

Extra Examples

These are all Directed Graphs.

Run DFS and BFS on the following graph starting at vertex 0.

DFS : 0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4

0	1, 3
1	0, 2, 4
2	3, 4
3	0, 2, 4
4	1, 3

BFS : 0 - 1 - 3 - 2 - 4

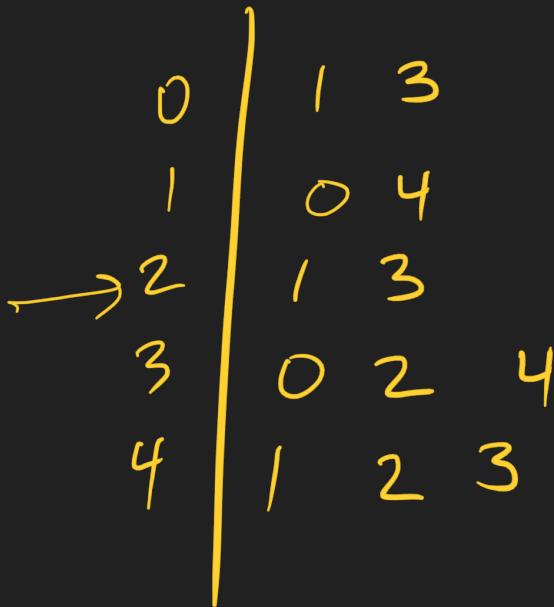
Q: ~~IXIXX~~ 4

Determine if the graph below is strongly connected. If it is not, determine any strongly connected components of the graph.

0	1, 3
1	0, 2, 4
2	3, 4
3	0, 2, 4
4	1, 3

2 → 0, 1, 3, 4

0 ✓
1 ✓
3 ✓
4 ✓



Find all the topological orderings of the graph below.



D

1

2

4

3

1

Determine if the following graph could be the transitive closure of another graph and if so, describe the original graph.

0	1	2	3	4
0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1
2	1	1	1	1
3	0	0	0	0
4	1	1	1	1

0 :

1 : 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

2 : 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

3 :

4 : 0, 1, 2, 3, 4



Determine if the following graph could be the transitive closure of another graph and if so, describe the original graph.

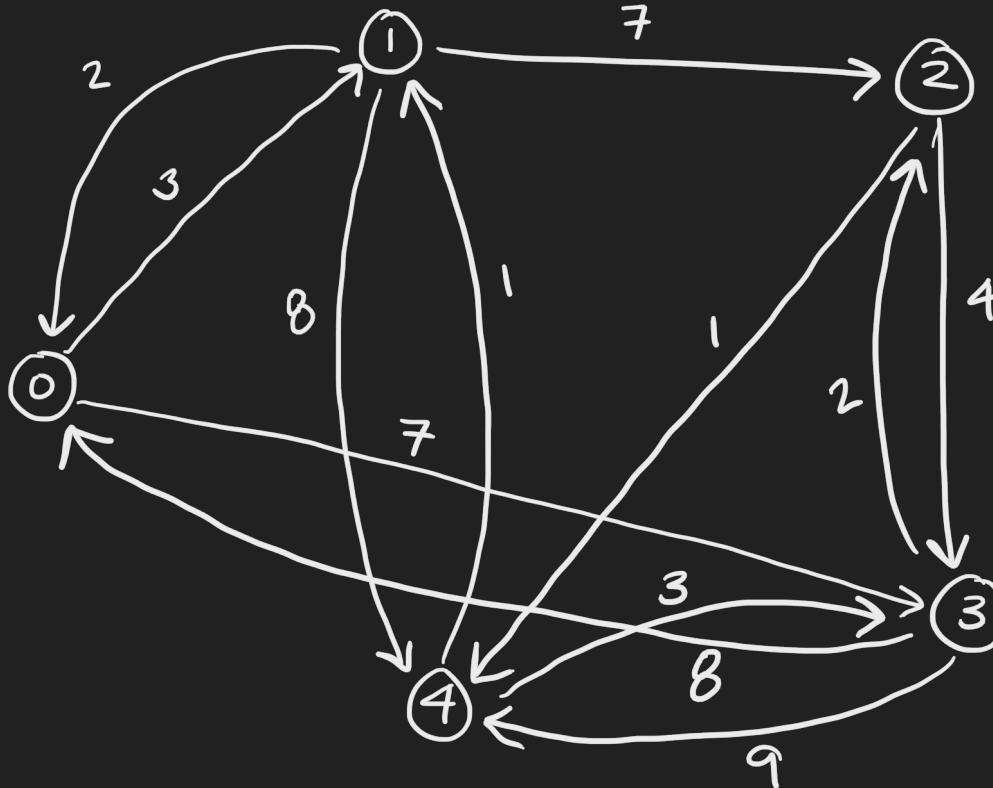
0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	0

Determine if the following graph could be the transitive closure of another graph and if so, describe the original graph.

