系 其中也有 linux 命令管道符



```
epcsv -> Export-Csv
epsn -> Export-PSSession
Alias
Alias
                  erase -> Remove-Item
Alias
                  etsn -> Enter-PSSession
Alias
                  exsn -> Exit-PSSession
Alias
                  fc -> Format-Custom
                                                                          3.1.0.0
Alias
                  fhx -> Format-Hex
Alias
                  fl -> Format-List
Alias
                  foreach -> ForEach-Object
Alias
                  ft -> Format-Table
Alias
Alias
                  fw -> Format-Wide
                 gal -> Get-Alias
gbp -> Get-PSBreakpoint
Alias
Alias
                  gc -> Get-Content
Alias
Alias
Alias
                                                                          3.1.0.0
                  gcb -> Get-Clipboard
                 gci -> Get-ChildItem
Alias
                 gcm -> Get-Command
Alias
                 gcs -> Get-PSCallStack
                 gdr -> Get-PSDrive
Alias
                 ghy -> Get-History
Alias
Alias
                 gi -> Get-Item
                 gin -> Get-ComputerInfo
Alias
                                                                          3.1.0.0
                 gjb -> Get-Job
Alias
Alias
                  gl -> Get-Location
Alias
                  gm -> Get-Member
Alias
                  gmo -> Get-Module
                  gp -> Get-ItemProperty
Alias
Alias
                  gps -> Get-Process
Alias
                  gpv -> Get-ItemPropertyValue
Alias
                  group -> Group-Object
Alias
                  gsn -> Get-PSSession
Alias
                  gsnp -> Get-PSSnapin
Alias
                 gsv -> Get-Service
                 gtz -> Get-TimeZone
Alias
                                                                          3.1.0.0
```

```
rp -> Remove-ItemProperty
rsn -> Remove-PSSession
Alias
Alias
                   rsnp -> Remove-PSSnapin
                   rujb -> Resume-Job
Alias
                   rv -> Remove-Variable
rvpa -> Resolve-Path
Alias
Alias
Alias
                   rwmi -> Remove-WmiObject
Alias
                   sajb -> Start-Job
Alias
                   sal -> Set-Alias
Alias
                   saps -> Start-Process
Alias
                   sasv -> Start-Service
Alias
                   sbp -> Set-PSBreakpoint
Alias
                   sc -> Set-Content
Alias
                   scb -> Set-Clipboard
                                                                                 3.1.0.0
Alias
                   select -> Select-Object
Alias
                   set -> Set-Variable
Alias
                   shcm -> Show-Command
                   si -> Set-Item
Alias
                   sl -> Set-Location
Alias
Alias
                   sleep -> Start-Sleep
                   sls -> Select-String
sort -> Sort-Object
sp -> Set-ItemProperty
spjb -> Stop-Job
Alias
Alias
Alias
Alias
                   spps -> Stop-Process
Alias
                   spsv -> Stop-Service
Alias
                   start -> Start-Process
stz -> Set-TimeZone
Alias
                                                                                 3 1 0 0
Alias
Alias
                   sujb -> Suspend-Job
                   sv -> Set-Variable
Alias
                   swmi -> Set-WmiInstance
tee -> Tee-Object
trcm -> Trace-Command
Alias
Alias
Alias
                   type -> Get-Content
Alias
                   wget -> Invoke-WebRequest
Alias
                   where -> Where-Object
Alias
Alias
                   wjb -> Wait-Job
Alias
                   write -> Write-Output
```

CommandType	Name	Version
Alias	 % -> ForEach-Object	
Alias	? -> Where-Object	
Alias	ac -> Add-Content	
Alias	asnp -> Add-PSSnapin	
Alias	cat -> Get-Content	
Alias	cd -> Set-Location	
Alias	CFS -> ConvertFrom-String	3.1.0.0
Alias	chdir -> Set-Location	3.1.0.0
Alias	clc -> Clear-Content	
Alias	clear -> Clear-Host	
Alias	clhy -> Clear-History	
Alias	cli -> Clear-Item	
Alias	clp -> Clear-ItemProperty	
Alias	cls -> Clear-Host	
Alias	clv -> Clear-Variable	
Alias	cnsn -> Connect-PSSession	
Alias	code -> code.exe	
Alias	compare -> Compare-Object	
Alias	copy -> Copy-Item	
Alias	cp -> Copy-Item	
Alias	cpi -> Copy-Item	
Alias	cpp -> Copy-ItemProperty	
Alias	curl -> Invoke-WebRequest	
Alias	cvpa -> Convert-Path	
Alias	dbp -> Disable-PSBreakpoint	
Alias	del -> Remove-Item	
Alias	diff -> Compare-Object	
Alias	dir -> Get-ChildItem	
Alias	dnsn -> Disconnect-PSSession	
Alias	ebp -> Enable-PSBreakpoint	. '
Alias	echo -> Write-Output	
Alias	epal -> Export-Alias	
Alias	epcsv -> Export-Csv	
Alias	epsn -> Export-PSSession	
Alias	erase -> Remove-Item	
Alias	etsn -> Enter-PSSession	

3. 常用操作

1.目录跳转

1) 有关命令: cd

2) 有关参数: 文件夹路径

3) 用法实例: cd /D d:/demo 等于 d:+cd demo

4) 切换当前 cmd 的工作路径到 D 盘的 demo 文件夹下; 路径可用文件夹的相对路径 也可以使用文件夹在磁盘的绝对路径。

2.新建文件夹

1) 有关命令: md 或者 mkdir

2) 常用参数:新建文件夹名字

3) 用法实例: mkdir d:\demo

4) mkdir d:\demo 命令可以在 D 盘根目录下新建一个叫做 demo 的文件夹

3.查看树结构

1) 有关命令: tree

2) 常用参数: /f 文件夹路径/文件名

3) 用法实例: tree d:\demo

4) tree d:\demo 可以查看 demo 目录下的目录层级结构(不显示单独的文件),加上 /f 参数可以将单个文件也显示到文档树

4.mv-修改文件名称

5.pip install-下载

6.app—version 查看 app 版本