

Regression Models - Course Project

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Executive Summary

According to the selected linear regression model **automatic** models are better for **mpg**. Actually **automatic** models have an estimated mpg of 26.585 (miles per gallon) with a 95% confidence interval included in [23.67 - 29.5] while **manual** models have an increased estimated mpg of 5.277 (miles per gallon).

Data Analysis

The **mtcars** dataset include 32 observations of 11 features. Each observations comprises some information for a specific automobiles (1973 - 1974 model). The focus of this investigation is two specific features **mpg** (miles per gallon) and **am** (type of transmission - 0: automatic, 1: manual).

The available dataset contains 19 automatic car models and 13 manual car models. The observed **mpg** by type of transmission **am** can be seen in the provided histogram (see **Appendix, Figure 1**).

From the histogram we can see that **am** (predictor) is visibly related to **mpg** (outcome) as we can see from the sample mean of each group. The “automatic” group has a lower sample mean (17.147 Miles/ Gallon) than the “manual” group (24.392 Miles/ Gallon).

Regression Model

A Simple Model

The simpler linear model, we can build, uses **mpg** (as outcome) with **am** as predictor (**mpg ~ am**). The coefficients of the fitted model are

| ## | Estimate | Std. Error | t value | Pr(> t) |
|----------------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------------|
| ## (Intercept) | 17.147368 | 1.124603 | 15.247492 | 1.133983e-15 |
| ## am1 | 7.244939 | 1.764422 | 4.106127 | 2.850207e-04 |

From the Residual vs Fitted plot (see **Appendix, Figure 2**) we can see that the model is just able to predict two possible values for the estimated **mpg** based on the predictor - **17.147 mpg for automatic models** and **24.392 mpg for manual models** with an estimated residuals standard error of **4.902 mpg**. While the Q-Q plot (see **Appendix, Figure 2**) confirms the normality of the errors (assumption). A more detailed interpretation of the simple model can be found in **Appendix, Simple Model Interpretation**.

Extending the Model adding new features

The simple model is quite limited. Looking at the available features, other possible features could be used to identify a “better” model. A possible feature that may be valuable investigating is **hp** (**gross horse power** in hp). The relationship between **mpg** vs. **hp** by **am** can be seen in **Appendix, Figure 3**.

Using the **nested model testing technique** for the following nested models we can see that, **added feature of model 2 are necessary over model 1** (P-value < 0.05).

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: mpg ~ am
## Model 2: mpg ~ am + hp
##   Res.Df    RSS Df Sum of Sq    F    Pr(>F)
## 1      30 720.90
## 2      29 245.44  1    475.46 56.178 2.92e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Model 2 (**mpg ~ am + hp**) seems to provide a better “description” of the response and it will be used to answer the original questions. See the Residual vs Fitted plot and Q-Q plot (see **Appendix, Figure 4**).

Note!! The same process can be executed adding other features to the model in a nested fashion - investigating the overall effect of the new features on the model in an incremental way.

Findings & Interpretation

Model 2 (**mpg ~ am + hp**) has the following coefficients

```
##           Estimate Std. Error  t value    Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 26.5849137 1.425094292 18.654845 1.073954e-17
## am1         5.2770853 1.079540576  4.888270 3.460318e-05
## hp         -0.0588878 0.007856745 -7.495191 2.920375e-08
```

- **automatic** models (reference group - **am** = 0) have an estimated mpg of 26.585 (miles per gallon) with a standard error of 1.425 (miles per gallon).
- **manual** models (**am** = 1) have an increased estimated mpg of 5.277 (miles per gallon) (over the reference group) with a standard error of 1.08 (miles per gallon). The P-value of 0 is statistically significant, reject the **null hypothesis** (having an increase/ decrease over the reference group null).

According to this very simple linear model, **automatic** transmission is better for **mpg** than **manual** transmission.

Based on the linear model previously created we can state that

- **automatic** models use an estimated mpg of 26.585 (miles per gallon) with a 95% confidence interval included in [23.67 - 29.5] miles per gallon.
- **manual** models use an increased estimated mpg of 5.277 (miles per gallon) over the reference group with a 95% confidence interval included in [3.069 - 7.485] miles per gallon.

Appendix

Figure1: Histogram of observed mpg by am (type of transmission)

Note the *blue* line represent the sample mean for each of the type of transmission (0: automatic, 1: manual).

