Project Write-up: News Chaos - Drawing with a Spreadsheet

Introduction

In this project, "News Chaos," I set out to address the prompt to "draw with a spreadsheet" and "turn noise into narrative" by transforming raw news data into an evolving, organic visual representation. I leveraged Generative AI to interpret complex information and translated it into an artistic display of sentiment and categorization. My core outline for this process was clear:

- I would not require manual training of datasets.
- News sentiment analysis would rely entirely on pre-trained models.

Process Details

1. How did I start? Where did the data come from? I began by identifying a suitable complex dataset: a comprehensive news dataset about Indian media from 2001 to 2023, sourced from Kaggle. This dataset contained key columns like publish_date, headline_category, and headline_text.

Link for the dataset

2. What was the involvement of Generative AI in data selection? Generative AI was not involved in my initial data selection (choosing the dataset from Kaggle). That was a manual decision on my part. GenAI's primary role was in the interpretation and transformation of the raw textual content within the selected data.

3. What were the challenges I faced?

- **Dataset Size:** The original dataset had over 1 million rows, posing significant memory and processing time challenges for my local execution.
- GenAl Processing Time: Running sophisticated AI models (like those from Hugging Face Transformers) on a large number of text entries proved computationally intensive on my CPU, potentially taking hours.
- Iterative Visualization Design: Translating abstract data concepts (sentiment, categories, temporal flow) into a precise and aesthetically pleasing generative art form required extensive iteration and refinement based on visual feedback I observed.
- **P5.js Drawing Performance:** Rendering thousands of complex, animated elements simultaneously in a browser environment demanded careful optimization to maintain fluidity.
- 4. How was the data categorized? Categorization was done entirely by Generative AI, without any manual labeling or training of a custom dataset from my side.

- I used the transformers library from Hugging Face.
- Specifically, I employed a pre-trained Zero-Shot Text Classification pipeline (facebook/bart-large-mnli model).
- This Al model read the headline_text of each news item and classified it into one of
 eight predefined categories: Entertainment, Education, Politics, Technology,
 Socio-Cultural, Economy, Sports, Crime. It achieved this by understanding the semantic
 content of the text relative to the provided labels, without needing any examples of
 labeled news data from me.

5. What are the decisions I took in the process?

- **Data Subsetting for Prototyping:** Due to the large raw dataset, I used a smaller, manageable sample (e.g., 10,000 rows, and later filtered to a single month for initial visualization steps) for development.
- Python for Data Pipeline: I chose Python (pandas, transformers, json) for its robust data manipulation capabilities and seamless integration with state-of-the-art Generative Al models.
- Processing Environment: All Python data processing was executed within a local virtual environment (venv) on a virtual machine (or my local machine configured as a VM for development purposes). This ensured an isolated and controlled environment for my library dependencies.
- Processing Checkpointing: I introduced an intermediate CSV file
 (intermediate_processed_news.csv). After the time-consuming GenAl sentiment and
 categorization steps were completed, the processed DataFrame was saved. On
 subsequent runs, my script checks for this file and loads it directly, skipping redundant
 GenAl inference.
- P5.js for Visualization: I selected P5.js as the visualization platform for its strength in creative coding, browser-native rendering, and ability to handle dynamic, animated graphics.
- Visualization Style Evolution: The design evolved through iterative feedback I observed:
 - Initial concepts of distinct "blobs" or "splines" per month were refined.
 - The core aesthetic shifted to a Perlin noise-driven fluid flow field for the entire canvas.
 - The "monthly" representation became thicker, diffused, overlapping areas of color generated by noise, rather than discrete shapes.
 - Individual headlines transformed into finer, animating vector lines
 ("sub-branches") emanating from within these monthly regions.
- Sentiment-to-Visual Mapping: I designed a precise mapping for sentiment:
 - Neutral Sentiment (near 0.0): I translated these to curves with extremely low opacity (very faded) and very thin stroke weights (0.1-0.5).

- Negative Sentiment: I translated these to curves with darker opacity (80-200 alpha) but lesser stroke weights (0.8-1.8).
- Positive Sentiment: I translated these to curves with the darkest opacity (150-255 alpha) and higher stroke weights (1.5-3.0).

Drawing Strategy:

- All curves are drawn **simultaneously** each frame.
- The canvas background() is redrawn with a low alpha value (e.g., background(0, 10)) to create a subtle "fading trail" effect, allowing previous curve positions to slowly persist and blend into the overall dynamic image. This creates the ethereal, layered look.
- Individual curves draw their full numSteps segments in every frame, ensuring complete lines.
- 6. How did I derive the visualization? My vision for this visualization was deeply inspired by nature; I initially wanted to draw fractals, as much of my artistic work comes from observing natural patterns and organic growth. I even explored giving it an evolving plant-like form. However, as I delved into the capabilities, I ended up working with Perlin noise because I truly liked the inherent fluidity and organic movement it creates. My goal shifted from focusing on individual headlines as discrete points to asking: "Can I get a glimpse of what the news is telling me? Can I visualize the overarching trends derived by AI to see what India was up to in 2001?" The entire visualization was designed with this intent in mind to provide an intuitive, artistic overview of the data's flow and underlying sentiment, rather than just a granular display. The fluid animation and the layered curves are meant to convey a sense of continuous motion and changing moods in the news landscape.