## 1 - Print the structure of your dataset

## Yi Ban

## 2022-04-08

```
vgsales <- read.csv("vgsales.csv")</pre>
print(str(vgsales))
## 'data.frame':
                1000 obs. of 16 variables:
##
   $ Rank
                 : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
                        "Wii Sports" "Super Mario Bros." "Mario Kart Wii" "PlayerUnknown's Battlegrou
## $ Name
                        "Sports" "Platform" "Racing" "Shooter" ...
## $ Genre
                : chr
                        "E" "" "E" "" ...
## $ ESRB_Rating : chr
## $ Platform
                : chr
                        "Wii" "NES" "Wii" "PC" ...
## $ Publisher
                  : chr
                        "Nintendo" "Nintendo" "PUBG Corporation" ...
## $ Developer
                : chr
                        "Nintendo EAD" "Nintendo EAD" "PUBG Corporation" ...
## $ Critic_Score : num 7.7 10 8.2 NA 8 9.4 9.1 NA 8.6 10 ...
## $ User_Score
                : num NA NA 9.1 NA 8.8 NA 8.1 NA 9.2 NA ...
## $ Total_Shipped: num 82.9 40.2 37.1 36.6 33.1 ...
## $ Global_Sales : num NA ...
## $ NA_Sales
                : num NA ...
## $ PAL Sales : num NA ...
## $ JP_Sales : num NA ...
## $ Other Sales : num NA ...
## $ Year
                 : int 2006 1985 2008 2017 2009 1998 2006 1989 2009 2010 ...
## NULL
```