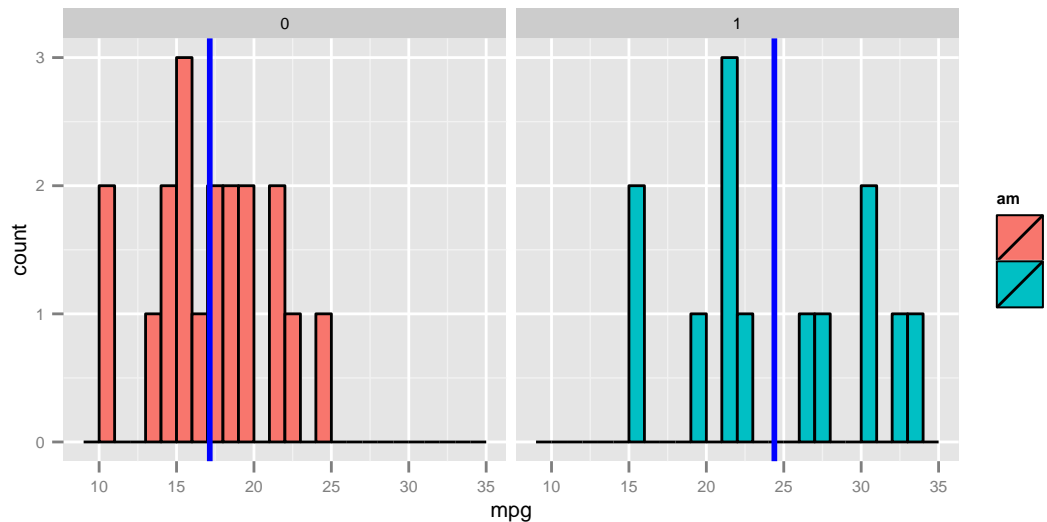


Figure2: Residual Plots for ($mpg \sim am$) model

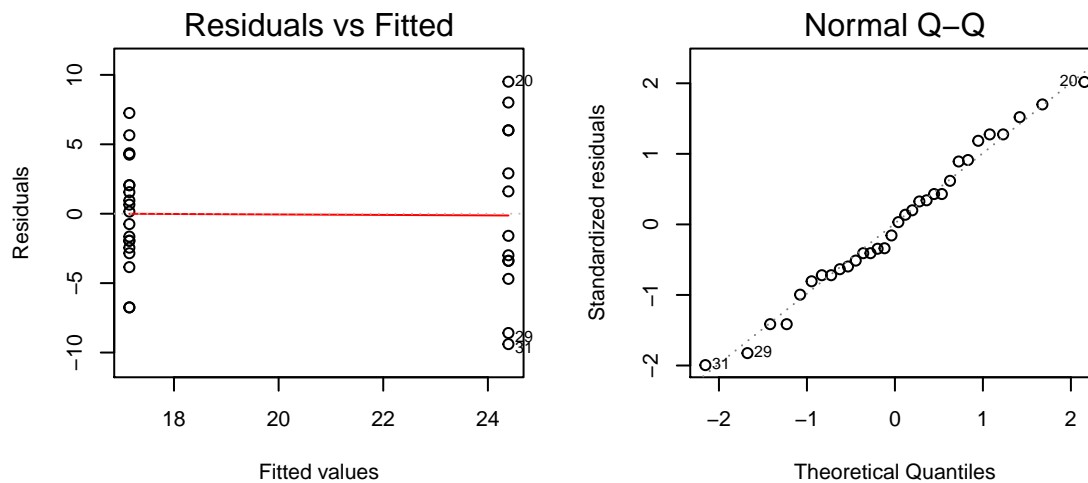


Figure3: (mpg vs. hp) by am (transmission type) plots

For each type of transmission the **unadjusted** line (black), **adjusted** lines (lightblue for automatic, salmon for manual) and sample averages (horizontal) lines (lightblue for automatic, salmon for manual) are plot.