0	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	0

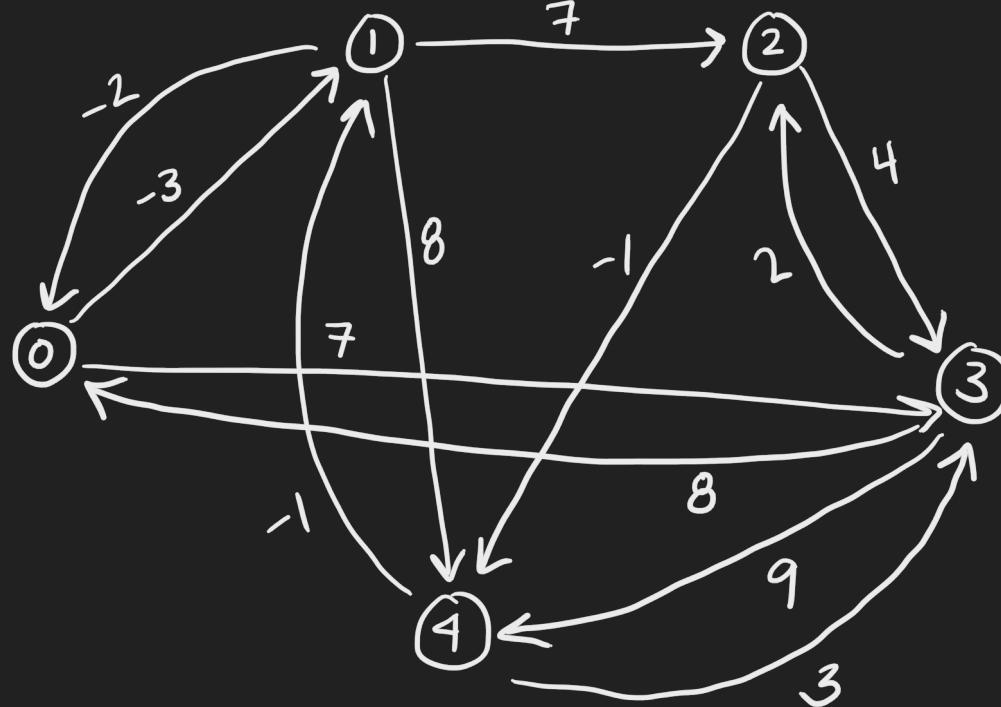
Run Dijkstra's Algorithm on the graph below starting at vertex 0. The edges are given in the adjacency list as (v, w) where v is the endpoint and w is the weight.

0	$(1, 3),$ $(3, 7)$
1	$(0, 2),$ $(2, 7),$ $(4, 8)$
2	$(3, 4),$ $(4, 1)$
3	$(0, 8)$ $(2, 2),$ $(4, 9)$
4	$(1, 1),$ $(3, 3)$



Run the Bellman-Ford Algorithm on the graph with the source at vertex 0. The edges are given in the adjacency list as (v, w) where v is the endpoint and w is the weight. Does the graph have a negative weight cycle?

0	$(1, -3), (3, 7)$
1	$(0, -2), (2, 7), (4, 8)$
2	$(3, 4), (4, -1)$
3	$(0, 8), (2, 2), (4, 9)$
4	$(1, -1), (3, 3)$



Run the DAG-based shortest path algorithm on the graph below. The edges are given in the adjacency list as (v, w) where v is the endpoint and w is the weight.

0	$(1, 1),$ $(3, -2)$
1	$(2, -1),$ $(4, 0)$
2	$(3, 2),$ $(4, 1)$
3	
4	$(3, 5)$

Run the All-Pairs Shortest Path Algorithm on the graph below. Note that “I” stands for “infinity.”

I	2	I
5	I	1
I	3	I