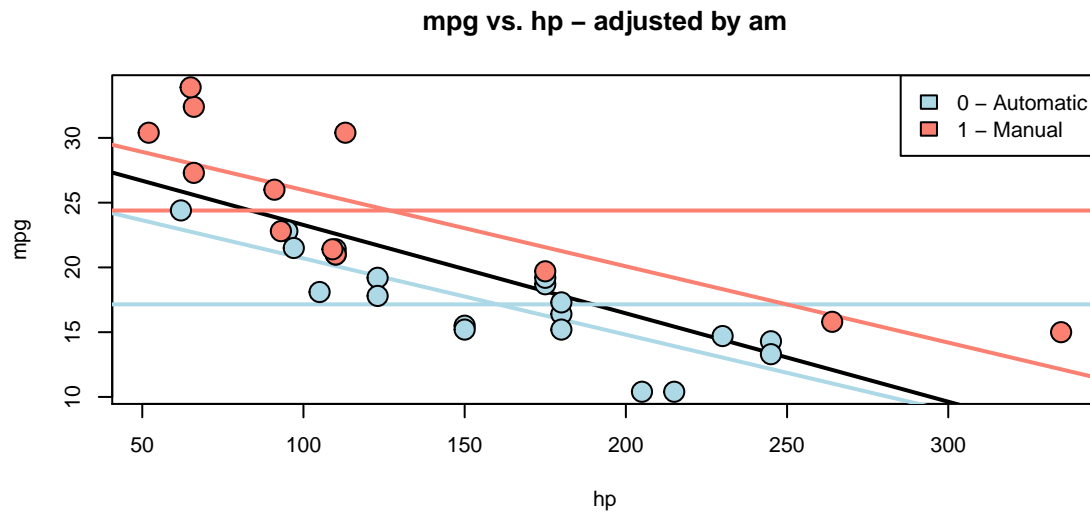
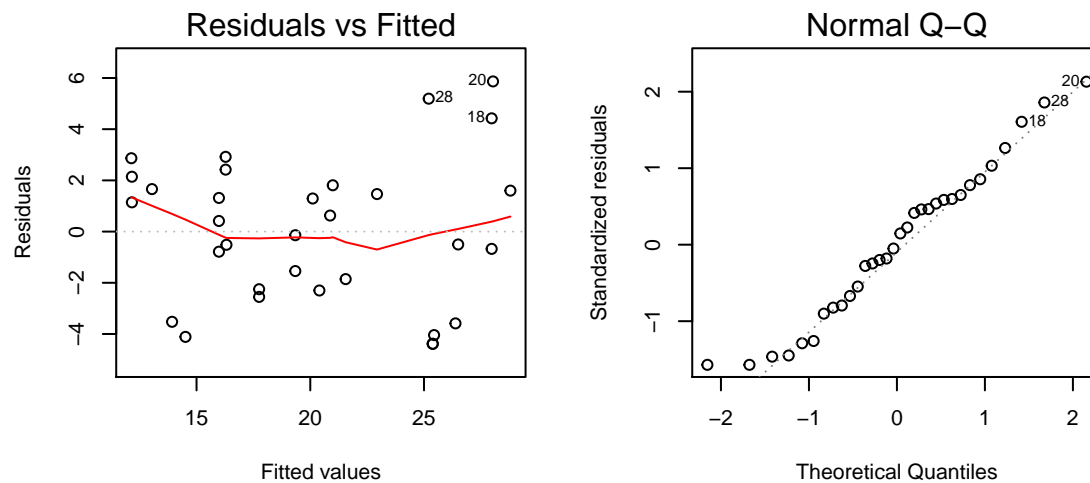


Figure4: Residual Plots for ($mpg \sim am + hp$) model



Simple Model Interpretation

Looking at the coefficients of the simple model ($mpg \sim am$)

```
##           Estimate Std. Error  t value    Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 17.147368   1.124603 15.247492 1.133983e-15
## am1         7.244939   1.764422  4.106127 2.850207e-04
```

- **automatic** models (reference group) have an estimated mpg of 17.147 (miles per gallon) with a standard error of 1.125 (miles per gallon).

- **manual** models have an increased estimated mpg of 7.245 (miles per gallon) (over the reference group) with a standard error of 1.764 (miles per gallon). The P-value of 0 (statistically significant) confirms that the **null hypothesis** (having an increase/ decrease over the reference group null) can be rejected.

Based on the linear model previously created we can state that

- **automatic** models use an estimated mpg of 17.147 (miles per gallon) with a 95% confidence interval included in [14.851 - 19.444] miles per gallon.
- **manual** models use an increased estimated mpg of 7.245 (miles per gallon) over the reference group with a 95% confidence interval included in [3.642 - 10.848] miles per gallon.